

**TRACKING MAGMATIC PROCESSES THROUGH Zr/Hf RATIOS IN ROCKS
AND Hf AND Ti ZONING IN ZIRCONS: AN EXAMPLE FROM THE SPIRIT
MOUNTAIN BATHOLITH, NEVADA**

By

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DEDICATION

To Dr. Bran Potter and Dr. Steve Shaver, who taught me not only geology,
but also about the kind of person and teacher I want to be.
I am here because I want to share with others the kind of experience they shared with me.

and

To my mother, who has finally managed to convince me that I can do anything,
and who is an unfailing guide and companion in all things.

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CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

Zircon and Zr/Hf Ratios

Zirconium (Zr) and hafnium (Hf), with identical charges of +4 and very similar radii of 0.84 and 0.83 Å (8-fold coordination), respectively (Shannon, 1976; Jia, 1991), behave nearly identically in most systems on Earth. Therefore, most materials have near chondritic Zr/Hf ratios of ~35-40 (Ahrens and Erlank, 1969; Hoskin and Schaltegger, 2003). Although Zr and Hf may be fractionated from each other to some extent by minerals such as amphibole, clinopyroxene, garnet, and sphene (titanite), especially where coexisting melts are strongly polymerized (Linnen and Keppler, 2002; David et al., 2000; Bea et al., in press), their relatively low abundances and/or K_{DS} generally render these phases inefficient at affecting whole-rock Zr/Hf ratios. By contrast, zircon, which is by far the dominant reservoir for both Zr and Hf in Earth's crust (Bea and Montero, 1999; Bea et al., in press) and is ubiquitous in all but the most mafic magma systems in continental and arc crust, has the potential to significantly affect Zr/Hf (cf. Linnen and Keppler, 2002; Bea et al., in press).

Among all rocks, only the most felsic granites and rhyolites commonly deviate appreciably from near-chondritic Zr/Hf ratios, with values ranging from 15-30 being reasonably common (e.g., Ahrens and Erlank, 1969, and data presented here). These rocks have relatively low concentrations of both Zr and Hf, but Zr is especially depleted. We contend that this reduction in Zr, Hf, and Zr/Hf reflects crystallization and removal of

zircon. Thus, modest zircon fractionation has the potential to profoundly affect Zr/Hf ratios. Concentration of Zr in melt falls with temperature once saturation is reached (e.g. Watson and Harrison, 1983; Miller et al., 2003). "Zircon" is in fact a zircon-hafnon solid solution (ZrSiO_4 - HfSiO_4 ; Figure 1); the relatively low hafnon content of most natural zircons is simply a consequence of the high Zr/Hf in nature - HfO_2 content in almost all natural zircons falls between ~0.5 and 5 wt%, and in a majority it lies between 1 and 2 wt % (Ahrens and Erlank, 1969; Heaman et al., 1990; Belousova et al., 2002; Hoskin and Schaltegger, 2003). Because of zircon's preference for Zr over Hf, the solid solution is enriched in the zircon end member over coexisting melt.

We argue that low whole-rock Zr/Hf indicates effective extraction of evolved melt after extensive crystallization of zircon (Miller et al., 2005). The near ubiquity of this signature in highly felsic rocks, particularly high-silica rhyolites, thus suggests that formation of such rocks requires melt segregation from a zircon-bearing crystal assemblage.

Zr and Hf: A Potential Tracer of Thermal and Compositional Evolution of Felsic Magmatic Systems

Many lines of evidence have recently been cited from both plutonic and volcanic rocks to suggest that felsic magma systems have protracted histories, on the order of several hundred thousand to several million years, and that these histories require frequent replenishment (e.g., Wiebe and Hawkins, 2004; Davies et al., 1994; Reid et al., 1997; Brown & Fletcher, 1999; Schmitt et al., 2003; Vazquez & Reid, 2002; Charlier et al., 2005; Miller and Wooden, 2004; Glazner et al., 2004; Coleman et al., 2004). Such

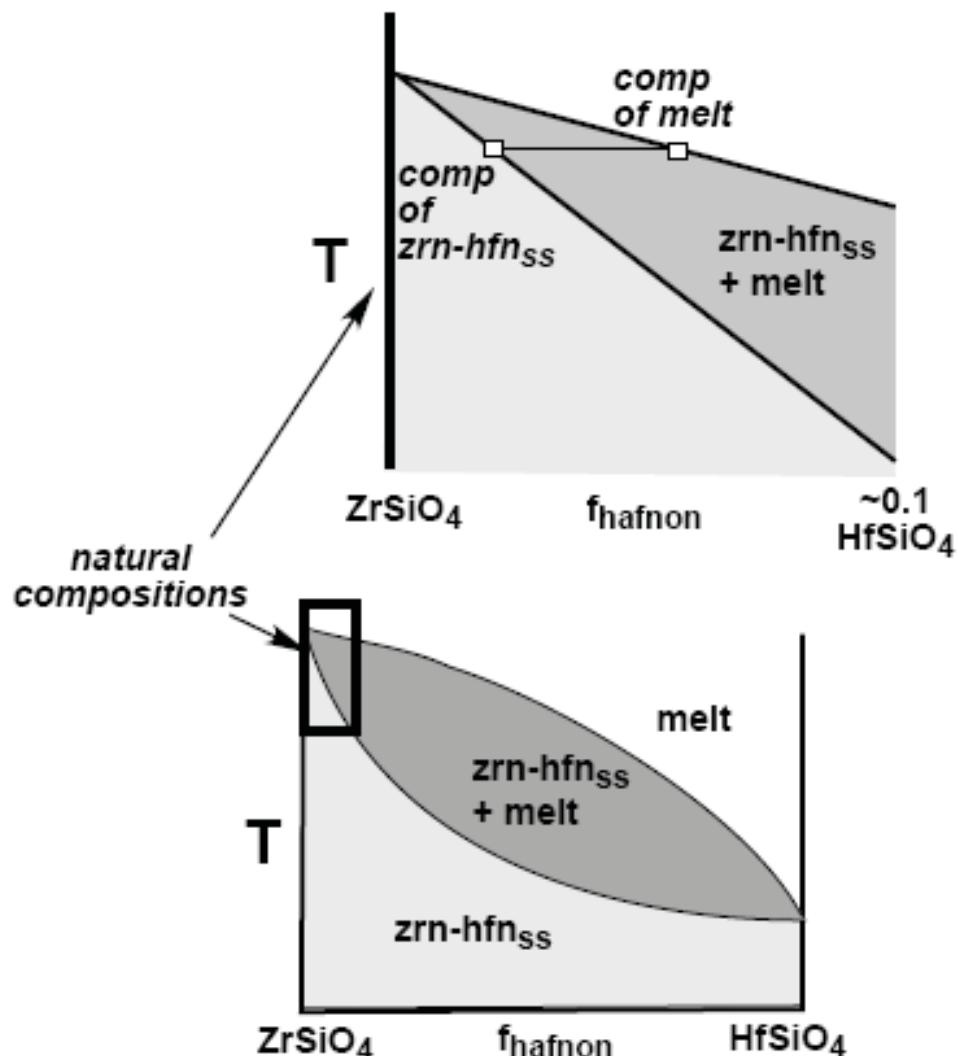


Figure 1: Schematic phase diagram showing crystallization of zircon-hafnon solid solution. Note that as zircon crystallizes, Zr/Hf in the remaining melt decreases.

histories imply the possibility that temperature and quantity and composition of melt fluctuate in time and space (e.g. Vazquez & Reid, 2002; Harper et al., 2004), but elucidating the time-composition path has proven difficult. Combined analysis of elemental and U,Th-Pb system isotopes in individual crystals of allanite is promising (Vazquez and Reid, 2004), but allanite is relatively restricted in its distribution and at present cannot be used in thermometry. In contrast, zircon is a very common constituent of intermediate to felsic igneous rocks that can be dated by microanalytical methods using either U-series disequilibria (young volcanic rocks) or U-Pb. We propose that Hf content of zircon effectively monitors evolution of coexisting melt (cf. Pupin, 2000). Combining Hf measurements with *in situ* dating and Ti analysis (Ti-in-zircon thermometry; Watson and Harrison, 2005; Watson et al., 2006) can thus provide an absolute chronological record of changing melt composition and temperature.

Elemental Zoning in Zircon

Elemental zoning in zircon is spectacularly revealed by cathodoluminescence (CL) and backscattered electron imaging (e.g., Hanchar and Miller, 1993; Corfu et al., 2003). *Patterns of zoning* can distinguish pre-magmatic inherited cores, metamorphic overgrowths, and hydrothermal replacement zones. For purposes of this study, key features reflect magmatic processes and include fine-scale ($\sim\mu\text{m}$) oscillatory bands and sector zoning and resorption surfaces, as well as simple euhedral, concentric growth zones. *Elemental concentrations that define zones* in zircon crystallizing in a magma depend on concentrations in the medium from which they grow (generally melt, potentially from fluid phase as well) and partitioning behavior. In a simple scenario

where zircon crystallizes in equilibrium with a substantial melt pool and partition coefficients remain constant, there is a straightforward relationship between zone composition and melt composition. However, partition coefficients for various elements may change appreciably as temperature, melt composition (including concentrations of halogens and water), and oxygen fugacity evolve (e.g., Hoskin and Schaltegger, 2003). Furthermore, effects of crystal/melt interface kinetics, including those that promote disequilibrium and supersaturation of slowly diffusing elements around growing crystals, will result in mineral compositions that may not reflect general melt compositions (Hoskin, 2000; Hoskin and Schaltegger, 2003; Fowler et al., 2001; Shore and Fowler, 1996; Putnis et al., 1992). Oscillatory bands and sector zoning (Watson and Liang, 1995) probably reflect these kinetic effects. Diffusivities of most elements in zircon, and all that we discuss in this paper, are extraordinarily low as long as crystals remain intact (refs: Cherniak; Watson et al., 2006). As a consequence, elements are immobile on a scale of (or less than) microns and zoning survives unless a grain experiences either recrystallization or significant radiation damage.

Spirit Mountain Batholith, Nevada: Case Study of Evolving Zr/Hf Preserved in Rocks and Zircons

The Spirit Mountain batholith provides an excellent opportunity to evaluate the hypotheses presented above. It includes granitoids ranging from quartz monzonites (interpreted as cumulates) to high-silica leucogranites (interpreted as solidified, highly fractionated melt), and zircon crystallization spans an interval of two million years (Walker et al., 2005, and in press). The leucogranites – equivalent in composition to

high-silica rhyolites – are abundant and widespread. In this paper, we discuss the petrology, geochemistry, field relations, and geochronology of the leucogranites, compare them to the less evolved granitoids, and present data on the elemental zoning of zircons from leucogranites and granites.

CHAPTER II

METHODS

We initiated this study by compiling data from 12 studies of volcanic sequences that included high-silica rhyolite and that presented analytical data for Zr and Hf (in addition to other routine elements). Patterns for these data were compared with Zr-Hf data from studies of four plutons by Miller, Bea, and their collaborators. This led to detailed study of highly silicic granites and the zircons they contain from the Spirit Mountain batholith, which builds on and complements a broad-based investigation that includes mapping and extensive U-Pb age dating of zircons by SHRIMP-RG (sensitive high-resolution ion microprobe-reverse geometry) and whole-rock elemental analysis (Walker et al., in press; methods for SHRIMP and elemental analyses presented therein).

For the Walker et al. (in press) study, we obtained cathodoluminescence images of zoning patterns in close to 1000 zircon grains from 15 dated samples. U and Th concentrations were determined for all of the ~282 dated spots from the 15 samples, and Hf concentrations were determined for analyzed spots from 6 of the samples. Zircons from two dated SHRIMP samples were selected for detailed trace element analysis (see sample descriptions in "Zr/Hf and Zircon Zoning in Spirit Mountain Batholith" section).

The basic operating parameters of the SHRIMP-RG (primary beam current, spot size, mass resolution) were the same for both the standard U-Pb analyses and the more comprehensive trace element analyses. Hafnium (measured as $^{180}\text{Hf}^{16}\text{O}^+$) was included as part of the standard U-Pb age determinations for 4 samples. The more extensive trace

element routine included $^{31}\text{P}^+$, $^{40}\text{Ca}^+$, $^{49}\text{Ti}^+$, $^{56}\text{Fe}^+$, $^{89}\text{Y}^+$, $^{172}\text{Yb}^{16}\text{O}^+$, $^{180}\text{Hf}^{16}\text{O}^+$, $^{232}\text{Th}^{16}\text{O}^+$ and $^{238}\text{U}^{16}\text{O}^+$, in addition to $^{30}\text{Si}^+$, $^{96}\text{Zr}^+$ and $^{90}\text{Zr}_2^{16}\text{O}^+$ reference peaks. $^{49}\text{Ti}^+$ was selected over more abundant $^{48}\text{Ti}^+$ to avoid interference from $^{96}\text{Zr}^{++}$. For Yb, Hf, Th and U, the oxide peaks rather than the element peaks were used due to their greater ion production during sputtering. Each measurement consisted of one block of three cycles. Each cycle peak stepped sequentially through all of the masses. Data reduction involved averaging raw counts for the three cycles and then normalizing to the average $^{30}\text{Si}^+$ count rate. This normalization minimizes variations caused both by drift in the primary current and by time-dependent ionization phenomena related to sputtering. Normalized count rates from the unknowns were compared to comparable measurements of standard zircons from the Mud Tank carbonatite, Australia (Hoskin and Ireland, 2000), Samé, Tanzania, and synthetic Ti-bearing zircon (Watson et al., 2006) to determine absolute elemental concentrations.

Temperature estimates are derived from Ti concentrations using the equation of Watson and Harrison (2005). The thermometer is calibrated under rutile-saturated conditions ($a_{\text{TiO}_2} = 1$); rutile saturation in magmas is exceedingly rare, but a_{TiO_2} is approximately fixed at values >0.5 in most felsic magmas by saturation in other Ti phases (see discussion in Watson et al., 2006; E.B. Watson, personal communication, 2006). We therefore adjust the ideal equation of Watson and Harrison (2005) to reflect $a_{\text{TiO}_2} \sim 0.7$, appropriate for sphene and titanomagnetite saturation, as follows:

$$T(^{\circ}\text{C}) = \frac{5080}{6.01 - \text{LOG}((10/7) \times \text{ppmTi})} - 273. \text{ Uncertainty in true } a_{\text{TiO}_2} \text{ introduces tens of}$$

$^{\circ}\text{C}$ uncertainty in absolute temperature, but because a_{TiO_2} remains close to constant as

long as melt is saturated in a Ti phase, errors will be systematic and the relative temperature differences indicated by the thermometer will be real. Calcium and iron were monitored to assess any possible contamination by infiltration along cracks during metamictization or alteration, as well as indicating unseen inclusions that would yield erroneously high apparent Ti concentrations in zircon.

SHRIMP spatial resolution (in this case, 30-40 μm spot diameter) does not allow analysis of single oscillatory bands, which are of the order of only a few microns thick. We refer to a continuous region of oscillatory bands as an ‘oscillatory zone;’ such zones are commonly broad enough to be readily analyzable. Although an individual oscillatory *band* may represent only short term and very local fluctuations due to feedback mechanisms resulting in local disequilibrium at the crystal/melt interface (e.g., Hoskin, 2000; Fowler et al., 2001; Putnis et al., 1992), in our view an entire oscillatory *zone* reflects more closely the mean composition of host melt during growth.

CHAPTER III

BACKGROUND RESEARCH

Patterns of Zr/Hf Variability in Felsic Igneous Rocks, with Implications for Zircon/Melt Segregation

In Figures 2, 3 and 4, we present compilations of Zr/Hf data for selected igneous suites, both plutonic and volcanic, that include high-silica rocks. Figure 2 shows the ratio plotted against SiO₂, in Figure 3 we plot Zr/Hf vs. Sr, and Figure 4 shows Zr/Hf vs. Rb/Sr (conventional monitors of fractionation). General trends in both pairs of diagrams are clear. Zr/Hf hovers in the chondritic range with little systematic change at SiO₂ up to 73-75 wt%, and then there is a sharp decrease to values as low as 15. Strontium correlates directly with Zr/Hf and Rb/Sr inversely, but Sr falls and Rb/Sr rises considerably after Zr/Hf begins its dramatic drop.

Not all of the compositional range exhibited by the sequences can be attributed to fractional crystallization alone, but it is likely that the strong decreases in both Zr/Hf and Sr at relatively high SiO₂ are primarily a consequence of fractionation. Continuing Sr depletion throughout crystallization of intermediate to felsic magmas is anticipated because of feldspar growth, and it is evident in these plots, but the delay in the sharp decrease in Zr/Hf until very high SiO₂ might not be expected. Most magmas are probably not this silicic when they reach saturation in zircon - note the common occurrence of zircon in dacites and peak Zr and zircon abundances in granodiorites – and thus the plots imply a delayed effect of zircon fractionation. This could be a consequence

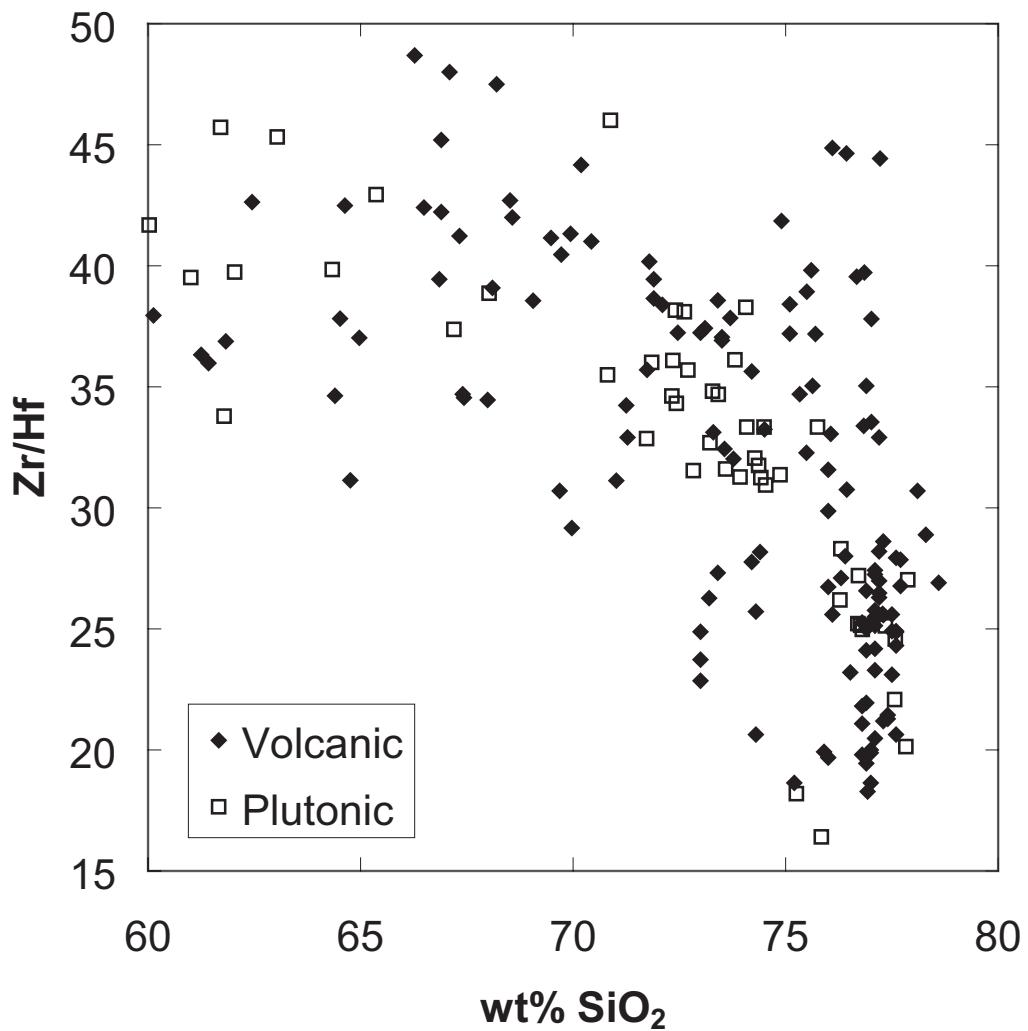


Figure 2: Zr/Hf vs. SiO_2 for twelve volcanic sequences that include highly silicic rocks (Anderson, et al., 2000; Bachl, 1997; Briggs, et al., 1993; Heumann and Davies, 1997; Johnson and Grunder, 2000; Mahood, 1981; Metz and Mahood 1991; Reagan, et al., 2003; Stix, et al., 1988; Stix and Gorton, 1990; White and Urbanczyk, 2001) and plutonic data from the Sweetwater Wash pluton, CA (Wark and Miller, 1993), the Searchlight pluton, NV, the Aztec Wash pluton, NV and the Stepninsk pluton, Russia. Note similarly sharp drop in Zr/Hf at ~ 73 wt% SiO_2 .

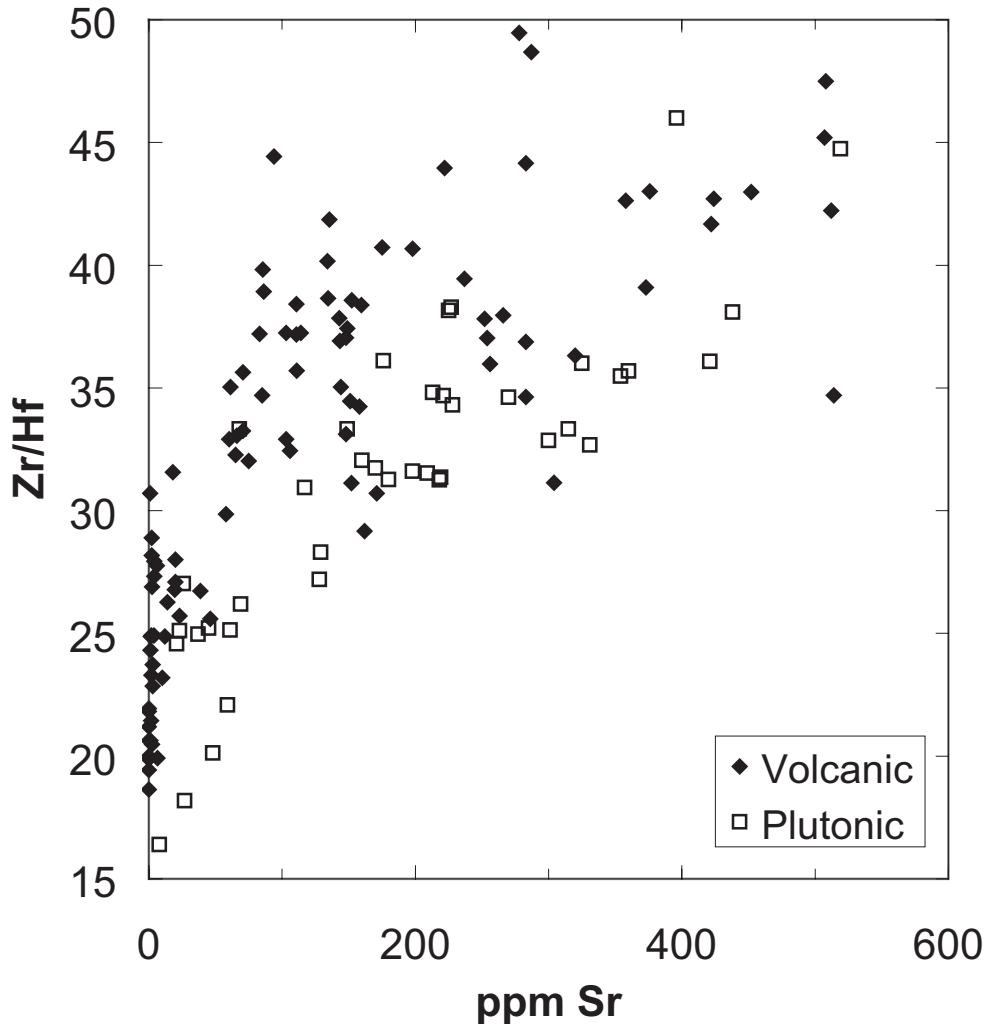


Figure 3: Zr/Hf vs. Sr for twelve volcanic sequences that include highly silicic rocks (Anderson, et al., 2000; Bachl, 1997; Briggs, et al., 1993; Heumann and Davies, 1997; Johnson and Grunder, 2000; Mahood, 1981; Metz and Mahood 1991; Reagan, et al., 2003; Stix, et al., 1988; Stix and Gorton, 1990; White and Urbanczyk, 2001) and plutonic data from the Sweetwater Wash pluton, CA (Wark and Miller, 1993), the Searchlight pluton, NV, the Aztec Wash pluton, NV and the Stepninsk pluton, Russia. Note the strong correlation between Sr and Zr/Hf, although Sr begins its decline before Zr/Hf shows much change.

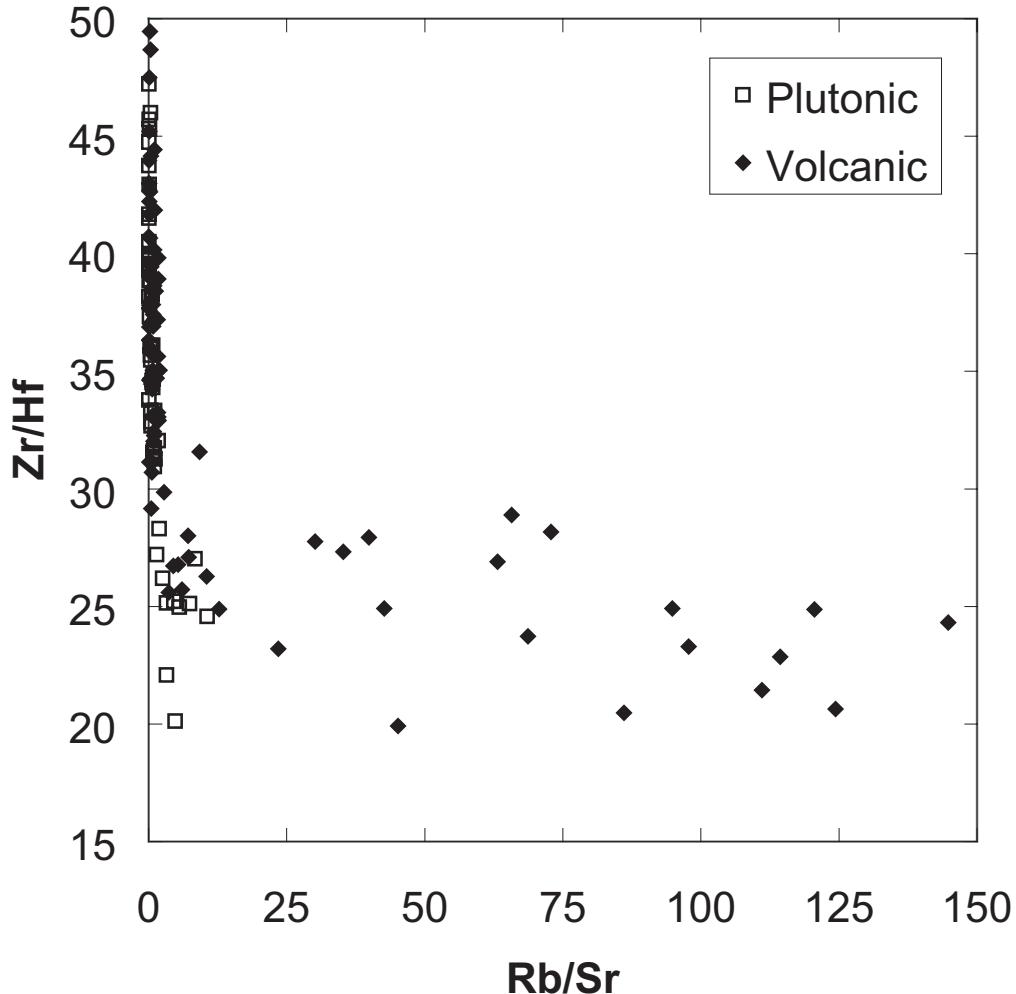


Figure 4: Zr/Hf vs. Rb/Sr for twelve volcanic sequences that include highly silicic rocks (Anderson, et al., 2000; Bachl, 1997; Briggs, et al., 1993; Heumann and Davies, 1997; Johnson and Grunder, 2000; Mahood, 1981; Metz and Mahood 1991; Reagan, et al., 2003; Stix, et al., 1988; Stix and Gorton, 1990; White and Urbanczyk, 2001) and plutonic data from the Sweetwater Wash pluton, CA (Wark and Miller, 1993), the Searchlight pluton, NV, the Aztec Wash pluton, NV and the Stepninsk pluton, Russia. Note abrupt rise in Rb/Sr with drop in Zr/Hf.

of either the modest Zr/Hf fractionation of zircon (perhaps prolonged growth of zircon is required before Zr/Hf in the melt is substantially reduced) or of delayed extraction of zircon grains from melt. In order for whole rock compositions to reflect the reduction in Zr/Hf, the zircon must be removed from the melt (or melt must be segregated from crystallizing zircon). Physical segregation of zircon must be difficult because of its small size. Therefore, successful fractionation of zircon likely requires separation of any other minerals present as well, and it is plausible that coexisting minerals are removed before zircon because of their larger size or even influence the motion of the zircons themselves. However, we note that Zr concentration begins to drop at lower SiO₂ and higher Sr than the abrupt drop in Zr/Hf, so it is likely that rapid decline in Zr/Hf marks the onset of extreme fractionation (removal of zoned zircon in equilibrium with melt that has evolved well beyond the onset of zircon fractionation).

As zircon saturation temperatures are relatively low for most magmas, generally ranging from ~750 to <900°C (Miller et al., 2003), zircon-induced modification of Zr/Hf ratios must be a relatively low-temperature process. The fact that reduction of Zr/Hf appears to be restricted to high-silica rhyolites and granites indicates that this zircon signature is an even lower T phenomenon, probably in general below 800°C (see discussion of Spirit Mountain batholith that follows).

Spirit Mountain Batholith: Monitoring and Interpreting Zr/Hf in a Complexly Evolving Felsic System

The Spirit Mountain batholith (SMB) is a complex, "patchwork" batholith of Miocene age, assembled over a period of two million years and capped by an extensive

roof zone composed of high-silica leucogranite. The leucogranite roof zone, according to U-Pb ages of zircons (Walker et al., *in press*), amassed over a period of about one million years as pulses of magma differentiated and the buoyant, fractionated magma migrated upward and was trapped beneath the roof. In addition to investigating the petrology of this roof zone, we examined zoned zircons from both the leucogranite and the underlying accumulated granite for internal Zr/Hf variation using SHRIMP-RG and tied the measured Hf of those zones to temperatures and specific ages using Ti-in-zircon thermometry (Watson and Harrison, 2005) and U-Pb geochronology, respectively, to unravel a protracted history of repeated fractionation for the Spirit Mountain batholith.

CHAPTER IV

THE SPIRIT MOUNTAIN BATHOLITH

Geologic Setting

The SMB underlies a large portion of the Newberry Mountains, Nevada, in the northern Colorado River Extensional Corridor (Figure 5) (Howard and John, 1987; Faulds et al., 1990). Magmatism swept northward through the northern part of the corridor in the early to middle Miocene, followed closely by and generally outlasting extension related-faulting (Faulds et al., 1995; Gans and Bohrson, 1998; Howard et al., 1996). At this latitude, magmatic activity spanned the interval 18 to 5 Ma (Gans and Bohrson, 1998; Faulds et al., 2001), but exposed plutons were all emplaced between ~17.5 and 15.5 Ma (Faulds et al., 1995; Cates et al., 2003; Miller et al., 2004). Paleomagnetic data indicate that the fault block containing the SMB was tilted 40 to 50° to the west (Faulds et al., 1992), exposing a cross-section at least 9 km thick, from the roof in the west to deep levels in the east (Figure 6) (Hopson et al., 1994; Walker et al., in press).

Petrology and Field Relations of the Batholith

The SMB is exposed over an area of about ~250 km² (Figure 6). Much of it appears relatively homogeneous, but close examination of field relations reveals that it varies subtly throughout and dramatically in some areas. With the cross sectional view afforded by westward tilting, it is apparent that much of the batholith has a fairly

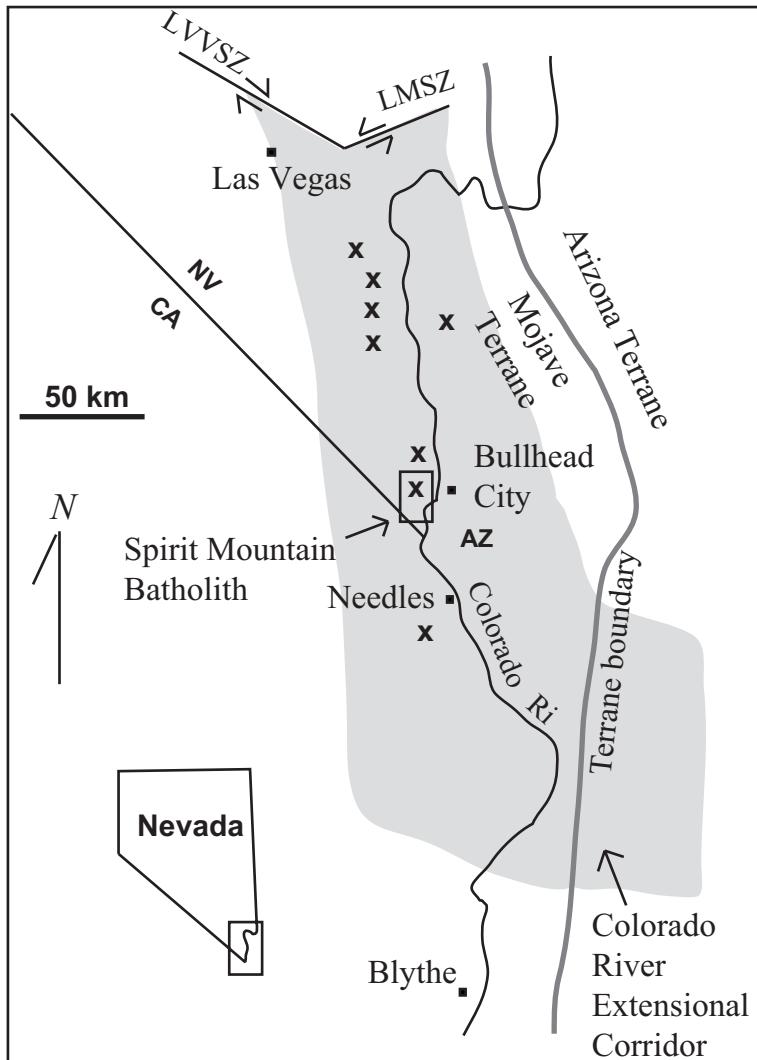


Figure 5: Map of the Colorado River Extensional Corridor (shaded) showing the location of the Spirit Mountain batholith (from Walker et al., in press). LVVSZ is the Las Vegas Valley Shear Zone and LMSZ is the Lake Mead Shear Zone. The x's represent Miocene-aged plutons.

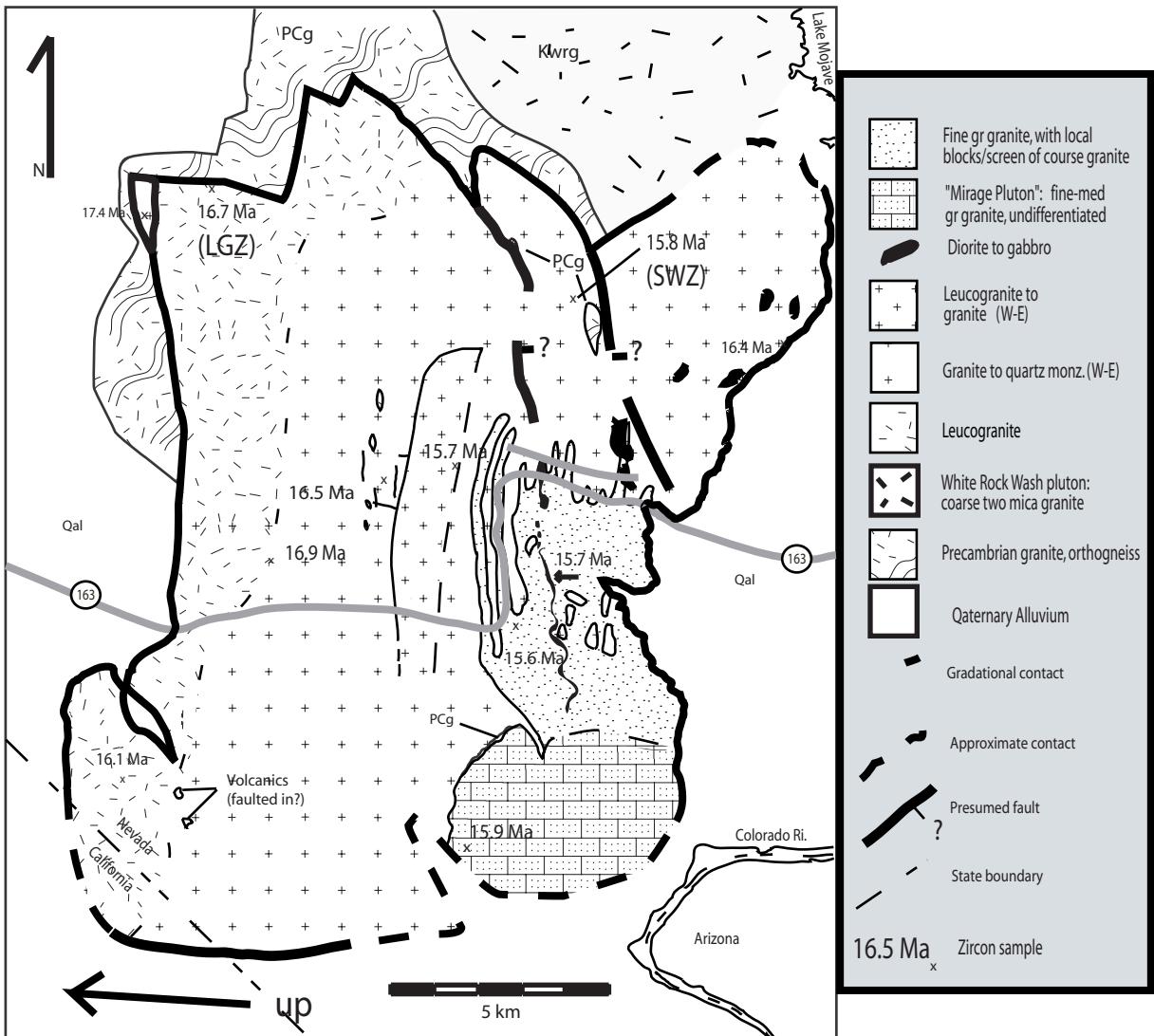


Figure 6: Geologic map of the Spirit Mountain batholith, showing locations of samples LGZ and SWZ. Ages shown represent U-Pb zircon SHRIMP ages (modified from Walker et al., in press). Note that the map view also represents a near cross-section of the batholith, with up in the west direction.

consistent textural and compositional stratigraphy from west to east (top to bottom) that is laterally continuous from north to south. This stratigraphy is interrupted in several places by younger intrusions of the batholith. The entire SMB, including later intrusions and more poorly exposed portions, consists mostly of granitic rock with a uniform mineral assemblage of alkali feldspar + plagioclase + quartz + biotite + accessory sphene, zircon, apatite, oxides, and allanite or chevkinite (fluorite is also present in some leucogranites). Dioritic to basaltic dikes, sills and pods are present, but they are volumetrically minor in comparison to the granites; the sills and pods are restricted to the lower 1/3 of the batholith, and the dikes are part of a distinct late swarm that marks termination of the intrusive history.

Walker et al. (in press) divide the batholith into six units that are distinct in texture, field relations (Figure 6), and in some cases compositions. These include a small exposure of the moderately felsic *roof unit* at one corner of the western margin the batholith; the *Spirit Mountain granite*, by far the most extensive unit and the one upon which we focus in this paper; *Mirage granite*, which forms a discrete pluton; *diorite sheets* that are locally abundant; *fine-grained granite* that cuts most other units as thin to thick sheets; and the mafic to felsic *Newberry dike swarm*, the latest intrusions into the batholithic system. The batholith as a whole ranges in age from 15.3 ± 0.3 to 17.4 ± 0.2 Ma (all uncertainties stated at $\pm 1\sigma$) (Walker et al., in press).

The Spirit Mountain granite comprises a sequence that ranges from west to east (top to bottom), for the most part gradationally, from high-silica leucogranite into foliated quartz monzonite (cf. Volborth, 1973; Howard et al., 1994; Hopson et al., 1994; Haapala et al., 1996; Haapala et al., 2005; Walker et al., in press). This sequence ranges from 61-

79 wt% SiO₂ and in age from 15.7 ± 0.2 to 16.8 ± 0.2 Ma. Except for the small roof unit, the oldest part of the batholith (17.4 ± 0.2 Ma), the remainder of the units that comprise the batholith (the Mirage granite, diorite sheets, fine-grained granite, and the Newberry dike swarm) are coeval with or slightly younger than the youngest part of the Spirit Mountain granite and were emplaced after most of it was largely to entirely solid (Walker et al., in press). Previous work (Hopson et al., 1994) suggested that the leucogranite melt segregated during fractional crystallization of the batholith, and that the coarser grained granites to the east represent the residual cumulates from the segregation events. Our work (Walker et al., in press) generally supports this interpretation, but ranges of ages in both the leucogranite and the cumulate granite suggest that the Spirit Mountain granite represents a patchwork accumulation of multiple intrusions that differentiated repeatedly, sending the fractionated high-silica magma toward the roof, leaving cumulate granites below. The leucogranite in the roof zone, therefore, amassed over much of the lifetime of the batholith, as a series of pulses of magma were injected, differentiated, and the buoyant, fractionated melt migrated upward, leaving melt-depleted cumulate behind.

Leucogranites in the Spirit Mountain granite

This study focuses primarily on the high-silica leucogranites of the Spirit Mountain granite. The bulk of the leucogranites form a roof zone that is exposed over an area of ~ 55 km² with an original total thickness near 2 km. This zone, which spans the north to south extent of the roof (western margin) of the batholith, varies in texture from aplitic to porphyritic to medium-grained equigranular and is locally miarolitic or pegmatitic. The internal contacts range from very sharp to gradational over several

meters and indicate that this zone comprises a collection of initially subhorizontal sheets and pods that range in size from one to tens of meters in thickness and up to hundreds of meters in length. Some contacts suggest initially vertical dikes, on the scale of one meter in thickness, of aplite and leucogranite porphyry that appear to feed into the base of the subhorizontal structures. We interpret these relations as evidence of repeated emplacement of the leucogranites - some sheets intruding a hot, melt-bearing mush, and some intruding solid rock, and this is supported by U-Pb zircon ages. Three dated samples yielded ages of 16.8 ± 0.2 Ma, 17.7 ± 0.2 Ma (age uncertain), and 16.1 ± 0.2 Ma (Walker et al., in press), suggesting that the roof zone accumulated over much of the lifetime of the batholith, and, together with field relations, that only a fraction of it was largely molten at any point in time. Similar rock is found throughout the Spirit Mountain granite in a network of interconnected pod-like structures, sills, and dikes. Parts of this network appear to feed into the leucogranite of the roof.

The leucogranites are composed of ~40-50% alkali feldspar, 30-40% quartz, 10-30% sodic plagioclase, ~1% biotite, and accessory apatite, allanite, sphene, zircon, fluorite and opaque oxides. They range in SiO₂ from 76 to 79 wt%, with very low Sr and Ba concentrations (mostly 5-50 ppm and 20-100 ppm, respectively), moderate light REE depletions and strong middle REE depletions compared to other granitoids in the batholith, and extreme negative Eu anomalies (Walker et al., in press), all of which suggest that this high-silica leucogranite is the product of fractional crystallization.

Zircon saturation temperatures (T_{zrc}) (Watson and Harrison, 1983; Hanchar and Watson, 2003; Miller et al., 2003) calculated for granitoid rocks in Spirit Mountain

batholith range from 696 to 878°C¹. T_{zrc} s for the leucogranite are limited to 696 to 806°C, with an average of 759°C. Granites interpreted to be cumulates have an average T_{zrc} of 821°C. T_{zrc} s for cumulates are suspect, because the rocks do not likely represent melt compositions (Miller et al., 2003). The leucogranites appear to be better candidates for reliable T_{zrc} estimates of their temperatures upon extraction from residual mush because they were probably melt rich. However, our data on zoning suggest that much of the zircon grew prior to final fractionation (see below), and hence these T_{zrc} may also be overestimates.

¹ Influence of melt composition on zircon saturation (thus on calculated T_{zrc}) was incorporated into the factor "M," which takes into account silica content and peraluminosity (Watson and Harrison, 1983). Subsequent work suggests that other compositional variables, including concentrations of halogens, Fe, and Mg, and oxygen fugacity, affect zircon solubility (Baker et al., 2002; Keppler, 1993; Hanchar and Watson, 2003). However, these effects appear to be limited for typical magmas and have not been sufficiently characterized to permit modification of the initial thermometer. The effect of H₂O is also not factored into the thermometer, but, as initially demonstrated by Watson and Harrison (1983), this effect is minimal where water content is >2 wt% (see also Linnen, 2005; Baker et al., 2002); the water content in Spirit Mountain granite was undoubtedly more than 2 wt% (e.g., early crystallization of biotite, absence of pyroxene). Modest uncertainties in T_{zrc} do not affect any conclusions of this paper.

CHAPTER V

RESULTS

Zr/Hf in the Spirit Mountain Batholith

Zr/Hf ratios in granitoid rocks of the Spirit Mountain batholith reflect the typical crustal Zr/Hf trend of intermediate to felsic rocks, remaining near chondritic until reaching a relatively high-silica-content (~73 wt%). The ratio falls slowly, to ~30 at ~76 wt% SiO₂, and then plummets to values as low as 18 between 76 and 79 wt% SiO₂ (Table 1; Figure 7). Zr/Hf of the leucogranite samples is ~18 to 30, while the samples interpreted as cumulate rocks, along with having lower SiO₂ contents, have Zr/Hf ~35 to 45. The whole-rock Zr/Hf trend corresponds to other geochemical indicators of fractionation processes. For example, Sr and Zr/Hf correlate very well, with the lowest Sr concentrations corresponding to the lowest Zr/Hf ratios (Figure 8), as do Rb/Sr and Zr/Hf with high Rb/Sr corresponding to the lowest Zr/Hf (Figure 9). As with SiO₂ vs. Zr/Hf, the Sr-Zr/Hf plot, though generally monotonic, is decidedly non-linear; Zr/Hf rises rapidly from 18 to 30 as Sr rises from 5 to 50 ppm, then more gradually (30 to 37 as Sr increases to ~250 ppm), and then levels off at higher Sr concentrations. The Rb/Sr-Zr-Hf plot shows a similar nonlinear trend, with very low Rb/Sr across a wide range of Zr/Hf (45 to 30), then a dramatic increase in Rb/Sr as Zr/Hf continues to drop.

Table 1: Abbreviated geochemistry of all samples from Spirit Mountain batholith. Full geochemistry available in Walker *et al.* (in press).

Sample ID	rock unit	SiO ₂ (wt%)	Sr (ppm)	Zr (ppm)	Hf (ppm)	Zr/Hf
SML78	Spirit Mountain granite: leucogranite	78.59	5	96	5.4	18
SML67	Spirit Mountain granite: leucogranite	78.49	5	114	5.6	20
SML71	Spirit Mountain granite: leucogranite	78.10	12	131	5.4	24
SML69	Spirit Mountain granite: leucogranite	77.96	23	68	2.9	23
SML73	Spirit Mountain granite: leucogranite	77.84	15	128	6.2	21
BW24	Spirit Mountain granite: leucogranite	77.74	83	152	4.5	34
SML132	Spirit Mountain granite: leucogranite	77.65	16	93	3.9	24
SML74	Spirit Mountain granite: leucogranite	77.55	13	111	5.2	21
SML76	Spirit Mountain granite: leucogranite	77.51	7	123	6.9	18
SML49Z	Spirit Mountain granite: leucogranite	77.37	17	99	4.2	24
SML47	Spirit Mountain granite: leucogranite	77.31	73	83	2.8	30
SML63C	Spirit Mountain granite: leucogranite	77.19	4	186	8.1	23
BW47	Spirit Mountain granite: leucogranite	77.01	11	47	2.2	21
SML52	Spirit Mountain granite: leucogranite	77.00	42	137	4.6	30
SML130	Spirit Mountain granite: leucogranite	76.96	7	92	4.4	21
LGZ	Spirit Mountain granite: leucogranite	76.80	27	83	4.1	20
SML133	Spirit Mountain granite: leucogranite	76.18	48	165	6.3	26
SML129Z	Spirit Mountain granite: leucogranite	76.07	26	116	5.1	23
BW48	Spirit Mountain granite: granite	75.58	121	153	5.1	30
SML54Z	Spirit Mountain granite: granite	75.57	89	127	4.2	30
BW43	Spirit Mountain granite: granite	74.85	210	152	4.4	34
BW40	Spirit Mountain granite: granite	74.24	224	160	4.9	33
SML120Z	Spirit Mountain granite: granite	73.84	191	202	5.4	37
BW36	Spirit Mountain granite: granite	73.59	188	125	3.9	32
BW63	Spirit Mountain granite: granite	72.98	240	180	4.9	37
BCOZ	Spirit Mountain granite: granite	72.33	311	186	5.0	38
BW11	Spirit Mountain granite: granite	72.12	268	167	4.4	38
BW62	Spirit Mountain granite: granite	71.36	332	172	4.7	37
BW33	Spirit Mountain granite: granite	70.93	315	186	5.0	37
BC101Z	Spirit Mountain granite: granite	70.84	272	229	5.8	40
101Z	Spirit Mountain granite: granite	69.93	323	322	8.2	39
BW49	Spirit Mountain granite: granite	68.88	356	312	7.7	40
BW41	Spirit Mountain granite: granite	67.55	456	204	5.6	36
BW32	Spirit Mountain granite: quartz monzonite	64.38	383	421	10.4	40
SWZ	Spirit Mountain granite: quartz monzonite	63.19	551	557	12.3	45
SML213	Spirit Mountain granite: quartz monzonite	61.39	578	586	12.5	47
BGZ	fine-grained granite	73.83	243	150	4.4	34
MI-2	Mirage granite	74.01	215	163	4.5	36
MI-1	Mirage granite	73.69	261	203	5.6	36
SML59Z	roof unit	74.41	63	199	6.6	30
BW61	diorite sheet	56.04	319	160	4.3	37
BW34	diorite sheet	54.99	368	193	4.8	40
DIORITE	diorite sheet	53.56	386	137	3.4	40

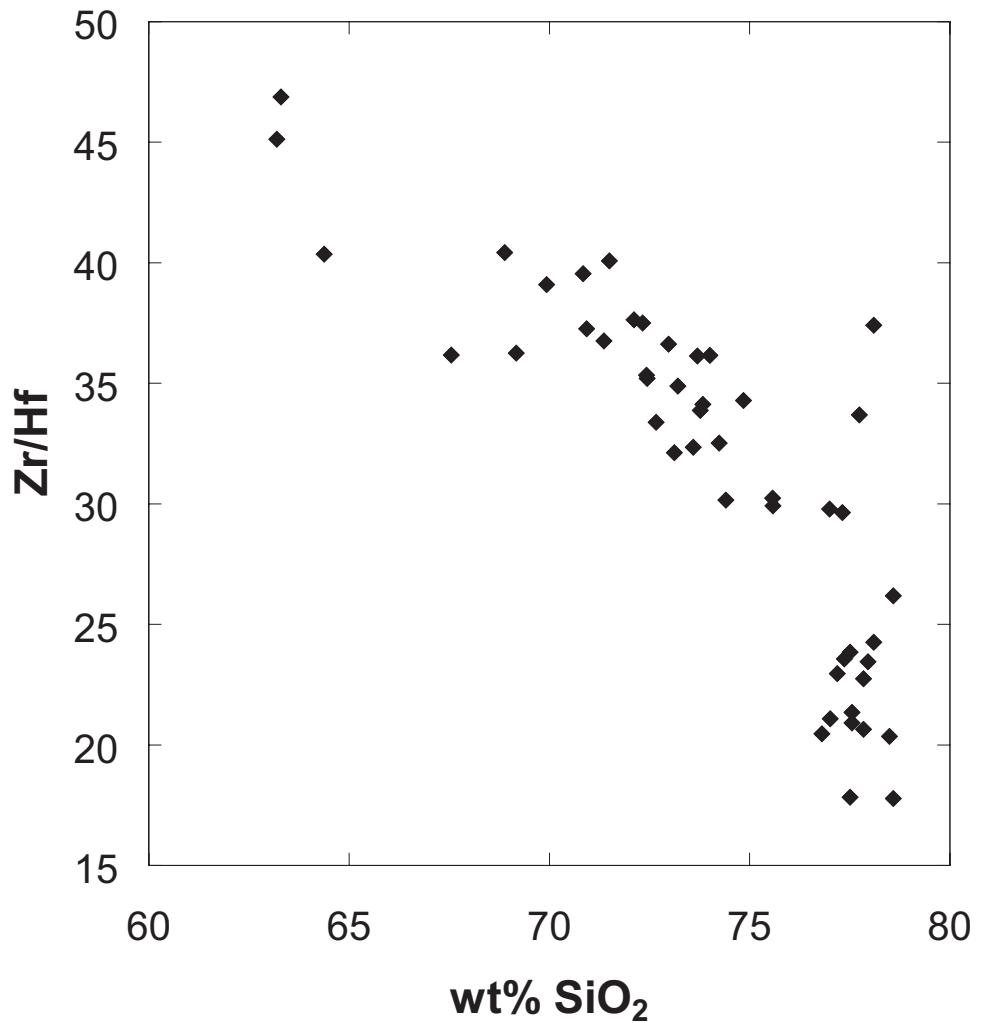


Figure 7: Zr/Hf vs. SiO₂ in the Spirit Mountain batholith.
Note the sharp drop in Zr/Hf at approximately 76 wt% SiO₂.

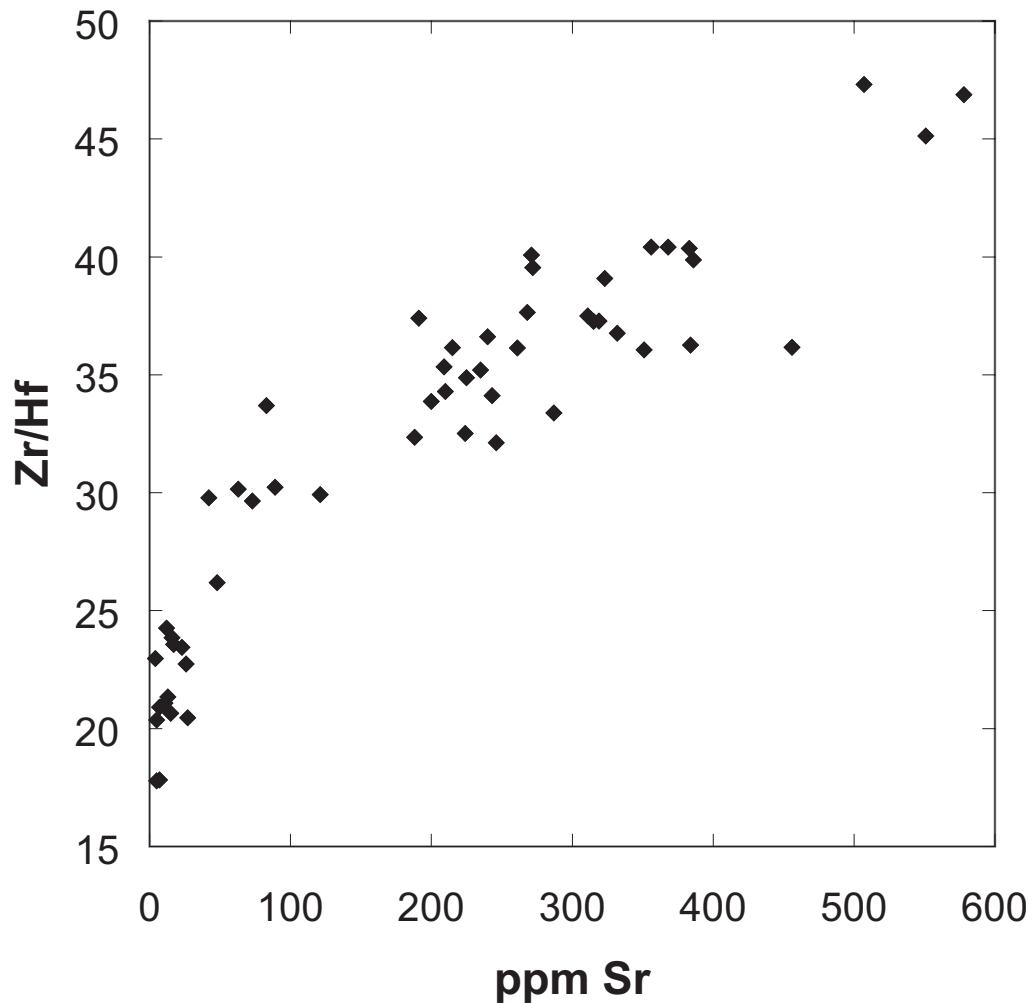


Figure 8: Zr/Hf vs. SiO₂ in the Spirit Mountain batholith.

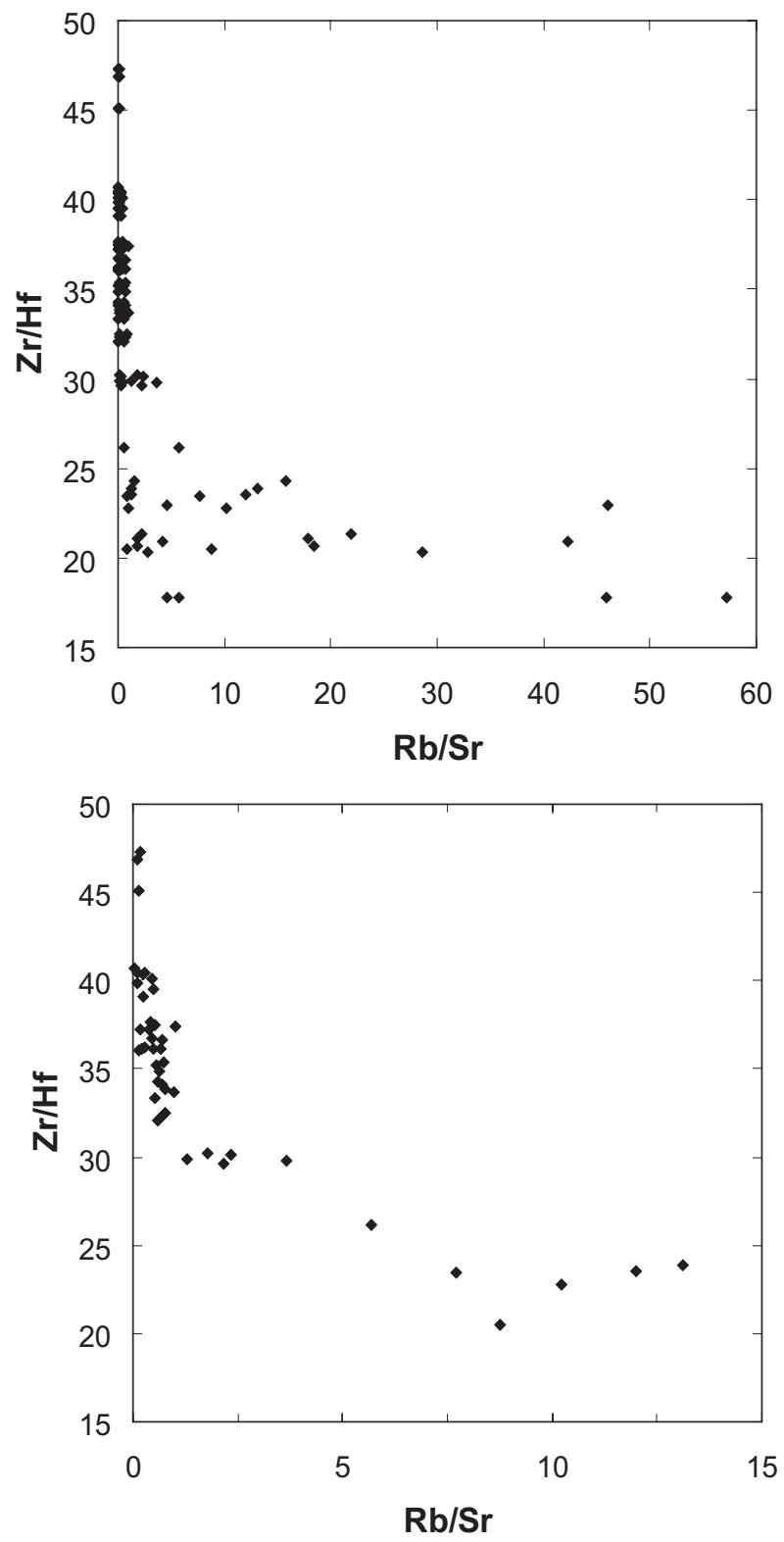


Figure 9: Zr/Hf vs. Rb/Sr for the Spirit Mountain batholith.

Elemental Zoning in Zircons from the Spirit Mountain Batholith

Zircons from two samples (see Figure 6) were selected for detailed in situ elemental analysis based upon results of the U-Pb analysis and field and petrologic considerations. One, a quartz monzonite (sample SWZ), was interpreted to represent crystal accumulation and for the most part to document growth from less fractionated melt. SWZ is composed of large, euhedral alkali feldspar, plagioclase feldspar, quartz, and biotite with accessory sphene, allanite, apatite, zircon and an opaque phase. It is relatively low in SiO₂ (63.2 wt%) and high in Zr (560 ppm; T_{zrc} 878°C), Zr/Hf (~45), Sr (551 ppm), and Ba (1850 ppm), reflecting accumulation of feldspars and zircon (hence high T_{zrc}) along with biotite and other accessory minerals (Table 2). SHRIMP ages of zircon from SWZ yield two major age peaks, one at 16.8 ± 0.3 Ma and the other 15.8 ± 0.2 Ma. These are interpreted to represent initial accumulation and partial reactivation during subsequent recharging, respectively (Walker et al., in press). LGZ, a porphyritic leucogranite from the roof zone, is composed of alkali feldspar, quartz, plagioclase feldspar, biotite, and accessory allanite, apatite, sphene and zircon. Phenocrysts consist of rounded quartz, euhedral alkali feldspar, and less abundant small, euhedral plagioclase grains. It was selected to represent a highly fractionated magma, with high SiO₂ (76.8 wt%) and low Zr (80 ppm; T_{zrc} 734° C), Zr/Hf (20), Sr (27 ppm), and Ba (92 ppm). LGZ has a predominant age peak at 16.8 ± 0.2 Ma that is considered to represent the dominant time of melt segregation and solidification, with a small number of grains at 17.7 ± 0.1 Ma that probably were entrained from remnants of the first pulse of batholith emplacement (now represented by the small roof unit). Following Wes Hildreth (presentation at Penrose Conference, 2001), we refer to such grains as "antecrysts."

Table 2: Whole-rock geochemistry of samples SWZ and LGZ from Spirit Mountain batholith, from Walker *et al.* (in press). Oxides listed in wt %, Trace Elements in ppm.

Element	SWZ	LGZ
SiO ₂	63.19	76.8
Al ₂ O ₃	17.64	12.65
CaO	2.73	0.67
MgO	1.35	0.10
Na ₂ O	4.70	3.92
K ₂ O	5.07	4.75
Fe ₂ O ₃	4.10	0.92
MnO	0.09	0.05
TiO ₂	0.87	0.13
P ₂ O ₅	0.27	0.02
Rb	83	236
Sr	551	27
Ba	1850	92
Cs	0.3	0.7
Ta	1.11	3.33
Nb	19.2	38.3
Tl	0.38	0.86
Hf	12.3	4.1
Zr	530	99
Zr	557	83
Y	26	18
V	57	5
Th	8.91	19.1
U	1.09	2.67
Ga	22	31
La	103	46.7
Ce	210	77.7
Pr	21.7	6.39
Nd	79.5	17.9
Sn	1.17	1.10
Eu	2.41	0.235
Gd	7.86	2.16
Tb	1.15	0.43
Dy	5.65	2.60
Ho	1.00	0.58
Er	3.06	2.18
Tm	0.442	0.400
Yb	2.92	2.67
Lu	0.414	0.404
Sm	12.0	2.76
Be	2	6
Ge	1.0	2.3
Bi	0.2	0.8
Zr/Hf	45.12	20.46

Zircons from the Spirit Mountain batholith are strongly zoned (see Figure 11). Most zones are euhedral and concentric, though some internal zones are truncated. Thin to medium-thick zones that enclose oscillatory dark-light bands are common. We refer to innermost identifiable zones of grains (centers) as cores, regardless of whether there is evidence that the centers are appreciably older than the outer zones (only a few cores have identifiable truncated [resorption] surfaces). ‘Rims’, in the context of this discussion, represent the outermost zones of the zircons, either on an edge or a tip.

Hafnium content of zircons from SWZ and LGZ ranges from 7500 ppm to 16700 ppm ($\text{Zr/Hf} \sim 64$ to 29) (Table 3 and 4). In SWZ, Hf contents of all analyzed spots (cores, rims, and intermediate zones) average approximately 10000 ppm ($\text{Zr/Hf} \sim 50$). There are, however, large fluctuations in Hf within core to rim traverses, as discussed below; Hf concentrations of individual spots range from 7500 ppm to 15000 ppm ($\text{Zr/Hf} \sim 64$ to 32). The cores of SWZ average ~ 10000 ppm ($\text{Zr/Hf} \sim 49$) and the rims average a similar ~ 9500 ppm ($\text{Zr/Hf} \sim 50$). LGZ has a higher average Hf content (12000 ppm) and Zr/Hf (39; from 29-63) and a wider range of Hf concentrations (7500-16700 ppm) than SWZ. The cores of grains in LGZ have average Hf concentrations of approximately 11000 ppm ($\text{Zr/Hf} \sim 43$) and the rims average approximately 13300 ppm Hf ($\text{Zr/Hf} \sim 36$). Fluctuations in Hf from core to rim and in zones between the cores and rims in grains from both samples are discussed in detail below.

Table 3: Composition of zircon grains from sample LGZ, determined by SHRIMP-RG analysis of grains; data arranged in groups according to grain, and spots listed in order from core (top) to rim (bottom); ages of spots determined previously using SHRIMP-RG U-Pb geochronology (Walker et al., in press); o-zone indicates oscillatory zoning.

Spot ID	Spot description	Age (Ma $\pm 1\sigma$)	Ti (ppm)	T _{TiZ} (°C)	Hf (ppm)	U (ppm)	Th (ppm)	Zr/ Hf	Th/U
LGZTE-1.1C	dark unzoned core	4.8	709	13557	1230	2702	35	2.20	
LGZTE-1.3T2	medium-dark zone	7.5	747	11213	69	76	43	1.10	
LGZTE-1.2T	dark zoned tip	4.7	708	15630	2082	2600	31	1.25	
LGZTE-2.1C	light zoned core	16.5 \pm 0.7	9.4	767	10051	68	136	48	2.00
LGZTE-2.4T2	band of med-dark o-zones	17.5 \pm 0.3	9.3	767	13793	401	529	35	1.32
LGZTE-2.2T	dark zoned tip		4.6	706	14762	1625	2752	32	1.69
LGZTE-3.3C	med-dark unzoned core	15.9 \pm 1.2	24.6	865	7536	29	103	63	3.55
LGZTE-3.4C2	light, zoned		13.1	800	10129	117	225	47	1.92
LGZTE-3.2T2	med-dark zoned tip	16.7 \pm 0.3	3.2	678	16716	1102	951	29	0.86
LGZTE-3.1T1	very dark zoned rim		5.9	726	14332	2268	3053	33	1.35
LGZTE-4.1C	med-dark unzoned core		17.9	831	7766	251	803	61	3.20
LGZTE-4.2	light, zoned		17.2	826	9156	69	132	52	1.91
LGZTE-4.3T	med-dark zoned tip		6.3	732	12930	322	385	37	1.20
LGZTE-5.1C	dark zoned core		7	741	12417	641	1218	38	1.90
LGZTE-5.2	light, zoned		8.7	761	10653	203	382	45	1.88
LGZTE-6.2	light, zoned		12.8	797	11512	532	868	41	1.63
LGZTE-6.3T	very dark zoned tip		11.7	788	13608	4823	13141	35	2.72
LGZTE-7.1C	dark zoned core		4.9	710	14884	1862	3534	32	1.90
LGZTE-7.3	light zoned tip		5.9	726	11291	108	115	42	1.06
LGZTE-8.1C	dark zoned core	17.2 \pm 0.3	3.3	679	13812	756	921	35	1.22
LGZTE-8.3T2	light, zoned		10.2	776	10601	228	210	45	0.92
LGZTE-8.2T	light zoned tip		7.7	750	10979	121	161	44	1.33
	sample average		9.1	754	12151	859	1591	39	1.73
	core average		11.2	766	11078	601	1119	43	2.29
	rim/tip average		6.7	734	13362	1621	3172	36	1.51

Table 4: Composition of zircon grains from sample SWZ, determined by SHRIMP-RG analysis of grains; data arranged in groups according to grain, and spots listed in order from core (top) to rim (bottom); ages of spots determined previously using SHRIMP-RG U-Pb geochronology (Walker et al., in press); o-zone indicates oscillatory zoning.

Spot ID	Spot description	Age (Ma \pm 1 σ)	Ti (ppm)	T _{TiZ} (°C)	Hf (ppm)	U (ppm)	Th (ppm)	Zr/ Hf	Th/U
SWZTE-1.2C	light, unzoned core	14.9 \pm 0.6	6.4	733	10890	101	110	44	1.09
SWZTE-1.1T	light, zoned tip	15.1 \pm 0.6	10.6	778	9773	79	110	49	1.39
SWZTE-2.1C	med-dark, unzoned core	15.6 \pm 0.3	5.3	718	10948	188	315	44	1.68
SWZTE-2.2T	very light, zoned tip		9.9	772	9582	71	110	50	1.55
SWZTE-3.2C	light, zoned core	16.6 \pm 0.4	10.8	781	9021	205	646	53	3.15
SWZTE-3.3T2	light, zoned	16.5 \pm 0.5	12.4	794	8837	141	265	54	1.88
SWZTE-3.1T	very light zoned tip		11.8	789	9658	52	80	49	1.54
SWZTE-4.1C	light, unzoned core		15.2	814	8168	65	175	58	2.69
SWZTE-4.6T5	light, slightly zoned		12.7	796	9978	123	203	48	1.65
SWZTE-4.5T4	dark band of o-zones		5.7	723	11448	203	233	42	1.15
SWZTE-4.7T6	same dark band of o-zones	16.8 \pm 0.5	5.8	725	11496	214	220	42	1.03
SWZTE-4.4T3	light, unzoned tip		13.3	801	9165	49	80	52	1.63
SWZTE-4.1C	light unzoned core		15.2	814	8168	65	175	58	2.69
SWZTE4.3T2	very light, zoned		14.4	809	8296	70	101	58	1.44
SWZTE-4.2T1	dark zoned tip		29.6	886	10813	144	164	44	1.14
SWZTE-5.1C	dark unzoned core	16.3 \pm 0.4	14.8	811	8099	242	733	59	3.03
SWZTE-5.2T	light zoned tip		13.6	803	8914	106	221	54	2.08
SWZTE-6.1C	light, unzoned core		19.4	840	8468	41	89	56	2.17
SWZTE-6.2T	med-dark zoned tip	15.4 \pm 0.5	10.3	776	10003	283	640	48	2.26
SWZTE-7.1C	dark zoned core	16 \pm 0.2	5.3	717	12453	925	1258	38	1.36
SWZTE-7.3T2	light, zoned		16.9	825	8464	51	90	56	1.76
SWZTE-7.2T	light zoned tip	14.3 \pm 0.7	11.9	790	9390	77	137	51	1.78
SWZTE-8.1C	light, zoned core	15.8 \pm 0.7	32.3	896	7472	48	162	64	3.38
SWZTE-8.3T	medium-dark zoned		25.5	869	7847	196	757	61	3.86
SWZTE-8.4T	light, zoned		14.3	808	8477	119	284	56	2.39
SWZTE-8.1T	light, zoned tip	15.7 \pm 0.4	11.6	788	9507	192	468	50	2.44
SWZTE-9.1C	dark unzoned core	17 \pm 0.3	5.9	726	15037	850	1081	32	1.27
SWZTE-9.3T2	med-dark, zoned		5.2	715	11609	196	269	41	1.37
SWZTE-9.2T	light zoned tip	15.6 \pm 0.7	11.1	783	9084	66	104	53	1.58
SWZTE-10.1C	med-dark, unzoned core		7.2	743	10669	108	188	45	1.74
SWZTE-10.3T2	med-dark, zoned		5.1	713	11402	277	273	42	0.99
SWZTE-10.2T	light, zoned tip		7.3	744	10462	61	63	46	1.03
	sample average		12.3	783	9853	179	311	50	1.85
	core average		12.3	778	10123	277	476	49	2.16
	rim/tip average		12.8	792	9668	107	198	50	1.76

Uranium, Th, and Hf concentrations in the analyzed zircons vary directly with one another, but U and Th vary by much larger factors (Figure 10). SWZ zircons have an average U concentration of 179 ppm, ranging from 41 ppm to 925 ppm, with cores averaging 277 ppm and rims averaging 107 ppm. LGZ averages much higher U, at 859 ppm, ranging from 29 to 2268 ppm (a single outlier has U = 4823 ppm), with an average of 601 ppm in the cores and 1621 ppm in the rims. The cores of SWZ have distinctly higher U than cores of LGZ, and LGZ has distinctly higher U in rims than SWZ. The two samples overlap in Hf, U, and Th but only a few LGZ analyses plot at the low values characteristic of SWZ, and the maxima for LGZ are considerably higher than those for SWZ. U concentrations vary only slightly between 8000 and 13000 ppm Hf, and then rise rapidly for higher Hf. Almost all Th/U ratios are between about 1 and 3 and average near 2 for both samples (Figure 10e).

Titanium concentrations in the zircons, indicative of melt temperature, vary directly with Zr/Hf and inversely with Hf, U, and Th concentrations. Ti in the zircons vary by a factor of 10, from 3.2 ppm to 32.3 ppm, indicating a temperature range of ~200°C based on the thermometry equation of Watson and Harrison (2005). Adjusting the equation for $a_{\text{TiO}_2} \sim 0.7$, as discussed in the Methods section, the calculated T (referred to here as T_{TiZ}) range becomes 678°C to 896°C. SWZ Ti concentrations range from 5.1 ppm to 32.3 ppm, yielding T_{TiZ} from 713°C to 896°C, with an average of 12.3 ppm (average of calculated temperatures = 783°C). Cores and rims of grains in SWZ have nearly identical average Ti concentrations of 12.3 ppm (mean core $T_{\text{TiZ}} = 791^\circ\text{C}$) and 12.8 ppm (mean $T_{\text{TiZ}} 792^\circ\text{C}$), respectively. Titanium concentrations in zircons from LGZ range from 3.2 ppm to 24.6 ppm, with an average of 9.1 ppm, yielding adjusted T_{TiZ}

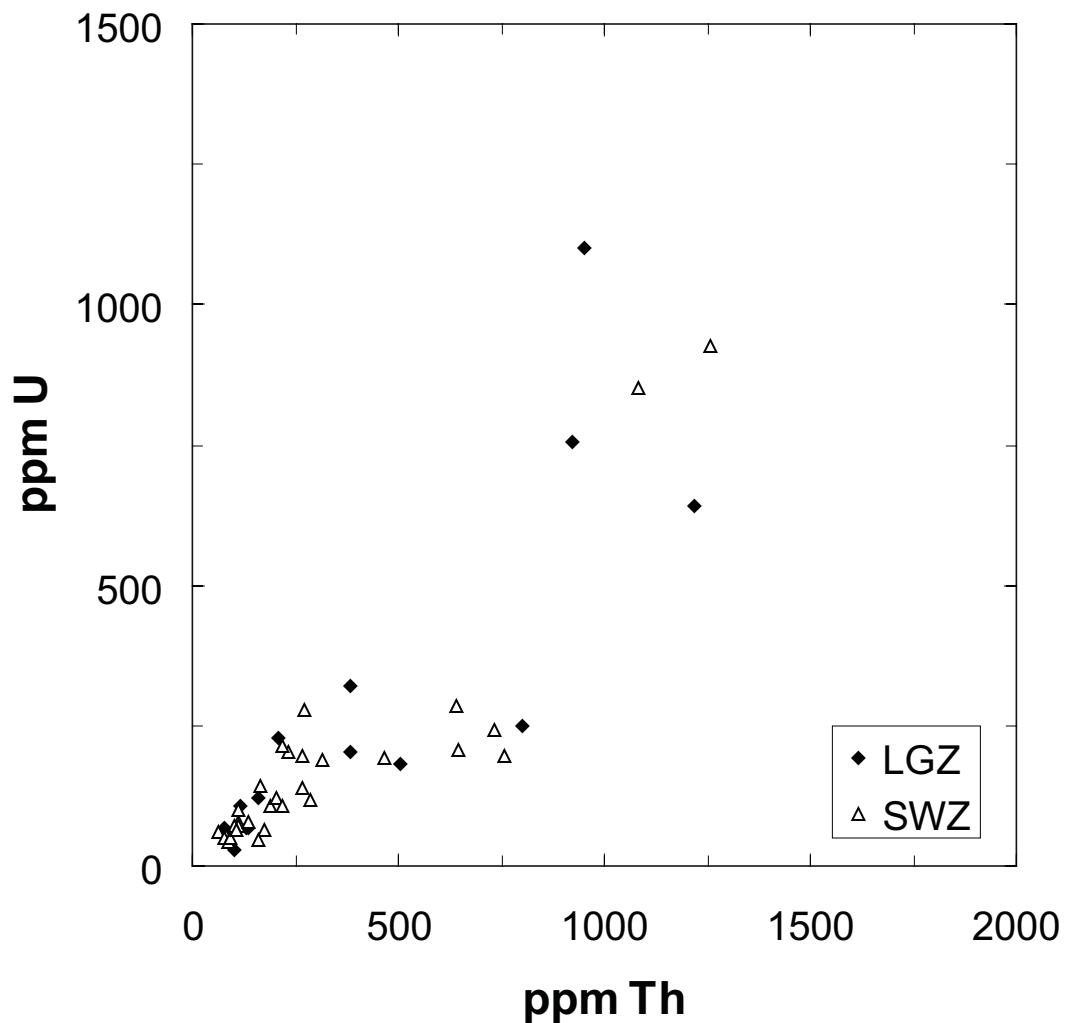


Figure 10e: U vs. Th in zircons from the Spirit Mountain batholith. LGZ represents fractionated leucogranite, and SWZ represents cumulates. Each point represents one SHRIMP spot analysis of a zircon grain.

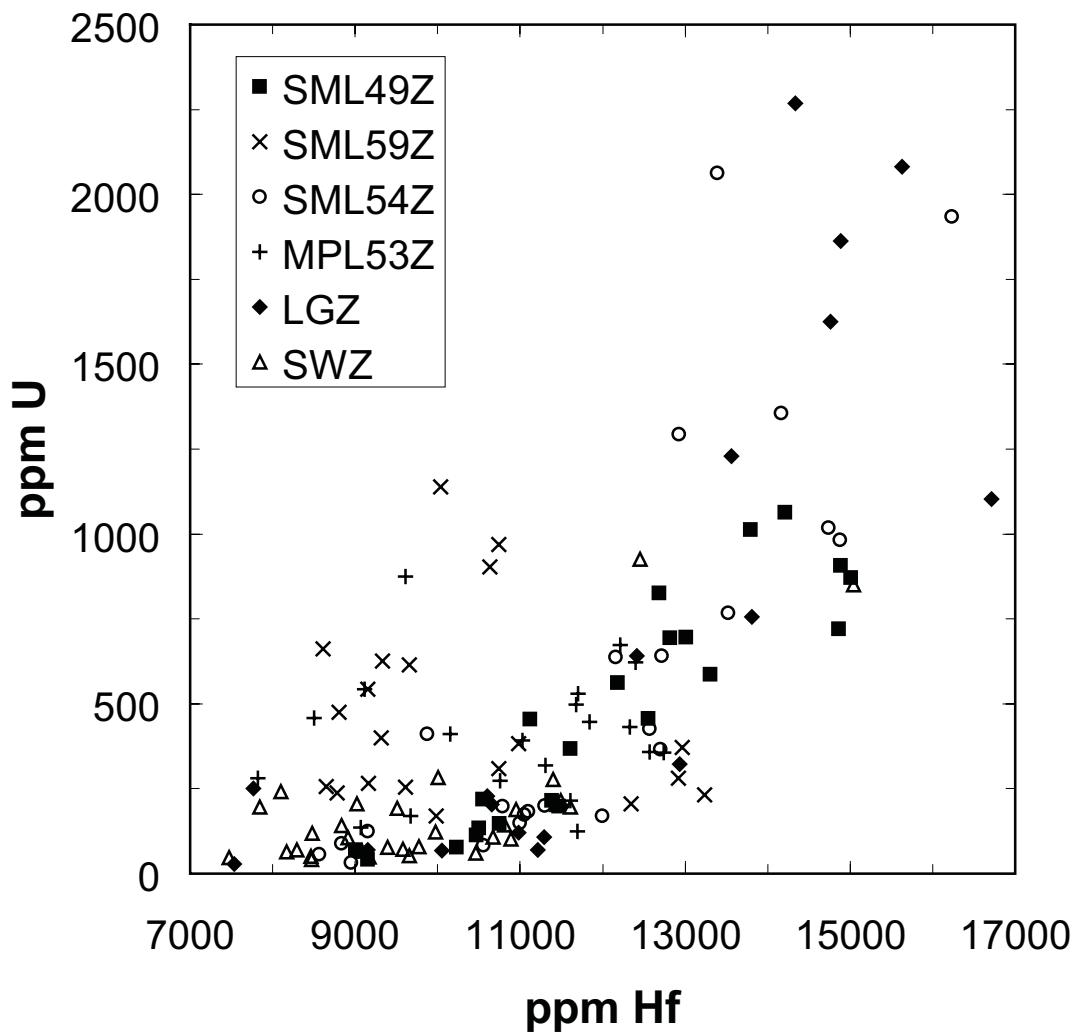


Figure 10d: U vs. Hf in zircons from six samples from the Spirit Mountain batholith. LGZ and SML49Z represent fractionated leucogranites, SWZ and SML54Z represent cumulates, SML59Z represents the older roof unit, and MPL53Z is from the Mirage Granite (see Walker et al., in press). Each point represents one SHRIMP spot analysis of a zircon grain.

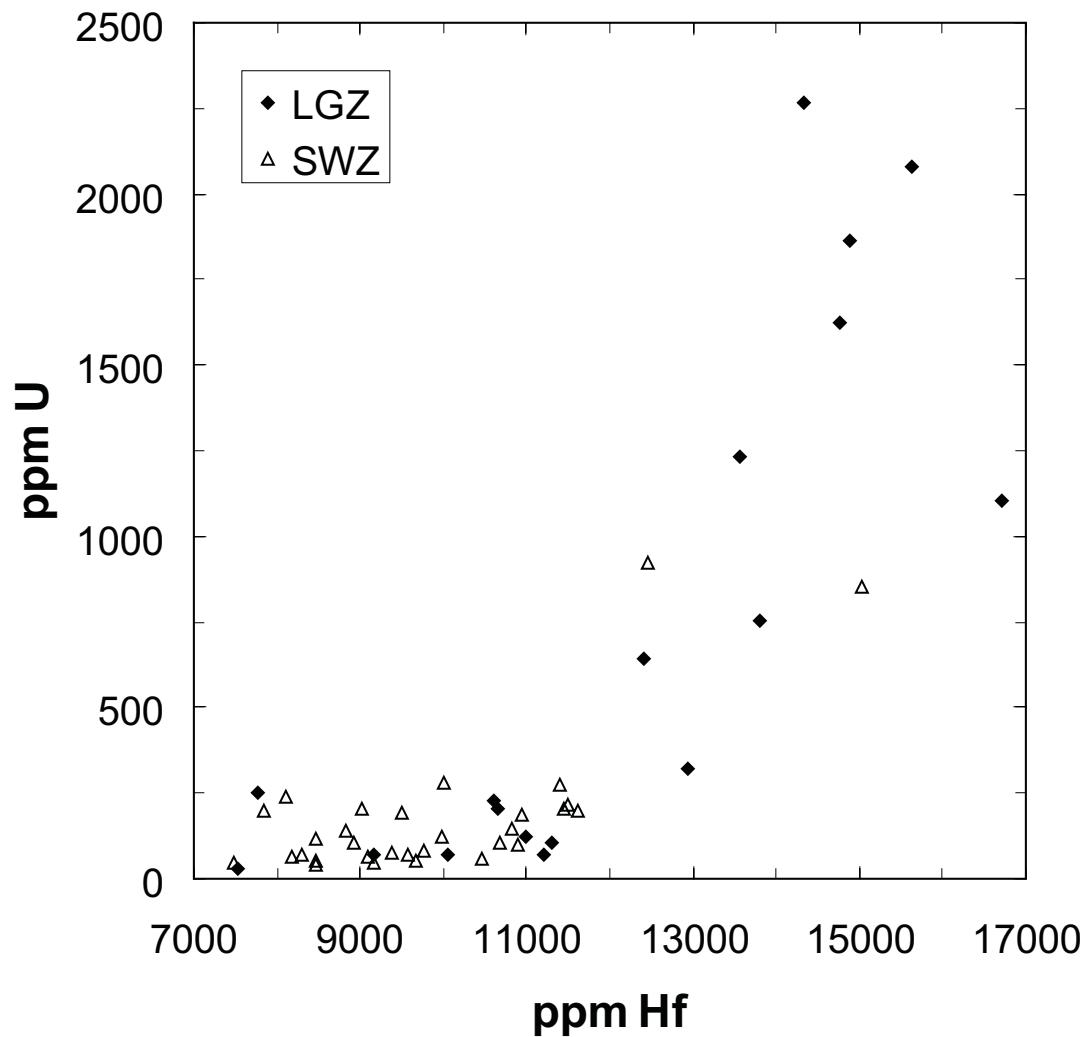


Figure 10c: U vs. Hf in zircons from the Spirit Mountain batholith. LGZ represents fractionated leucogranite, and SWZ represents cumulates. Each point represents one SHRIMP spot analysis of a zircon grain.

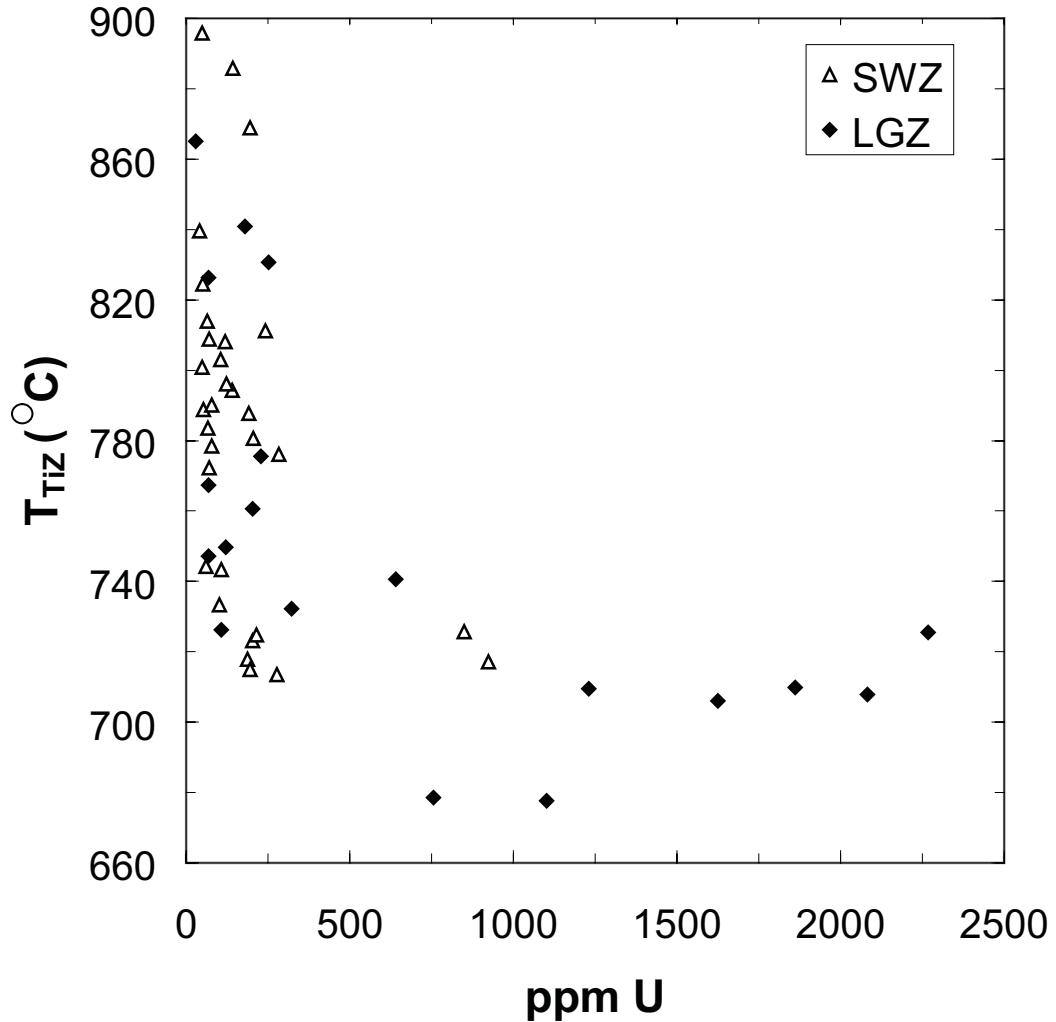


Figure 10b: Temperature estimates based on Ti concentrations vs. U in zircons from the Spirit Mountain batholith. LGZ represents fractionated leucogranite, and SWZ represents cumulates. Each point represents one SHRIMP spot analysis of a zircon grain.

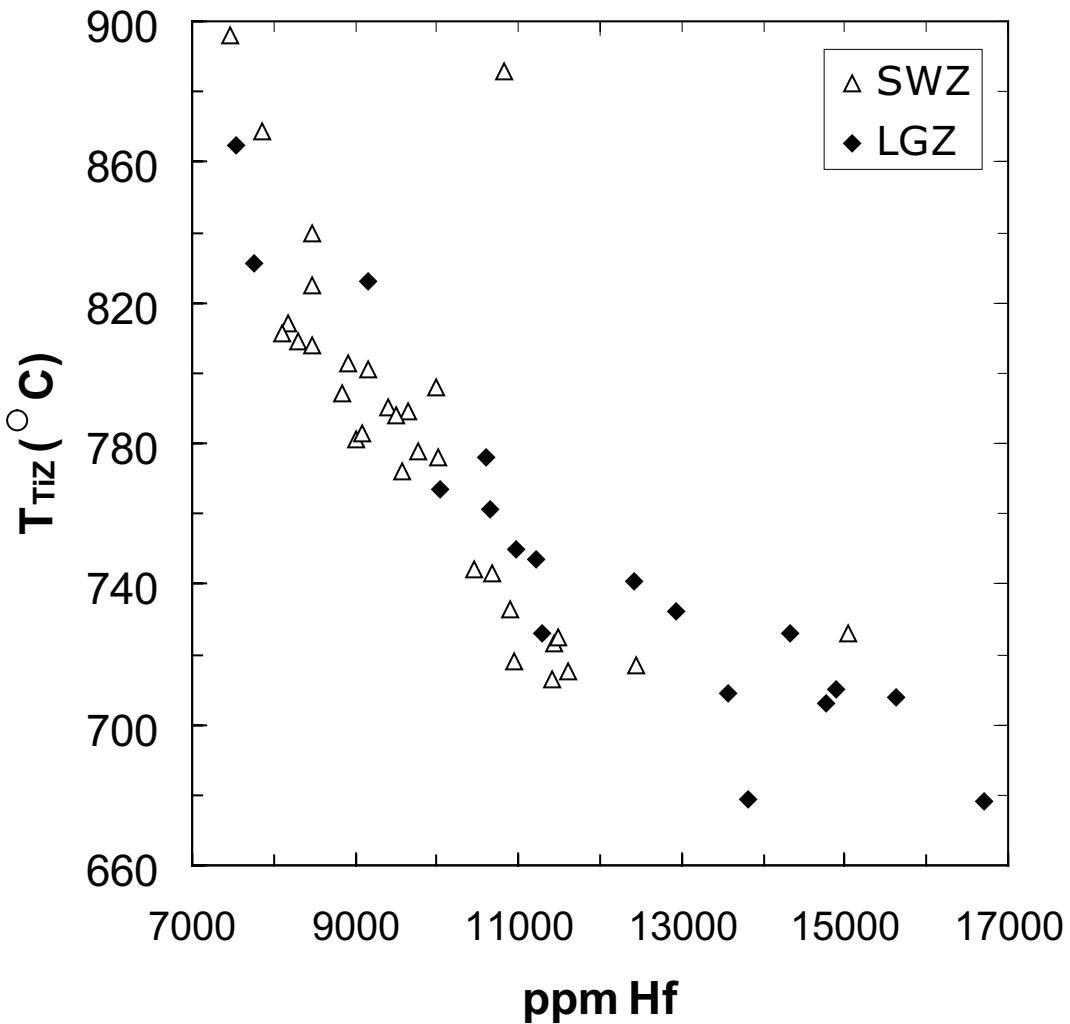


Figure 10a: Temperature estimates based on Ti concentrations vs. Hf in zircons from the Spirit Mountain batholith. LGZ represents fractionated leucogranite, and SWZ represents cumulates. Each point represents one SHRIMP spot analysis of a zircon grain.

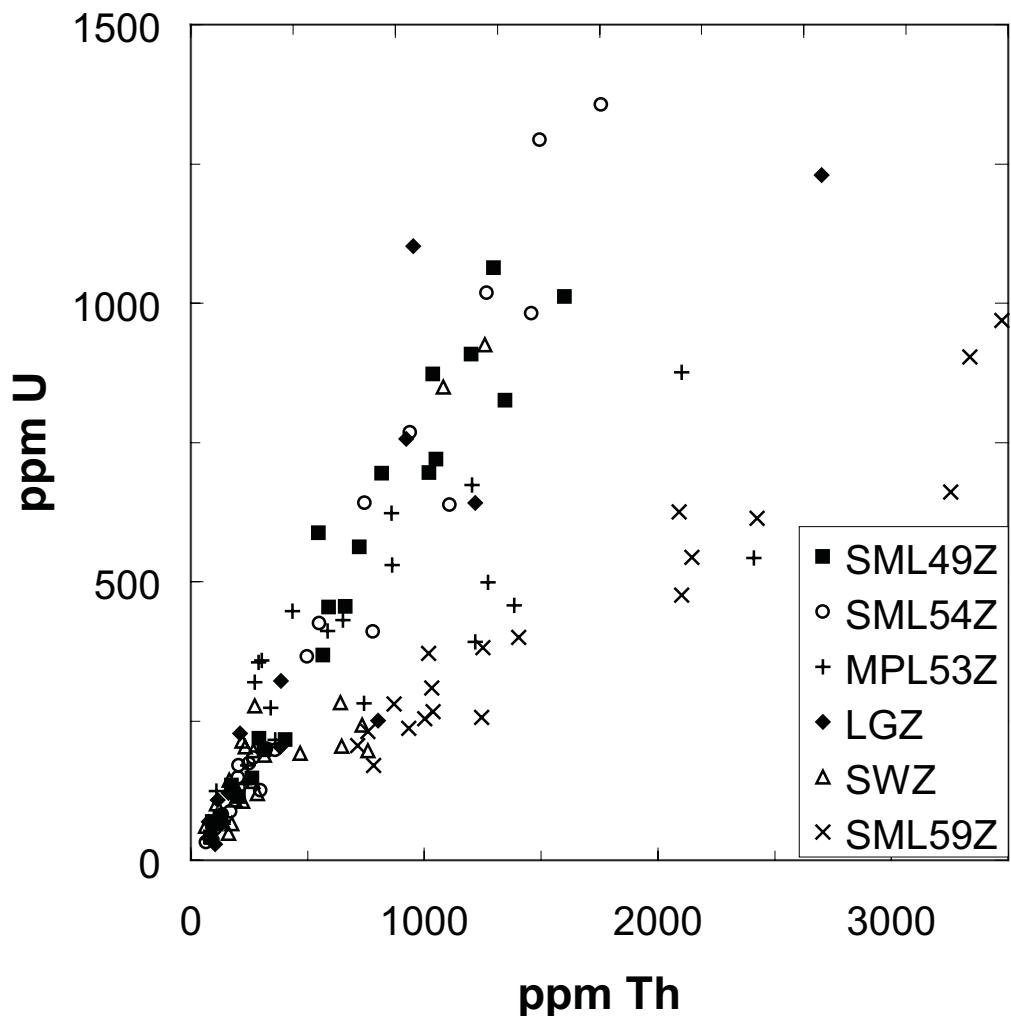


Figure 10f: U vs. Th in zircons from six samples from the Spirit Mountain batholith. LGZ and SML49Z represent fractionated leucogranites, SWZ and SML54Z represent cumulates, SML59Z represents the older roof unit, and MPL53Z is from the Mirage Granite (see Walker et al., in press). Each point represents one SHRIMP spot analysis of a zircon grain.

ranging from 678°C to 865°C and an average T_{TiZ} of 754°C. Cores and rims of grains in LGZ vary distinctly with average Ti concentrations of 11.2 ppm (mean T_{TiZ} 766°C) and 6.7 ppm (mean T_{TiZ} 734°C), respectively.

Variation in elemental concentrations correlates with variation in brightness of zones visible in CL images - bright zones are rich in Ti and poor in Hf, U, and Th, and vice versa (Figure 9). Although we do not suggest that Ti is the CL activator, the correlation is notably consistent. For this discussion, Hf, U, and T_{TiZ} will be used to track trends and fluctuations recorded in grains; Th trends correspond closely to U trends. In SWZ, three analyzed grains show "normal" zoning, with continuous increase in Hf and U and a corresponding decrease in Ti (T_{TiZ}) from core to rim (Figure 11b). Core to rim transects on six other grains demonstrate normal zoning followed by reverse zoning at the rim (decrease in Hf and U and corresponding increase T_{TiZ}), as shown in Figure 11a. Three grains contain a zone of oscillatory bands that deviates from the trend in the zones around it. For example, grain SWZTE-4 (Figure 11a) has a thin, dark, oscillatory zone of bands that has much higher Hf and U concentrations and much lower Ti (and T_{TiZ}) than the points on either side of it. Conversely, grain SWZTE-7 (Figure 11c) has a zone of oscillatory bands with higher T_{TiZ} and lower Hf than the zones around it.

In LGZ, core to rim transects demonstrate the variability of zircon histories. Two grains show normal zoning, with Hf, U, and Th increasing and T_{TiZ} decreasing continuously from core to rim. Three grains show reverse zoning at the rim, LGZTE-3 for example (Figure 11e). Two grains, including LGZTE-1 (Figure 11d), exhibit fluctuations (intervening zones that deviate from the monotonic core to rim progression). Most of the grains in LGZ have relatively high Hf and low T_{TiZ} throughout, but two

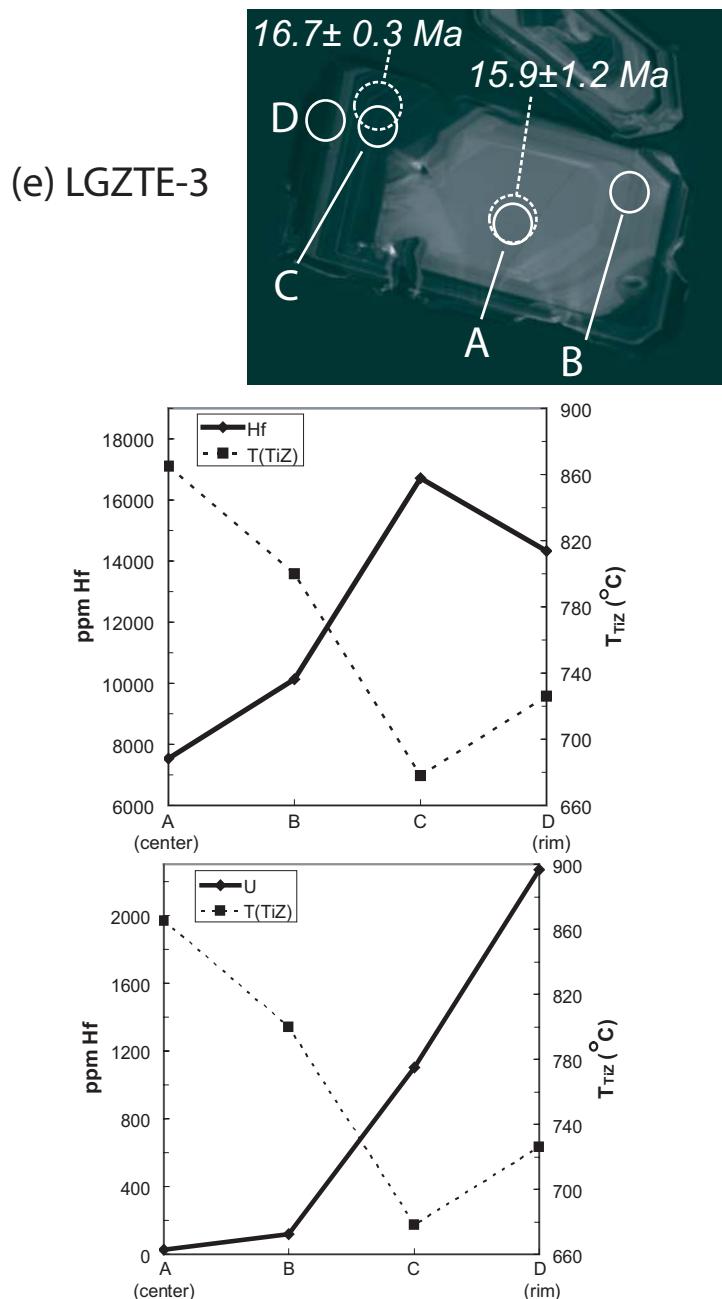


Figure 11e: CL image of zoned zircon LGZTE-3 from the Spirit Mountain batholith showing locations of SHRIMP-RG trace element analyses (solid circles) and U-Pb analyses (dashed circles). Graphs represent Hf and T(TiZ) for each spot and U and T(TiZ) for each spot. Note the correlation between Hf and U and the inverse relationship between Hf/U and temperature. Graphs represent spot analyses, and lines between spots represent trends determined by spots, not true profiles across the grain. Grain has an antecrustic, unfractionated core, but fractionates outward, with a recharge or reheating event recorded by the rim.

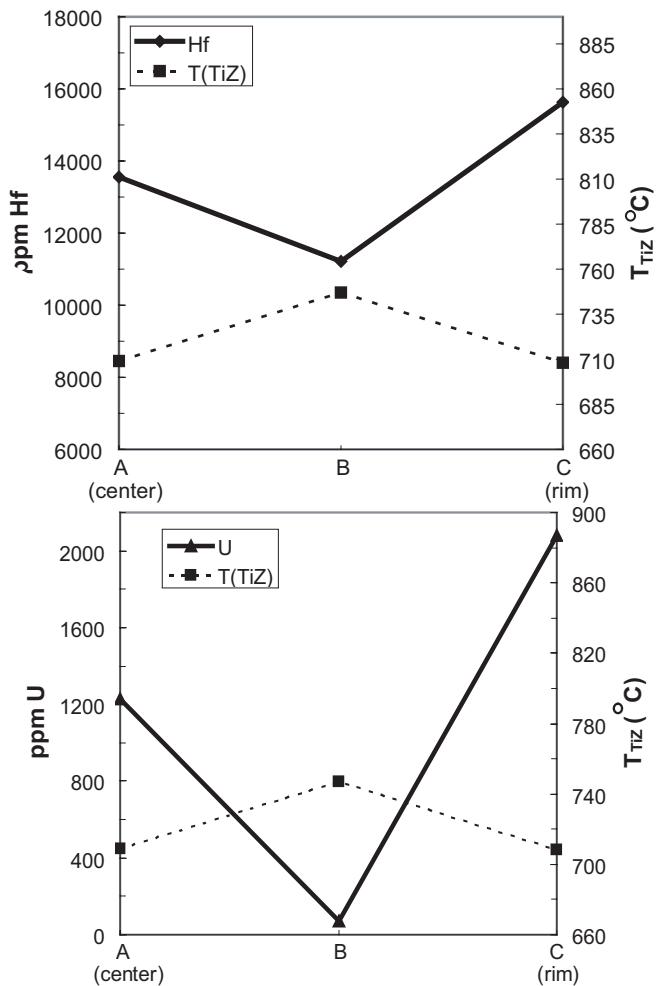
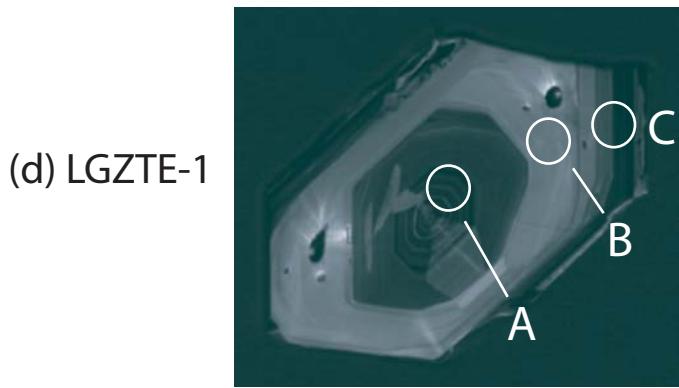


Figure 11d: CL image of zoned zircon LGZTE-1 from the Spirit Mountain batholith showing locations of SHRIMP-RG trace element analyses (solid circles) and U-Pb analyses (dashed circles). Graphs represent Hf and T(TiZ) for each spot and U and T(TiZ) for each spot. Note the correlation between Hf and U and the inverse relationship between Hf/U and temperature. Graphs represent spot analyses, and lines between spots represent trends determined by spots, not true profiles across the grain. Grain is highly fractionated throughout, but shows a recharge event followed by continued fractionation.

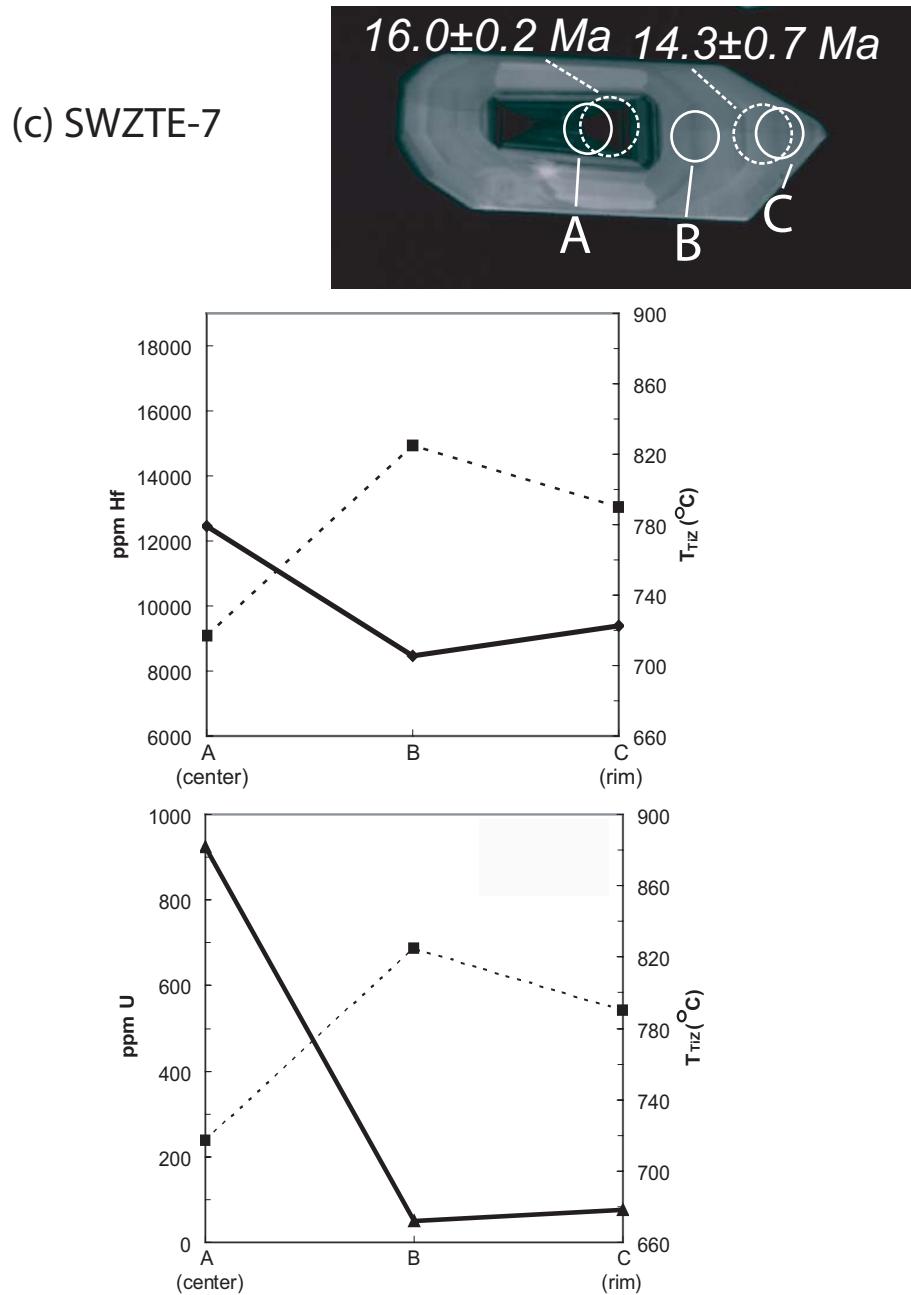


Figure 11c: CL image of zoned zircon SWZTE-7 from the Spirit Mountain batholith showing locations of SHRIMP-RG trace element analyses (solid circles) and U-Pb analyses (dashed circles). Graphs represent Hf and T_{TiZ} for each spot and U and T_{TiZ} for each spot. Note the correlation between Hf and U and the inverse relationship between Hf/U and temperature. Graphs represent spot analyses, and lines between spots represent trends determined by spots, not true profiles across the grain. Zone of medium-dark oscillatory-bands represents a recharge/reheating event, followed by continued fractionation.

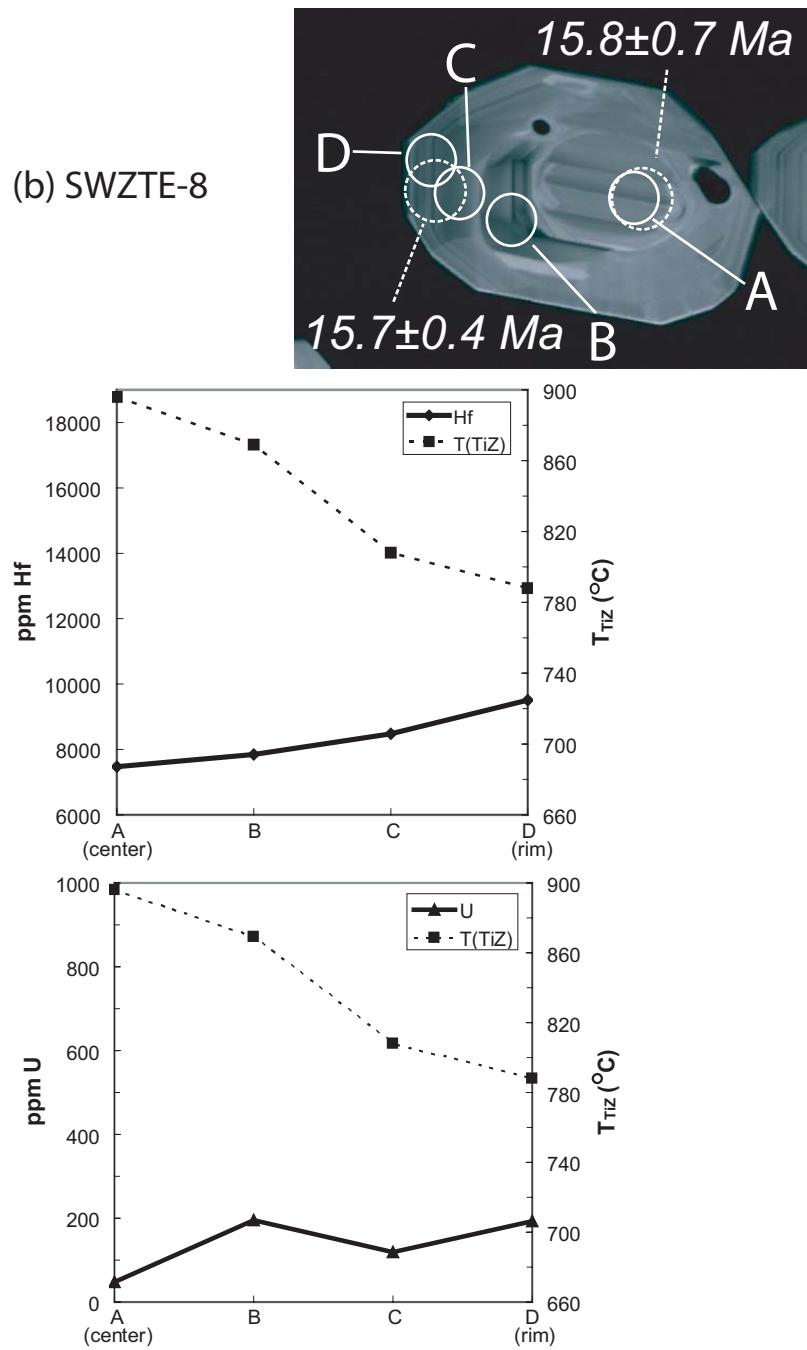


Figure 11b: CL image of zoned zircon SWZTE-8 from the Spirit Mountain batholith showing locations of SHRIMP-RG trace element analyses (solid circles) and U-Pb analyses (dashed circles). Graphs represent Hf and T(TiZ) for each spot and U and T(TiZ) for each spot. Note the correlation between Hf and U and the inverse relationship between Hf/U and temperature. Graphs represent spot analyses, and lines between spots represent trends determined by spots, not true profiles across the grain. Note low Hf and U and high T throughout, indicating an unfractionated melt, although core to rim shows continual fractionation and cooling.

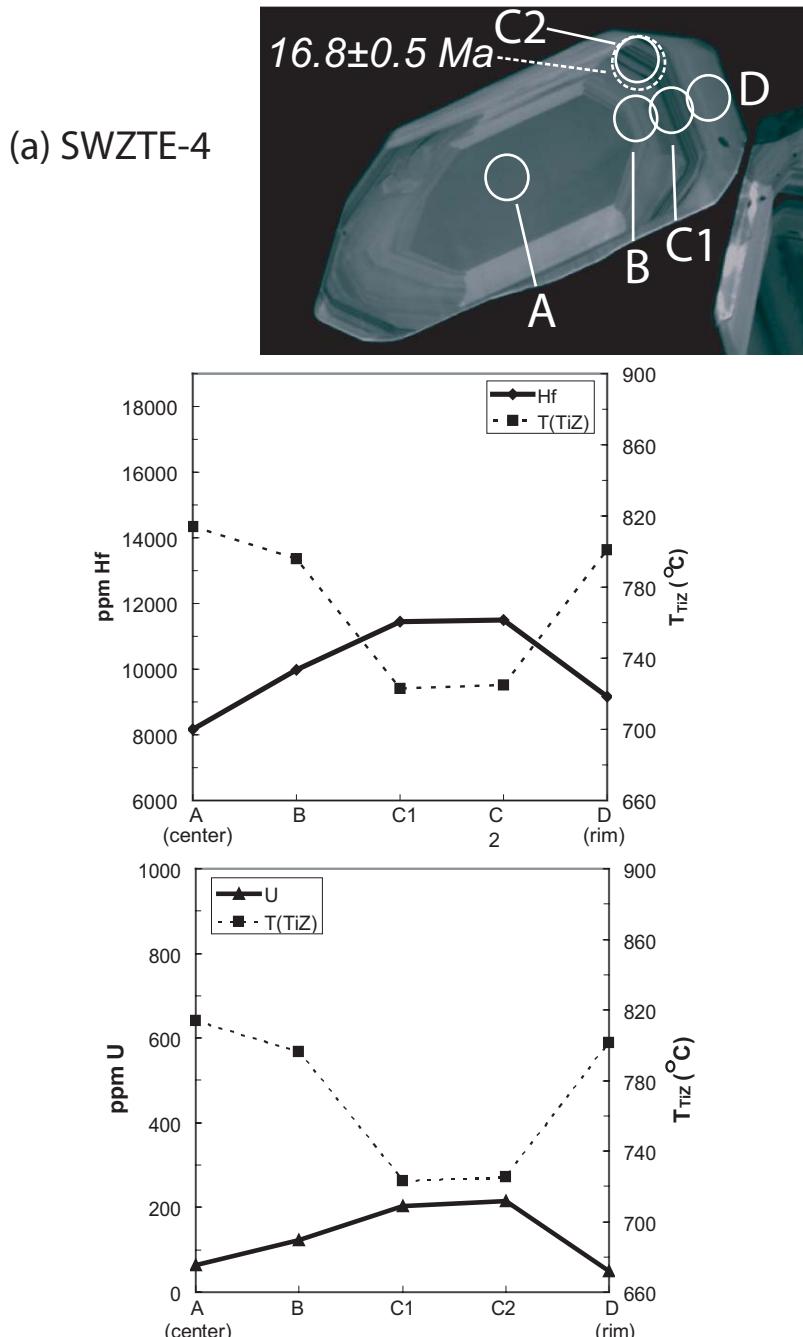


Figure 11a: CL image of zoned zircon SWZTE-4 from the Spirit Mountain batholith showing locations of SHRIMP-RG trace element analyses (solid circles) and U-Pb analyses (dashed circles). Graphs represent Hf and T(TiZ) for each spot and U and T(TiZ) for each spot. Note the correlation between Hf and U and the inverse relationship between Hf/U and temperature. Graphs represent spot analyses, and lines between spots represent trends determined by spots, not true profiles across the grain. Note zone identified by points C1 and C2 that has high Hf and low T relative to surrounding zones, indicating a fractionation event. The rim suggests recharge or reheating.

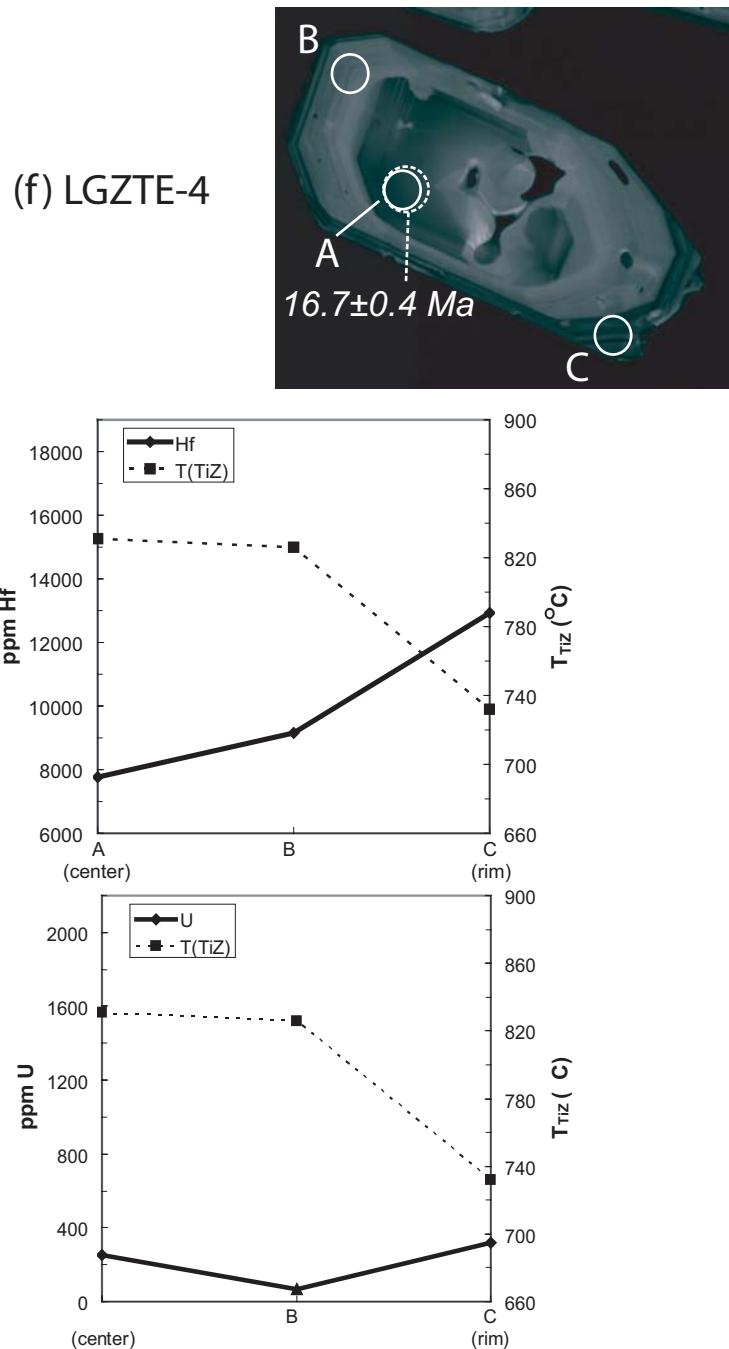


Figure 11f: CL image of zoned zircon LGZTE-4 from the Spirit Mountain batholith showing locations of SHRIMP-RG trace element analyses (solid circles) and U-Pb analyses (dashed circles). Graphs represent Hf and T_{TiZ} for each spot and U and T_{TiZ} for each spot. Note the correlation between Hf and U and the inverse relationship between Hf/U and temperature. Graphs represent spot analyses, and lines between spots represent trends determined by spots, not true profiles across the grain. Grain has antecrustic, unfractionated core, but continuous fractionation from the center to the rim, and reaches relatively low temperature and high Hf.

grains (LGZTE-3 and LGZTE-4) have cores with unusually high Ti and low Hf. Most grains in LGZ have a very dark, fairly thick rim, that is absent in images of grains from SWZ. Where analyzed, this rim has extremely high Hf and U and very low T_{TiZ} , and may represent an important final episode in the zircon growth.

Plots of T_{TiZ} against both Hf and U for all zircon analyses from SWZ and LGZ (Figure 10a and b) demonstrate the positive correlations among Hf, U, and Th, and the negative correlation of these elemental concentrations with T_{TiZ} . Uranium rises slowly as T_{TiZ} drops until T_{TiZ} falls to approximately 700°C, then it increases sharply. Hafnium shows a similar but much less extreme inflection at ~700°C.

Zircons from four other samples from the SMB were analyzed for Hf, Th and U (but not Ti) during U-Pb analysis. SML49Z (16.1 ± 0.2 Ma) and SML54Z (16.8 ± 0.2 Ma) are, like SWZ and LGZ, from the main Spirit Mountain granite unit (respectively, a leucogranite similar to LGZ and a granite from just beneath the leucogranite zone, interpreted as formed in part by cumulate processes); SML59Z (17.4 ± 0.2 Ma) is from the older roof unit; and MPL53Z (15.9 ± 0.2 Ma) is Mirage granite (Walker et al., in press). The four samples from the Spirit Mountain granite (SML49Z, SML54Z, LGZ, SWZ) cluster within very well-defined trends in plots of Hf, Th, and U against one another (Figure 11d, f). Zircons from the two samples from other units (SML59z and MPL53z) are broadly similar but have generally higher U with low Hf and extremely higher Th with low U than the Spirit Mountain granite samples.

CHAPTER VI

DISCUSSION

Implications of Leucogranite Petrology and Zircon Zonation for Melt Fractionation and Crystal-melt Redistribution in Spirit Mountain Batholith

The leucogranites that form the roof zone of Spirit Mountain batholith are the plutonic equivalent of a high-silica rhyolite (cf. Bachmann and Bergantz 2004). Field relations and age data suggest that they amassed over much of the lifetime of the batholith, as various pulses of magma were injected, differentiated, and the buoyant, fractionated melt migrated upward, leaving cumulate granitoids behind. The sharp drop in leucogranite Zr/Hf ratios at approximately 76 wt% SiO₂ supports this interpretation, indicating that they evolved through appreciable fractional crystallization and segregation from a crystal assemblage rich in zircon.

While the whole-rock geochemistry of the Spirit Mountain batholith, notably Zr/Hf as well as compatible dispersed elements such as Sr, Ba, and middle REE, indicates that extensive fractionation occurred, the zircons reveal details of a more complex history. Generally, zircons from the cumulate sample, SWZ, record significantly higher T_{TiZ} and Zr/Hf and lower Hf, U, and Th concentrations than the fractionated sample, LGZ, as would be expected for a cumulate relative to its fractionated and segregated melt. Fluctuating zonation and reverse zoning, however, reveal a much more complex history than a simple cumulate-melt relation. Fairly common increases in T_{TiZ} toward the exterior of crystals documents reheating, probably a consequence of

recharging, and imply resorption of zircon. These increases in T_{TiZ} are invariably accompanied by decreases in Hf, U, and Th, indicating entrainment of the zircon in less fractionated melt. Zircons from both SWZ and LGZ record multiple examples of such events, as well as periods of monotonic cooling and fractionation. Grains from SWZ, in particular, record multiple reheating or recharge events throughout their history.

Most zones in most grains in leucogranite LGZ are rich in Hf, U, and Th, indicating that they grew largely or entirely from a fractionated, low Zr/Hf melt. The relatively unfractionated and high T_{TiZ} cores of some grains probably represent initial growth in unfractionated, hot, high Zr/Hf melt prior to a fractionation event, with subsequent entrainment within the segregating melt during fractionation. Only the outer portions of these zircons represent growth in the local, post-fractionation melt. These antecrustic cores lead to zircons from LGZ recording a wider range of T_{TiZ} and Hf and U concentrations than those of SWZ and to considerable overlap in compositions (Figure 10).

As T_{TiZ} approaches 700°C, the rate of increase in concentrations of U and Th with decreasing T rises dramatically. This is also evident in plots of U (or Th) vs. Hf, which show a strong inflection at this T_{TiZ} . This may be a consequence of increased rate of crystallization for a given decrease in T as the system approaches eutectic-like conditions (U and Th are dispersed elements, whereas Hf is an essential structural constituent in zircon, perhaps explaining the difference in behavior as the solidus is approached). Alternatively, the partition coefficients for U and Th may change as T drops, water content increases (and reaches saturation), and melt structure changes, or unidentified kinetic effect effects may lead to extreme local build-up of U and incorporation into

CHAPTER VII

CONCLUSIONS

Data from numerous studies of moderate to high-SiO₂ volcanic and plutonic suites, including Spirit Mountain batholith, demonstrate the distinctiveness of low Zr/Hf as a fingerprint of extreme fractional crystallization and effective melt segregation. Specifically, this fingerprint demonstrates efficient segregation of zircon, which in turn implies removal of the accompanying crystal assemblage (further supported by other geochemical characteristics). It follows that the geochemical similarities between plutonic aplites and leucogranites and high-silica rhyolites denote similar origins, representing the intrusive and extrusive manifestations of the same magmatic processes. Furthermore, granitic batholiths may represent in large part the cumulate mushes from the extraction of these highly evolved magmas (cf. Bachmann and Bergantz, 2004). As suggested by the fluctuations in zonation in zircons from the Spirit Mountain batholith, the assembly of these magmatic systems may be protracted, with repeated fractionation and reheating (through recharge) events, in order to accumulate large volumes of high-silica magma.

Zoning in zircons from the SMB, especially in Hf and Ti but also in U, Th, and other elements, not only confirms complex histories as suggested above, it also uniquely permits quantitative assessment of the timing and rates of thermal and compositional evolution. Zonation in many minerals has been cited previously as evidence for complex histories (fractionation and recharge, reheating, mixing), and zircon has been used to

record multi-stage magmatic histories (e.g., Davidson and Tepley, 1997; Wallace and Bergantz, 2002; Vazquez and Reid, 2002; Cooper and Reid 2003; Miller et al., 2004; Vazquez and Reid, 2004). The advent of the Ti-in-zircon thermometer (Watson and Harrison, 2005) and the simplicity of using Hf content to track fractionation, however, promise a refined, common, and quantifiable record of such histories. Zircons from the granitic Adui batholith in the Ural Mountains, Russia, show inverse correlations between Hf and Ti similar to those in the SMB, along with systematic zonation from core (Zr/Hf average ~50) to rim (avg ~30, as low as 22)(Bea, unpub. data). We suggest that such patterns are likely to be typical in zircons from felsic systems. Dating zones in plutonic zircons can yield very useful constraints on the rates of the processes recorded in the zoning, though currently attainable precision (on the order of a few hundred thousand years) of in-situ U-Pb analysis of zircons that are millions of years old places some limitations on the sensitivity of the plutonic record. A combination of U-series dating with Hf and Ti analysis of zones in zircons from very young volcanic rocks may provide an unprecedented high-resolution record of the complex pre-eruptive processes that occur in subjacent magma chambers.

APPENDIX A:
Petrography of the
Spirit Mountain Batholith Leucogranites

Table A1: Petrography of the Spirit Mountain Batholith

sample	date collected	latitude (35°N)	longitude (114°W)	field location	handsample description	unit	other analyses
SML3	5/05	15.363	43.801	top of Grapevine Canyon (GVC)	med - crs gr; rounded qtz phenos, <1% biotite, weak fabric, rapikivi	LG	-----
SML4	5/05	15.363	43.801	top of GVC	same as SML3, but st. finer grained	LG	-----
SML5	5/05	15.218	43.578	top of GVC - aplite dike (N80E, 63°S)	very lg, <1% biotite, see some qtz phenos	LG (aplite?)	-----
SML13	5/05	15.715	46.677	W of pluton- above main roof	very pink granite, fspars and qtz phenos	Dylan Granite	-----
SML17	5/05	-----	-----	W of pluton in "granite host"	very pink granite, mostly kspars w/ a few qtz phenos	Dylan Granite	-----
SML47	5/05	7.917	47.551	root zone - s. of hwy	porphyry w/ qtz, bio, fspars	LG	GC
SML49Z	5/05	8.181	47.214	root zone - s. of hwy	mgdg - 30% qtz, ~1% bio,	LG	GC, Z
SML50	5/05	8.043	47.073	root zone - s. of hwy	aplite porphyry - qtz and kspars phenos, <1% bio, plagioclase rim on kspars, plagioclase encl bio	LG	-----
SML51	5/05	8.099	46.949	root zone - s. of hwy	aplite w/ a few qtz and bio phenos	-----	-----

Table A1: Petrography of the Spirit Mountain Batholith

sample	date collected	latitude (35°N)	longitude (114°W)	field location	handsample description	unit	other analyses
SML52	5/05	8.077	46.995	lower in roof zone - s. of hwy	crunchy LG - med to crse gr, 2-3% bio	LG	GC
SML54z	5/05	10.902	44.568	s. powerline rd - driving transect - uppermost crunchy granite	25% qtz, very pink kspars, ~5% bio	uppermost CG	GC, Z
SML57	5/05	15.27	46.392	on Radio Tower Road	very fg granite porphyry w/ sub-rounded qtz phenos	LG	-----
SML59z	5/05	15.355	46.612	W side of pluton, N of RT Road	M/G/porphyry, pink granite, 3% mafic, 60% kspars, 30% plagi, 7% qtz,	BD granite	GC, Z
SML61	5/05	15.764	46.558	porphyry LG E/W dike cutting Dylan	aplite porphyry	LG dike	-----
SML62a	5/05	15.775	46.921	furthest high point W of roof - porphyry cutting FC	porphyry - aplite groundmass w/ phenos of 1% bio, 5% fspars, 5% qtz	-----	-----
SML62b	5/05	15.775	46.921	furthest high point W of roof - porphyry cutting FC	porphyry - aplite groundmass w/ phenos of 1% bio, 5% fspars, 5% qtz	-----	-----
SML63a	5/05	15.538	44.798	above Christmas Tree Pass - aplite pod (S80E, 80°N, 100m thick)	-----	LG	-----
SML63b	5/05	15.538	44.798	above Christmas Tree Pass - aplite pod (S80E, 80°N, 100m thick)	gradation between aplite and CLG	LG	-----

Table A1: Petrography of the Spirit Mountain Batholith

sample	date collected	latitude (35°N)	longitude (114°W)	field location	handsample description	unit	other analyses
SML63c	5/05	15.538	44.798	above Christmas Tree Pass - aplite pod (S80E, 80°N, 100m thick)	CLG	LG	GC
SML66	5/05	15.492	44.765	above Christmas Tree Pass - aplite porphyry mass in middle of aplite pod	aplite porphyry	LG	-----
SML67	5/05	15.498	44.773	above Christmas Tree Pass - aplite pod (S80E, 80°N, 100m thick)	aplite	LG	GC
SML68	5/05	10.848	45.034	s. powerline rd - driving transect - east side of LG cap (just above 54Z) - tops ridge	very fine grained granite porphyry (not apl) - qtz phenos, <1% bio, <3% tspar phenos	LG	-----
SML69	5/05	10.775	45.134	s. powerline rd - driving transect - stratigraphically lowest unit along this transect	CLG/CG - ~20% qtz, kspars slightly pink, ~3% bio	LG/CG	GC
SML70	5/05	10.795	45.292	s. powerline rd - driving transect - moving W	MGLG - 20-25% qtz kspars barely pink, 2-3% bio	LG	-----
SML71	5/05	10.912	45.474	s. powerline rd - driving transect - moving W	MGLG - silt finer grained than SML70, 25-30% qtz, no pink, 2-3% bio	LG	GC
SML73	5/05	10.838	45.623	s. powerline rd - driving transect - moving W	MGLG - finer grained than SML71, 25% qtz, 2% bio, barely pink kspars	LG	GC
SML74	5/05	10.838	45.769	s. powerline rd - driving transect - moving W	MGLG - finer grained than SML71, 25% qtz, 2% bio, barely pink kspars	LG	GC

Table A1: Petrography of the Spirit Mountain Batholith

sample	date collected	latitude (35°N)	longitude (114°W)	field location	handsample description	unit	other analyses
SML75	5/05	10.905	45.883	s. powerline rd - driving transect - moving W	MGLG - finer grained than SML71, 25% qtz, 1-2% bio, barely pink kspars	LG	-----
SML76	5/05	10.954	46.027	s. powerline rd - driving transect - moving W	MGLG - no pink, some large qtz, 25% qtz, 1-2% bio	LG	GC
SML77	5/05	10.801	46.099	s. powerline rd - driving transect - moving W	MGLG	LG	-----
SML78	5/05	10.886	46.191	s. powerline rd - driving transect - moving W	MGLG - 30% qtz, 1% bio	LG	GC
SML80a	5/05	15.698	44.971	ridge west of Christmas tree pass - looks same as aplite above CTP	med to fine gr. qtz from GM size to euhedral 0.5cm phenos, pockets appear pegmatic throughout, 2-3% bio in pegs, some graphic texture	LG	-----
SML80b	5/05	15.698	44.971	ridge west of Christmas tree pass - looks same as aplite above CTP	-----	LG	-----
SML81	5/05	15.659	45.007	ridge west of Christmas tree pass - looks same as aplite above CTP	aplite porphyry - qtz and fspars, <1% bio	LG	-----
SML91	1/06	13.083	45.379	Juniper Mine	aplite/mglg contact gradational over ~1cm, graphic texture at contact?	LG - aplite/mglg contact	-----

Table A1: Petrography of the Spirit Mountain Batholith

sample	date collected	latitude (35°N)	longitude (114°W)	field location	handsample description	unit	other analyses
SML1202	1/06	11.643	42.549	inside big white mass	MG-FGIG - qtz phenos, ~2% bio,	LG	GC, Z
SML129Z	1/06	12.553	44.63	lowermost LG JM transect w/Calvin)	very white MGLG, 30% qtz, 1-2% bio, euh fspars	LG	GC, Z
SML130	1/06	-----	-----	JM transect w/Calvin - just above SML129Z	MGLG - no euh fspars, silt finer grained than 129Z, 1% bio	LG	GC
SML132	1/06	12.809	45.431	JM transect w/Calvin	MGLG finer grained, not quite porphyritic, but qtz larger than fspars	fg/porphy LG	GC
SML133	1/06	12.747	45.813	JM transect w/Calvin	coarser granite, silt more mafic, euhedral fspars, pinkish color	Dylan?	GC
SML151	1/06	10.775	45.134	driving transect - aplite sheet trends N/S dips moderately west	aplite porphyry w/Qtz phenos and <1% bio	pod/sheet of fgig	-----
SML152	1/06	-----	-----	driving transect - next hill over - aplite sheet trends N/S dips moderately west	aplite porphyry w/Qtz phenos and <1% bio	aplite	-----
SML171	1/06	15.034	46.158	W. Margin	med to fine gr porphyry w/ Qtz and fspars phenos	Dylan?	-----
SML179	1/06	7.981	44.734	s. transect II	-----	dylan?	-----

Table A1: Petrography of the Spirit Mountain Batholith

sample	date collected	latitude (35°N)	longitude (114°W)	field location	handsample description	unit	other analyses
SML196	1/06	9.162	45.371	s. transect II - crossed from MGLG into CG/TLG into this	2-3% bio, pinkish	lowest LG?? BDG??	-----
SML207	1/06	8.175	47.254	rof zone - s. of hwy	crunchy granitel	cg - faulted?	-----
SML211	1/06	8.126	48.106	roof zone, s. of hwy - southwesternmost hill - past where we though batholith margin was	MGLG	outermost LG	-----
SML213	1/06	10.132	40.931	Haiko Springs	quartz monzonite	qtz monzonite	GC
MPL53z	38842	7.349	41.554	mirage granite	biotite granite	Mirage	GC, Z

Table A1: Petrography of the Spirit Mountain Batholith

sample	modal abundances (%)				accessory minerals		alteration minerals		groundmass				phenocrysts			
	kspar	quartz	plag	bio			%	minerals	size (mm)	shape	%	minerals	size (mm)	shape		
SML3	40	35	23	1	1% opaques, zircon, muscovite, apatite, epidote	sericite	95	qtz kspar plag biotite	0.125 to 0.25	anhedral	5	mostly kspar qz	<1.25	an-subhedral		
SML4	30	35	34	1	muscovite, chlorite, sericite	80	qz kspar plag biotite	0.125 to 0.5	anhedral	20	kspar plag qz	<3.5	subhedral			
SML5	35	35	30	<1	opaque (euhedral), sphene, zircon	-----	100	plag kspar qz	0.125 to 1.25	anhedral	-----	-----	-----	-----		
SML13	65	35	0	<1	apatite, zircon, sphene, opaques	-----	-----	-----	-----	100	kspar biotite	1.25 - 3.25 <.625	anhedral anhedral			
SML17	65	30	0	<1	sphene, zircon, opaque, apatite	-----	60	qz kspar plag	0.025 to 0.5	anhedral	40	qz kspar biotite	<2.5 <3.75	anhedral anhedral		
SML47	60	35	5	<1	sphene, zircon, opaque, apatite, chevall, muscovite	sericite	30	qz plag biotite	0.125 to 0.75	anhedral	70	qz plag	0.5 - 1.25 <5 <2.5	anhedral anhedral sub-euh. lahts		
SML492	40	35	25	<1	sphene, zircon, opaque, apatite, muscovite, epidote	sericite	-----	-----	-----	100	kspar qz biotite	<6.25 <3.75 0.5 - 2.5	anhedral anhedral subhedral			
SML50	35	35	30	<1	sphene, euhedral opaques, apatite, zircon	sericite	60	qz plag biotite	<0.5	anhedral	40	qz plag	<2.5 <6.0	anhedral		
SML51	35	35	30	<1	sphene, epidote, apatite	sericite	95	qz plag biotite	<0.375	anhedral	5	biotite kspar	1 - 1.75 <1	subhedral anhedral		

Table A1: Petrography of the Spirit Mountain Batholith

sample	modal abundances (%)				accessory minerals	alteration minerals	groundmass				phenocrysts				
	kspar	quartz	plag	bio			minerals	%	minerals	size (mm)	shape	%	minerals	size (mm)	shape
SML52	40	35	25	<1	epidote, opacites, sphene, chev/all, large apatite	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	100	kspar quartz plagioclase biotite	<6.25 0.75 - 3.25 1.25 - 2 0.5 - 2.5	anhedral anhedral sub-euhedral sub-euhedral
SML54z	40	30	30	3	lots of euh sphene, opaque, apatite, zircon	sericite	-----	-----	-----	-----	100	qtz kspar plag	0.5 - 3.75 0.75 - 4.25 0.75 - 1.25	anhedral anhedral subhedral	
SML57	35	35	30	<1	muscovite, isotopic (gar?), bio, opaque	-----	70	qtz	0.025 - 0.075	anhedral	30	qtz kspar plag	0.75 - 2.5 ~2.5 0.25 - 1.25	subhedral subhedral euh-subhedral	
SML59z	60	30	10	<1	sphene, biotite, opaque, apatite, chev/all	sericite, chlorite	40	qtz	0.125 to 0.75	anhedral	60	kspar plag	<1.25 1.25 - 2.5 1.25	subhedral sub-anhedral sub-anhedral	
SML61	70	25	5	<1	bio, sphene, opacites	sericite, chlorite	70	qtz	0.125 to 0.25	anhedral	30	kspar qtz	1.25 - 3.75 1.25 - 2.5	anhedral rounded	
SML62a	65	35	0	0	opacites, sphene, apatite	sericite	95	qtz	<1.25	anhedral	5	kspar qtz	2 1.75	euhedral euh or rounded	
SML62b	65	35	0	0	opacites, sphene, apatite	sericite	100	qtz	0.025 - 0.75	subhedral					
SML63a	45	35	20	<1	opacites, apt, zirc, sphene, euhedral all/chev	chlorite	100	qtz	0.025 - 1.75	anhedral					
SML63b	45	35	20	<1	opaque, sphene, apt, zircon	chlorite	100	qtz	0.25 - 1.75	anhedral					
								plag	0.125 - 0.25	subhedral					
								plag	0.25 - 2.5	anhedral					
								biotite	<1.25	subhedral					

Table A1: Petrography of the Spirit Mountain Batholith

sample	modal abundances (%)				accessory minerals		alteration minerals		groundmass				phenocrysts			
	kspat	quartz	pflag	bio			%	minerals	size (mm)	shape	%	minerals	size (mm)	shape		
SML63c	60	35	5	1	sphene, opaques, apt, zirc, monazite?	-----	100	verm. Qtz	1 - 3.75	anhedral	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
SML66	45	35	20	<1	opaque, apt, epidote, sphene	sericite	70	Qtz	2.5 - 3.75	graph, subhdral	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
SML67	65	35	0	<1	opaque (mass and needles), bio, sphene, apt	-----	90	Qtz	0.25 - 0.75	anhedral	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
SML68	39	25	35	1	opaque, sphene, apt	-----	biotite	<0.5	graph	1.25 - 5	sub-euhedral	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
SML69	34	30	35	1	opaque, musc, zircon	chlorite, sericite	-----	Qtz	<0.5	graph & anhd	30	Qtz	1.25 - 6.25	sub-euhedral	-----	-----
SML70	35	30	35	0	muscovite, opaques, zirc, all/chev	chlorite, veins	-----	biotite	<125	subhdral	-----	plag	1.25 - 5	sub-euhedral	-----	-----
SML71	34	30	35	1	sphene, opaque, musc, zircon, all/chev	chlorite, sericite	-----	Qtz	0.25 - 1.25	anhdral	-----	100	Qtz	0.5 - 1.25	sub-euhedral	-----
SML73	34	30	35	1	opaque, sphene, muscovite, garnet, zircon	chlorite, sericite	10	Qtz	0.25 - 1.25	subhdral	90	Qtz	<3.75	an-subhdral	-----	-----
SML74	39	30	30	1	sphene, muscovite, opaques, zircon, epidote	sericite	20	Qtz	0.25 to 0.75	subhdral	80	plag	-2.5	an-subhdral	-----	-----

Table A1: Petrography of the Spirit Mountain Batholith

sample	modal abundances (%)				accessory minerals		alteration minerals		groundmass				phenocrysts			
	kspar	quartz	plag	bio					minerals	%	minerals	size (mm)	shape	%	minerals	size (mm)
SML75	39	30	30	1	epidote, opaque, muscovite, zircon, fluorite	sericite, chlorite	30	qtz biotite	plag	-0.75	sub-euhedral	70	kspar qtz plag	2.5 - 5	subhedral	
SML76	40	35	25	<1	opacites, muscovite, fluorite, chevallier	sericite	30	qtz kspar biotite	plag	0.25 - 1.25	subhedral anhedral subhedral	70	kspar qtz	2.5 - 5 -2.5	an-subhedral subhedral	
SML77	40	35	25	<1	opacites, muscovite, fluorite, ept, biotite	sericite, chlorite	50	qtz kspar biotite	plag	0.25 - 1.25	subhedral	50	kspar qtz	2.5 - 6.25 2.5 - 5	an-subhedral subhedral	
SML78	40	35	25	<1	opacites, muscovite, fluorite, ept, biotite	sericite, chlorite	50	qtz kspar biotite	plag	0.25 - 1.25	subhedral	50	kspar qtz	2.5 - 6.25 2.5 - 5	an-subhedral subhedral	
SML80a	55	35	10	<1	sphene, biotite, opacites, biotite	sericite	80	qtz kspar plag	0.125 - 0.5	subhedral	20	kspar qtz	2.5 - 5 1.25 - 3.75	an-subhedral subhedral		
SML80b	40	30	25	<1	opacites, apatite, [small, low BR, hi relief euh greenish-amphibole??]	-----	-----	-----	-----	anhedral	100	kspar plag qtz	<2.5 <1.25 <1.25	anhedral anhedral graphic (mostly)		
SML81	45	35	20	<1	opacites, fluorite, biotite, zircon	sericite	80	qtz kspar plag biotite	<1.25	anhedral	20	kspar plag biotite	0.5 & 3.25 0.5 - 1 0.5 - 1	an & euhedral subhedral subhedral		
SML91	40	30	30	<1	opacites, sphene, zircon, muscovite	-----	80	qtz kspar plag	0.125 - 0.5	anhedral	20	kspar qtz plag	<5 ~1.25 ~1.25	euhedral euhedral euhedral		

Table A1: Petrography of the Spirit Mountain Batholith

sample	modal abundances (%)				accessory minerals			alteration minerals		groundmass				phenocrysts		
	kspar	quartz	plag	bio				%	minerals	size (mm)	shape	%	minerals	size (mm)	shape	
SML120Z	47	30	20	3	sphene, musc, chevkinite, opacites	sericite	60	qtz plag kspar	0.5 - 1.25	anhdedral subhedral anhedral	40	qtz kspar plag	1.25 - 2.5	euhedral subhedral subhedral		
SML129Z	39	30	30	1	opaque, fluorite, epidote, zircon	sericite	---	---	---	---	100	kspar	0.5 - 3.75	subhedral		
SML130	50	30	20	<1	fluorite, muscovite, biotite, opaque, zircon, apt	chlorite, sericite	---	---	---	---	100	plag	0.5 - 1.25	sub-euhedral		
SML132	50	30	20	<1	sphene, muscovite, [fibrous, brownish, hi Br, hi R mineral?]	sericite	---	---	---	---	100	kspar	0.75 - 5	subhedral		
SML133	50	28	20	2	sphene, opacites, musc, apt, epidote, fluorite	sericite	---	---	---	---	100	qtz plag	.125 - 3 0.5 - 2.25	anhedral anhedral		
SML151	49	35	15	1	sphene, musc, opacites, fluorite, apt, epidote	sericite	60	qtz plag	-0.5	anhdedral subhedral	40	qtz plag	0.25 - 3.75 0.25 - 2	anhedral subhedral		
SML152	50	35	15	<1	biotite, opacites, muscovite	sericite	100	qtz plag	0.125 - 1.25 0.125 - 1.25	anhedral anhedral	---	biotite	1	subhedral		
SML171	50	35	15	<1	biotite, opaque, sphene, epidote	sericite	80	qtz plag kspar	0.5 - 1	anhdedral	20	qtz plag	1.25 - 2.5 <1.25	euhedral euhedral		
SML179	45	30	25	<1	biotite, sphene, opaque, fluorite	chlorite, sericite	70	ktsp plag	0.25 - 1.25 0.125 - 3.75	anhdedral subhedral	30	qtz plag	1.25 - 7 1.25 - 3.75	euhedral		

Table A1: Petrography of the Spirit Mountain Batholith

sample	modal abundances (%)				accessory minerals				alteration minerals				groundmass				phenocrysts			
	kspar	quartz	plag	bio																
SML196	40	30	30	<1	biotite, sphene, opaque, fluorite	chlorite, aseromite	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	kspar	0.75 - 7.5	subhedral	
SML207	42	20	35	3	muscovite, opaque, sphene, apatite	sericite	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	plag	0.75 - 5	subhedral	
SML211	30	35	35	<1	nusc, bio, opaque	sericite	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	qz	1.25 - 5	sub-euhedral	
SML213	38	10	40	7	HBL - 5%	sericite	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	plag	1.25 - 3.75	anhedral	
MPL53z	30	25	40	5	sphene, opaques, zircon, chev/all	chlorite	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	biotite	0.75 - 2..5	euhedral	
																	kspar	0.5 - 5	subhedral	
																	plag	0.5 - 3.75	subhedral	
																	biotite	0.5 - 2.5	sub-euhedral	
																	kspar	0.75 - 7.5	subhedral	
																	plag	1.25 - 5	subhedral	
																	biotite	0.75 - 2..5	euhedral	
																	kspar	0.25 - 2.5	anhedral	
																	plag	0.25 - 2.0	sub-euhedral	
																	qz	0.25 - 2.5	anhedral	
																	biotite	0.25 - 1	subhedral	

Table A1: Petrography of the Spirit Mountain Batholith

sample	texture	rims	zoning	alteration	description/ notes
SML3	anhedral granular porphyry w/ med-gr groundmass, myrmekite	-----	-----	sericite of plag and kspar	bio often w/ opaques, plagiophenос smaller than others, epidote w/ opaques
SML4	anhedral granular porphyry with myrmekite	-----	-----	chlorite of biotite, sericite of kspar and plagioclase	kspar polik. Encloses plagioclase, quartz has NO inclusions, vermicular quartz in kspar
SML5	anhedral granular	-----	-----	-----	quartz clean, kspar w/ quartz incl., plagioclase more subhedral than others... VERY felsic
SML13	myrmekite porphyry with quartz and kspar phenos	-----	-----	sericite of kspar	TONS of graphic quartz in kspars. Sphene+opaque+bio+zircon often together, mostly large kspar phenos w/ some quartz
SML17	anhedral granular porphyry	-----	-----	sericite of kspar	kspar phenos polik. Enclosed, quartz+opaque+sphene, myrmekite some vermicular kspar in quartz
SML47	anhedral granular porphyry w/ myrmekite	sphene on opaques	-----	sericite of kspar and plagioclase	graphic kspar in quartz, graphitic quartz in kspars, kspar polik. Enclosed, plagioclase-quartz - perthites turn into plagioclase
SML49Z	medium grained anhedral granular	sphene on opaques	-----	sericite of kspar and plagioclase	quartz polik. Enclosed, muscovite, kspar polik. Enclosed. Plagioclase-quartz + biotite, epidote w/ opaques
SML50	anhedral granular porphyry w/ myrmekite	myrmekite on plagioclase and on kspars	euhedral zone of graphic quartz in kspars	sericite of kspar and plagioclase	kspar polik. Enclosed, plagioclase, TONS of myrmekite
SML51	anhedral granular aplite with myrmekite	-----	-----	-----	VERY fine grained w/ few phenos, more opaques than bio, epidote w/ opaques

Table A1: Petrography of the Spirit Mountain Batholith

sample	texture	rims	zoning	alteration	description/ notes
SML52	anhedral granular	-----	-----	sericitic of plag, opaque repl. Sphene	veins filled w/ qtz and musc at edges, spherulitic biotite, opaque mass poik encl. epidote, bio, sphene and chev/all
SML54z	medium grained anhedral granular	-----	-----	sericitic of plag	kspar poik encl qtz and plag, sphene, opaque and bio together, kspar w/patches of plaq
SML57	very fg porphyry	qtz mantle on muscovite	spongy cellular qtz in kspars	-----	all phenos being 'intruded' by groundmass, phenos large and some phenos aggregates of med gr qtz, kspars enclosing plaq
SML59z	porphyry w/ med-gr groundmass and some myrmekite	myrmekite rims on kspars	myrmekite rims on kspars	sericitic of plag, chlor of bio, kspars highly alt.	plag patches in kspars, more opaques than bio, mafics together, almost all phenos kspars
SML61	porphyry w/ very fine grained gm	-----	-----	sericitic	biotite is sheared and often w/ mafics, spongy cellular kspars w/qtz, kspars encl in qtz, kspars twinned
SML62a	medium to fine grained myrmekite porphyry	-----	-----	kspar highly altered	gm is mostly med-gr crystals of myrmekite with a few pockets of fine grained qtz/kspars
SML62b	fine to medium grained anhedral granular	-----	-----	kspar highly altered	larger grained than 62a (including myrmekite), 2 grain sizes but not a groundmass and phenos
SML63a	very fine grained (aplite)	-----	-----	chlorite of biotite	large qtz in optical cont totally enclosing/introduced by kspars and plages (graphic?), some very qtz
SML63b	medium grained anhedral granular	-----	-----	chlorite of biotite	much coarser than 63a, lots of plaq altering to kspars (patchy), some graphic qtz

Table A1: Petrography of the Spirit Mountain Batholith

sample	texture	rims	zoning	alteration	description/ notes
SML63c	med to coarse grained anhedral granular	-----	-----	-----	coarser than 63b w/ lots of graphic qtz and more biotite
SML66	myrmekite porphyry	-----	spongy cellular in kspat	sericite of plag	plag intruded by kspat, about 1/2 of gm is myrmekite (TONS of graphic qtz)
SML67	myrmekite porphyry	-----	-----	-----	bio in TINY shards, most of gm altered by graphic qtz, phenos are only aggregates of anhedral qtz
SML68	medium grained anhedral granular	-----	-----	-----	veins of very FG throughout (<0.125), qtz enclosing plag and kspat
SML69	coarse-grained subhedral granular	-----	-----	sericite of plag	a few pockets of fine-grained anhedral granular kspat filling interstitial spaces
SML70	coarse-grained subhedral granular	-----	-----	chlorite totally replaced biotite, veins filling late	lots of tiny veins thru everything filled w/isotropic and bright, patches of very fine grained anhedral granular qtz, most of kspat very large, most of plag medium grained
SML71	coarse-grained subhedral granular	-----	-----	sericite of plag, chlorite of biotite	some plag/kspat intergrowth, kspat enclosing plag laths, graphic qtz in kspat
SML73	medium grained subhedral granular	biotite rimmed by muscovite	-----	-----	lots of muscovite, garnet encl. musc. more fg pieces than previous, kspat w/plag patches, almost a porphyry with the two sizes, but not exactly a groundmass
SML74	medium grained subhedral granular	biotite rimmed by muscovite, plag mantling kspat	-----	-----	most of the finer grained material is plag and qtz, plag filling interstitial spaces and as patches in kspat

Table A1: Petrography of the Spirit Mountain Batholith

sample	texture	rims	zoning	alteration	description/ notes
SML75	medium grained subhedral granular	-----	-----	-----	kspars cut some euhedral medium grained plages, larger also more euhedral, finer grained began xilization with plagioclase
SML76	medium grained subhedral granular porphyry	qtz rim on patchy (w/plag) kspars	-----	-----	large qtz phenos w/med-large kspars phenos and a medium grained groundmass, lots of kspars patchy with plagioclase, opaques+fluorite+muscovite together
SML77	medium grained subhedral granular porphyry	-----	-----	-----	large qtz phenos w/med-large kspars phenos and a medium grained groundmass, lots of kspars patchy with plagioclase, opaques+fluorite+muscovite together
SML78	medium grained subhedral granular porphyry	plag rimmed by kspars	-----	-----	large qtz phenos w/med-large kspars phenos and a medium grained groundmass, lots of kspars patchy with plagioclase, opaques+fluorite+muscovite together
SML80a	porphyry with graphic groundmass	plag on kspars	-----	sericite	plagioclase all in groundmass or patches in or enclosed by kspars, lots of graphic qtz in kspars, large kspars twinned
SML80b	graphic	-----	spongy cellular kspars	feldspars highly altered	tons of large graphic qtz (5mm in optical continuity), hard to tell kspars from plagioclase due to alteration, so % are very rough estimates
SML81	aplite porphyry	-----	-----	-----	phenos are LARGE EUHEDRICAL QTZ and aggregates of kspars, some graphic qtz in groundmass
SML91	medium grained porphyry with graphic groundmass	-----	some visible zoning in plagioclase	-----	phenos are aggregates of very large grains, kspars enclosing euhedral plagioclase laths

Table A1: Petrography of the Spirit Mountain Batholith

sample	texture	rims	zoning	alteration	description/ notes
SML1202	subhedral granular porphyry	-----	-----	sericitic highly altered plаг	phenos in aggregates, qtz encl all else, few plаг phenos (mostly qtz)
SML1292	med-coarse grained subhedral granular	-----	-----	sericitic of plаг	kspar has loads of plаг patches and stringers, sort of two size populations, but not exactly a 'groundmass'
SML130	med-grained anhedral granular	biotite on opaque	-----	biotite replaced by chlorite, sericitization of plаг	qtz is clean but appears pitted, wide range of sizes...
SML132	med-grained anhedral granular	plаг on kspar	-----	ser. Of plаг	more finer grained xls than sml130, ~70% fine grained and 30% larger
SML133	coarse-grained anhedral granular	-----	spongy cellular kspar	lots of sericitization of plаг	much coarser grained than previous samples, although has some FG too, mafics together, kspars are very patchy with plаг
SML151	porphyry (w/ some graphic texture)	-----	-----	ser. Of plаг	some graphic texture in phenos, although mostly in groundmass, kspar poikl plаг and is highly patchy with plаг
SML152	fine-grained anhedral granular	plаг on kspar	-----	high sericitization of plаг	much coarser grained than previous although has some fine-grained, mafics together, kspars very patch with plаг
SML171	medium grained porphyry	sphene on opaque,	-----	plаг highly sericitized	kspars poikl enclosing plаг, highly altered kspars, plаг being repl by kspar, ground mass not significantly smaller than kspars but two are distinct, qtz veins some graphic qtz
SML179	graphic porphyry	highly ser plаг rim on kspar then rimmed in myrmekite	-----	high ser of plаг, chlor repl bio	kspar encl plаг, qtz encl kspar, lots of graphic in groundmass

Table A1: Petrography of the Spirit Mountain Batholith

sample	texture	rims	zoning	alteration	description/ notes
SML196	coarse grained subhedral granular	-----	-----	chlorite replacing biot, ser of plag	kspar encl plag and qtz, mafics together
SML207	very coarse subhedral granular	muscovite on biotite	-----	ser of plag	kspar encl plag, VERY COARSE GRAINED, kspar patchy with plag
SML211	medium-grained subhedral granular	biotite rim on opacites, kspar on plag	-----	ser of plag	most large phenos are subhedral qtz and aggregates of qtz
SML213	subhedral granular (coarse)	sphene on opaque	-----	sericite	graphic plag in kspar - VERY different from rest of my rocks (not a LG)
MPL53z	subhedral granular	-----	-----	high sericitization of plag	kspar poik encl small euhedral plag laths, lots of biotite compared to leucogranites

APPENDIX B:
Whole Rock Geochemistry of the
Spirit Mountain Batholith Leucogranites

	SiO₂	Al₂O₃	Fe₂O₃	MnO	MgO	CaO	Na₂O	K₂O	TiO₂	P₂O₅
LCZ	76.80	12.65	0.92	0.05	0.10	0.67	3.92	4.75	0.13	0.02
SWZ	63.19	17.64	4.10	0.09	1.35	2.73	4.70	5.07	0.87	0.27
SML47	77.31	12.28	0.85	0.03	0.13	0.55	3.44	5.22	0.14	0.04
SML49Z	77.37	12.46	0.68	0.05	0.09	0.43	4.08	4.69	0.12	0.04
SML52	77.00	12.50	0.99	0.06	0.13	0.48	4.04	4.62	0.16	0.02
SML54Z	75.57	13.09	1.19	0.05	0.28	0.78	3.67	5.12	0.20	0.05
SML59Z	74.41	13.82	1.11	0.06	0.15	0.42	4.34	5.45	0.21	0.03
SML63C	77.19	12.03	1.46	0.07	0.11	0.24	3.62	5.05	0.21	0.02
SML67	78.49	12.12	0.67	0.01	0.04	0.38	3.94	4.23	0.10	0.01
SML69	77.96	12.22	0.57	0.04	0.07	0.43	3.94	4.68	0.09	0.01
SML71	78.10	11.92	0.81	0.05	0.07	0.40	3.90	4.58	0.13	0.03
SML73	77.84	12.11	0.77	0.07	0.07	0.33	3.87	4.79	0.12	0.02
SML74	77.55	12.30	0.73	0.07	0.07	0.40	3.94	4.80	0.12	0.01
SML76	77.51	12.40	0.73	0.09	0.05	0.35	4.31	4.50	0.07	0.00
SML78	78.59	11.97	0.59	0.08	0.03	0.20	4.19	4.26	0.08	0.01
SML120Z	73.84	13.78	1.76	0.05	0.42	1.20	3.34	5.29	0.25	0.08
SML129Z	76.07	13.11	0.91	0.08	0.07	0.47	4.11	5.03	0.12	0.03
SML130	76.96	12.83	0.61	0.09	0.08	0.41	4.08	4.83	0.09	0.02
SML132	77.65	12.45	0.63	0.05	0.08	0.39	3.84	4.79	0.10	0.02
SML133	76.18	12.88	1.00	0.06	0.18	0.57	3.98	4.93	0.17	0.04
SML213	61.39	18.78	4.22	0.10	1.28	3.09	5.58	4.41	0.80	0.34
MPL53Z	73.77	13.82	1.86	0.04	0.54	1.56	3.39	4.72	0.24	0.07

Table B1: Whole-rock major element oxide geochemistry of the Spirit Mountain batholith
Concentrations listed in wt%.

	Ba	Sr	Y	Zr	Be	V	Ga	Ge	Rb	Nb	Sn	Cs
LGZ	92	27	18	83	6	5	31	2.3	236	38.3	1	0.7
SWZ	1850	551	26	557	2	57	22	1.0	83	19.2	1	0.3
SML47	277	73	20	83	3	7	17	1.5	159	20	<1	1
SML49Z	37	17	19	99	3	<5	20	1.7	204	43.8	1	0.7
SML52	120	42	27	137	4	5	20	1.6	154	30.8	2	0.7
SML54Z	326	89	16	127	2	11	18	1.4	157	23.4	1	0.8
SML59Z	252	63	26	199	3	7	19	1.4	148	31.2	<1	0.9
SML63C	22	4	42	186	5	<5	22	2	184	65.3	3	1.1
SML67	10	5	20	114	7	<5	21	1.9	143	49.8	1	0.3
SML69	59	23	15	68	4	<5	18	1.4	177	21.9	1	0.7
SML71	37	12	23	131	4	<5	18	1.7	189	44.3	1	0.7
SML73	49	15	22	128	5	<5	19	1.7	277	60.7	1	1.4
SML74	48	13	23	111	6	<5	20	1.8	284	51.9	2	3.1
SML76	20	7	24	123	8	<5	24	2.2	321	50.2	2	3.5
SML78	19	5	18	96	6	<5	22	2.2	286	55.4	2	1.9
SML120Z	826	191	22	202	2	23	24	1.7	192	17.9	<1	1.6
SML129Z	102	26	21	116	5	<5	25	2.1	266	51.6	<1	1.2
SML130	21	7	20	92	6	<5	26	2.3	296	53.8	<1	2.1
SML132	38	16	16	93	4	<5	22	1.9	210	31.1	<1	0.8
SML133	165	48	25	165	7	9	25	2.2	273	45.2	1	1.4
SML213	1811	578	26	586	1	53	29	1.4	67	20.5	<1	0.4
MPL53Z	830	200	22	166	2	18	17	1.4	150	16.9	<1	0.8

Table B2: Whole-rock trace element geochemistry of the Spirit Mountain batholith. Concentrations listed in ppm.

	Hf	Ta	Tl	Bi	Th	U	Cu	Zn	Sc	Pb	Zr/Hf	Rb/Sr	Nb/Ta
LGZ	4.1	3.33	0.86	0.8	19.1	2.67					20.46	8.74	
SWZ	12.3	1.11	0.38	0.2	8.91	1.09					45.12	0.15	
SML47	2.8	1.5	0.7		10.9	1.58	6	31	1.05	24	29.64	2.18	
SML49Z	4.2	3.2	0.88		20.8	2.89	11	29	1.31	31	23.57	12.00	
SML52	4.6	2.3	0.79		17	1.87	6	29	1.18	13	29.78	3.67	
SML54Z	4.2	1.5	0.82		17.1	1.34	7	44	1.97	30	30.24	1.76	
SML59Z	6.6	2	0.68		15.3	1.79	6	39	1.7	19	30.15	2.35	
SML63C	8.1	4.7	0.73		44.3	2.99	6	39	1.84	24	22.96	46.00	
SML67	5.6	3.7	0.63		38.5	4.71	27	26	2.03	20	20.36	28.60	
SML69	2.9	1.8	0.71		17.5	2.14	18	22	0.91	28	23.45	7.70	
SML71	5.4	3.1	0.92		25.3	4.01	9	31	1.18	33	24.26	15.75	
SML73	6.2	3.6	1.5		67.7	8.12	7	30	2.15	43	20.65	18.47	
SML74	5.2	3.8	1.29		29.8	3.06	8	35	1.79	28	21.35	21.85	
SML76	6.9	3.8	1.6		41.5	6.27	8	48	1.79	41	17.83	45.86	
SML78	5.4	3.7	1.49		33.6	4.88	6	31	1.6	36	17.78	57.20	
SML120Z	5.4	1.4	0.81	0.6	35.1	3.12	8	36	3.79	26	37.41	1.01	12.79
SML129Z	5.1	4.2	1.07	0.3	35.5	4.19	2	23	1.95	33	22.75	10.23	12.29
SML130	4.4	4.1	1.29	0.3	30.4	3.9	2	34	1.64	31	20.91	42.29	13.12
SML132	3.9	2.8	0.78	< 0.1	25.9	3.74	2	15	1.36	30	23.85	13.13	11.11
SML133	6.3	3.8	0.98	0.1	40.3	3.92	1	24	2.45	26	26.19	5.69	11.89
SML213	12.5	0.9	0.24	< 0.1	10.1	0.71	6	71	5.86	22	46.88	0.12	22.78
MPL53Z	4.9	1.2	0.85		15.8	2.33	7	46	4.22	33	33.88	0.75	

Table B2 (cont'd): Whole-rock trace element geochemistry of the Spirit Mountain batholith.
Concentrations listed in ppm.

	La	Ce	Pr	Nd	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb	Dy	Ho	Er	Tm	Yb	Lu
LGZ	46.7	77.7	6.39	17.9	2.76	0.235	2.16	0.43	2.60	0.58	2.18	0.400	2.67	0.404
SWZ	103	210	21.7	79.5	12.0	2.41	7.86	1.15	5.65	1.00	3.06	0.442	2.92	0.414
SML47	39.9	76	8.03	25.1	4.42	0.581	3.14	0.62	3.49	0.69	2.21	0.328	1.97	0.257
SML49Z	36	63	5.77	15.7	2.49	0.202	1.65	0.38	2.48	0.58	2.15	0.387	2.62	0.395
SML52	40.6	87.4	8.29	25.9	4.56	0.414	3.16	0.64	4.09	0.88	2.9	0.466	2.86	0.384
SML54Z	36.5	73.2	7.81	23.7	3.93	0.546	2.52	0.47	2.61	0.55	1.81	0.298	1.89	0.272
SML59Z	62	120	12.7	37.5	6.53	0.777	4.37	0.76	4.14	0.84	2.69	0.41	2.52	0.359
SML63C	60.5	123	12	35.1	5.91	0.197	4.43	0.97	6.3	1.41	4.82	0.8	5	0.684
SML67	41.8	64.8	5.48	13.6	1.84	0.09	1.08	0.28	2.05	0.51	2.01	0.404	3.02	0.493
SML69	32.7	59.9	5.64	15.8	2.66	0.229	1.69	0.36	2.32	0.51	1.74	0.294	1.89	0.268
SML71	43.9	77.3	7.01	18.8	2.84	0.203	1.84	0.4	2.72	0.65	2.43	0.445	3.09	0.481
SML73	38.9	65.3	5.6	14.6	2.2	0.157	1.49	0.34	2.43	0.61	2.43	0.455	3.35	0.544
SML74	50.6	86.1	7.38	18.8	2.76	0.174	1.59	0.38	2.55	0.64	2.4	0.448	3.18	0.507
SML76	44.6	74.2	5.81	14.1	1.94	0.103	1.17	0.31	2.32	0.6	2.39	0.475	3.73	0.588
SML78	26.7	49.6	4.41	11.9	1.79	0.076	1.33	0.28	2.1	0.51	1.96	0.37	2.66	0.421
SML120Z	55.2	104	11.7	36.7	6.51	0.93	4.75	0.7	3.82	0.76	2.27	0.361	2.37	0.36
SML129Z	36	60.2	5.58	15.2	2.42	0.19	1.79	0.38	2.51	0.59	2.19	0.451	3.29	0.51
SML130	29.7	49	4.4	11.9	1.9	0.09	1.43	0.31	2.18	0.53	2.08	0.42	3.13	0.5
SML132	29.2	48.1	4.47	12.5	1.97	0.15	1.46	0.3	2.04	0.48	1.73	0.34	2.5	0.39
SML133	45.5	79.3	7.76	22.4	3.59	0.32	2.68	0.51	3.25	0.72	2.49	0.456	3.35	0.54
SML213	106	181	20	62.8	9.96	1.98	7.18	1.02	5.16	0.96	2.75	0.38	2.41	0.35
MPL53Z	53.5	99.5	10.8	33	5.62	0.913	3.82	0.69	3.57	0.71	2.3	0.353	2.24	0.343

Table B3: Whole-rock Rare Earth Element geochemistry of the Spirit Mountain batholith. Concentrations listed in ppm

APPENDIX C:
U-Pb Geochronology and
Cathodoluminescence Images of Zircons
from the Spirit Mountain Batholith

Table C-1: Geochronology data from SHRIMP-RG analysis of zircons from the Spirit Mountain batholith

Spot Name	% comm	20 ⁷ corr				20 ⁶ Pb				7corr				Total			
		206	ppm U	ppm Th	ppm Th	232Th	/238U	1s	err	206Pbr	/238U	1s	err	238	/206	207	% err
SML49Z-1.1R	3.47	72	94	1.35	18.3	0.8	.0028	0.000126	340.35	4.1	.0738	16.7					
SML49Z-2.1T	0.79	473	595	1.30	17.3	0.3	.0027	0.000047	368.50	1.7	.0526	8.0					
SML49Z-3.1C	1.83	113	200	1.83	16.1	0.6	.0025	0.000093	393.67	3.5	.0608	17.4					
SML49Z-4.1C	3.58	149	258	1.79	16.5	0.5	.0026	0.000082	375.21	3.0	.0747	11.9					
SML49Z-4.2T	3.60	438	633	1.49	15.2	0.3	.0024	0.000045	407.59	1.8	.0748	7.1					
SML49Z-3.2T	0.23	984	1541	1.62	16.8	0.2	.0026	0.000031	381.27	1.1	.0482	5.8					
SML49Z-5.1T	1.03	369	554	1.55	16.0	0.3	.0025	0.000051	398.82	1.9	.0545	9.3					
SML49Z-6.1C	9.53	42	85	2.11	15.9	1.0	.0025	0.000156	367.11	5.5	.1217	17.9					
SML49Z-6.2T	0.47	707	809	1.18	16.2	0.2	.0025	0.000037	395.68	1.4	.0501	7.0					
SML49Z-7.1T	3.20	221	290	1.36	16.4	0.4	.0025	0.000066	380.48	2.4	.0717	10.2					
SML49Z-8.1C	3.92	202	373	1.91	15.4	0.4	.0024	0.000070	402.49	2.7	.0773	11.2					
SML49Z-8.2T	0.01	588	536	0.94	16.5	0.3	.0026	0.000041	389.23	1.5	.0465	7.7					
SML49Z-9.1R	1.03	714	1026	1.48	16.8	0.2	.0026	0.000037	379.90	1.3	.0545	6.4					
SML49Z-10.1T	0.49	1030	1247	1.25	17.4	0.2	.0027	0.000031	368.65	1.1	.0503	5.3					
SML49Z-11.1C	2.74	198	307	1.60	16.2	0.4	.0025	0.000069	387.35	2.5	.0680	11.8					
SML49Z-11.2T	1.32	861	1006	1.21	16.0	0.2	.0025	0.000034	398.22	1.3	.0568	6.4					
SML49Z-12.1T	0.44	883	1159	1.36	16.3	0.2	.0025	0.000032	392.07	1.2	.0499	6.1					
SML49Z-13.1T	1.26	558	707	1.31	16.2	0.3	.0025	0.000040	393.29	1.5	.0563	7.1					
SML49Z-14.1T	2.11	135	173	1.33	16.1	0.5	.0025	0.000080	390.68	3.0	.0630	13.0					
SML49Z-15.1T	0.24	694	999	1.49	17.4	0.2	.0027	0.000038	368.22	1.3	.0483	6.6					
SML49Z-16.1C	2.98	74	117	1.65	17.6	0.8	.0027	0.000119	354.18	4.1	.0699	16.7					

Table C-1: Geochronology data from SHRIMP-RG analysis of zircons from the Spirit Mountain batholith

Spot Name	$^{207}\text{Rb}/^{206}\text{Pb}$						$^{206}\text{Pb}/^{238}\text{U}$						$^{206}\text{Pb}/^{235}\text{Th}$						$^{207}\text{Rb}/^{206}\text{Sr}$					
	% comm 206	ppm U 206	ppm Th 206	ppm Th 238U	Age /238U	1s err	206Pbr /238U	1s err	7corr /238U	1s err	206Pbr /238U	1s err	Total /206	% err	Total /206	% err	Total /206	% err	Total /206	% err				
SML54Z-1.1T	6.33	204	347	1.62	15.6	0.4	.0024	0.000069	387.82	2.6	.0064	9.2												
SML54-2.1R	0.50	424	786	1.91	17.2	0.3	.0027	0.000047	372.48	1.7	.0503	8.1												
SML54-3.1T	1.27	644	732	1.17	16.8	0.2	.0026	0.000038	378.65	1.4	.0564	6.5												
SML54-4.1T	0.65	1016	1237	1.26	16.5	0.2	.0026	0.000030	388.44	1.1	.0515	5.4												
SML54-5.1T	0.55	174	245	1.46	16.9	0.5	.0026	0.000074	378.46	2.7	.0507	12.8												
SML54-6.1T	2.12	125	294	2.42	16.7	0.6	.0026	0.000088	376.79	3.2	.0631	15.4												
SML54-7.1C	-0.13	1336	1704	1.32	17.2	0.2	.0027	0.000026	374.12	0.9	.0453	4.9												
SML54-8.1T	3.03	167	199	1.23	16.4	0.5	.0025	0.000073	380.92	2.7	.0703	11.4												
SML54-9.1C	43.84	32	63	2.03	16.9	4.3	.0026	0.000097	327.87	5.6	.4558	24.6												
SML54-9.2T	3.53	147	197	1.39	16.5	0.5	.0026	0.000085	376.90	2.8	.0743	17.2												
SML54-10.1T	0.35	424	539	1.31	17.0	0.3	.0026	0.000046	377.14	1.7	.0492	8.2												
SML54-11.1C	0.53	764	917	1.24	17.0	0.2	.0026	0.000035	377.11	1.2	.0506	6.3												
SML54-12.1T	0.83	185	263	1.47	17.0	0.4	.0026	0.000070	375.26	2.5	.0529	12.1												
SML54-13.1T	1.16	197	353	1.85	17.5	0.5	.0027	0.000071	363.79	2.4	.0555	14.3												
SML54-14.1R	0.65	357	483	1.40	16.6	0.3	.0026	0.000050	384.41	1.8	.0515	8.9												
SML54-15.1T	-0.10	636	1087	1.77	17.4	0.2	.0027	0.000038	370.33	1.4	.0456	7.1												
SML54-15.2C	4.27	87	165	1.95	17.8	0.7	.0028	0.000107	346.47	3.6	.0801	14.1												
SML54-16.1C	2.70	83	134	1.66	16.2	0.7	.0025	0.000109	387.80	4.0	.0677	19.7												
SML54-17.1T	0.05	2005	7182	3.70	17.6	0.1	.0027	0.000022	364.68	0.8	.0468	3.8												
SML54-16.2T	0.01	1851	3119	1.74	17.6	0.1	.0027	0.000023	366.78	0.8	.0465	4.1												
SML54-18.1C	1.60	57	102	1.86	16.2	0.8	.0025	0.000126	391.15	4.7	.0590	21.8												
SML54-19.1T	0.06	1395	1524	1.13	16.8	0.2	.0026	0.000029	383.63	1.1	.0468	5.5												

Table C-1: Geochronology data from SHRIMP-RG analysis of zircons from the Spirit Mountain batholith

Spot Name	207corr				206Pb				7corr				Total				
	% comm	206	ppm U	ppm Th	232Th	/238U	1s	err	206Pbr	/238U	1s	err	206	238	%	207	%
	206	ppm U	ppm Th	232Th	/238U	1s	err	206Pbr	/238U	1s	err	206	238	%	207	%	
MPL53-1.R	1.24	413	575	1.44	16.2	0.3	.0025	0.000045	393.44	1.7	.0562	8.0					
MPL53-2.1T	1.19	332	275	0.85	16.7	0.3	.0026	0.000054	381.02	2.0	.0557	9.1					
MPL53-2.2C	3.26	131	218	1.71	19.1	0.6	.0030	0.000092	326.83	2.9	.0722	12.2					
MPL53-3.1C	1.97	170	237	1.44	18.4	0.5	.0029	0.000079	342.54	2.6	.0620	12.1					
MPL53-4.1T	1.56	1917	1776	0.96	17.3	0.1	.0027	0.000023	366.50	0.8	.0587	3.7					
MPL53-5.1C	1.73	278	718	2.67	15.9	0.4	.0025	0.000057	398.55	2.2	.0600	9.7					
MPL53-6.1C	1.46	454	1351	3.08	15.7	0.3	.0024	0.000044	403.52	1.7	.0579	7.9					
MPL53-7.1T	1.35	485	1229	2.62	15.9	0.3	.0025	0.000051	400.29	1.9	.0570	8.9					
MPL53-8.1T	52.37	525	838	4.65	44.3	0.8	.0022	0.000024	244.23	4.4	.4602	4.4					
MPL53-9.1C	2.14	536	2346	4.53	14.9	0.3	.0023	0.000051	423.24	2.0	.0632	10.0					
MPL53-10.1	1.18	670	1176	1.81	16.3	0.3	.0025	0.000045	391.15	1.7	.0557	7.7					
MPL53-11.1T	2.01	356	285	0.83	16.2	0.4	.0025	0.000062	389.60	2.3	.0622	10.3					
MPL53-12.1C	0.54	886	2094	2.44	15.9	0.2	.0025	0.000037	403.09	1.4	.0506	7.2					
MPL53-13.1C	2.38	125	107	0.89	15.9	0.7	.0025	0.000106	395.16	4.0	.0651	19.4					
MPL53-14.1C	3.55	423	633	1.55	15.1	0.4	.0023	0.000065	410.87	2.1	.0744	18.4					
MPL53-15.1T	1.10	613	834	1.41	16.1	0.3	.0025	0.000046	396.61	1.8	.0550	8.5					
MPL53-16.1C	2.43	212	350	1.71	16.6	0.5	.0026	0.000080	377.76	2.9	.0656	12.5					

Table C-1: Geochronology data from SHRIMP-RG analysis of zircons from the Spirit Mountain batholith

Table C-1: Geochronology data from SHRIMP-RG analysis of zircons from the Spirit Mountain batholith

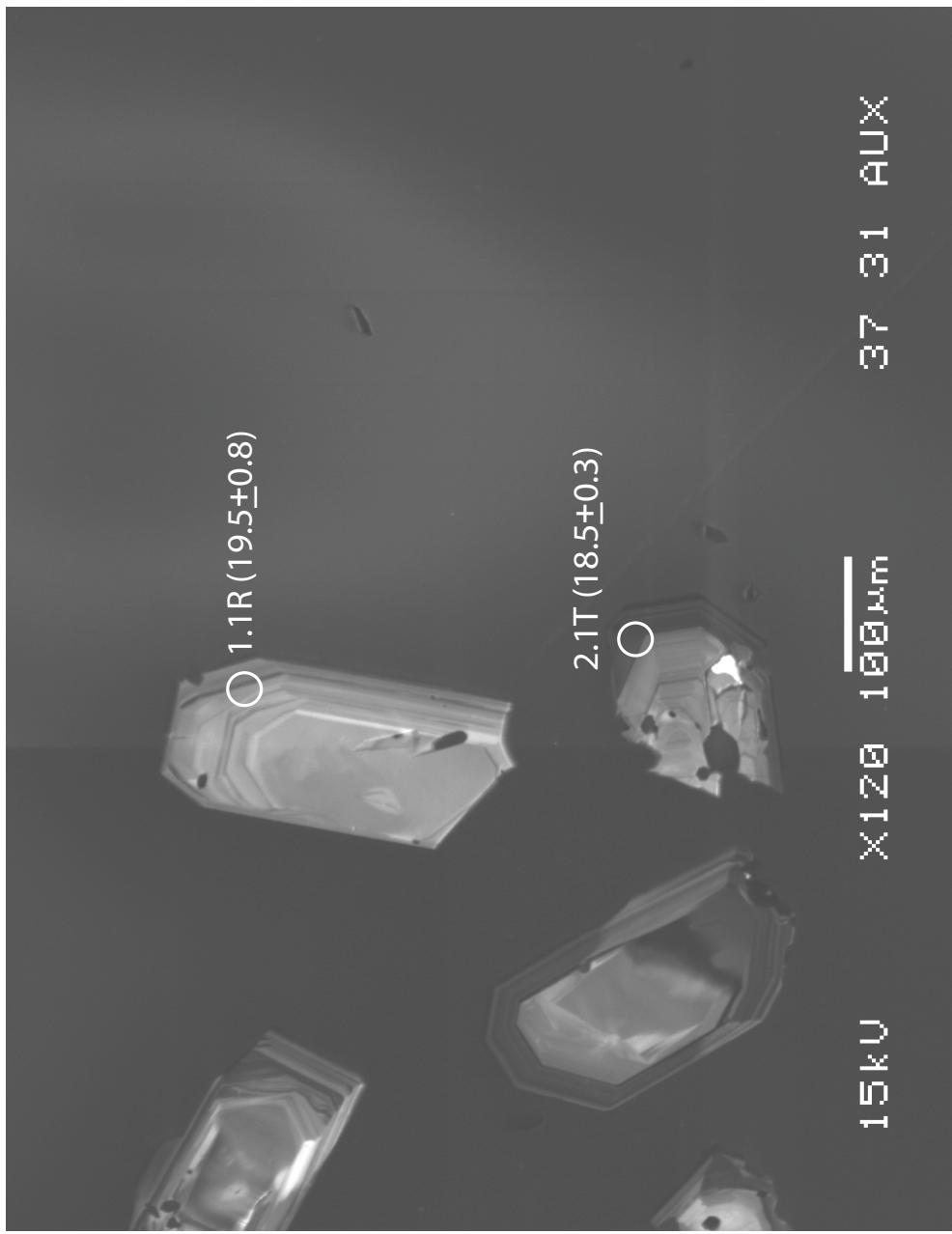
Spot Name	% comm	20 ⁶ Pb				20 ⁷ corr				Total			
		206	ppm U	ppm Th	232Th /238U	206Pb /238U	1s	206Pb /238U	1s	206Pb /238U	207	% err	206
SML120Z-1	2.11	60	105	1.80	14.6	0.7	0.023	0.000105	431.9276	4.4	.0630	17.5	
SML120Z-2T	0.13	303	369	1.26	15.4	0.3	.0024	0.000046	416.9810	1.8	.0474	8.4	
SML120Z-3.1C	0.67	57	24	0.43	82.4	1.6	.0129	0.000252	77.1868	1.9	.0530	7.8	
SML120Z-3.2	0.29	465	139	0.31	56.3	0.6	.0088	0.000092	113.6208	1.0	.0494	4.5	
SML120Z-4.1C	0.64	1208	22	0.02	1549.4	3.9	.2717	0.000763	3.6571	0.2	.1016	0.5	
SML120Z-5.1I	-0.11	118	207	1.81	15.5	0.5	.0024	0.000082	416.0294	3.3	.0454	15.8	
SML120Z-6.1I	-0.69	192	439	2.36	16.5	0.4	.0026	0.000067	393.5914	2.5	.0409	12.7	
SML120Z-6.2R	0.00	386	720	1.93	15.5	0.3	.0024	0.000047	416.4686	1.9	.0463	8.9	
SML120Z-7.1T	-0.20	452	698	1.60	16.6	0.3	.0026	0.000044	387.7783	1.7	.0448	7.8	
SML120Z-7.2I	3.61	68	170	2.59	15.3	0.7	.0024	0.000109	405.2302	4.3	.0749	16.4	
SML120Z-8.1I	-0.52	296	473	1.65	17.2	0.4	.0027	0.000056	376.5349	2.0	.0422	10.0	
SML120Z-8.2R	1.49	71	151	2.18	18.5	0.8	.0029	0.000118	342.5709	3.9	.0582	16.7	
SML120Z-9.1C	-0.19	3584	3503	1.01	17.4	0.1	.0027	0.000016	371.1710	0.6	.0449	2.8	
SML120Z-10.1I	0.40	112	122	1.12	17.0	0.6	.0026	0.000089	376.2590	3.2	.0496	15.0	
SML120Z-11.1R	1.47	128	175	1.42	16.7	0.6	.0026	0.000087	380.5328	3.2	.0580	13.5	
SML120Z-11.2I	1.55	144	296	2.11	17.8	0.5	.0028	0.000081	356.6967	2.8	.0586	11.5	
SML120Z-12.1I	0.04	254	506	2.06	17.2	0.4	.0027	0.000068	375.2573	2.5	.0460	10.3	
SML120Z-12.2R	6.51	104	181	1.80	15.7	0.6	.0024	0.000095	384.1062	3.5	.0978	12.9	
SML120Z-13.1I	1.94	44	86	2.02	17.5	0.9	.0027	0.000147	360.2899	5.1	.0617	21.1	
SML120Z-13.2R	0.99	204	264	1.34	17.8	0.5	.0028	0.000071	358.0533	2.4	.0542	13.1	
SML120Z-14.1R	-0.01	254	269	1.09	18.5	0.4	.0029	0.000063	348.7892	2.1	.0463	9.9	
SML120Z-15.1R	1.44	83	169	2.09	15.8	0.7	.0025	0.000101	400.8191	3.9	.0577	16.5	
SML120Z-15.2C	0.26	303	523	1.78	16.3	0.3	.0025	0.000053	393.4925	2.0	.0484	9.3	
SML120Z-16.1C	0.80	37	70	1.96	16.8	1.0	.0026	0.000155	380.2397	5.7	.0527	25.7	
SML120Z-17.1R	0.84	106	182	1.78	16.1	0.6	.0025	0.000090	397.4870	3.4	.0530	15.0	
SML120Z-18.1R	-0.18	389	512	1.36	17.6	0.3	.0027	0.000049	366.3561	1.7	.0450	8.2	

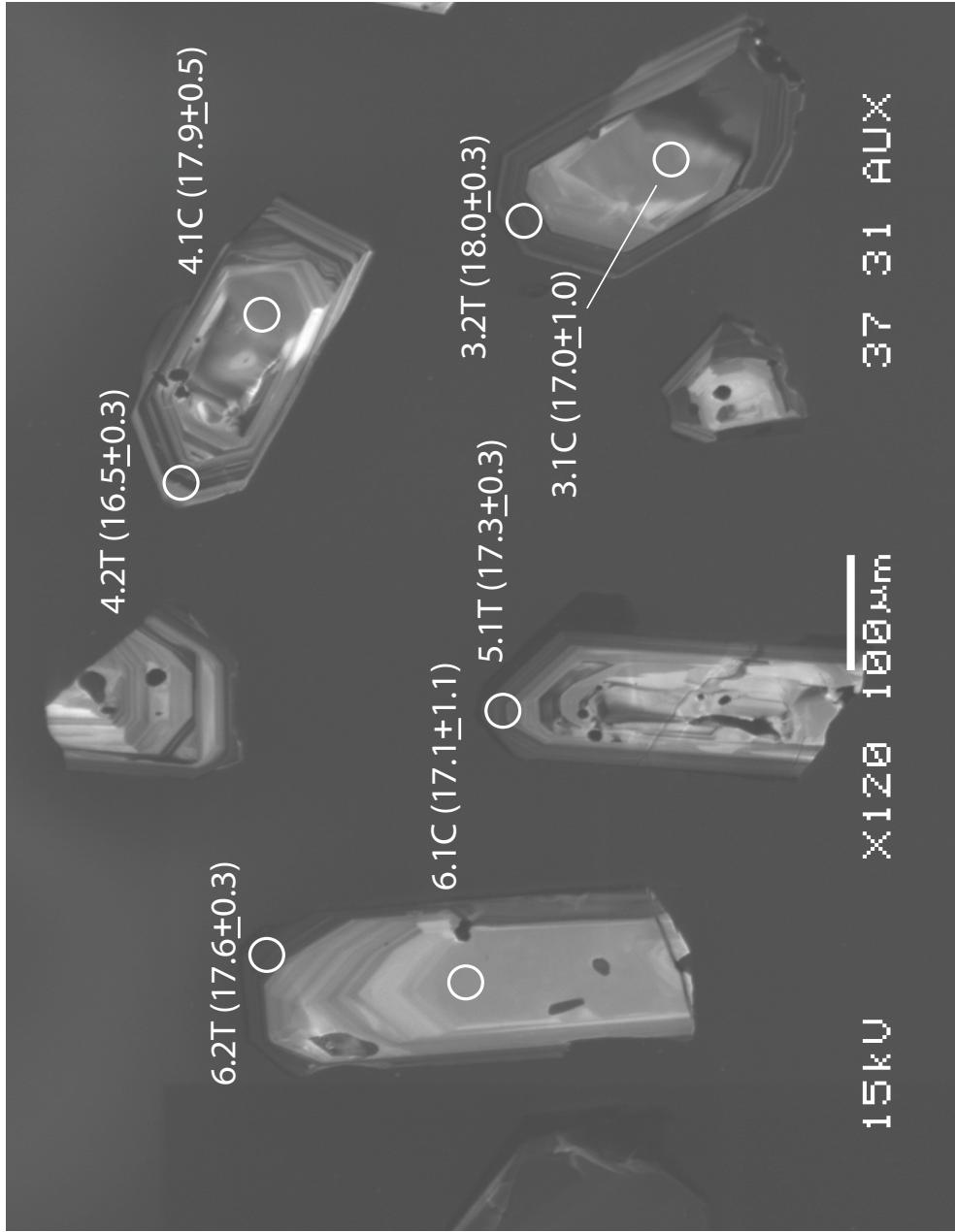
Table C-1: Geochronology data from SHRIMP-RG analysis of zircons from the Spirit Mountain batholith

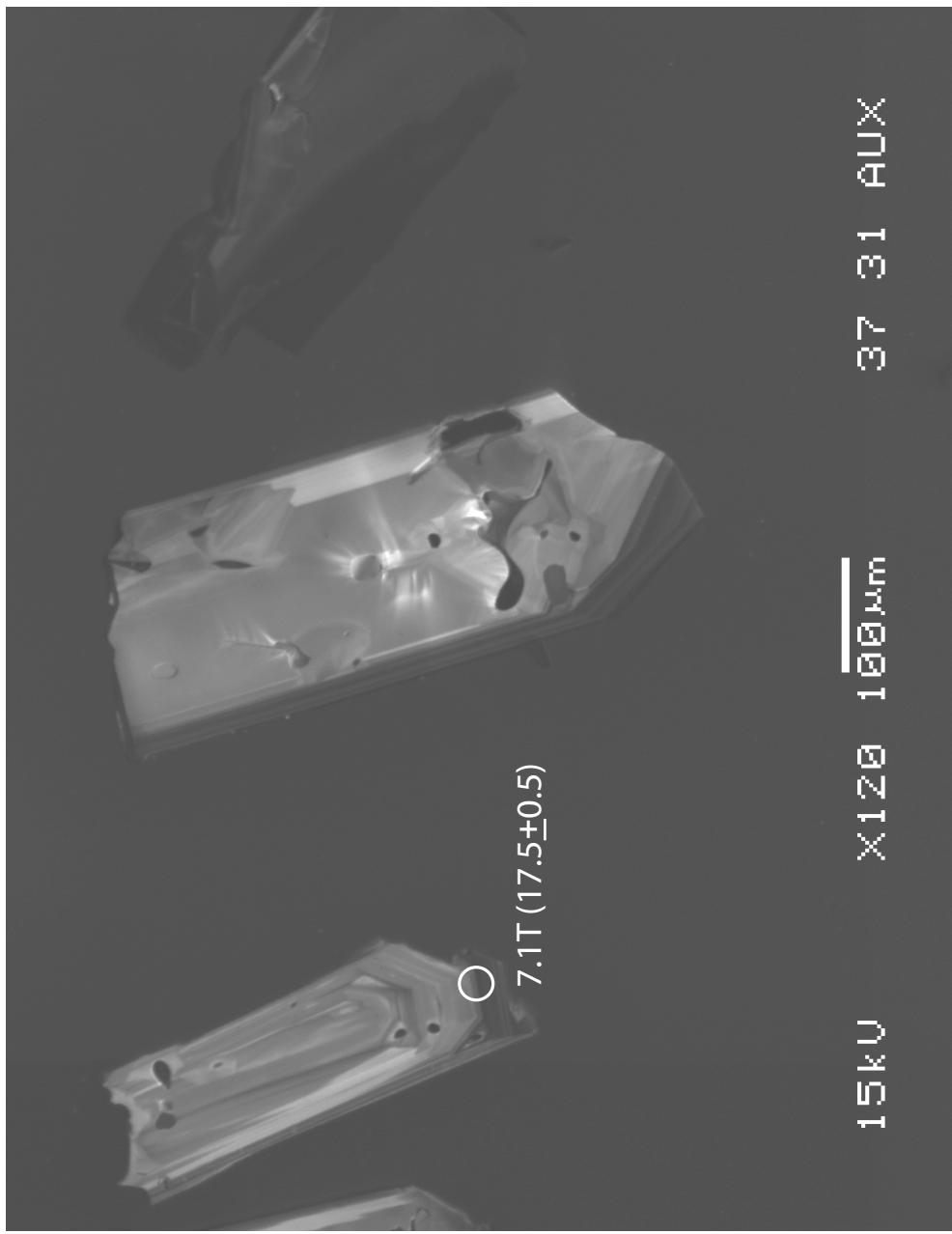
Spot Name	$^{207}\text{Rb}/^{206}\text{Sr}$						$^{206}\text{Pb}/^{238}\text{U}$						$^{206}\text{Pb}/^{235}\text{U}$					
	% comm 206	ppm U 206	ppm Th 206	ppm Th 232Th	232Th 238U	Age 238U	1s 206Pb	err 206Pb	7corr 206Pb	1s 238U	err 238U	Total 238	% 206	Total 207	% 206	% err		
SML129Z-1	4.29	25	64	2.62	15.3	1.2	.0024	0.000184	403.5948	7.2	.0803	26.6						
SML129Z-2R	0.37	2034	1917	0.97	16.6	0.1	.0026	0.000021	385.9727	0.8	.0493	3.5						
SML129Z-3C	-0.31	200	322	1.66	17.0	0.4	.0026	0.000067	380.2318	2.5	.0439	11.6						
SML129Z-4I	-0.30	91	161	1.82	17.1	0.7	.0027	0.000102	376.5785	3.7	.0440	17.8						
SML129Z-5T	1.54	3471	5047	1.50	17.8	0.1	.0028	0.000017	355.1807	0.6	.0585	2.3						
SML129Z-6C	-0.31	1668	2392	1.48	18.2	0.2	.0028	0.000024	355.6586	0.8	.0440	4.0						
SML129-7T	0.28	1958	4054	2.14	17.3	0.1	.0027	0.000022	372.0087	0.8	.0486	3.6						
SML129Z-8.1C	-0.26	999	1465	1.51	17.0	0.2	.0026	0.000031	380.0493	1.1	.0443	5.9						
SML129Z-8.2R	-0.27	856	854	1.03	16.8	0.2	.0026	0.000032	383.6798	1.2	.0443	5.6						
SML129Z-9C	0.46	964	1172	1.26	17.1	0.2	.0027	0.000032	374.6853	1.1	.0500	5.1						
SML129Z-10R	0.32	1123	1011	0.93	17.7	0.2	.0028	0.000029	361.6220	1.0	.0489	4.6						
SML129Z-11.1C	-0.23	180	283	1.63	17.9	0.5	.0028	0.000072	361.0704	2.5	.0446	12.1						
SML129Z-11.2R	0.25	3351	2679	0.83	17.6	0.1	.0027	0.000017	364.5022	0.6	.0483	2.7						
SML129Z-12R	-0.23	306	771	2.60	17.7	0.4	.0027	0.000055	365.4108	1.9	.0446	9.1						
SML129Z-13R	-0.31	300	322	1.11	17.6	0.4	.0027	0.000057	367.6149	2.0	.0439	9.5						

Figure C1:

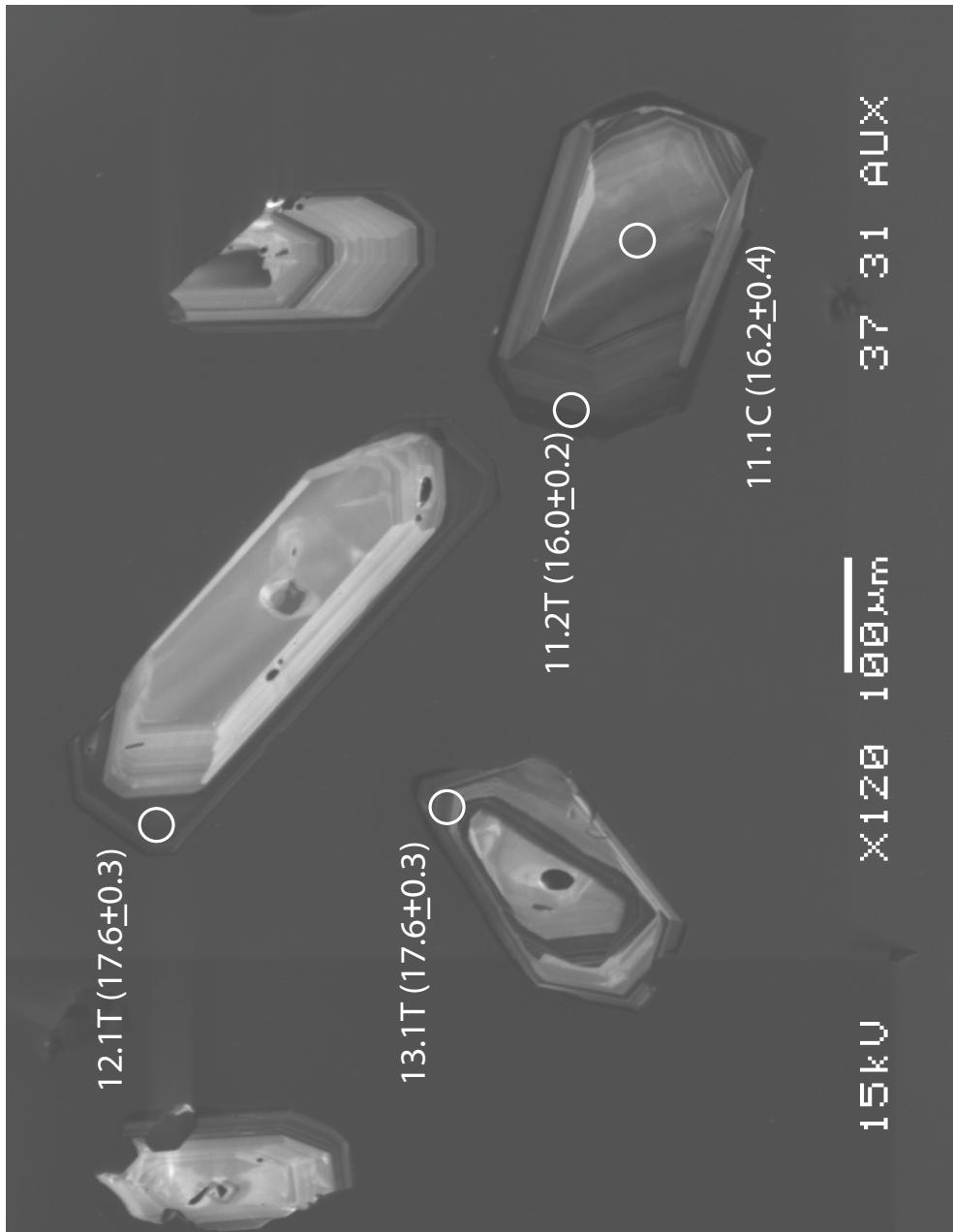
Cathodoluminsecence images of zircons from sample SML49z with spots from
U-Pb SHRIMP-RG analyses marked

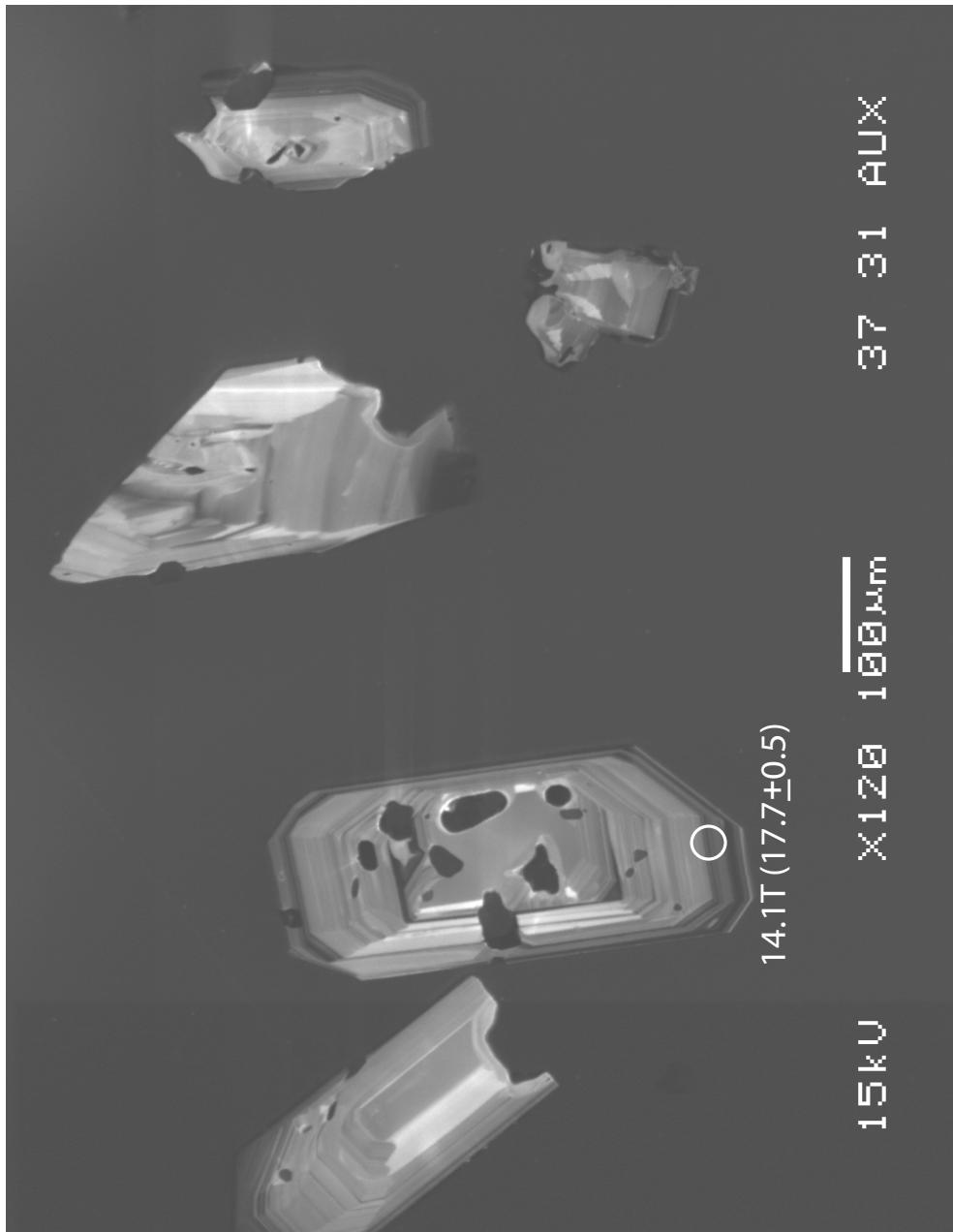














37 31 AuX

×120 100 μm

15kV

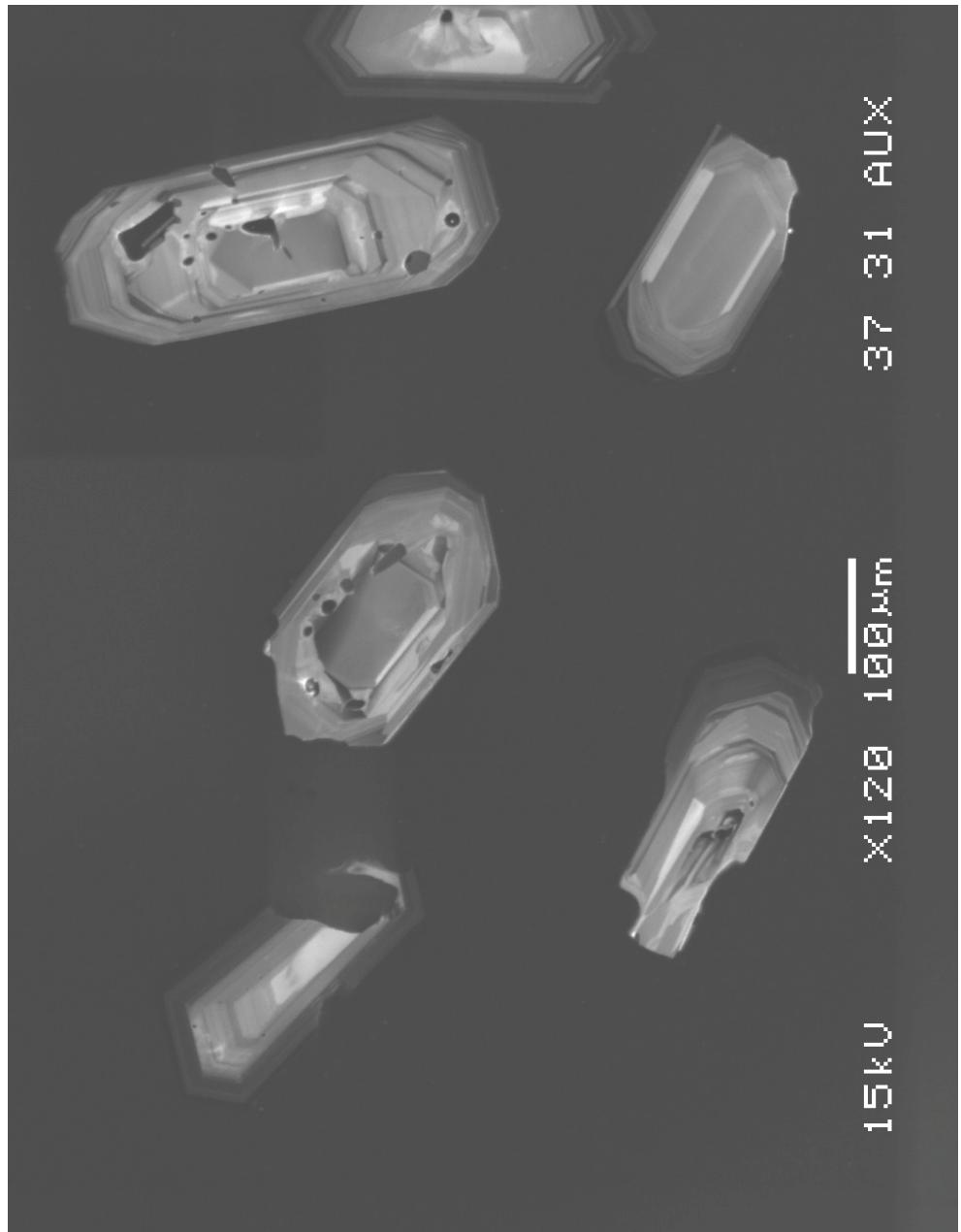


Figure C2:

Cathodoluminsecence images of zircons from sample SML54z with spots from
U-Pb SHRIMP-RG analyses marked

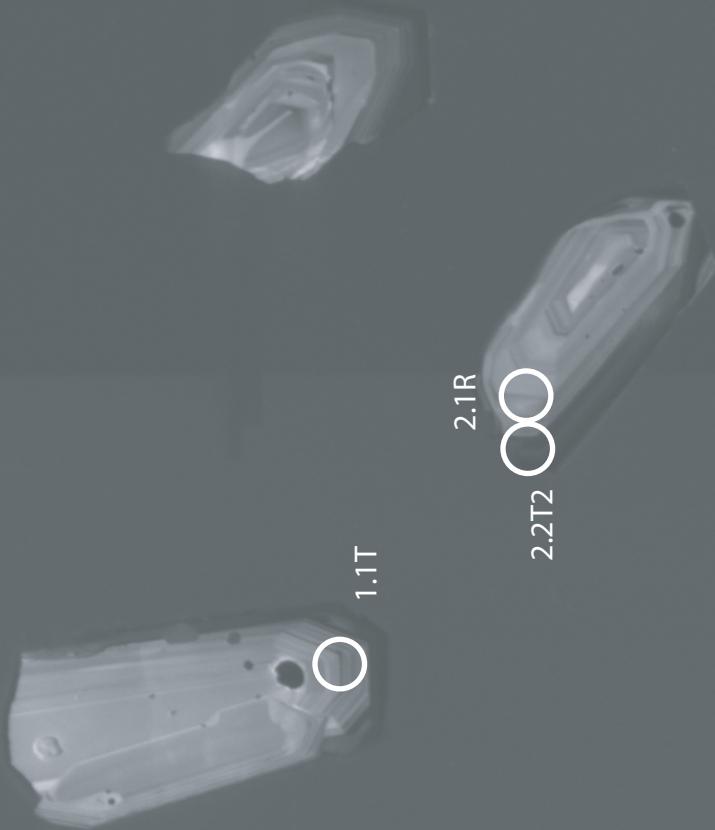
U&I

μεταστάξια

ΧΥΑΙΣΤΕ

2.1R
2.2T2

○ 1.1T



U25

X21

mμθθ1

4.2R

XUAIESE

O

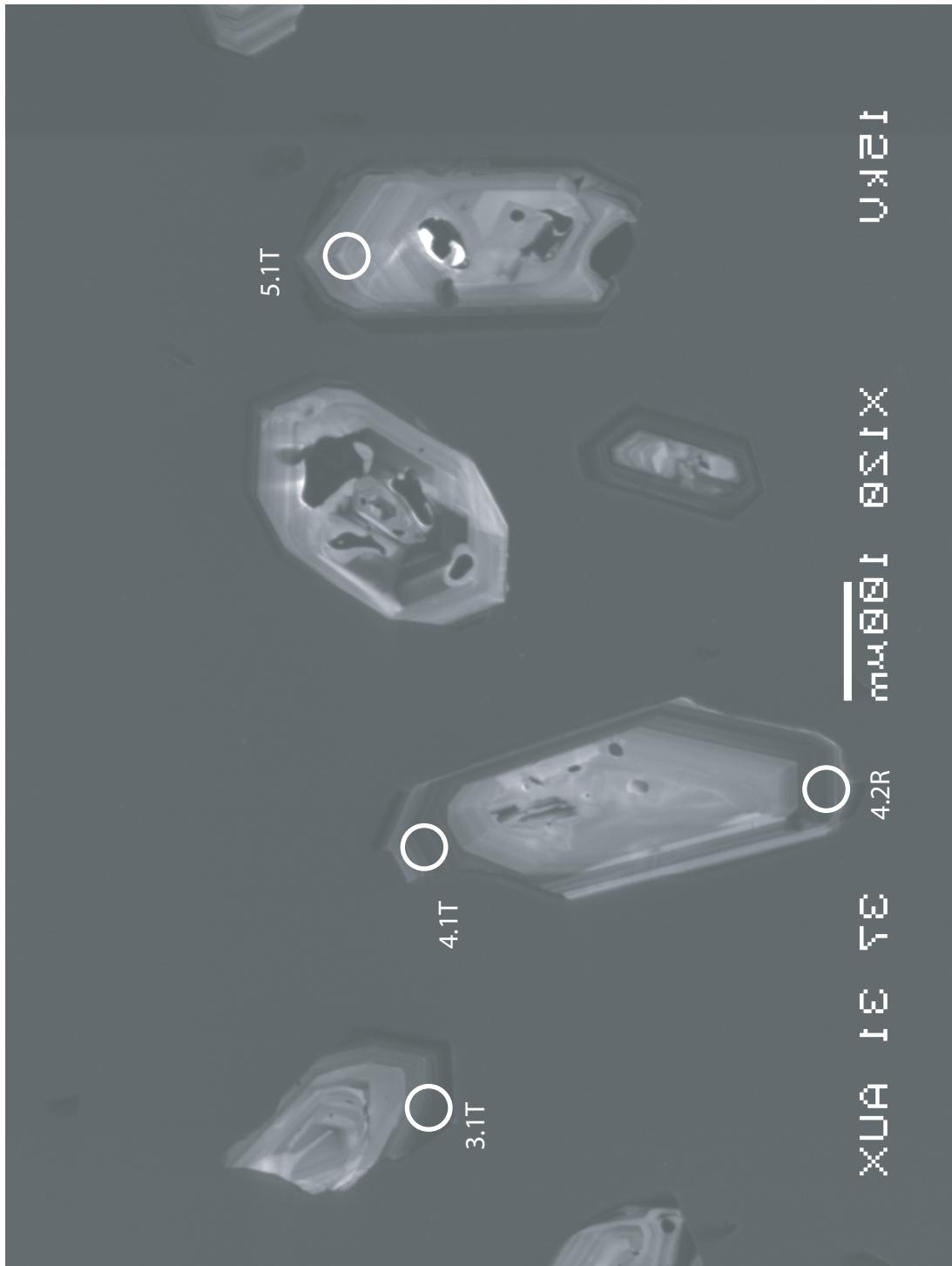
4.1T

O

3.1T

O

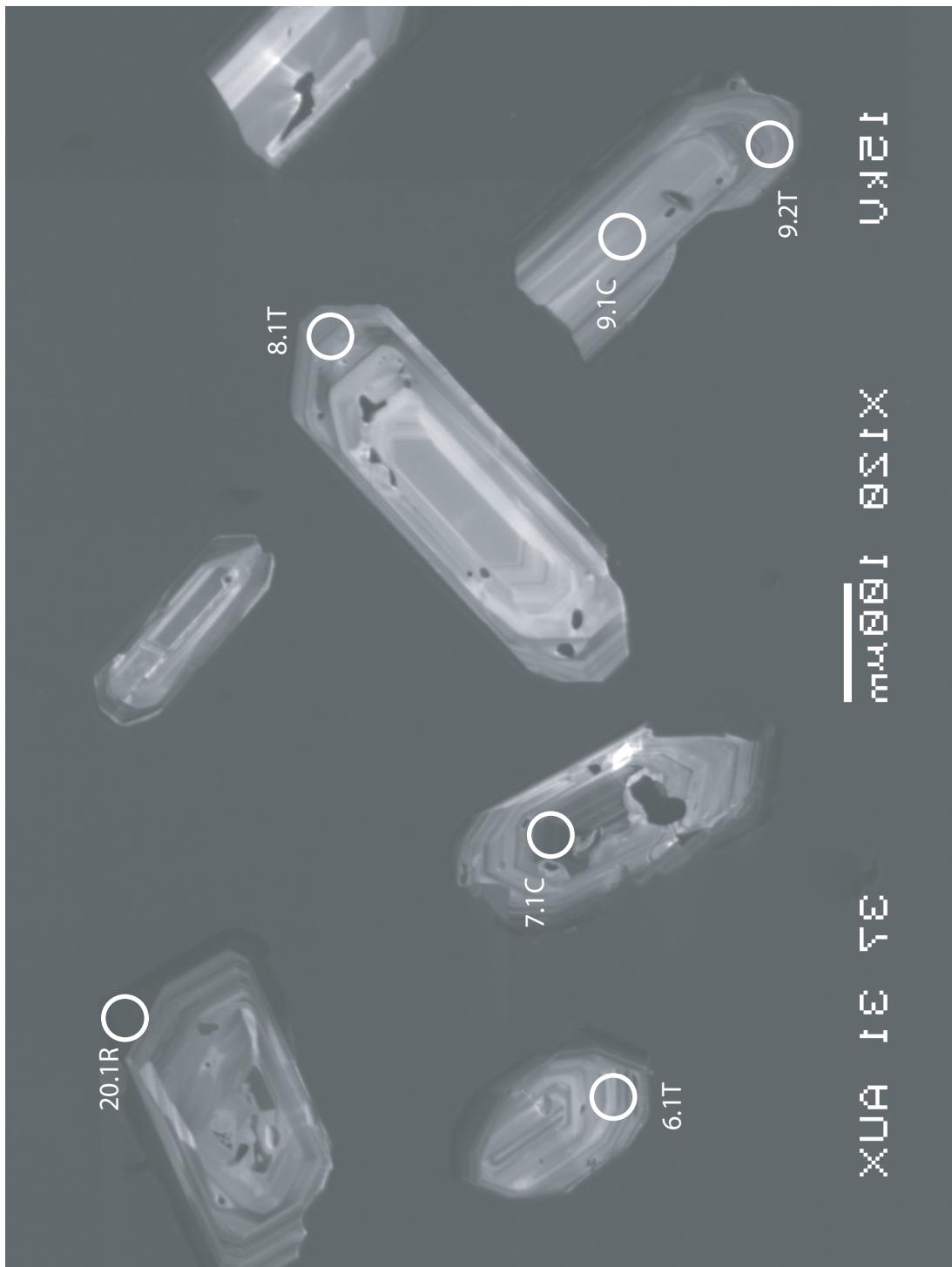
5.1T



12 kV

X120 100 nm

XUA 1 S 7E



12kA

X128 100nm

XUAS1E

13.1T

12.1T

11.1C

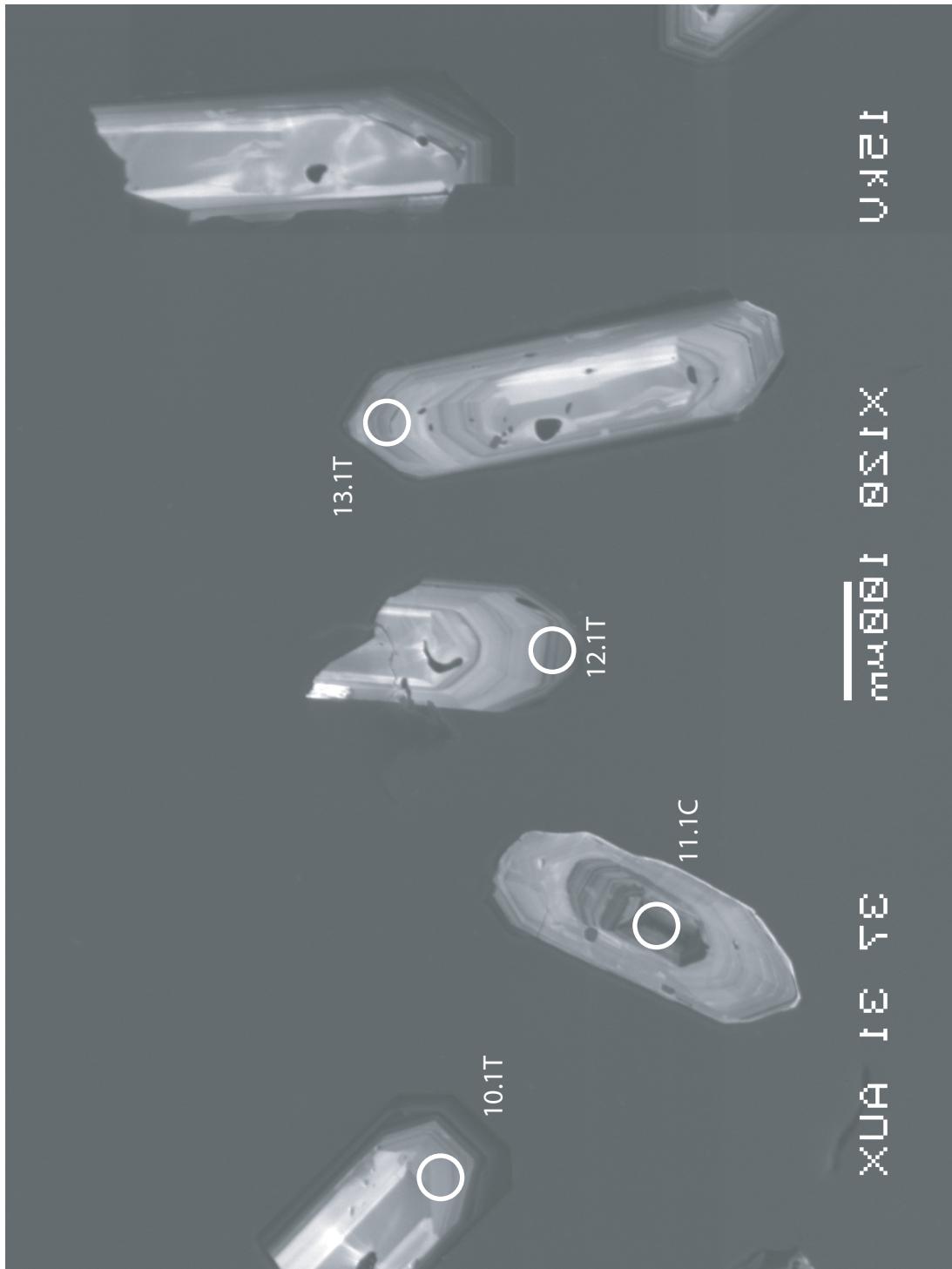
10.1T

O

O

O

O



12 kV

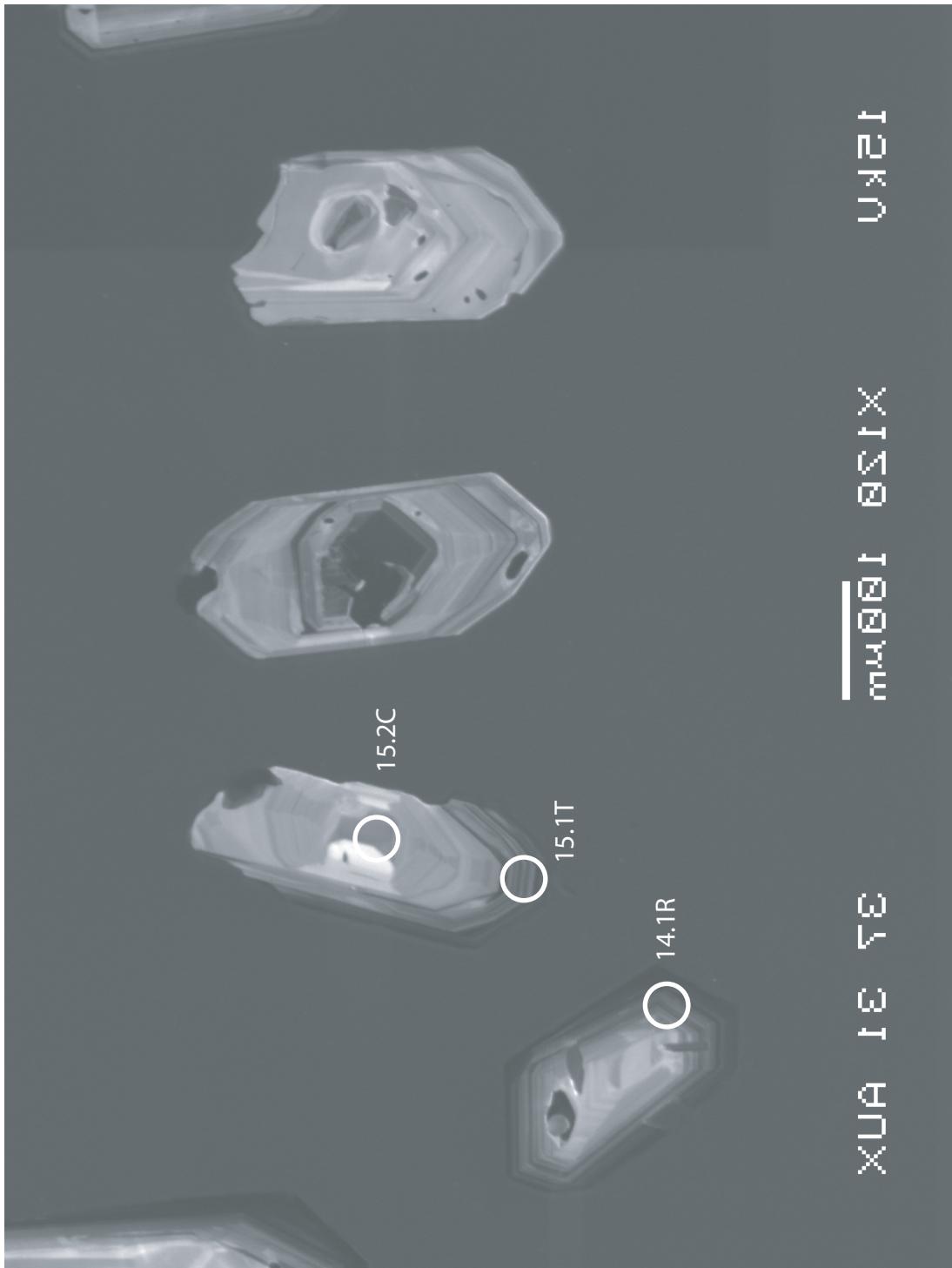
100 μm scale bar

XUA 1E 7E

15.2C

15.1T

14.1R



U2K1

mmQ1 I Q2 I X1 Z1 X

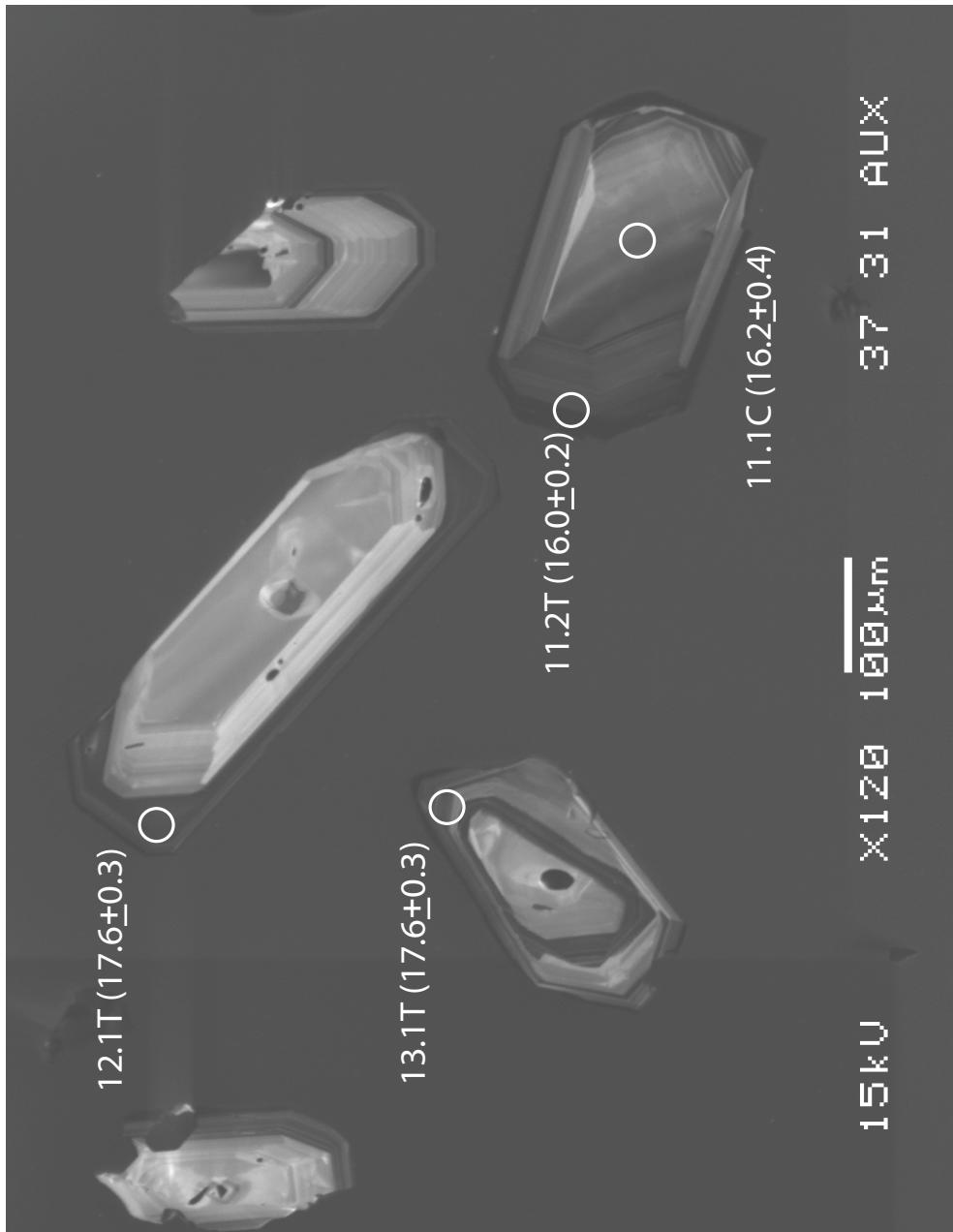
XUA13433

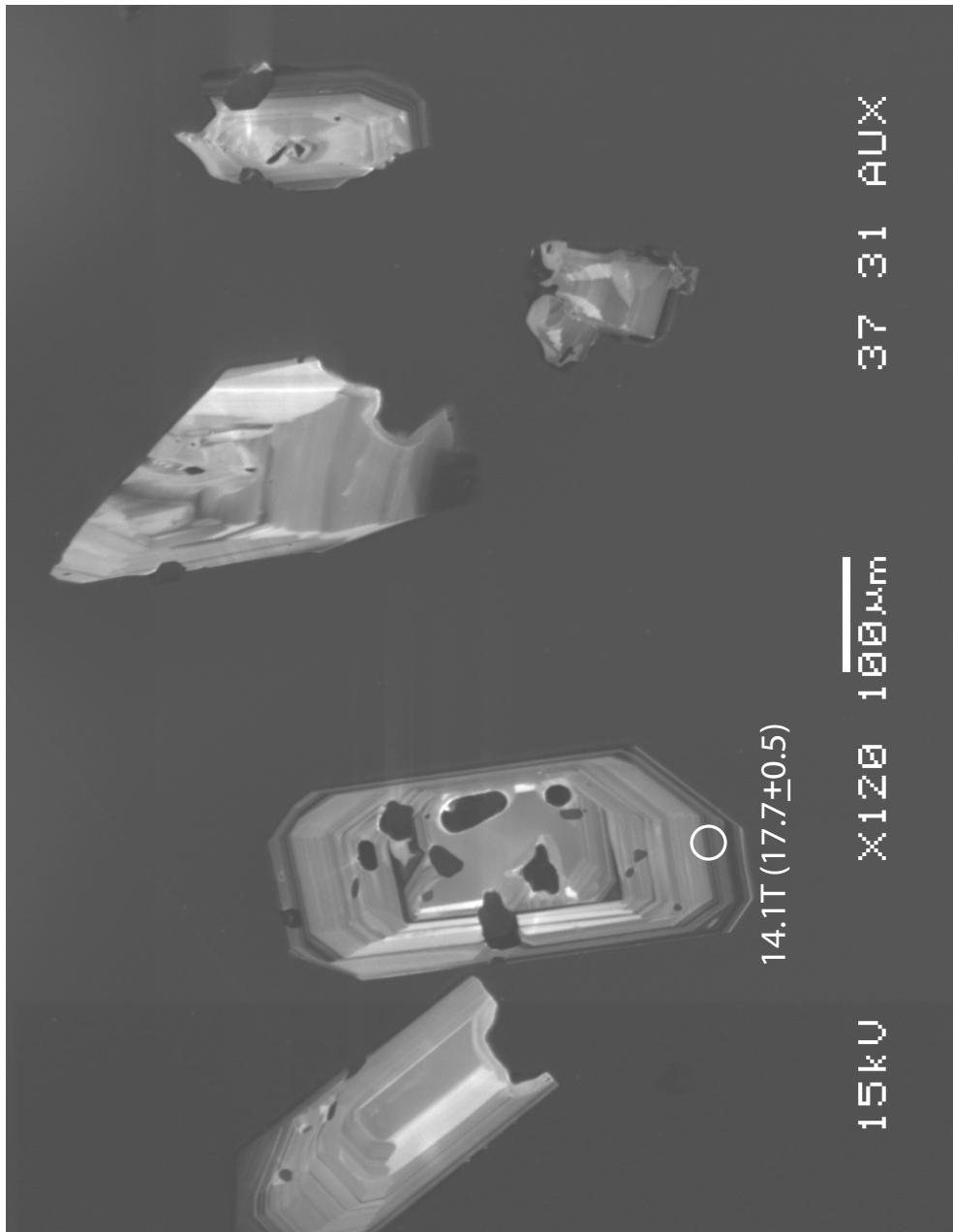
O_{16.2T}

O_{17.1T}

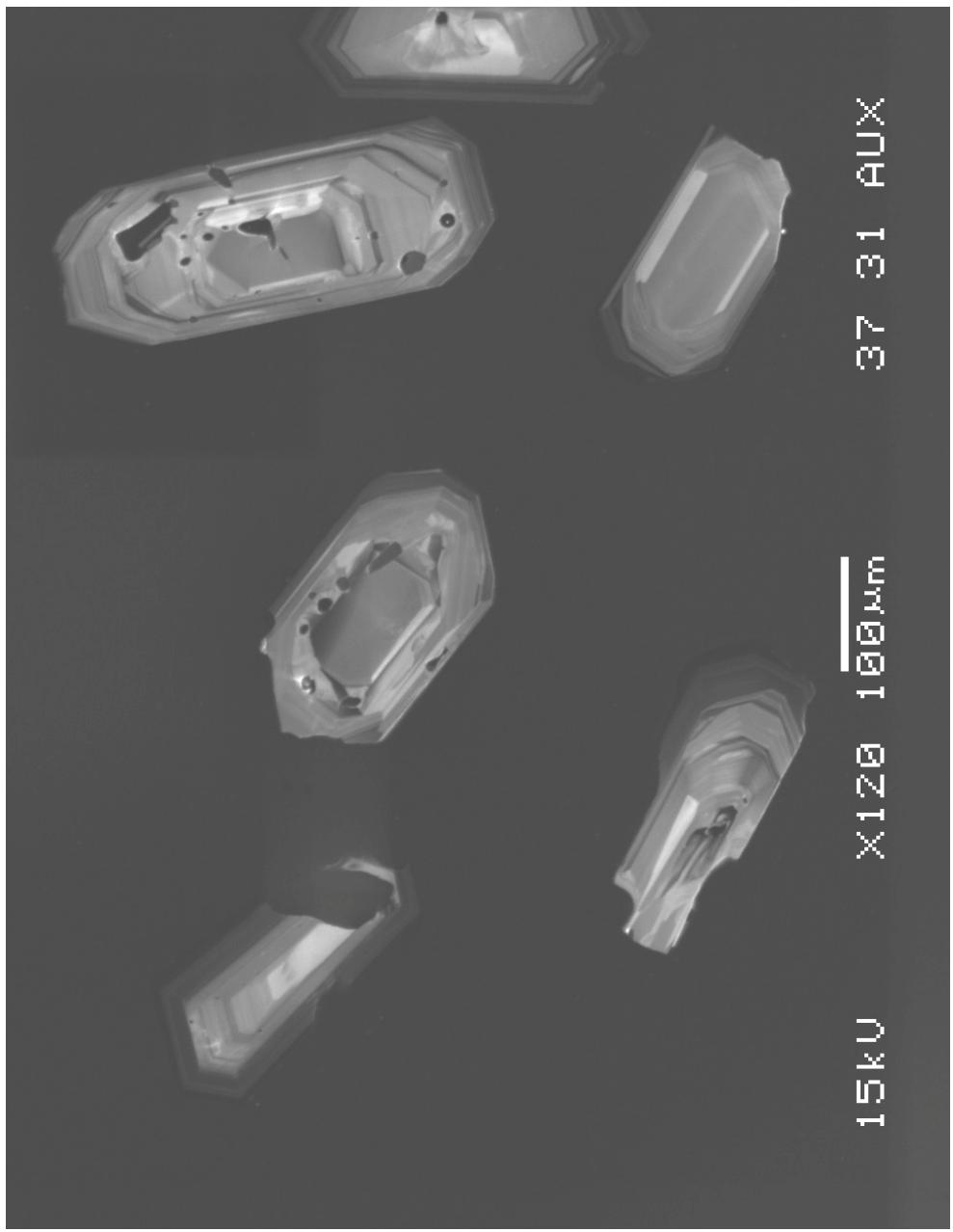
O_{18.1C}

O_{16.1C}









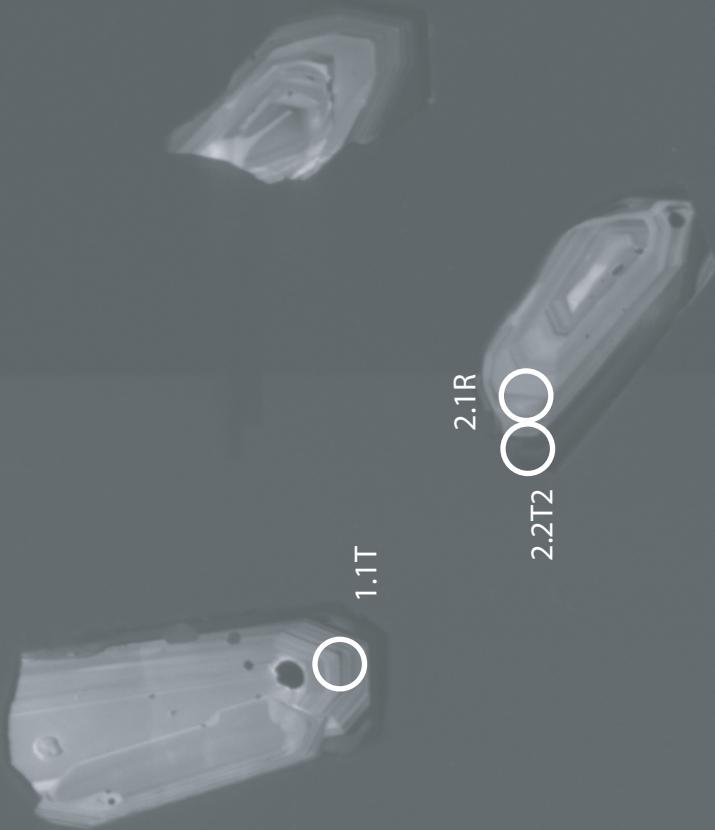
U&I

muθθI θΣΙΧ

XUA I E ΣΕ

2.1R
2.2T2

○ 1.1T



U25

X21

mμθθ1

4.2R

XUAIESE

O

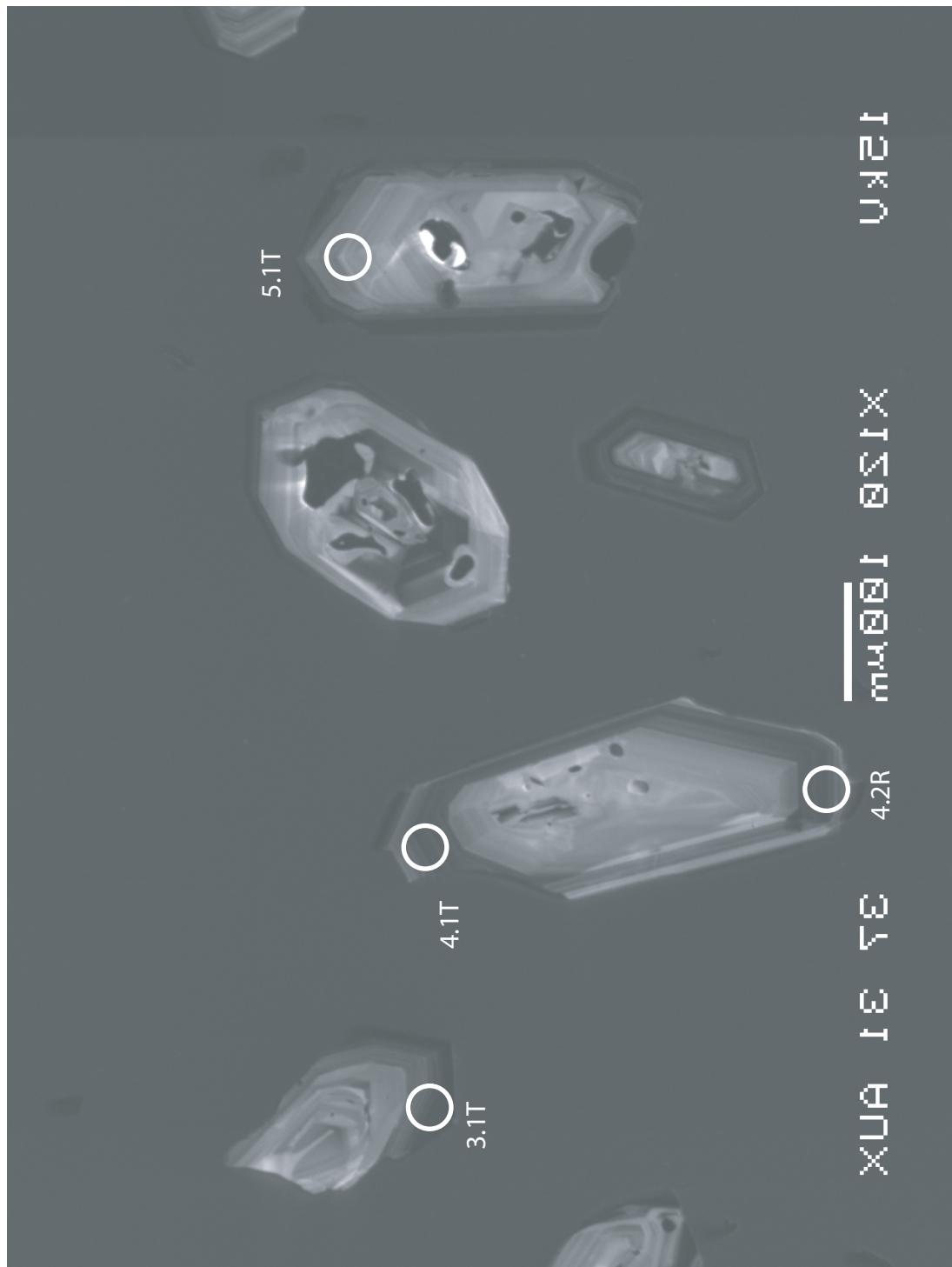
4.1T

O

3.1T

O

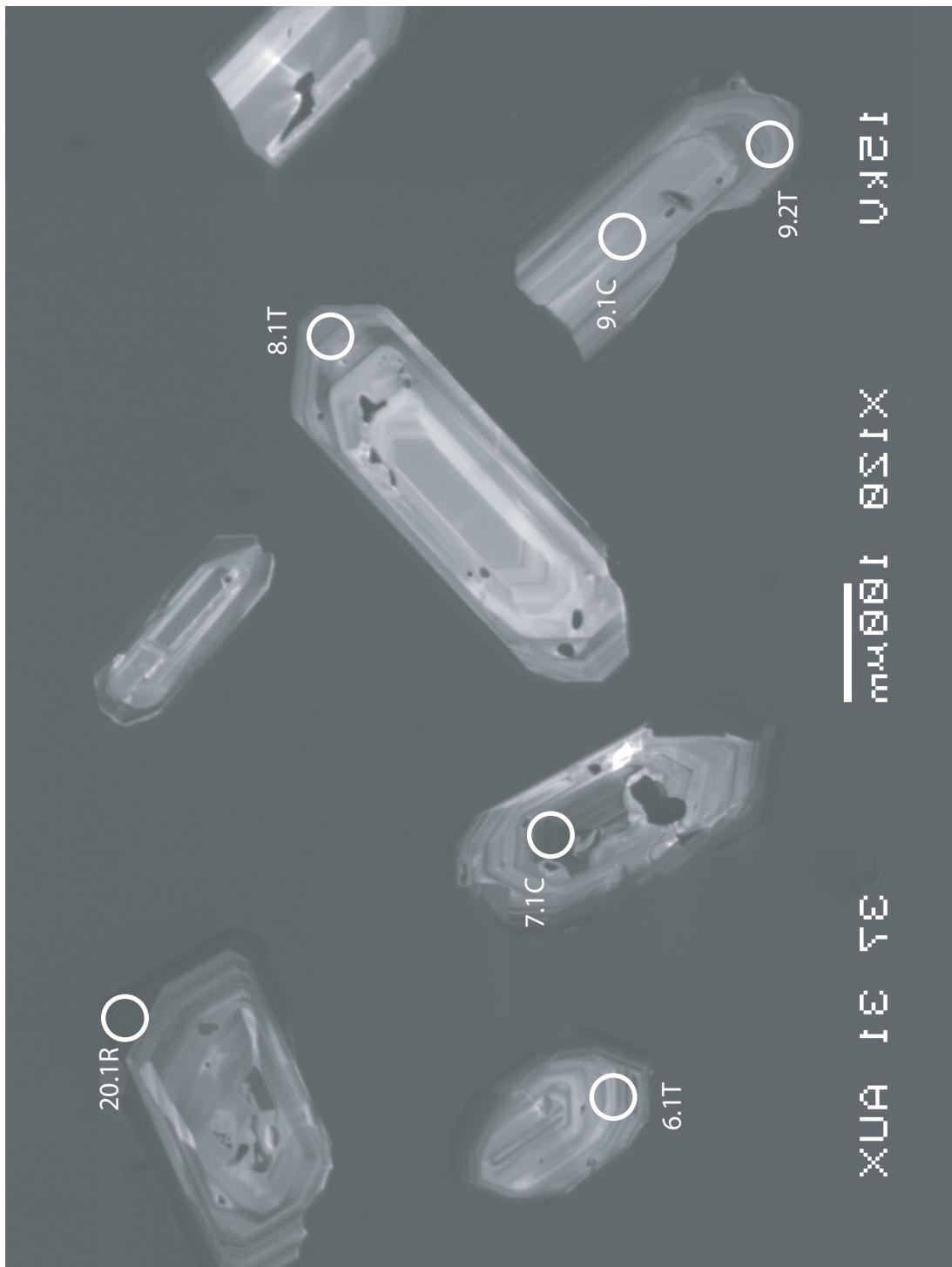
5.1T



12 kV

X120 100 μm

XUA 1S 7E

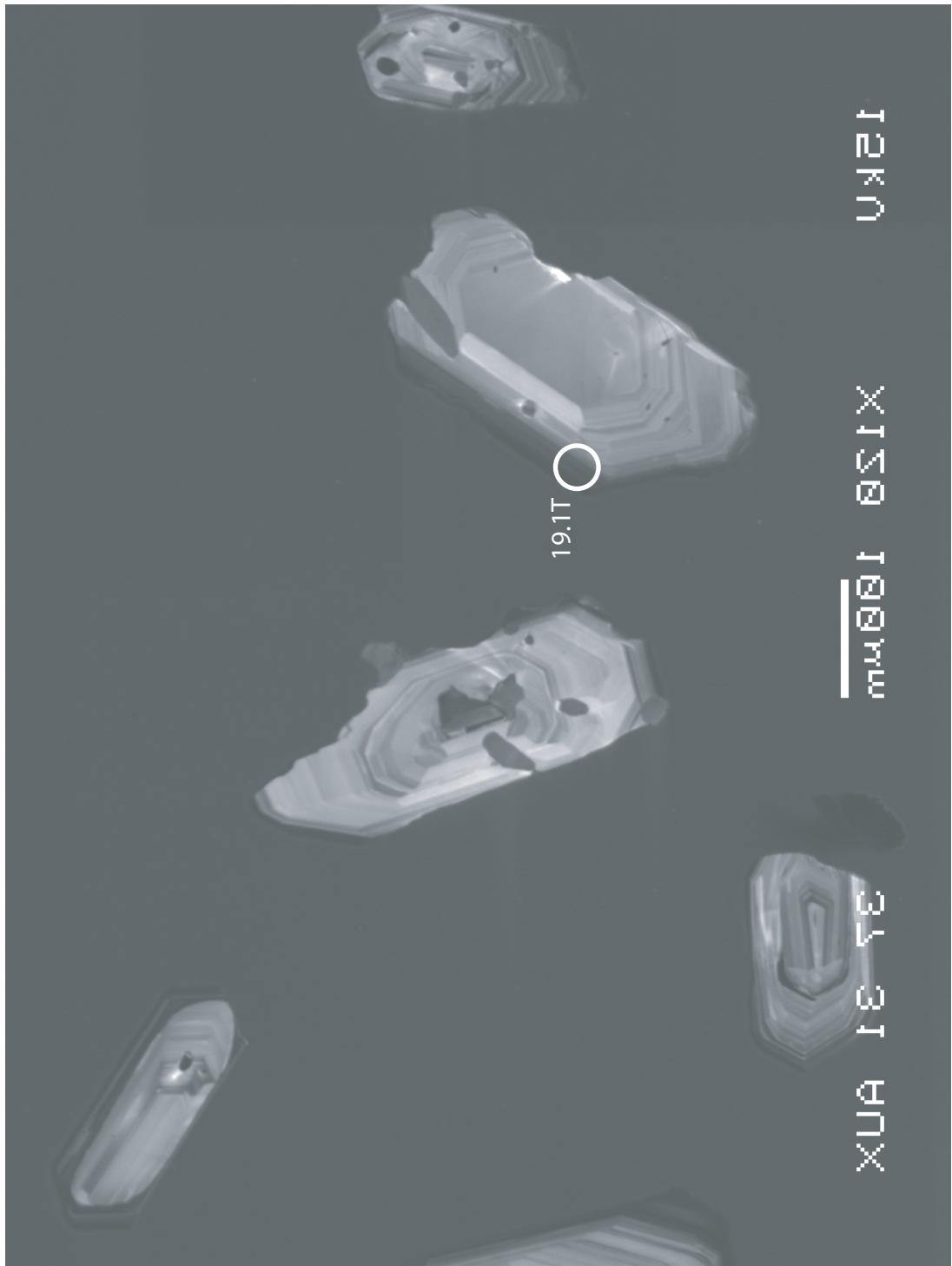


12kO

X 150 100μm

3.13 μA

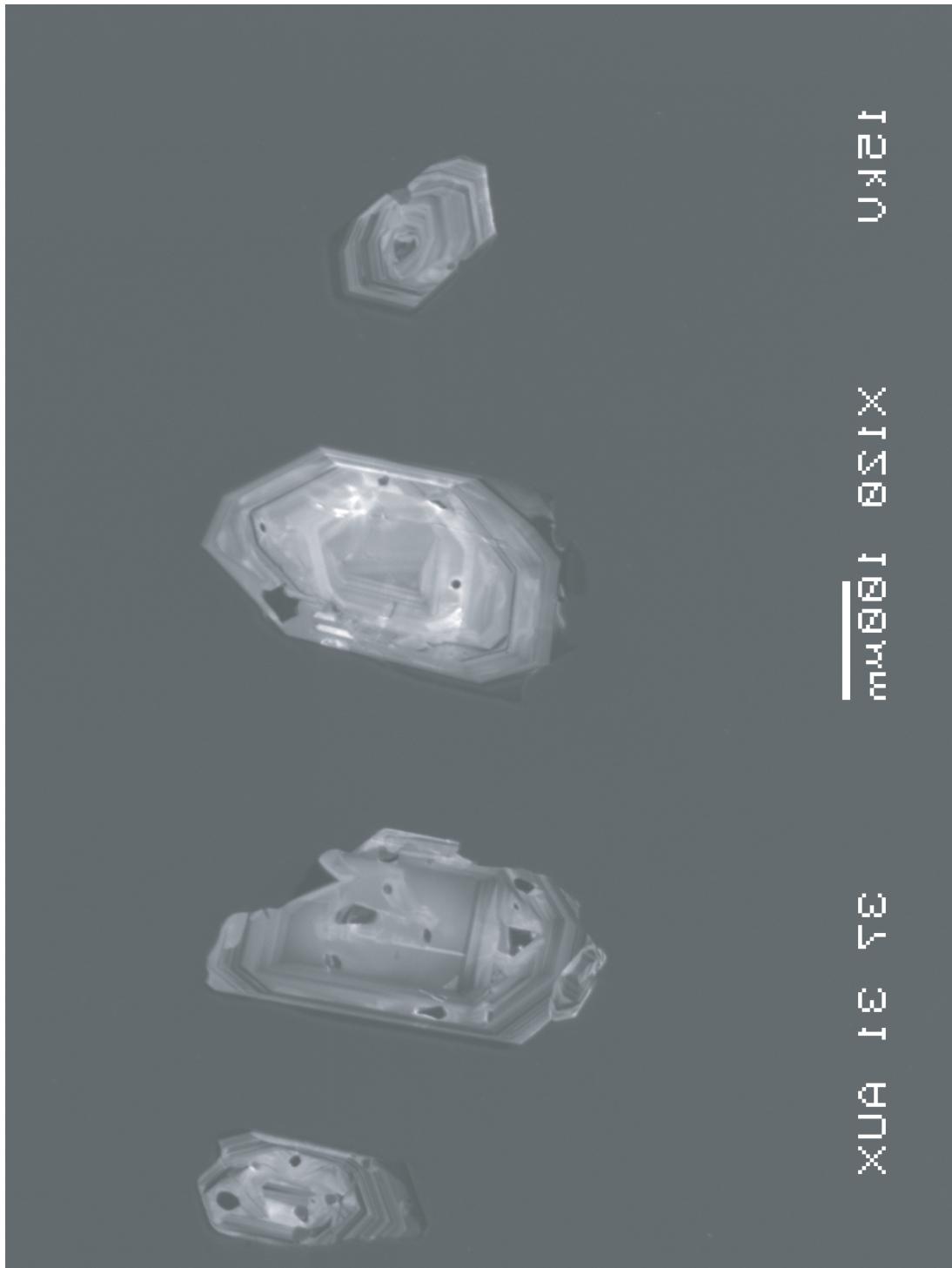
19.1T



UKEU

X121 EQU

3431 AUA



U21

$\overline{m\mu\Theta\Theta}$ 1 0 2 1 X

X U A I E T E



12kV

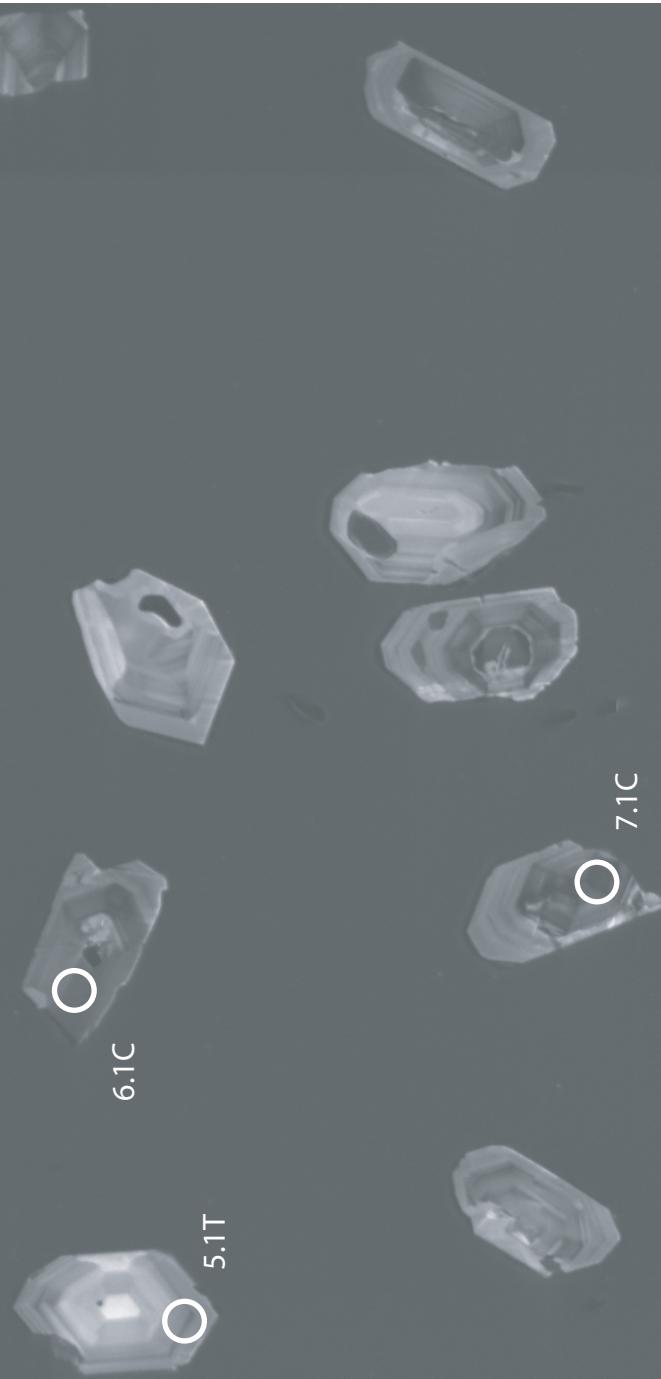
100nm
X1200

SEM AUA 31

5.1T

6.1C

7.1C

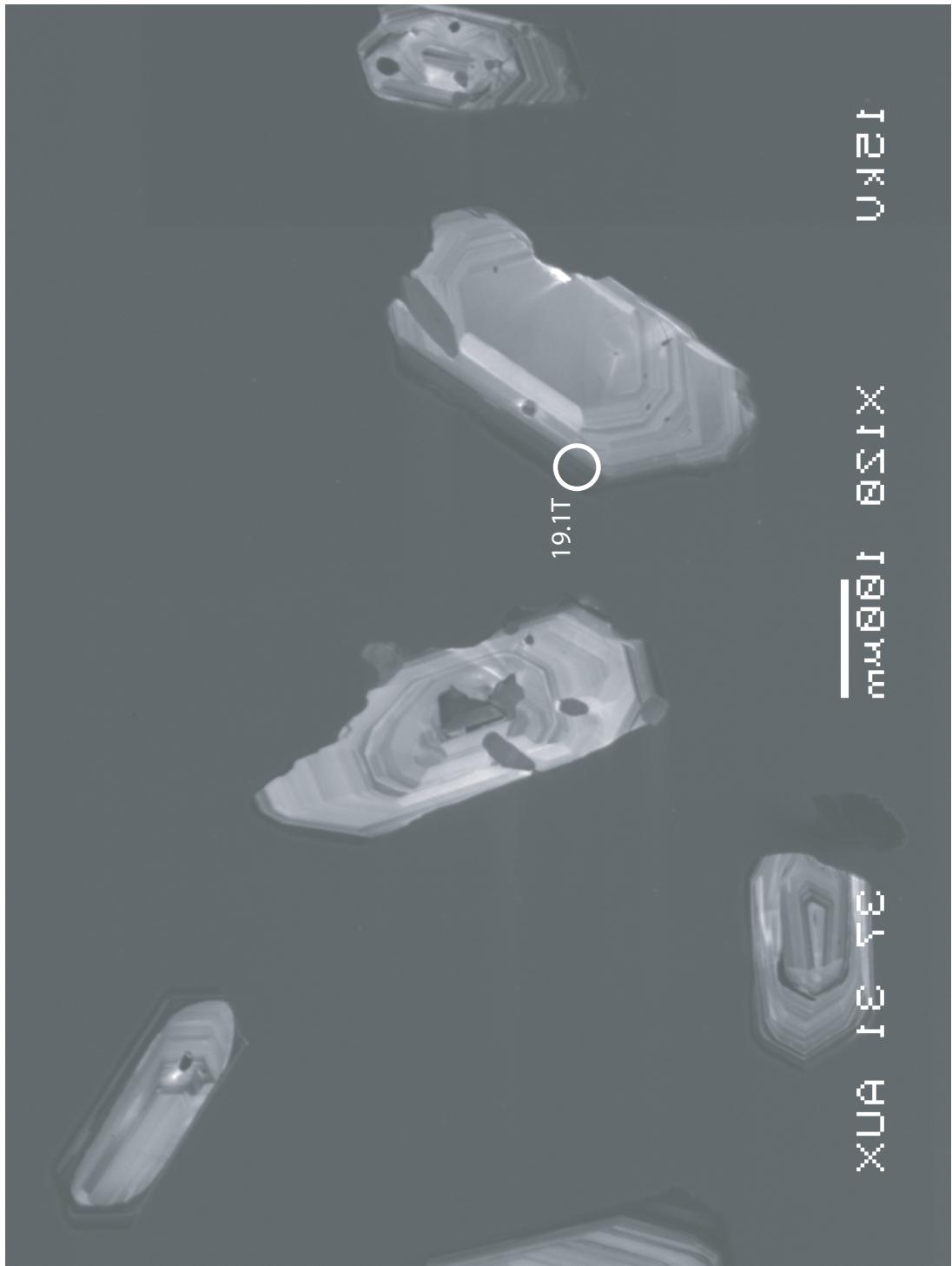


12kO

X 150 100μm

3.13 μA

19.1T



U_{K2}O

X₁₂B₂O₁₁Ge₂W₂

X₃₄Si₃₁Al₂

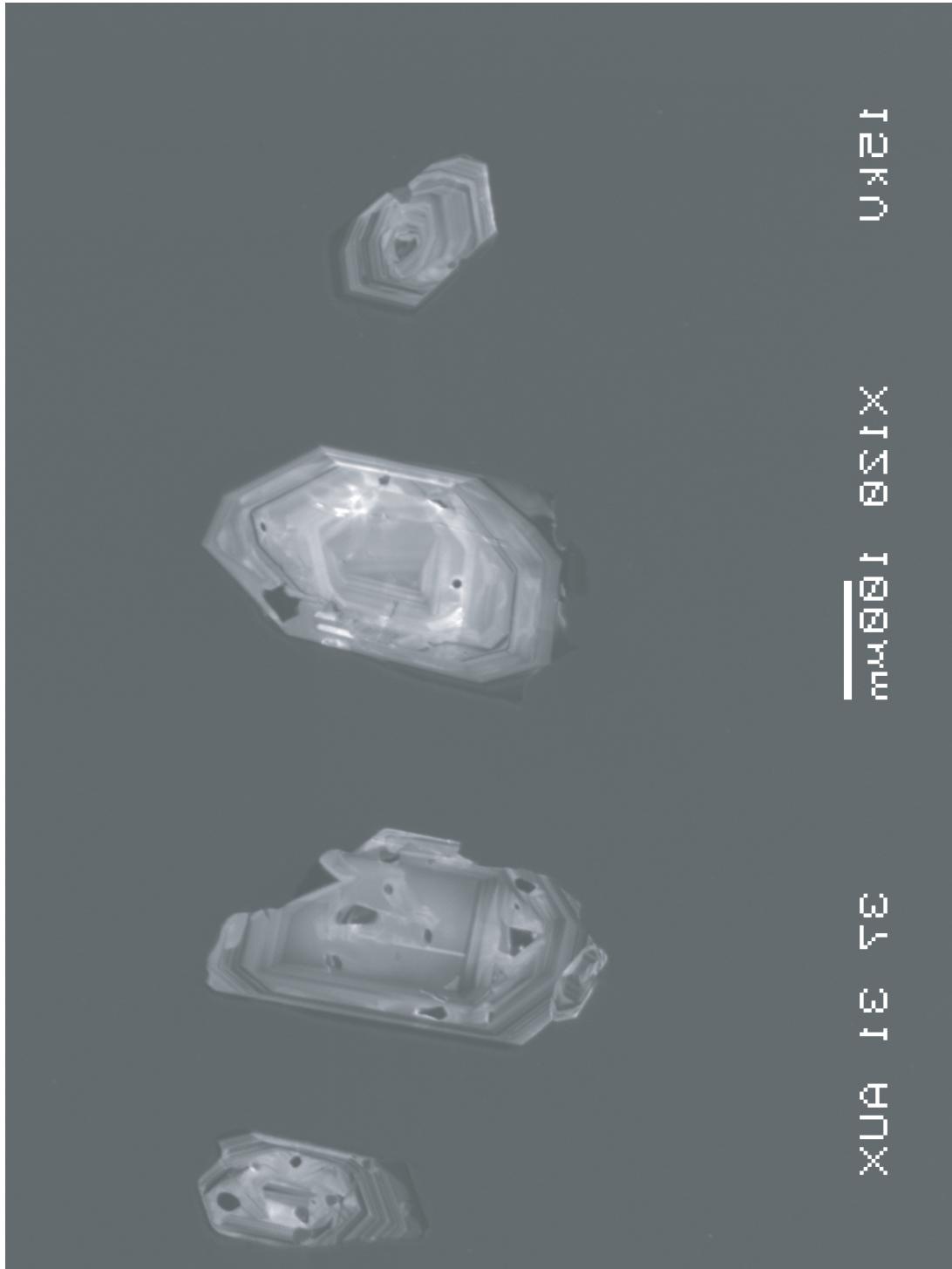


Figure C3:

Cathodoluminsecence images of zircons from sample SML59z with spots from
U-Pb SHRIMP-RG analyses marked

U21

mμθθ1 θΣ1X

XUA I E Tε

O 4.1R

O 3.1C

O 2.1T

O 1.1T

12kV

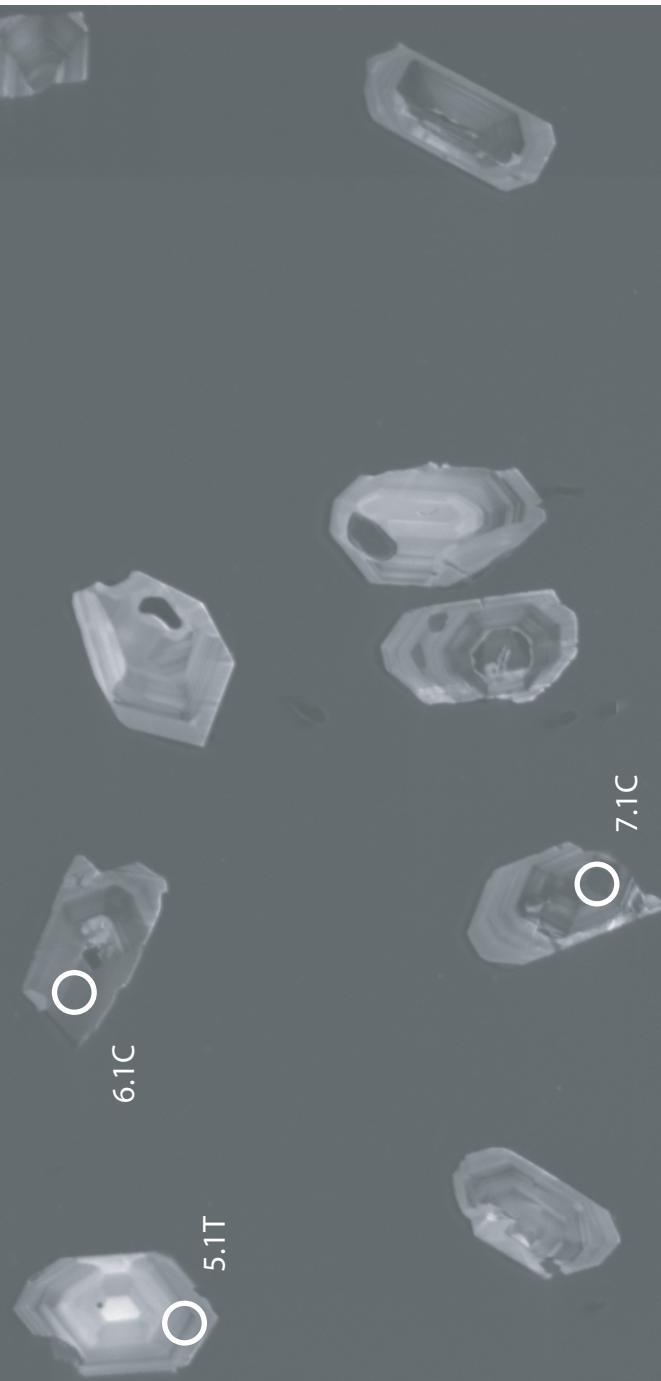
100nm
×1200

SEM AUA 31 32 X

5.1T

6.1C

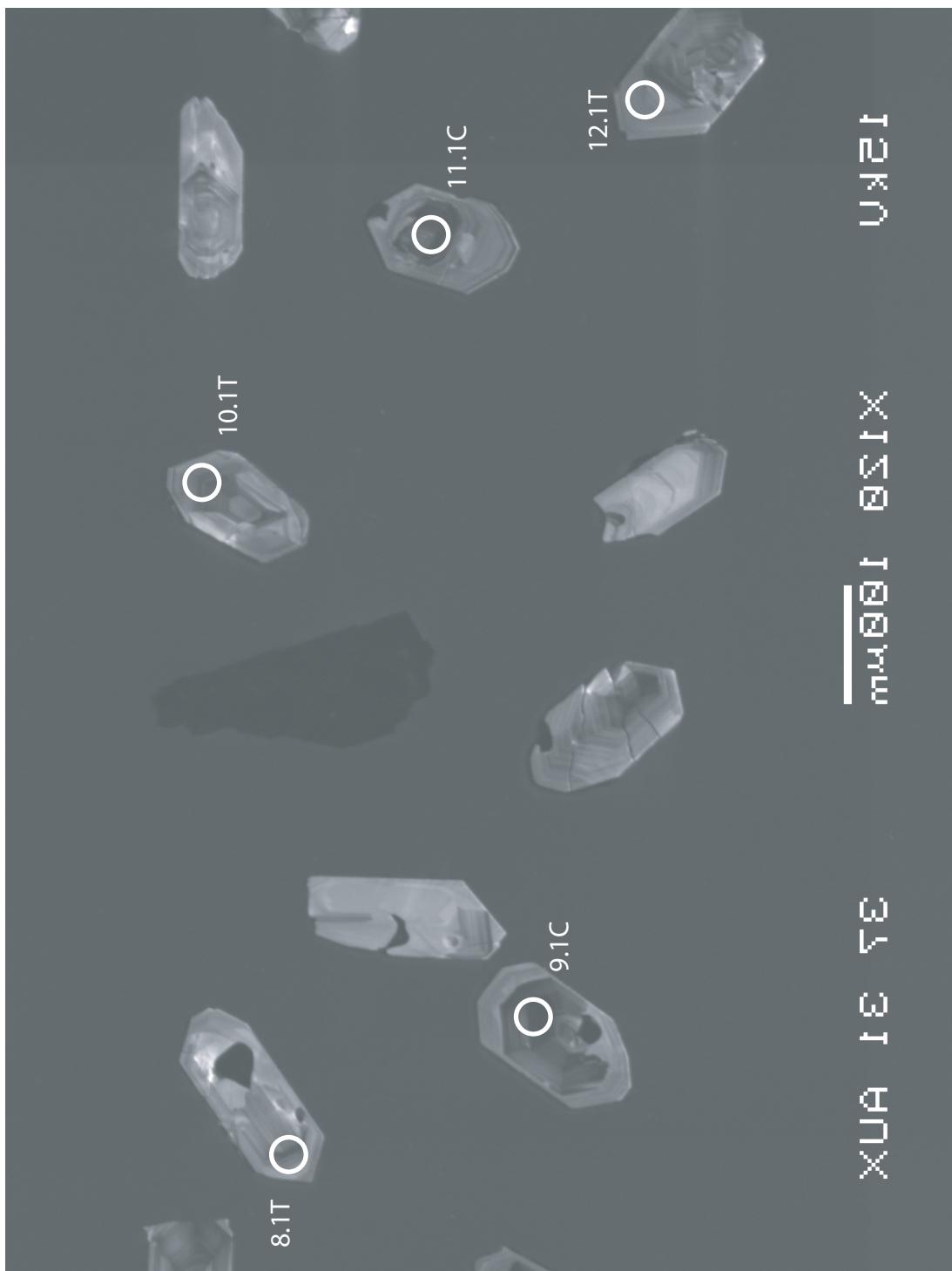
7.1C



12 kV

100 nm
12.5 kV

XUA 13 73



12.1

X121

mmθθ1

XUA 1ε 7ε

16.1T

15.1C

14.1C

13.2C

13.1T



12 kV

×120 100 μm

XUA 13 73

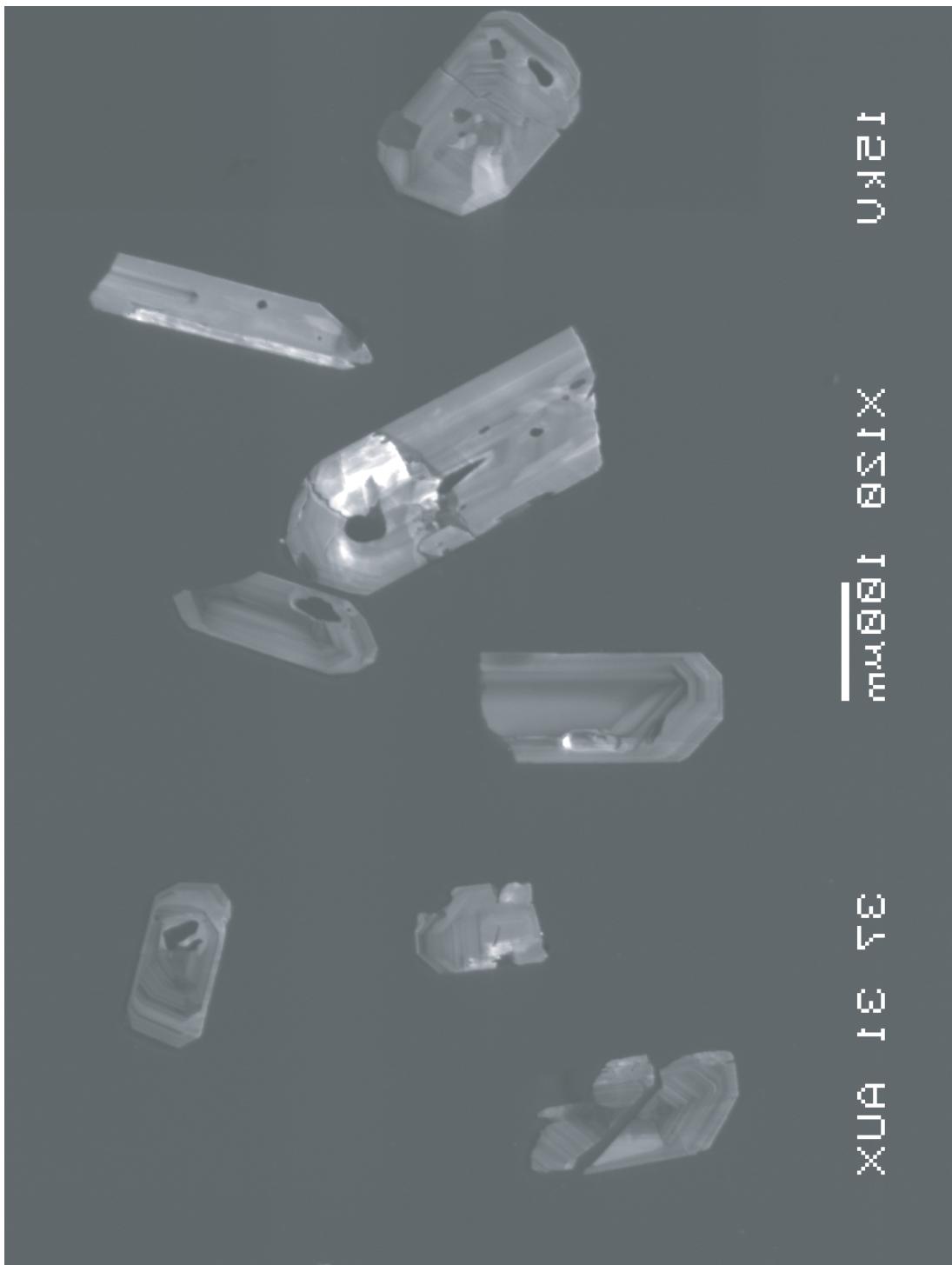
O 17.1C

O 18.1T

12kV

X1200 16μm

3431AUA



122U

X12801
mm

3431AUX

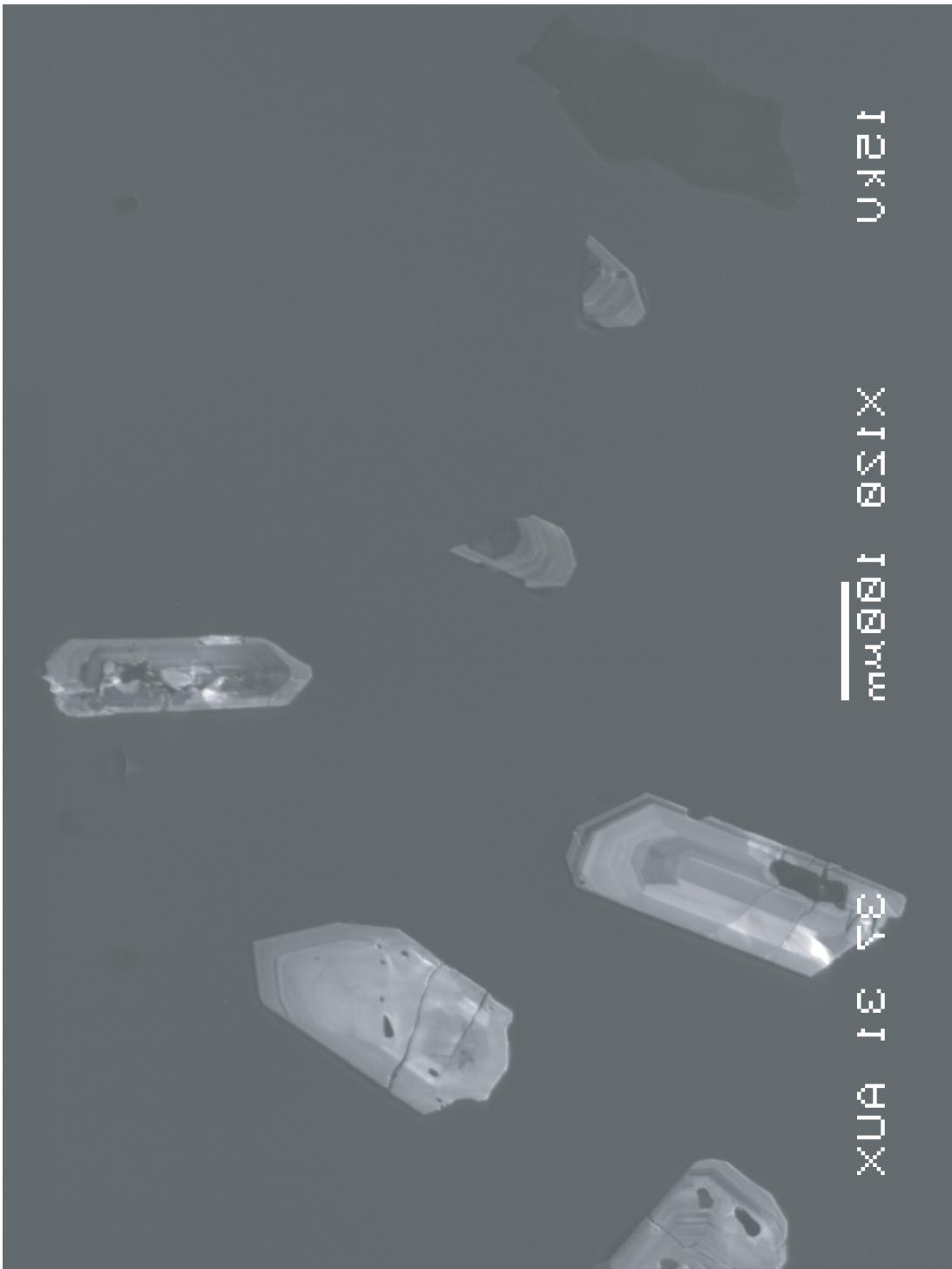
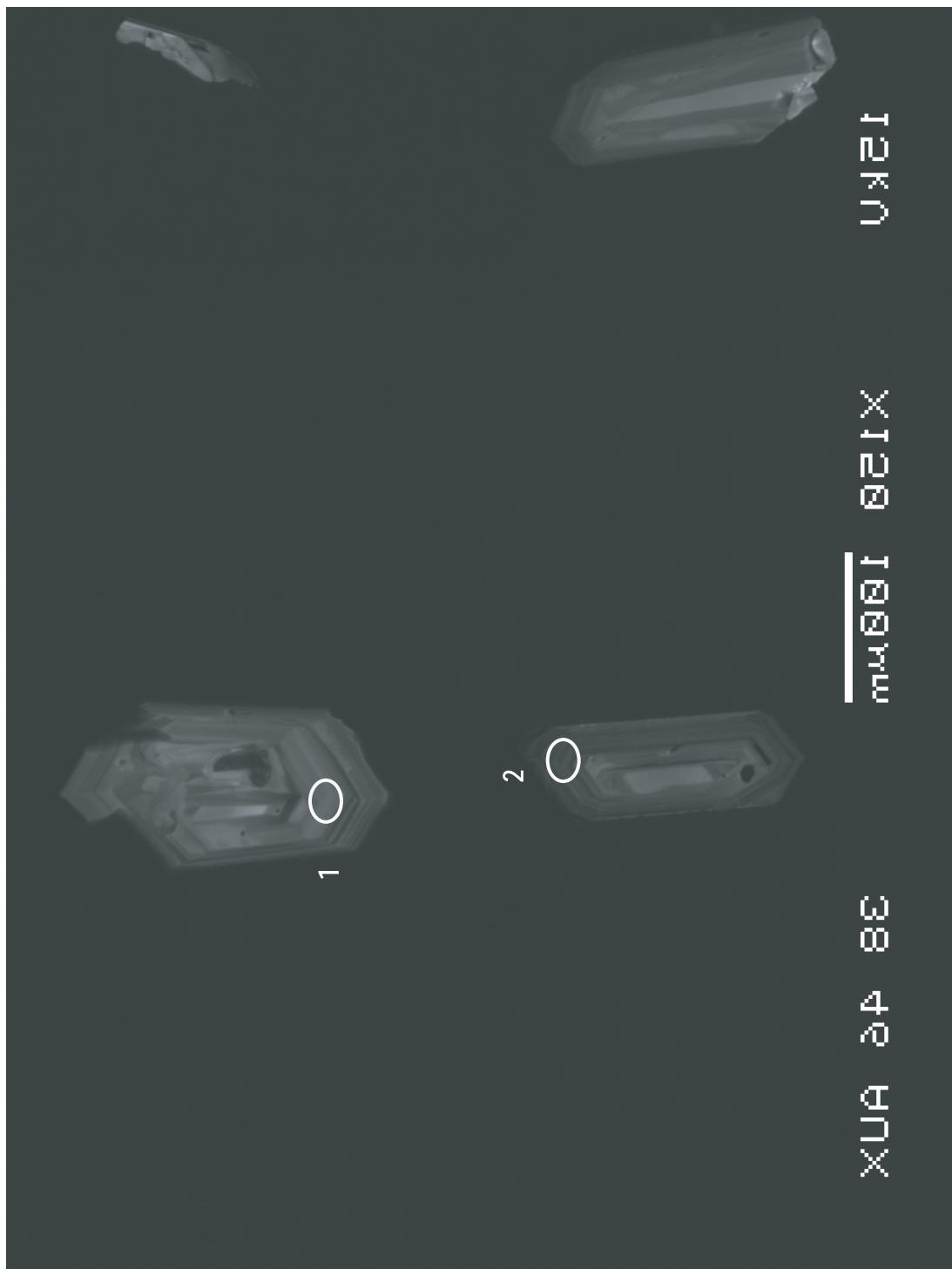
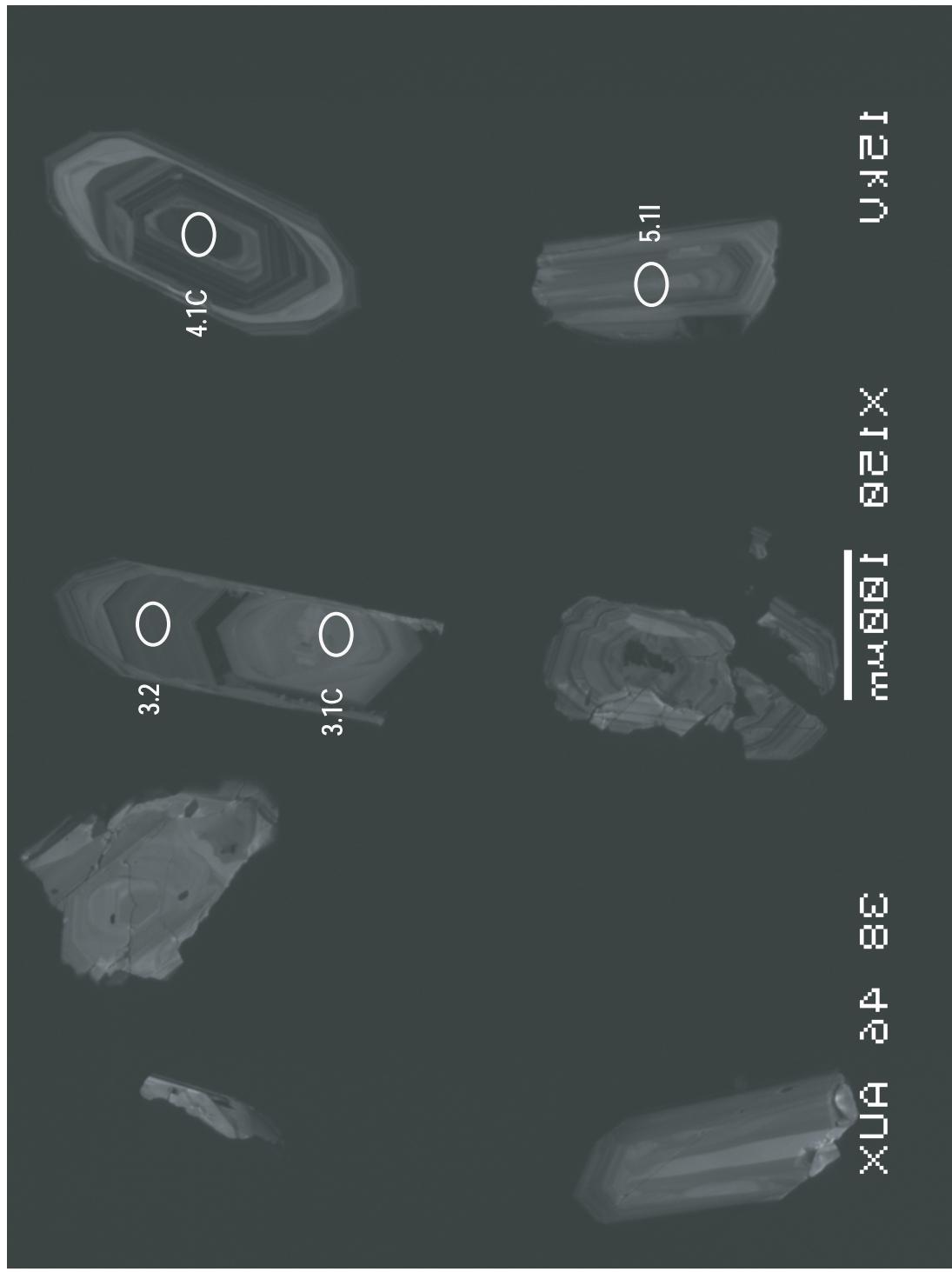
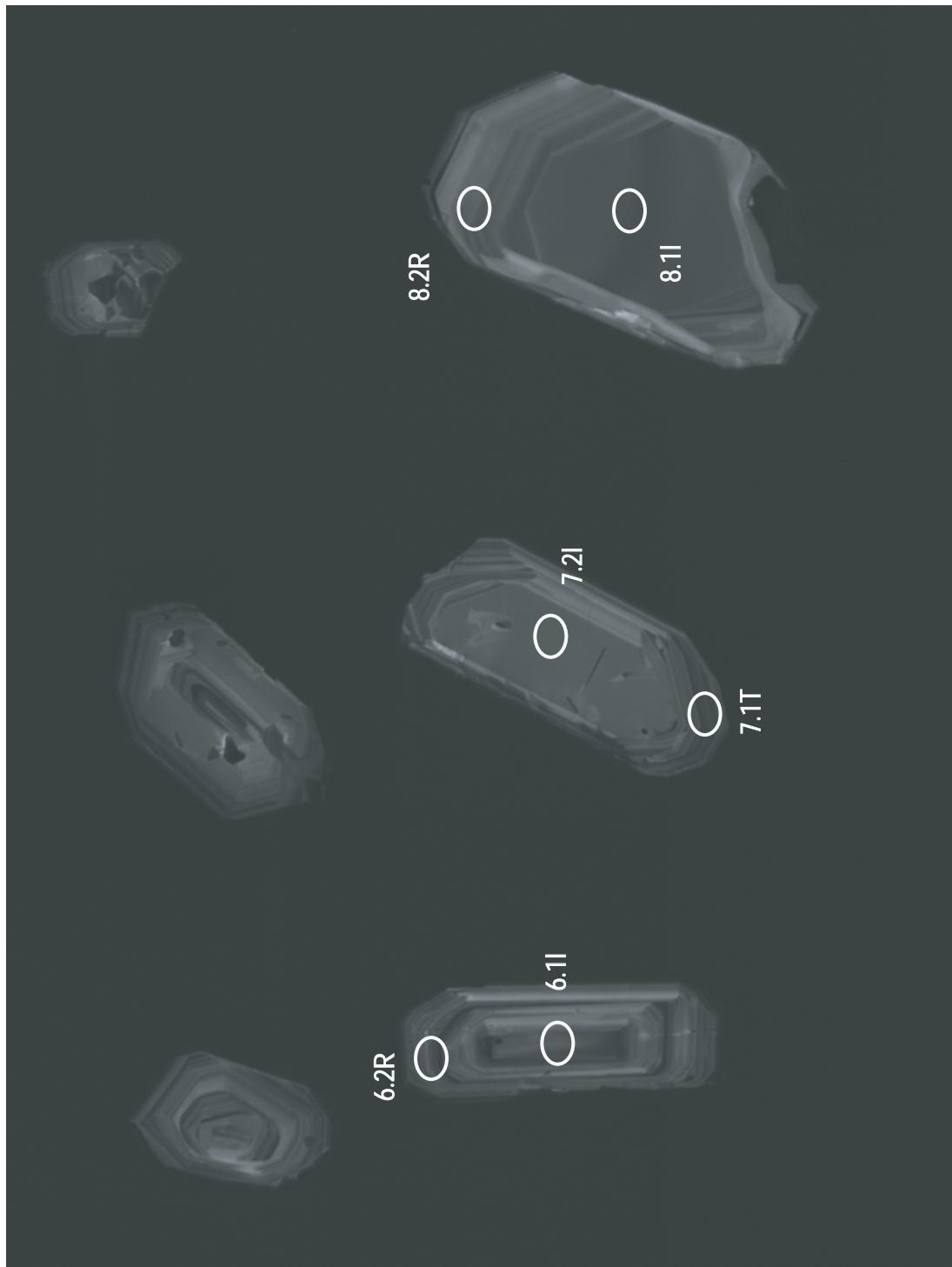


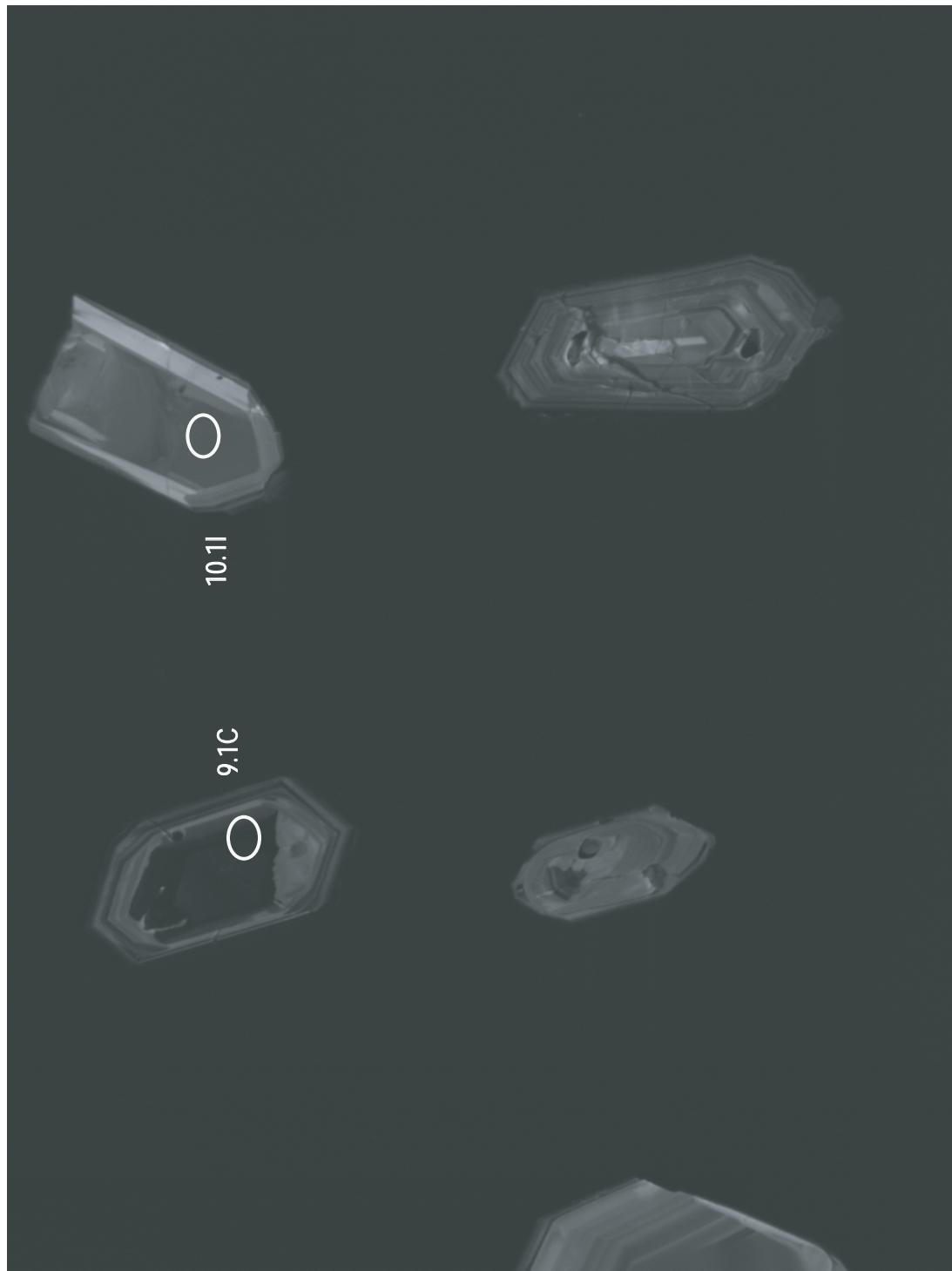
Figure C4:

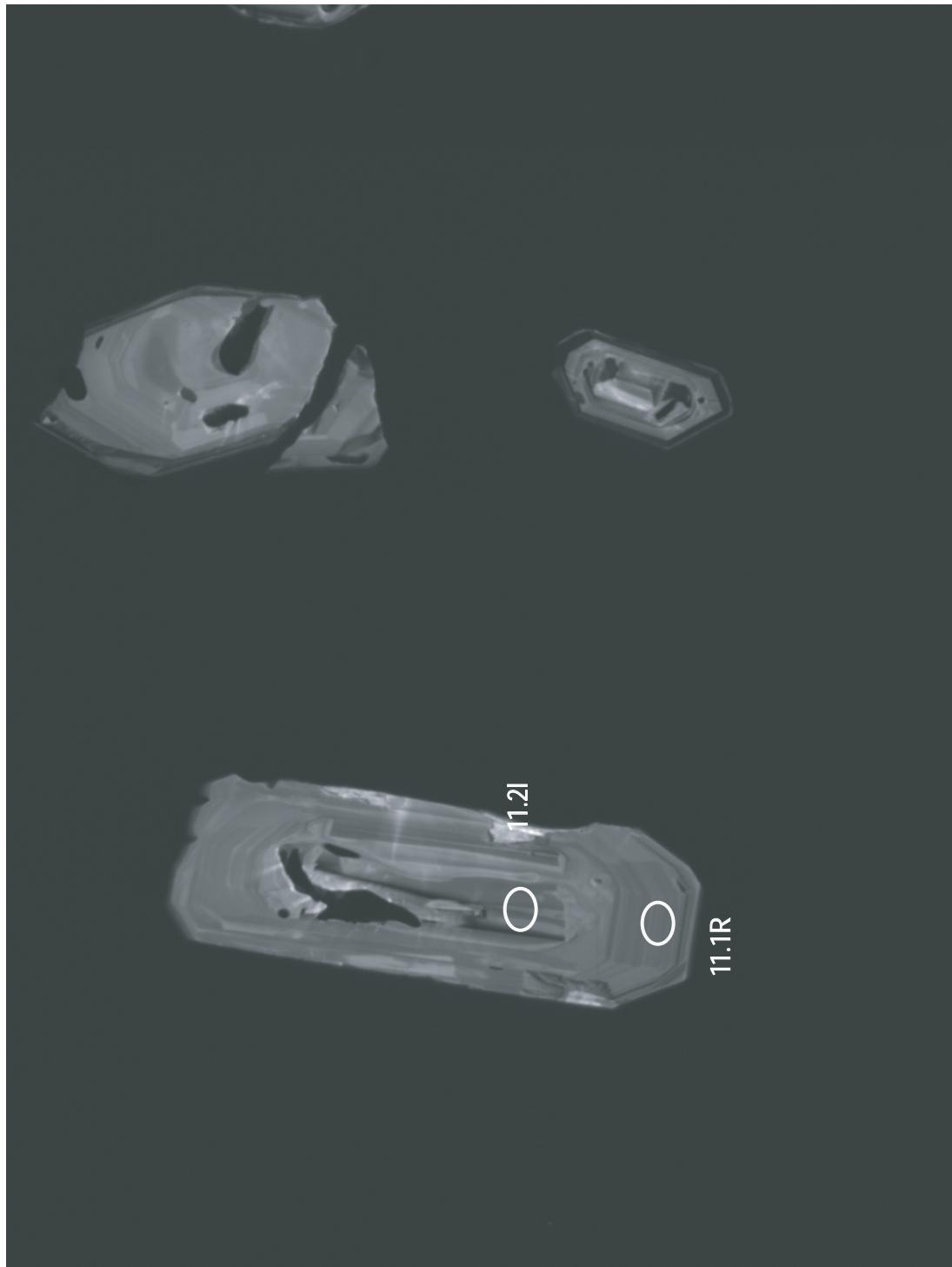
Cathodoluminsecence images of zircons from sample SML120z with spots from
U-Pb SHRIMP-RG analyses marked







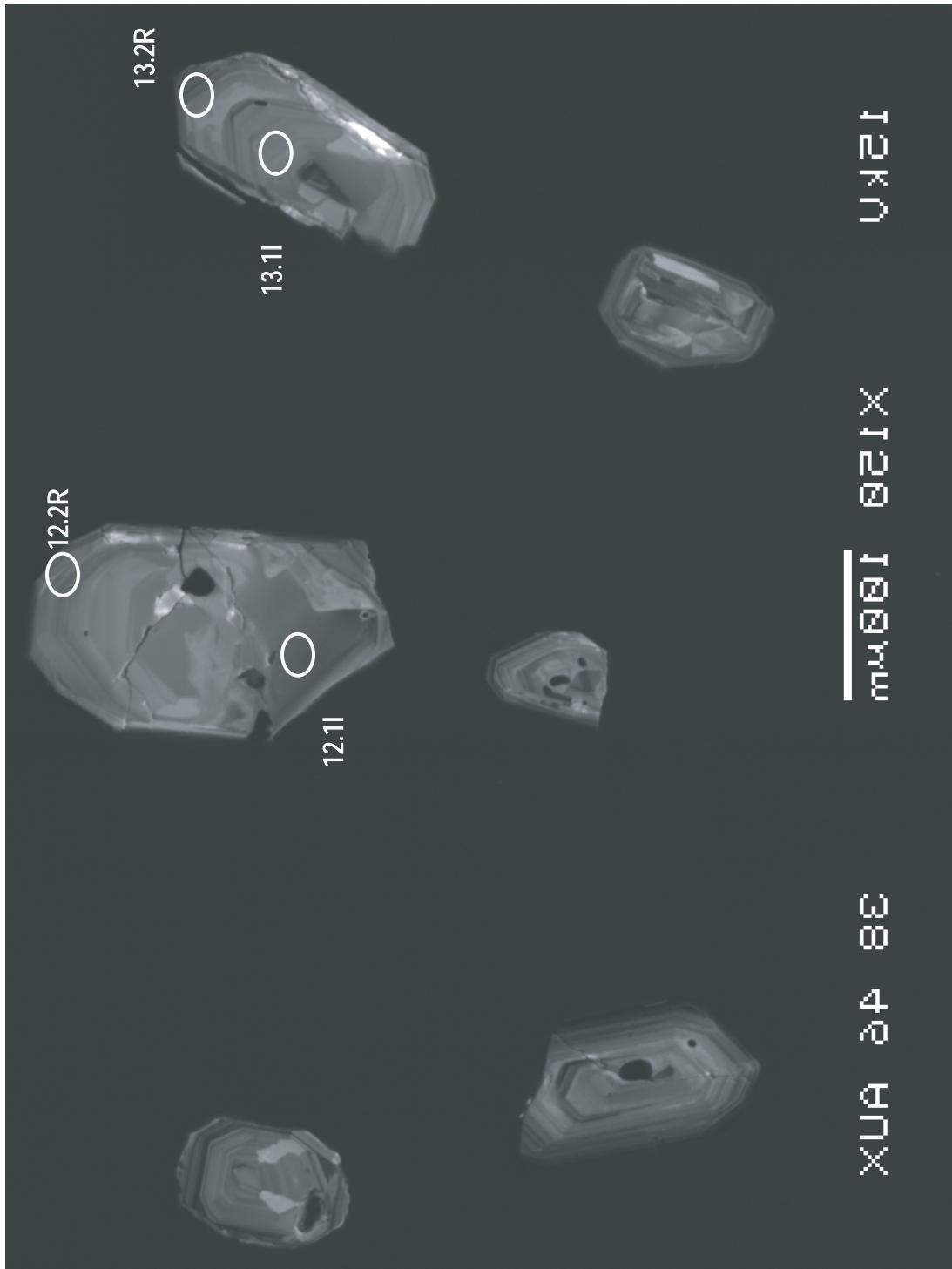




U21

126 821 X

XUA 24 88

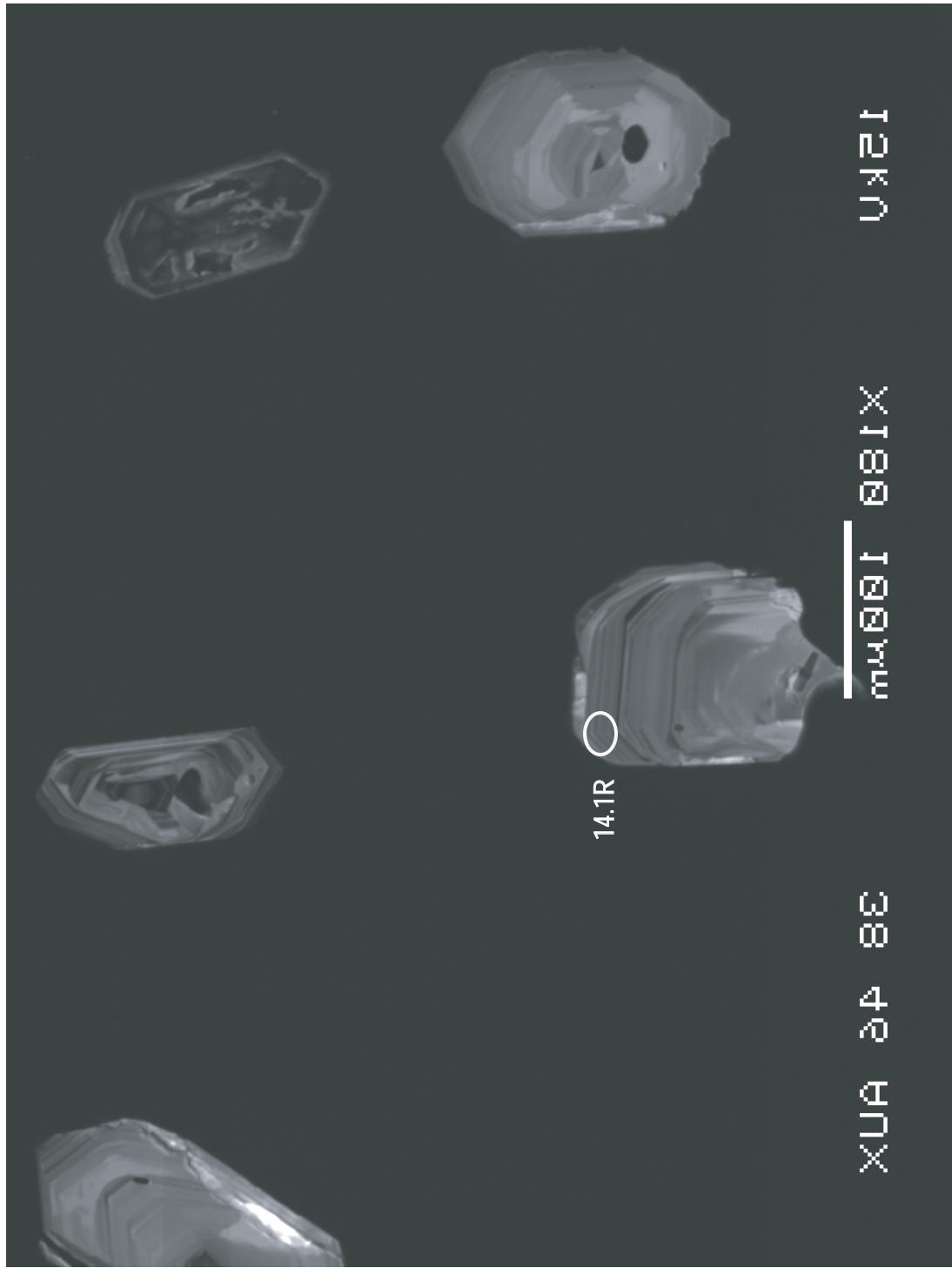


127

μm. 801 881 ×

×UA 24 82

14.1R ○

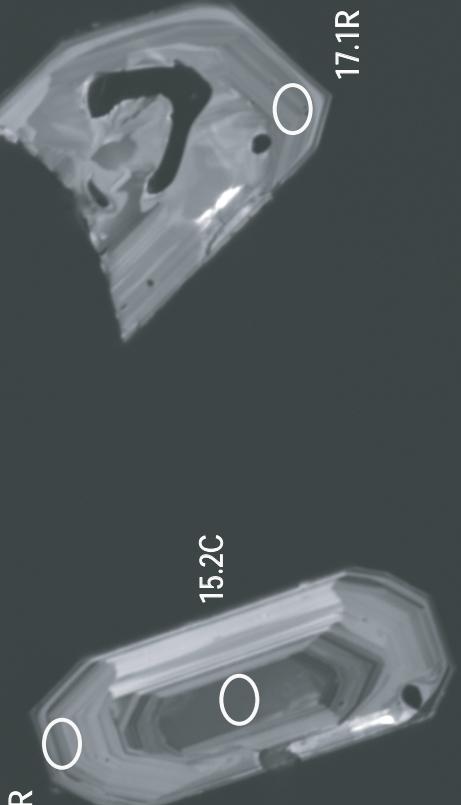
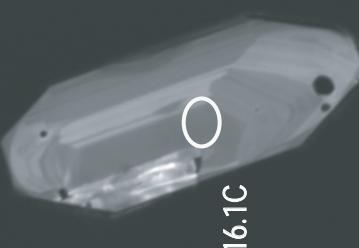


UKEI

EXPLANATION

XUA D4 8E

μm scale



15.1R

15.2C

17.1R

129

129 X 129 μm

83 24 24 X

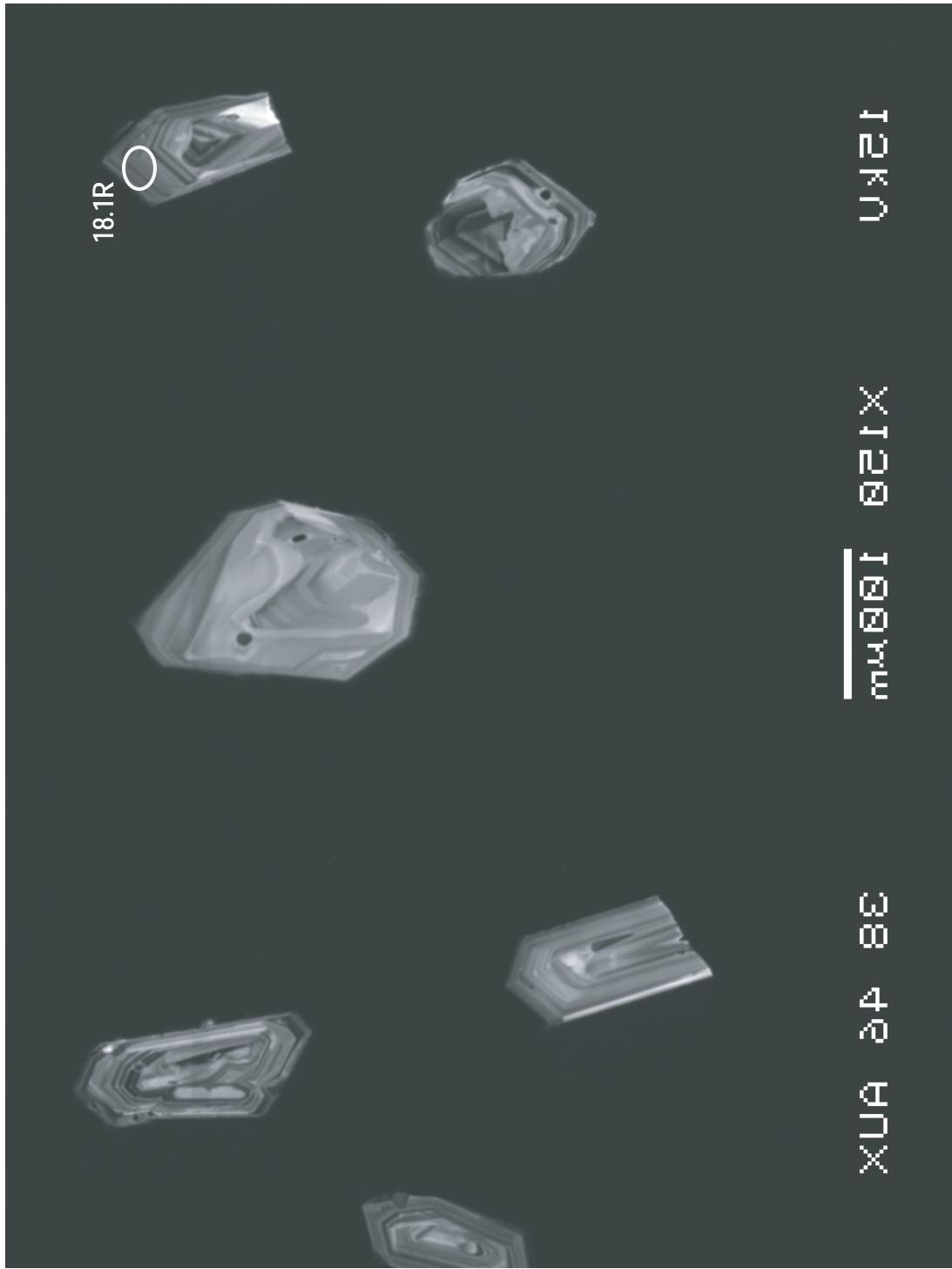


Figure C5:

Cathodoluminsecence images of zircons from sample SML129z with spots from
U-Pb SHRIMP-RG analyses marked

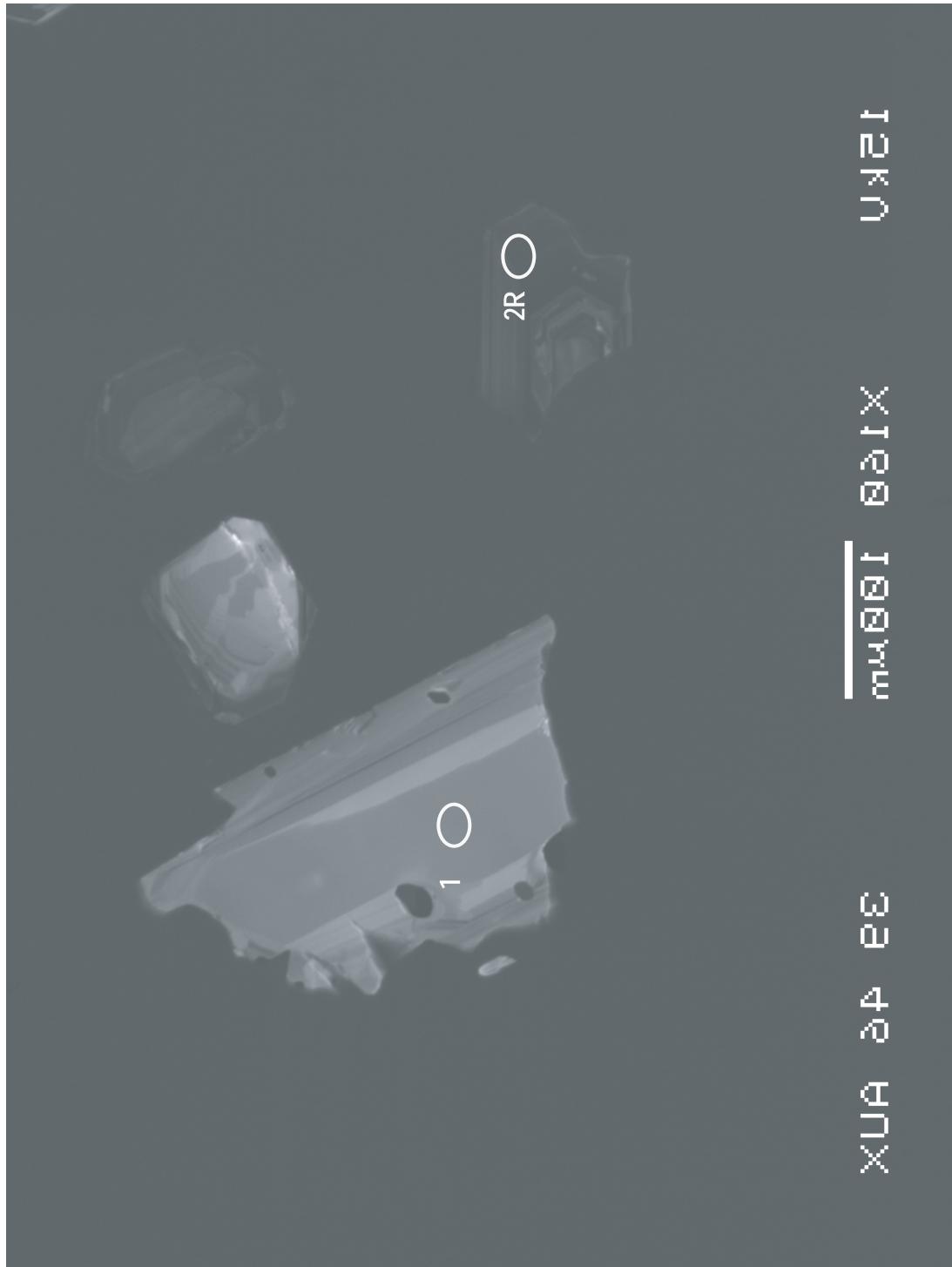
12 kV

× 100 100 μm

XUA 24 28

2R O

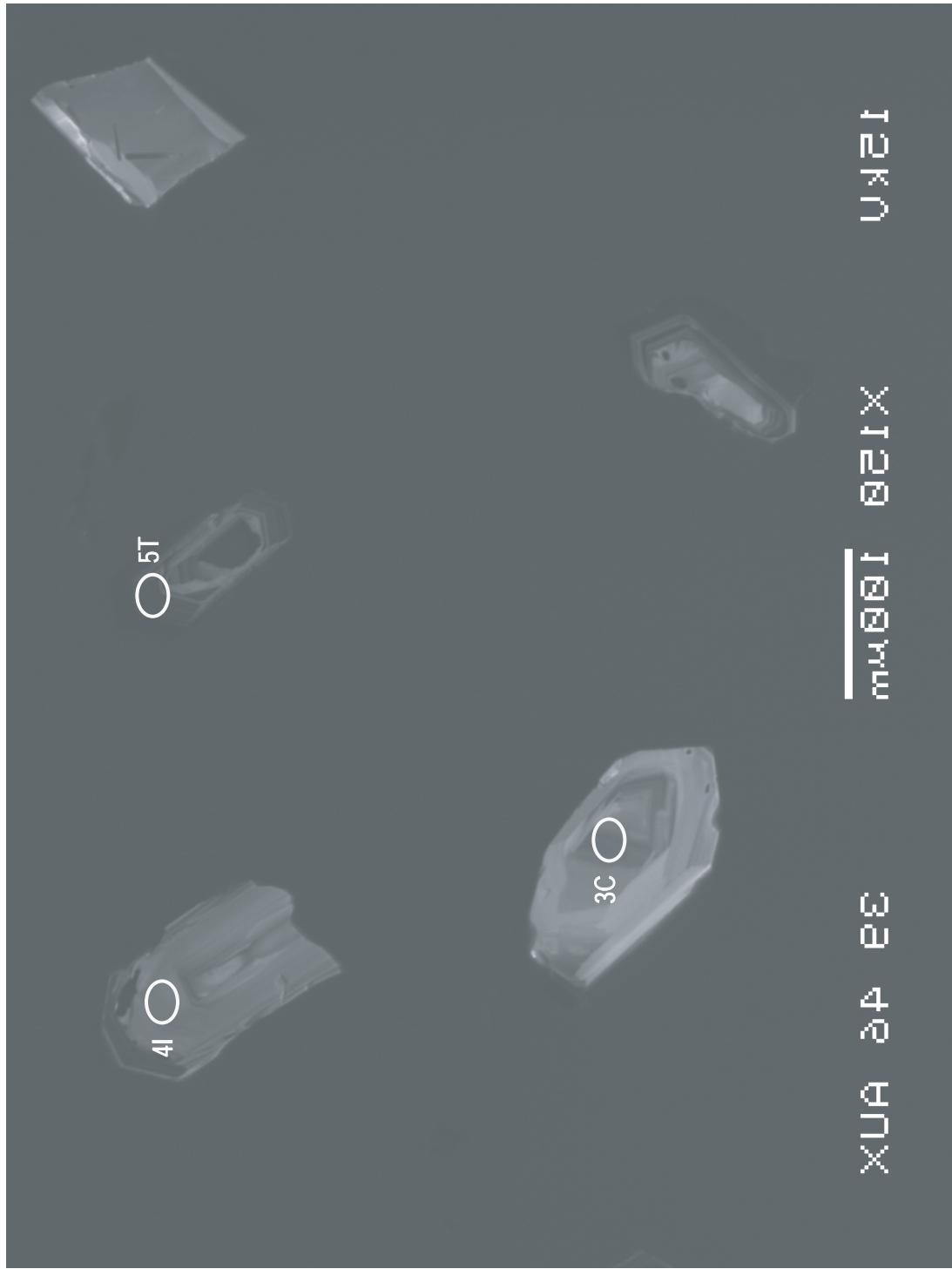
1 O

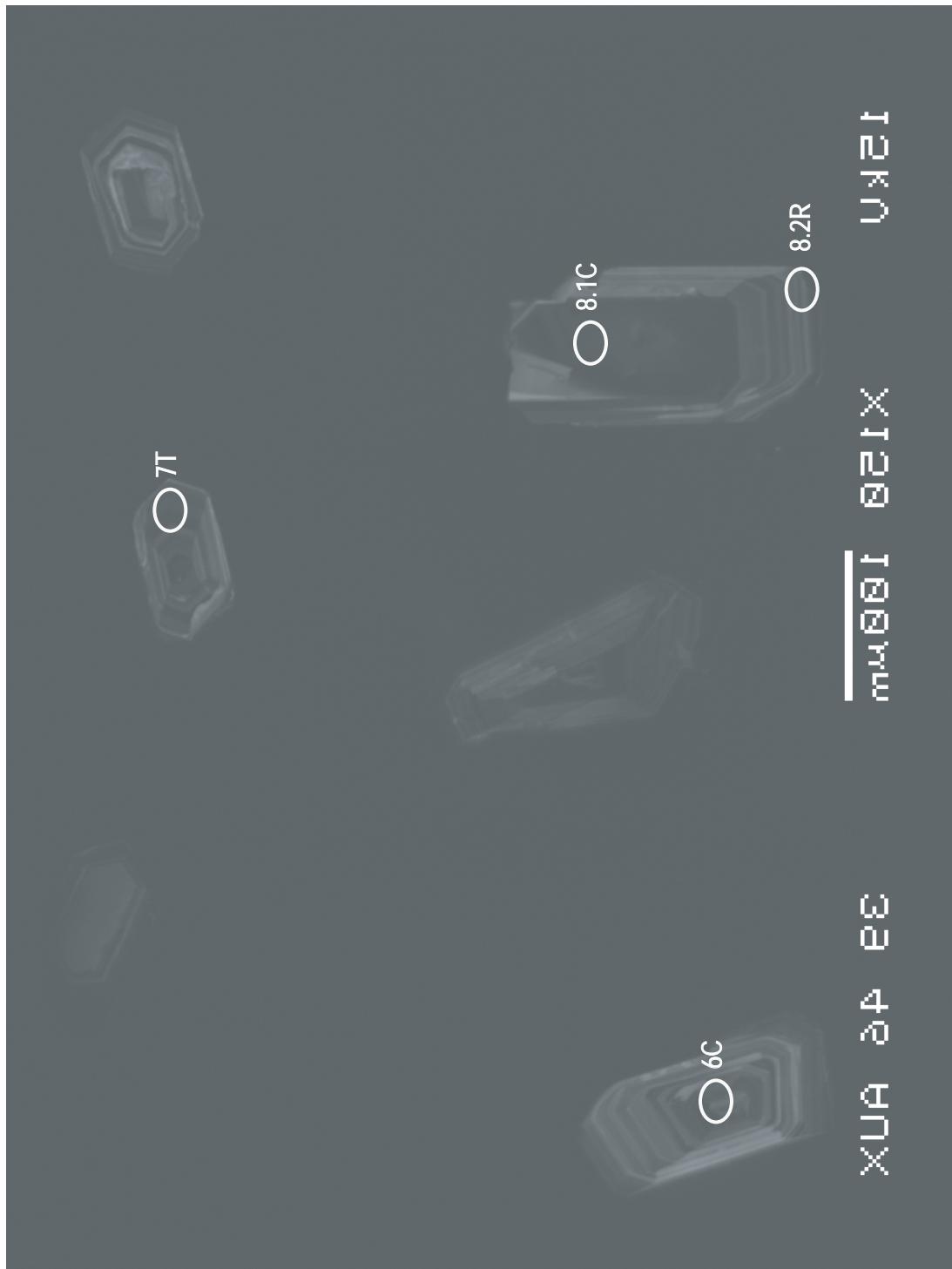


12 kV

100 nm
×120

XUA 24 22





UKEI

EXCELSIOR

XUA DAE SE

12R

10R

11.1C

11.2R

9C

UKEI

MIKUNI

XUAN DANG

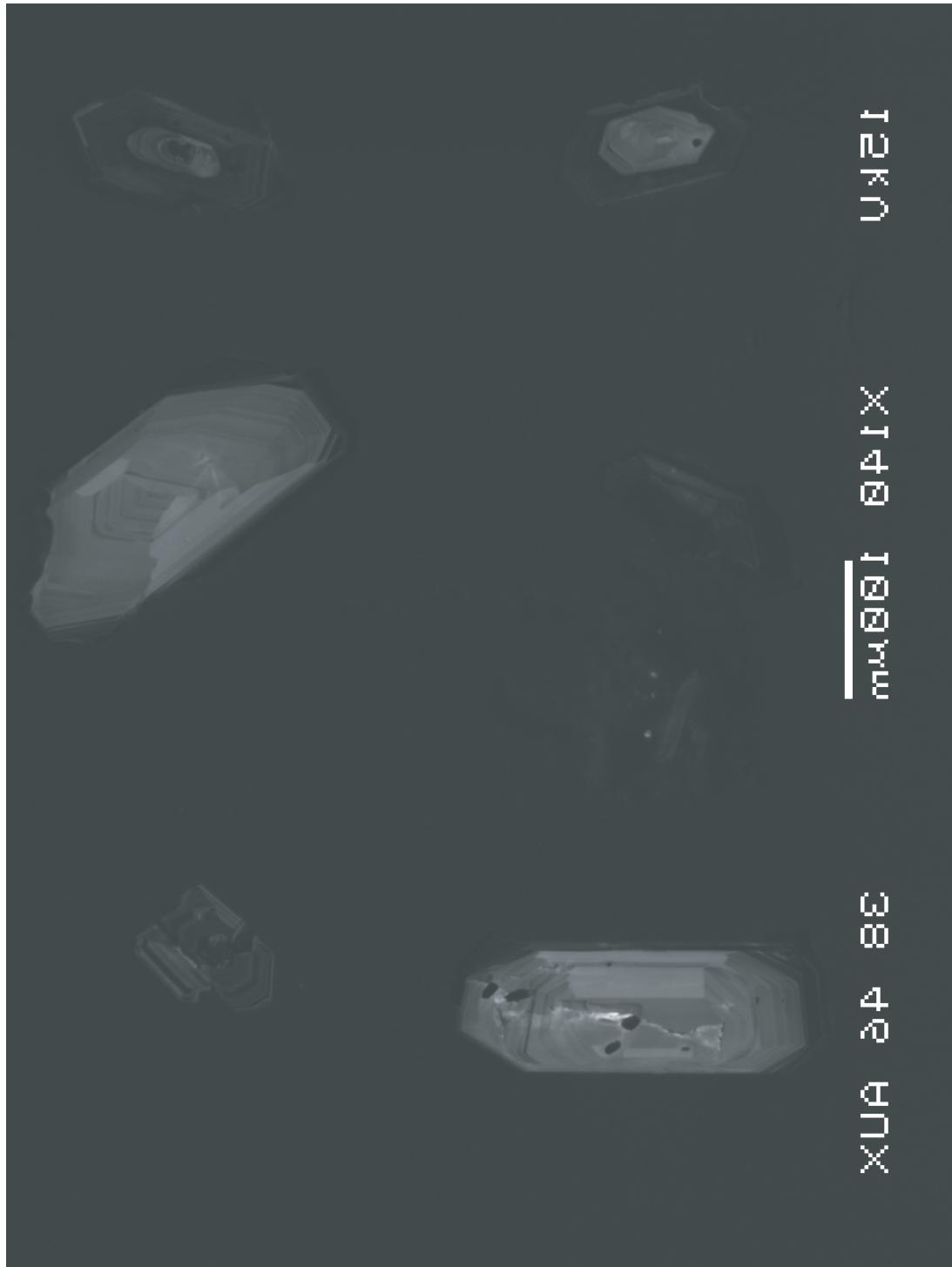
O 13R



12kV

100nm × 140nm

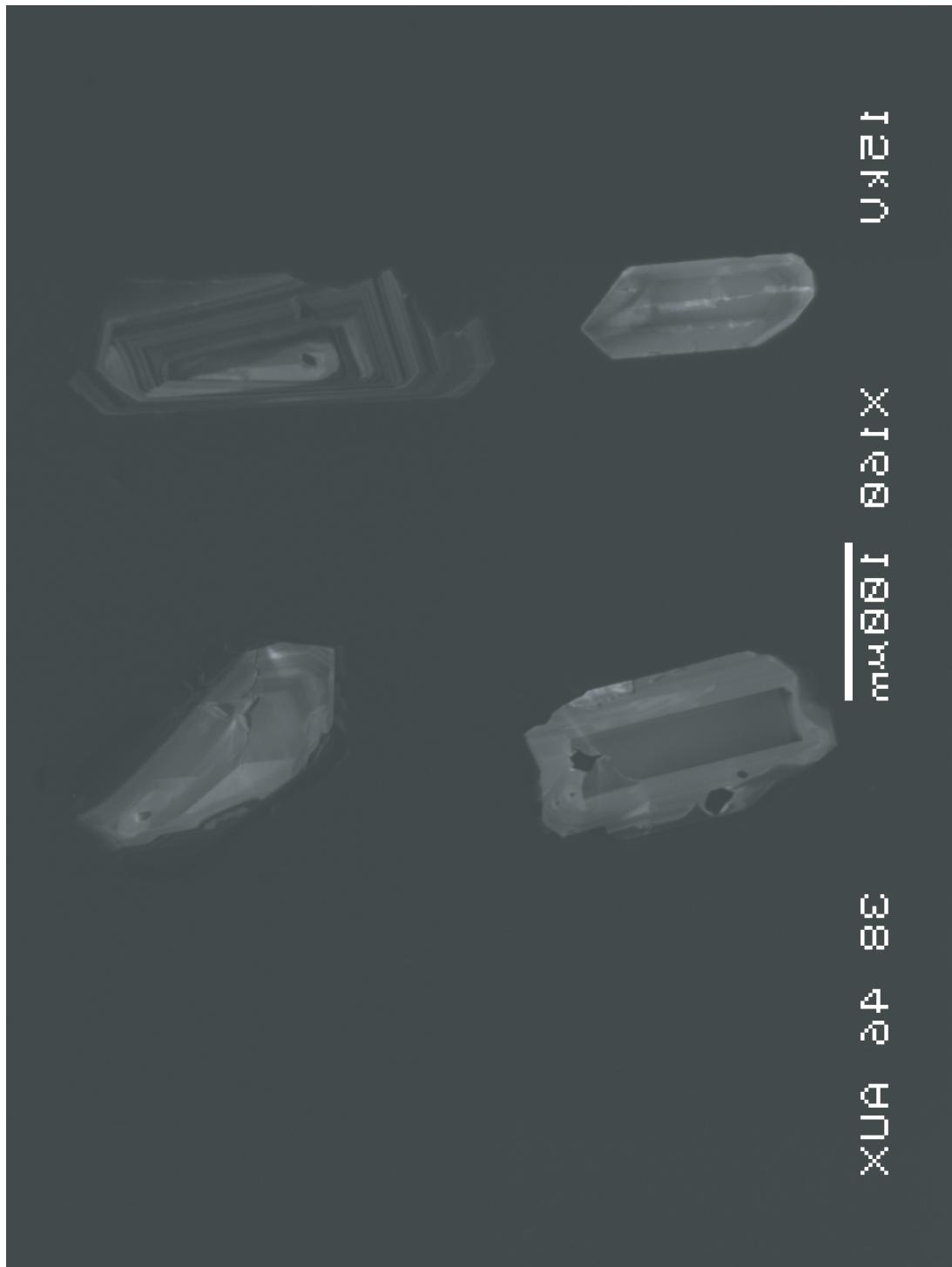
3840 AUV



12kV

$\times 1000$ μm

38 40 42 44



12kV

X1000 10μm

38 40 42 44

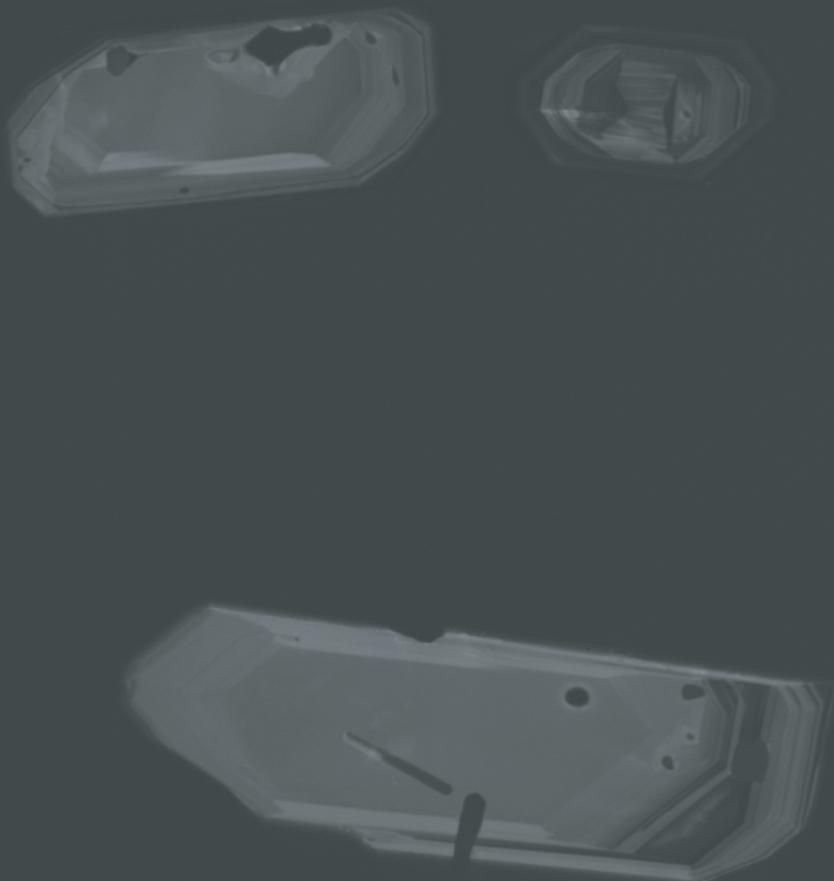


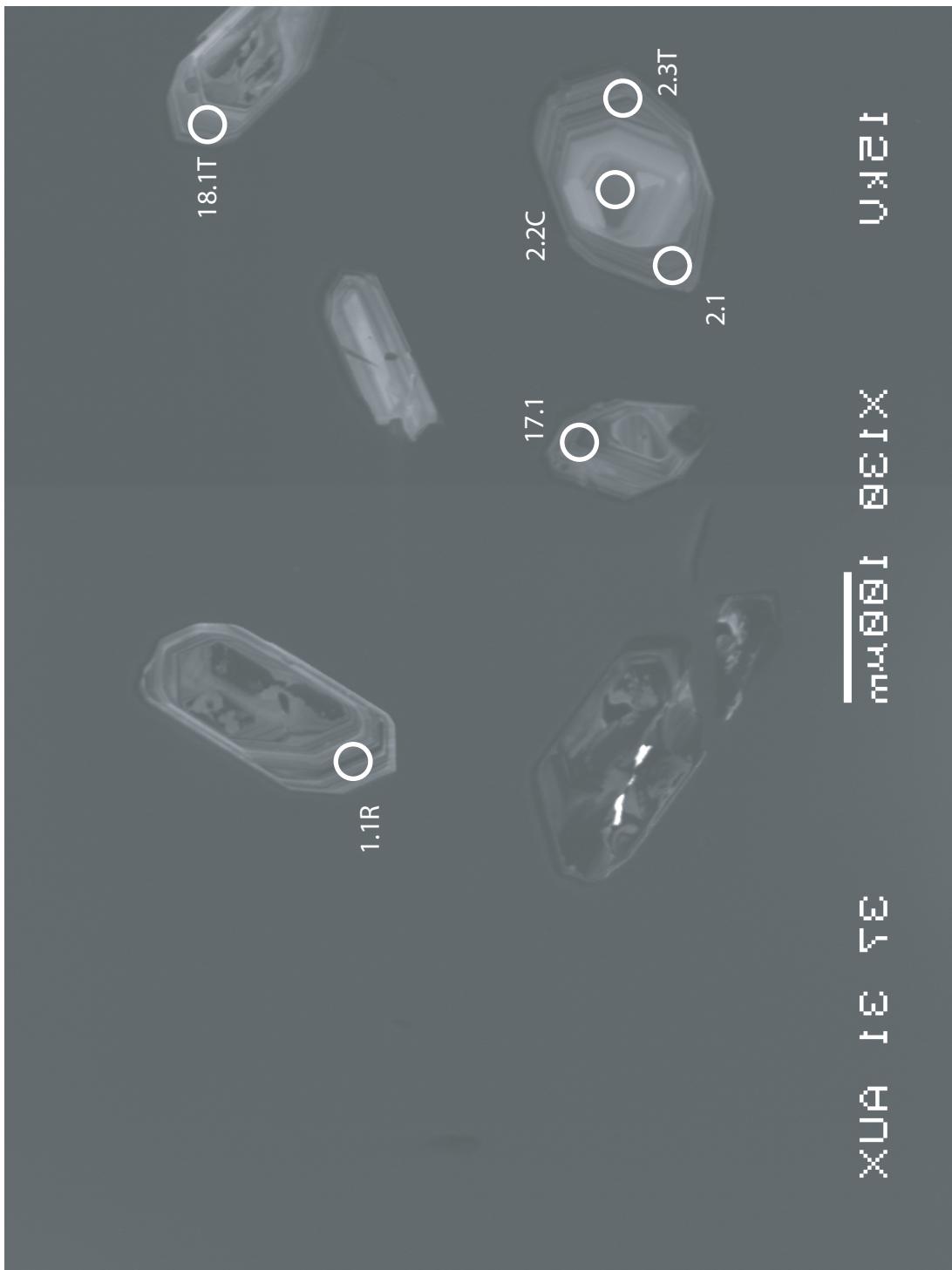
Figure C6:

Cathodoluminsecence images of zircons from sample MPL53z with spots
from U-Pb SHRIMP-RG analyses marked

UKEF

INTEREST

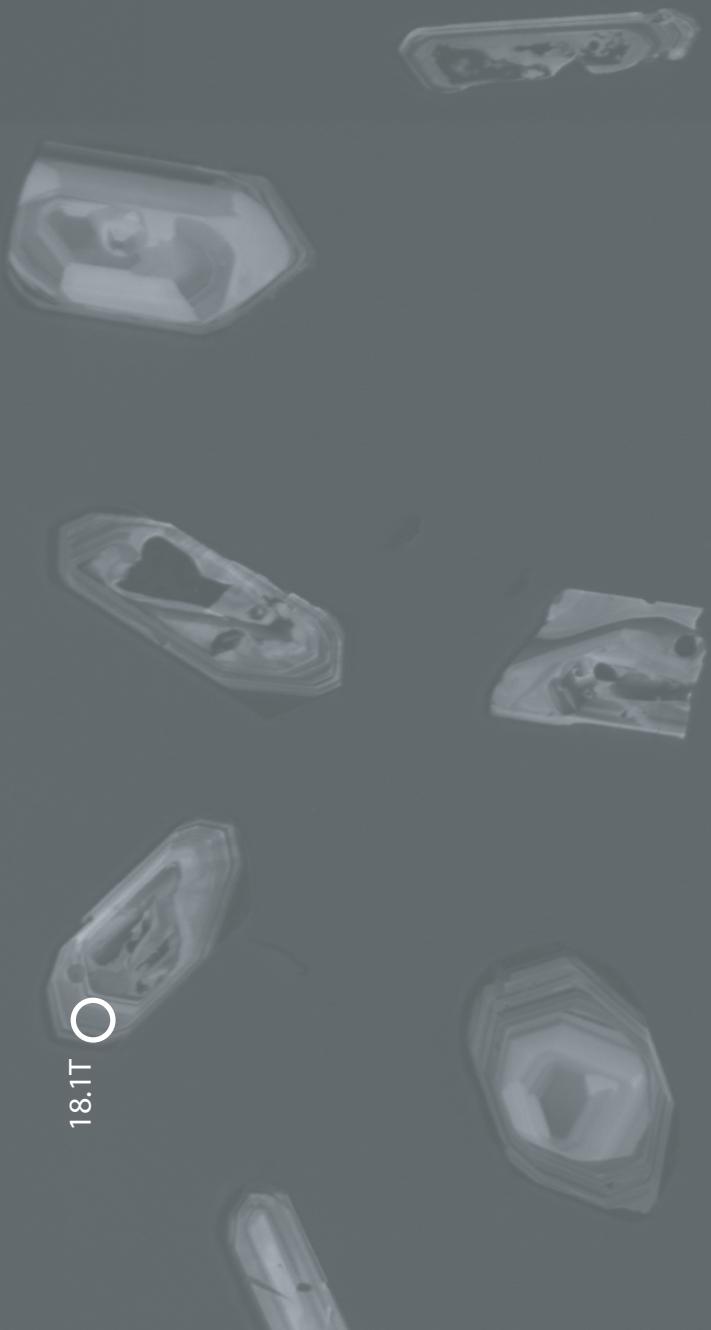
EXTRA FEE



12kV

138nm
X1300

3431AUX



18.1T O

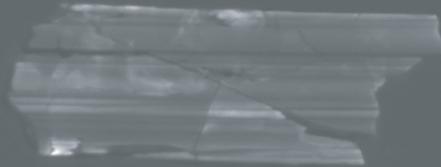
12 kV

$\frac{1}{100 \mu m}$ X 130

XUAS 75

O^{4.1T} 5.1C

O^{6.1C}

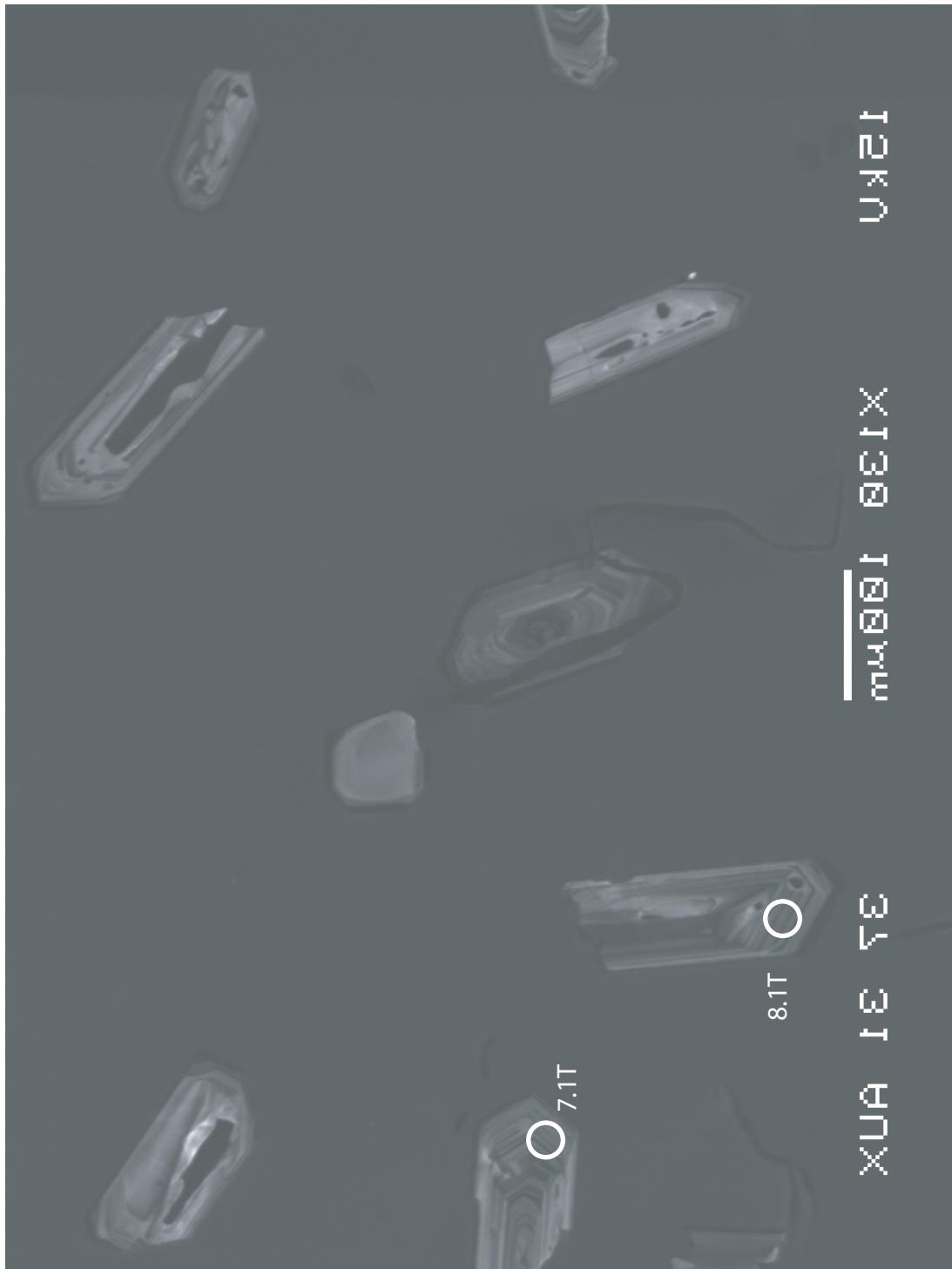


12kU

$\times 13819\text{nm}$

O 8.1T

O_{7.1T}



12kU

100nm
×133001

XUA 341 A

11.1T O

9.1C

10.1C



12 kN

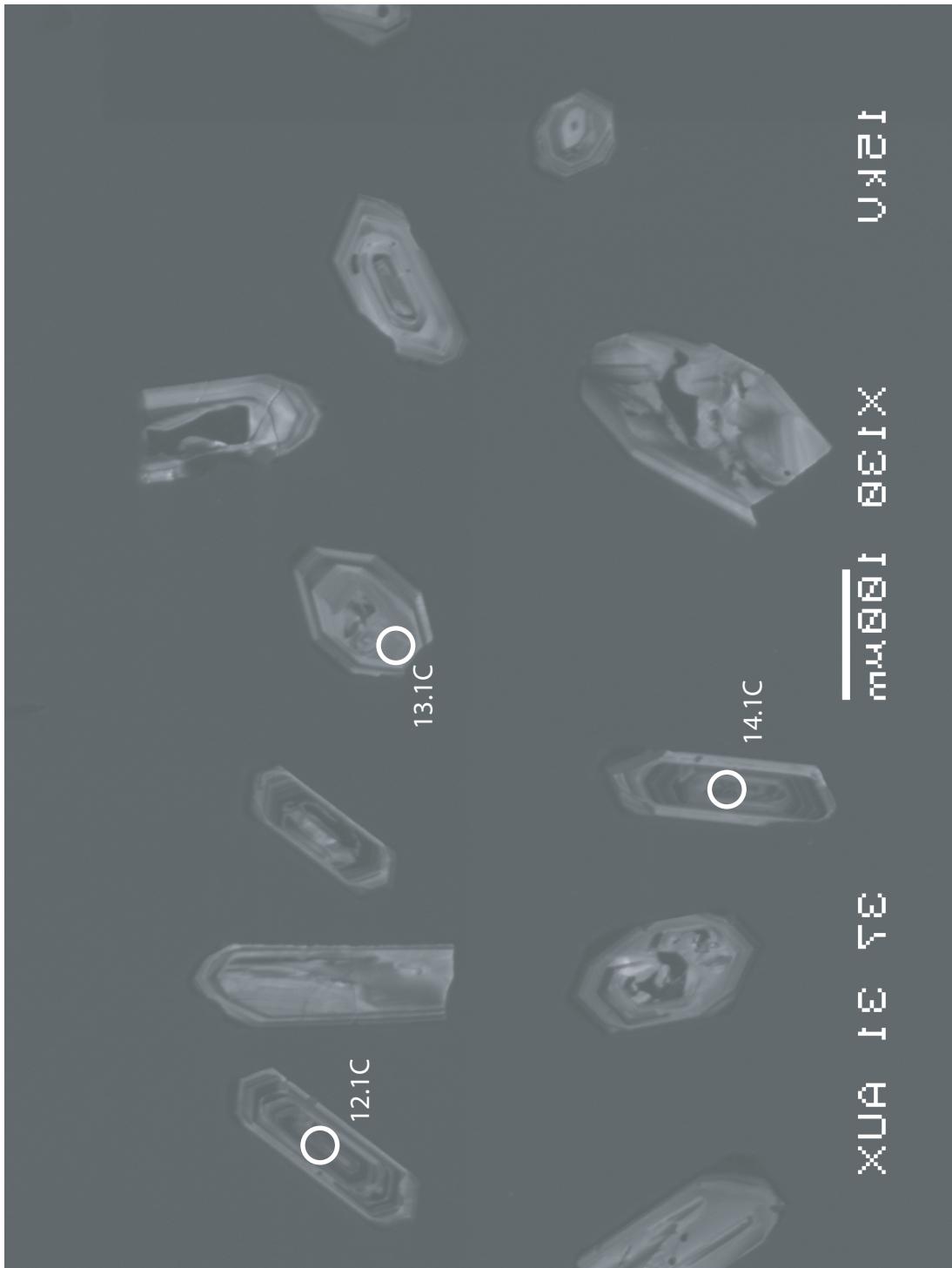
mm 100 130 150

XS A 1 S 7 E

O 14.1C

O 13.1C

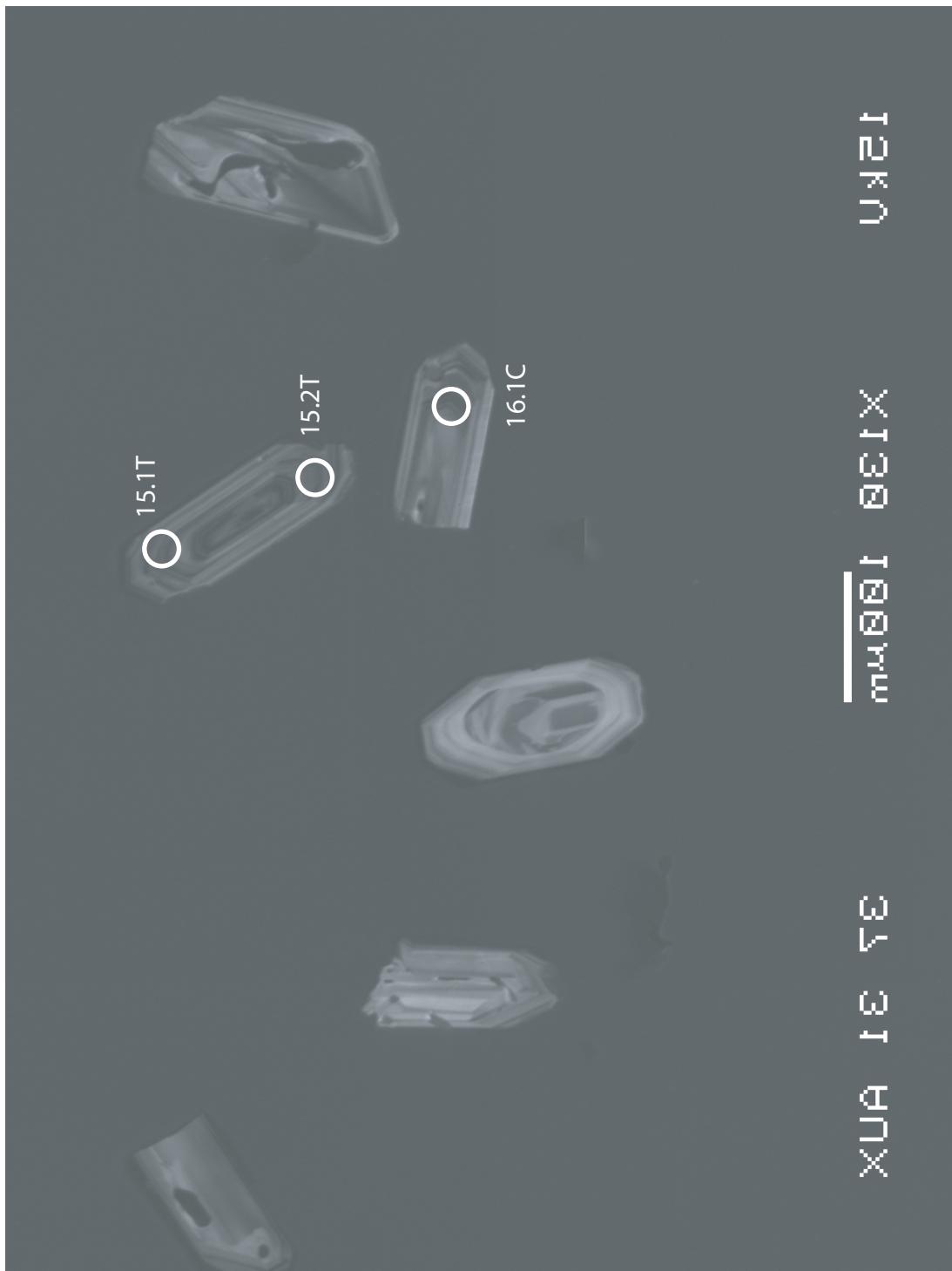
O 12.1C



12KA

X13@ 198nm

XUAS TE



APPENDIX D:
Zircon Elemental Data and
Cathodoluminescence Images from the
Spirit Mountain Batholith,
SHRIMP-RG Analyses from September, 2005

Table D1: Complete TE data from 9/05 SHRIMP-RG analysis of zircons from SMB. * indicates data omitted due to high Fe.

	P ppm	Ca Rel to CZ3	Fe Rel to CZ3	Ti49 ppm	Y ppm	Yb ppm	Y/Yb	Hf ppm	Th ppm	U ppm	Th/U
LGZTE-1.1C	140	0.6	0.8	4.8	1822	945	1.9	13557	2702	1230	2.20
LGZTE-1.2T	170	0.9	1.5	4.7	2321	1431	1.6	15630	2600	2082	1.25
LGZTE-1.3T ²	150	0.8	0.7	7.5	642	236	2.7	11213	76	69	1.10
LGZTE-2.1C	166	0.8	0.6	9.4	1352	415	3.3	10051	136	68	2.00
LGZTE-2.2T	173	0.9	2.3	4.6	2555	1464	1.7	14762	2752	1625	1.69
LGZTE-2.3T ² *	1963	385	1582	36.1	1218	683	1.8	13853	445	397	1.12
LGZTE-2.4T ² *	199	1.9	133	9.3	1513	715	2.1	13793	529	401	1.32
LGZTE-3.1T ¹	171	0.9	1.8	5.9	2882	1586	1.8	14332	3053	2268	1.35
LGZTE-3.2T ²	108	1.2	1.2	3.2	1659	950	1.7	16716	951	1102	0.86
LGZTE-3.3C	175	1.2	1.5	24.6	1476	387	3.8	7536	103	29	3.57
LGZTE-3.4C ² *	329	1.3	331	13.1	1551	451	3.4	10129	225	117	1.92
LGZTE-4.1C	392	1.0	0.8	17.9	4416	1156	3.8	7766	803	251	3.20
LGZTE-4.2	224	0.9	0.8	17.2	993	329	3.0	9156	132	69	1.91
LGZTE-4.3T	228	20.9	5.8	6.3	1221	645	1.9	12930	385	322	1.20
LGZTE-4.4X	309	0.9	0.8	19.7	2246	634	3.5	8408	505	180	2.80
LGZTE-5.1C	380	1.2	1.3	7.0	2902	978	3.0	12417	1218	641	1.90
LGZTE-5.2	287	1.2	0.9	8.7	1372	441	3.1	10653	382	203	1.88
LGZTE-5.3T	624	88	1.0	5.2	1154	515	2.2	13093	815	475	1.72
LGZTE-6.1C*	273	3.8	817	85.6	2411	1180	2.0	10032	3806	1938	1.96
LGZTE-6.2*	223	1.4	369	12.8	1504	613	2.5	11512	868	532	1.63
LGZTE-6.3T*	332	1.2	104	11.7	5587	2884	1.9	13608	13141	4823	2.72
LGZTE-7.1C	192	1.2	30.6	4.9	2637	1258	2.1	14884	3534	1862	1.90
LGZTE-7.2T	1393	302	2.7	7.6	1206	419	2.9	10182	208	151	1.38
LGZTE-7.3	170	2.0	7.0	5.9	843	339	2.5	11291	115	108	1.07
LGZTE-8.1C	431	2.0	1.3	3.3	1934	963	2.0	13812	921	756	1.22
LGZTE-8.2T	231	2.8	0.8	7.7	1084	408	2.7	10979	161	121	1.33
LGZTE-8.3T ²	223	1.6	1.8	10.2	1215	448	2.7	10601	210	228	0.92

Table D1: Complete TE data from 9/05 SHRIMP-RG analysis of zircons from SMB. * indicates data omitted due to high Fe.

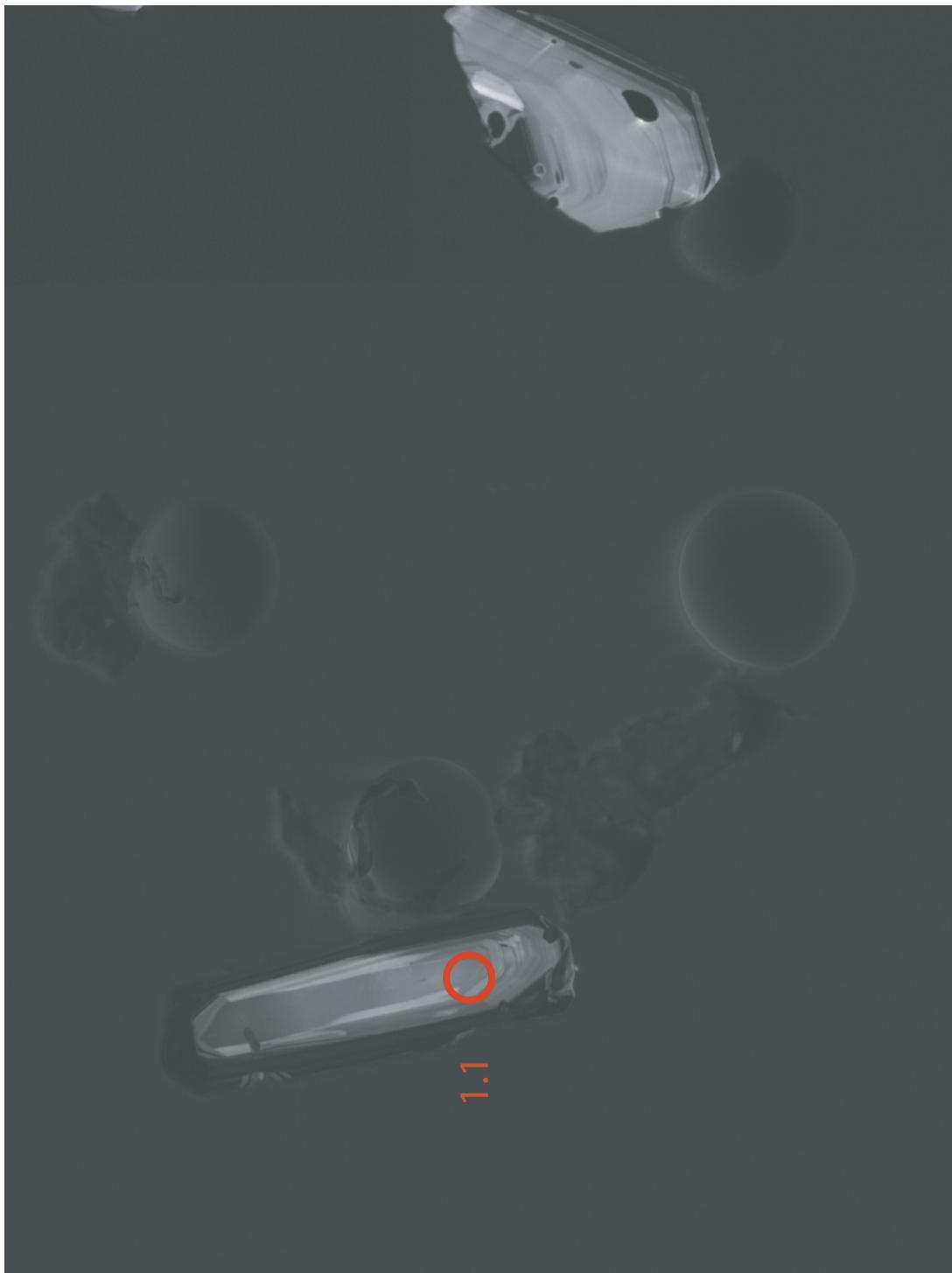
	P ppm	Ca Rel to CZ3	Fe Rel to CZ3	Ti49 ppm	Y ppm	Yb ppm	Y/Yb	Hf ppm	Th ppm	U ppm	Th/U
SWZTE-1.1T	154	0.8	0.9	10.6	728	242	3.0	9773	110	79	1.40
SWZTE-1.2C	156	0.9	1.0	6.4	764	278	2.7	10890	110	101	1.09
SWZTE-10.1C	190	0.8	0.9	7.2	1585	479	3.3	10669	188	108	1.75
SWZTE-10.2T	112	0.7	0.9	7.3	520	184	2.8	10462	63	61	1.03
SWZTE-10.3T2	171	0.6	0.7	5.1	1341	617	2.2	11402	273	277	0.98
SWZTE-2.1C	217	0.8	1.1	5.3	1906	624	3.1	10948	315	188	1.68
SWZTE-2.2T	162	0.8	0.8	9.9	745	252	3.0	9582	110	71	1.55
SWZTE-3.1T	123	0.7	0.9	11.8	505	171	2.9	9658	80	52	1.54
SWZTE-3.2C	315	0.9	1.2	10.8	2947	809	3.6	9021	646	205	3.15
SWZTE-3.3T2	309	0.7	1.1	12.4	1742	556	3.1	8837	265	141	1.89
SWZTE-4.1C	172	0.8	0.9	15.2	1615	460	3.5	8168	175	65	2.71
SWZTE-4.2T1	167	1.2	1.4	29.6	884	292	3.0	10813	164	144	1.15
SWZTE-4.3T2	184	0.7	0.8	14.4	953	331	2.9	8296	101	70	1.45
SWZTE-4.4T3	151	0.7	0.8	13.3	605	213	2.8	9165	80	49	1.62
SWZTE-4.5T4	234	0.5	0.6	5.7	1347	456	3.0	11448	233	203	1.15
SWZTE-4.6T5	209	0.5	0.6	12.7	978	324	3.0	9978	203	123	1.65
SWZTE-4.7T6	249	0.7	1.4	5.8	1459	523	2.8	11496	220	214	1.03
SWZTE-5.1C	364	0.7	1.0	14.8	4244	1082	3.9	8099	733	242	3.03
SWZTE-5.2T	221	0.6	0.9	13.6	1030	322	3.2	8914	221	106	2.08
SWZTE-6.1C	141	0.9	0.8	19.4	879	253	3.5	8468	89	41	2.16
SWZTE-6.2T	341	0.8	1.0	10.3	2057	620	3.3	10003	640	283	2.26
SWZTE-7.1C	344	1.0	1.3	5.3	2307	1109	2.1	12453	1258	925	1.36
SWZTE-7.2T	188	1.6	1.0	11.9	800	273	2.9	9390	137	77	1.77
SWZTE-7.3T2	167	1.0	0.8	16.9	676	218	3.1	8464	90	51	1.79
SWZTE-8.1C	242	0.8	0.8	32.3	1819	499	3.6	7472	162	48	3.36
SWZTE-8.1T	299	0.8	0.9	11.6	1578	471	3.4	9507	468	192	2.43
SWZTE-8.3T	495	0.9	0.9	25.5	2493	698	3.6	7847	757	196	3.86
SWZTE-8.4T	274	0.3	0.5	14.3	1264	369	3.4	8477	284	119	2.39
SWZTE-9.1C	287	0.9	1.5	5.9	1706	973	1.8	15037	1081	850	1.27
SWZTE-9.2T	166	0.8	0.7	11.1	765	245	3.1	9084	104	66	1.59

Table D1: Complete TE data from 9/05 SHRIMP-RG analysis of zircons from SMB. * indicates data omitted due to high Fe.

	P ppm	Ca Rel to CZ3	Fe Rel to CZ3	Ti49 ppm	Y ppm	Yb ppm	Y/Yb	Hf ppm	Th ppm	U ppm	Th/U
SWZTE-9.3T2	156	0.8	0.8	5.2	832	320	2.6	11609	269	196	1.37

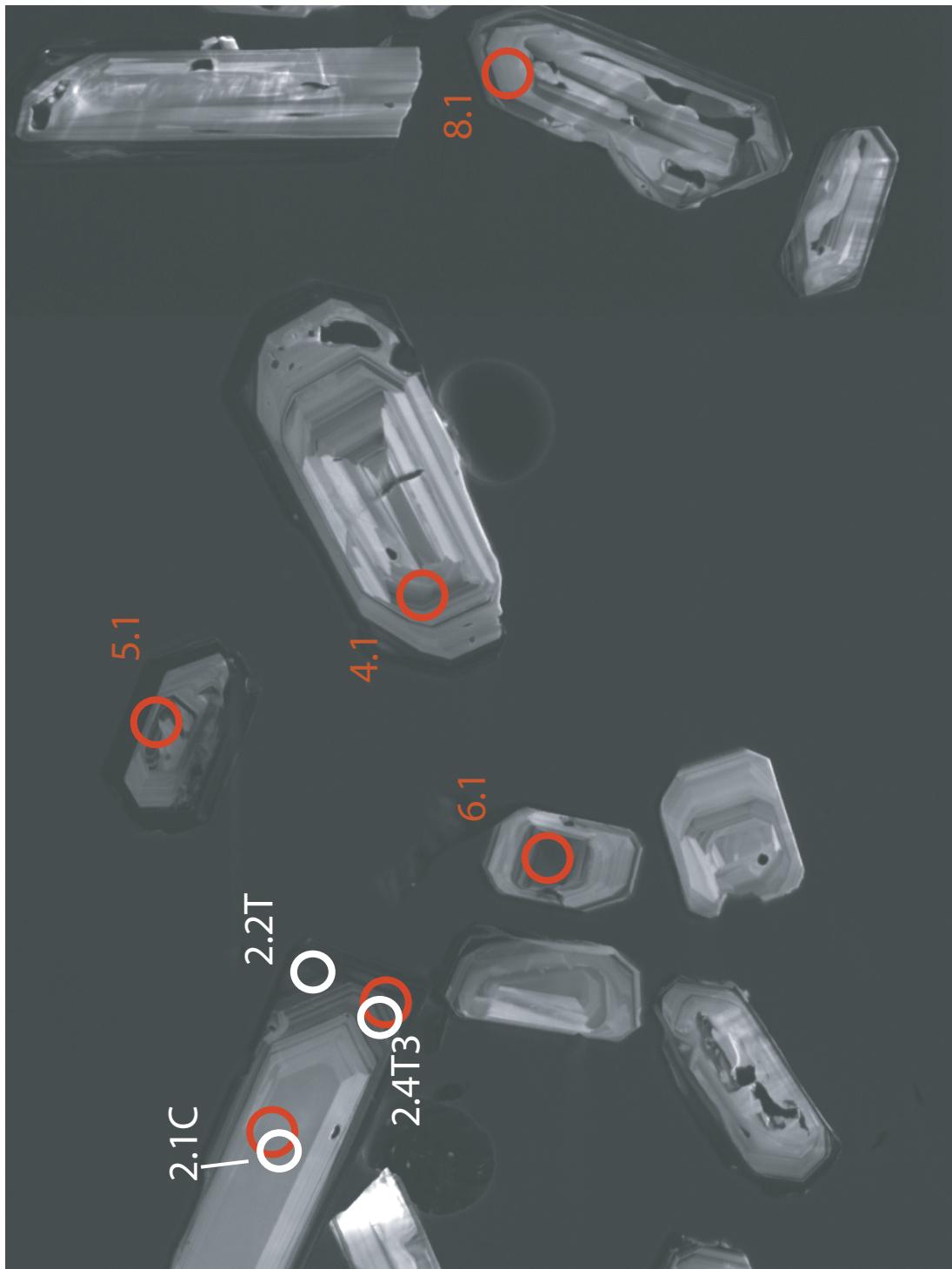
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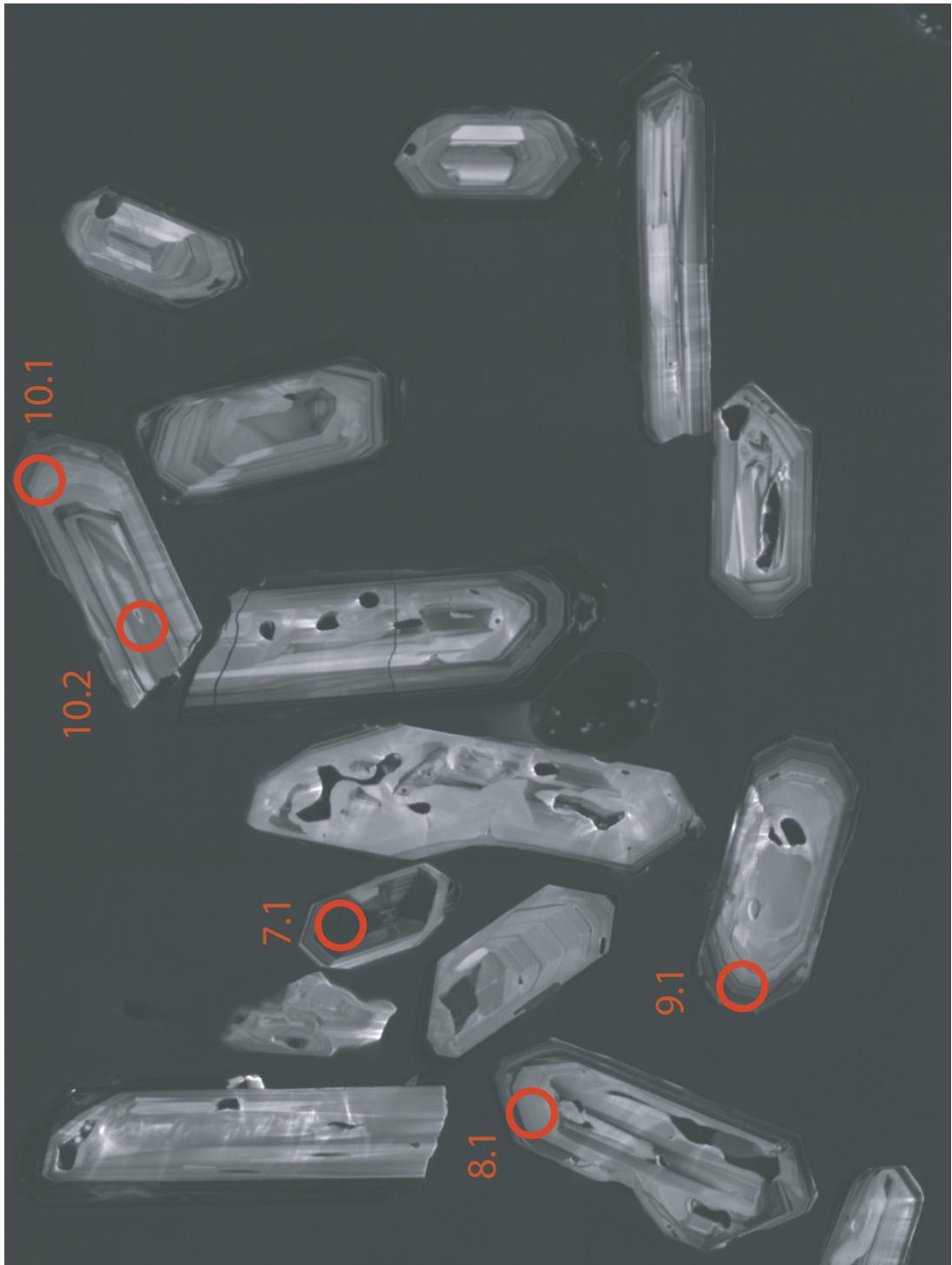
Cathodoluminsecence images of zircons from sample LGZTE with spots from
Trace Element SHRIMP-RG analyses marked

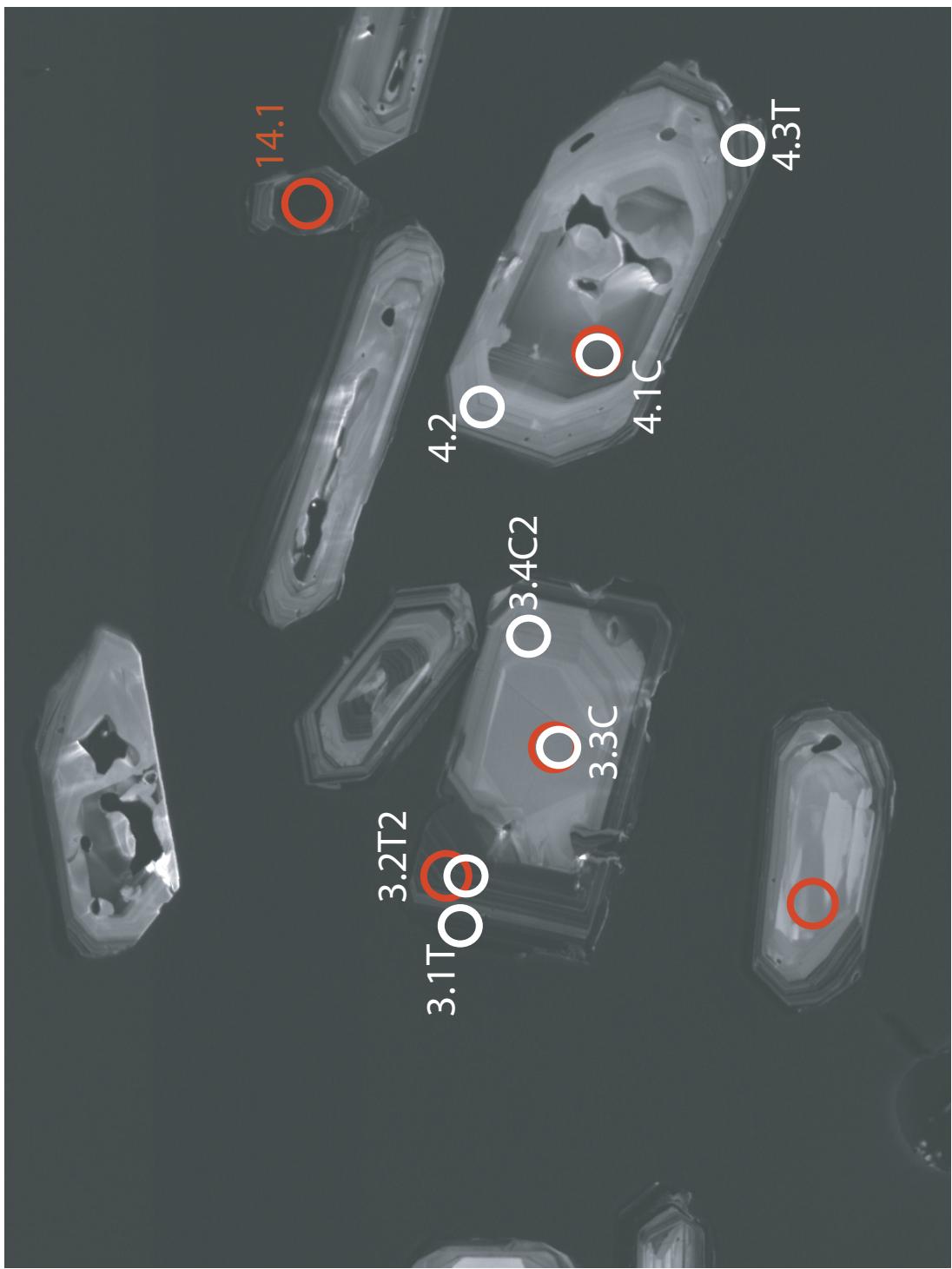














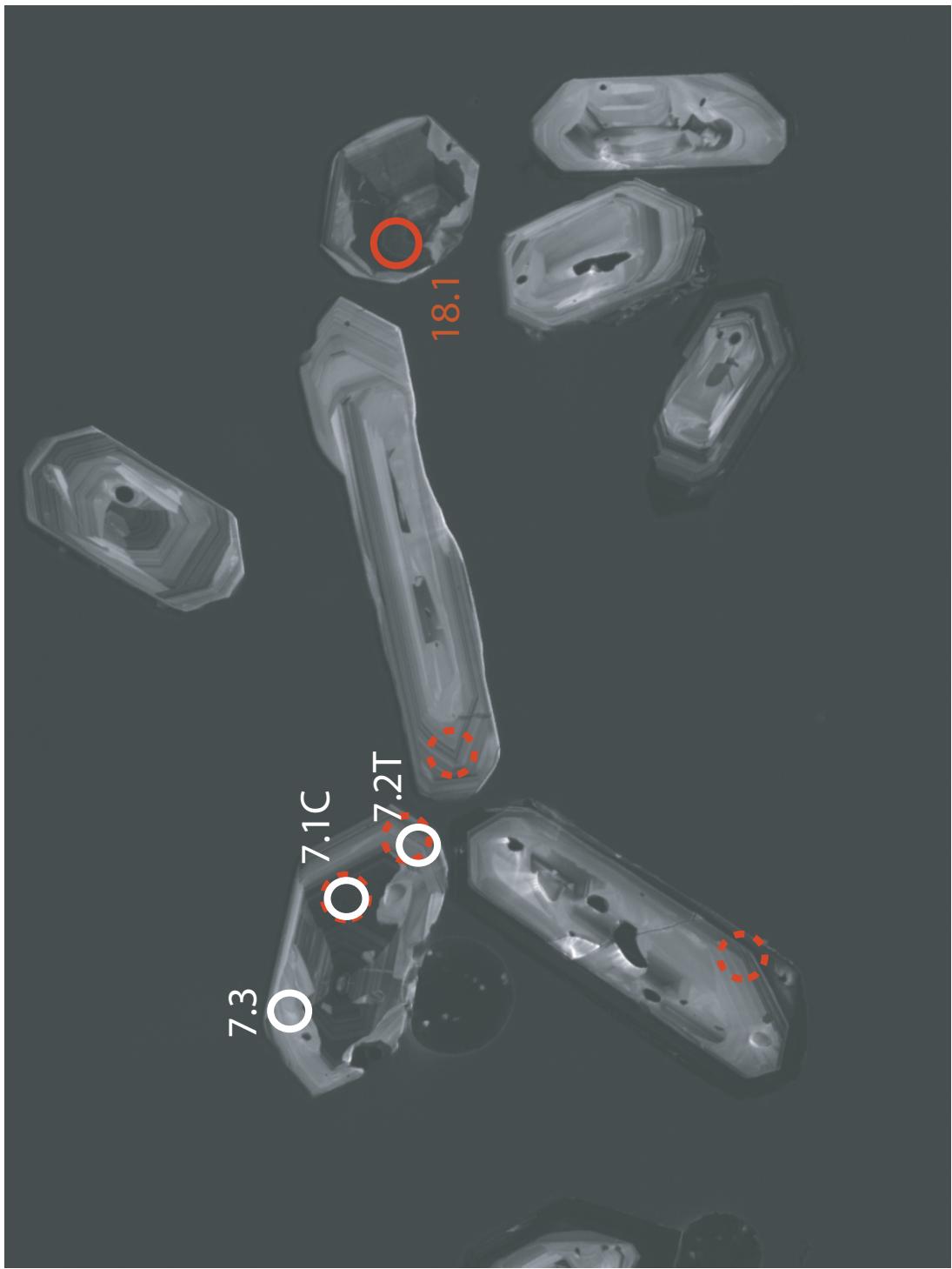
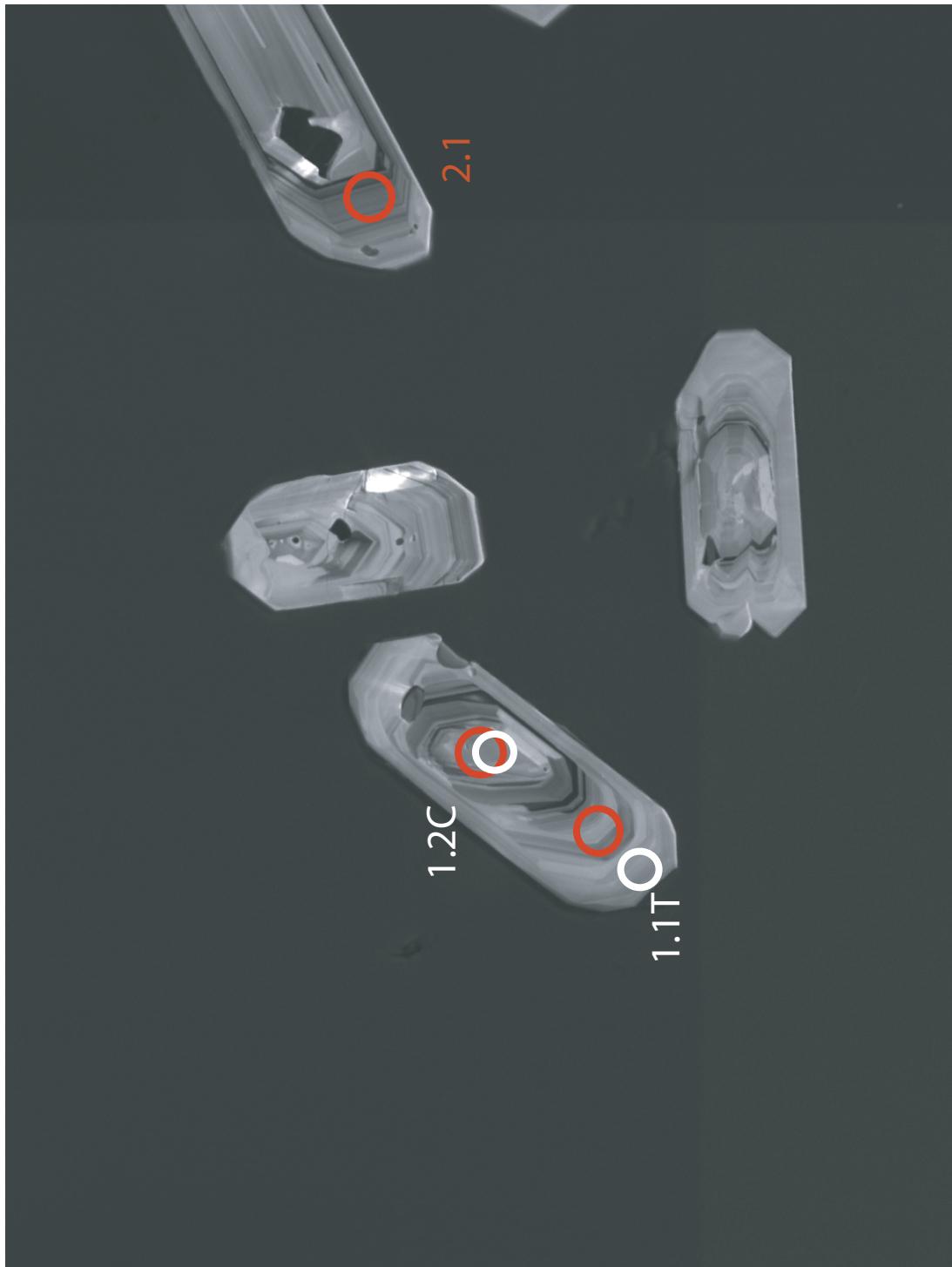
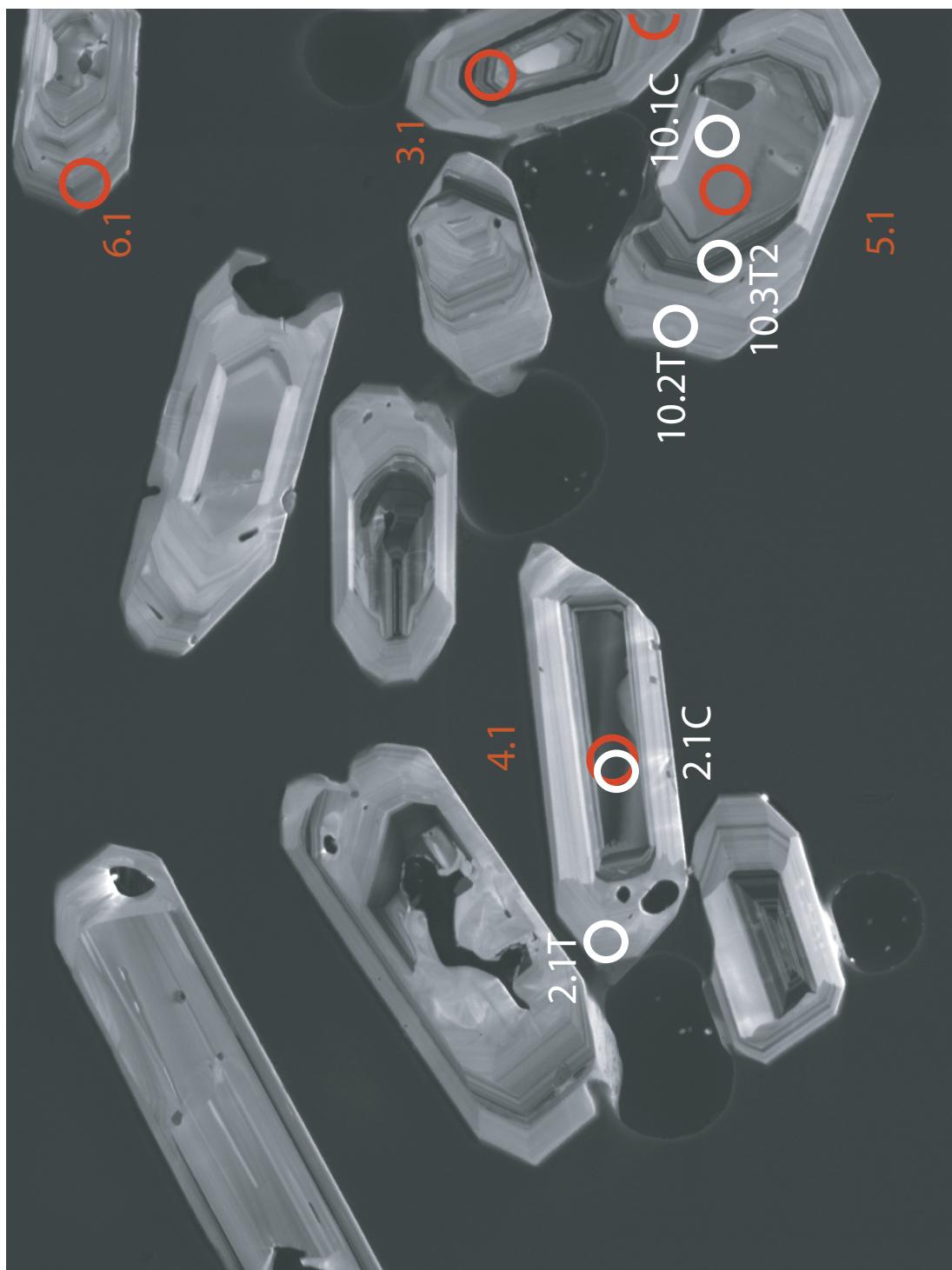


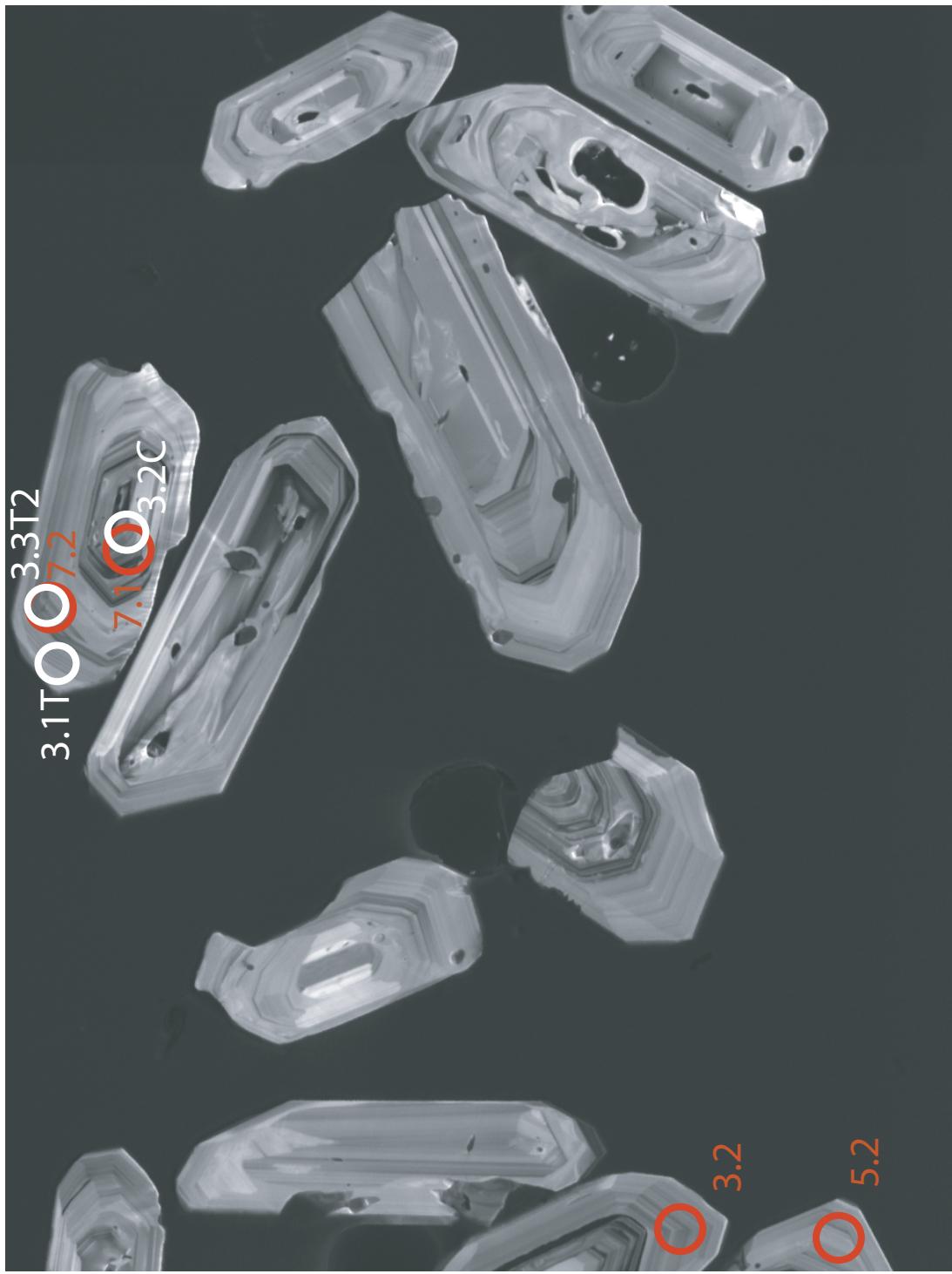
Figure D2:

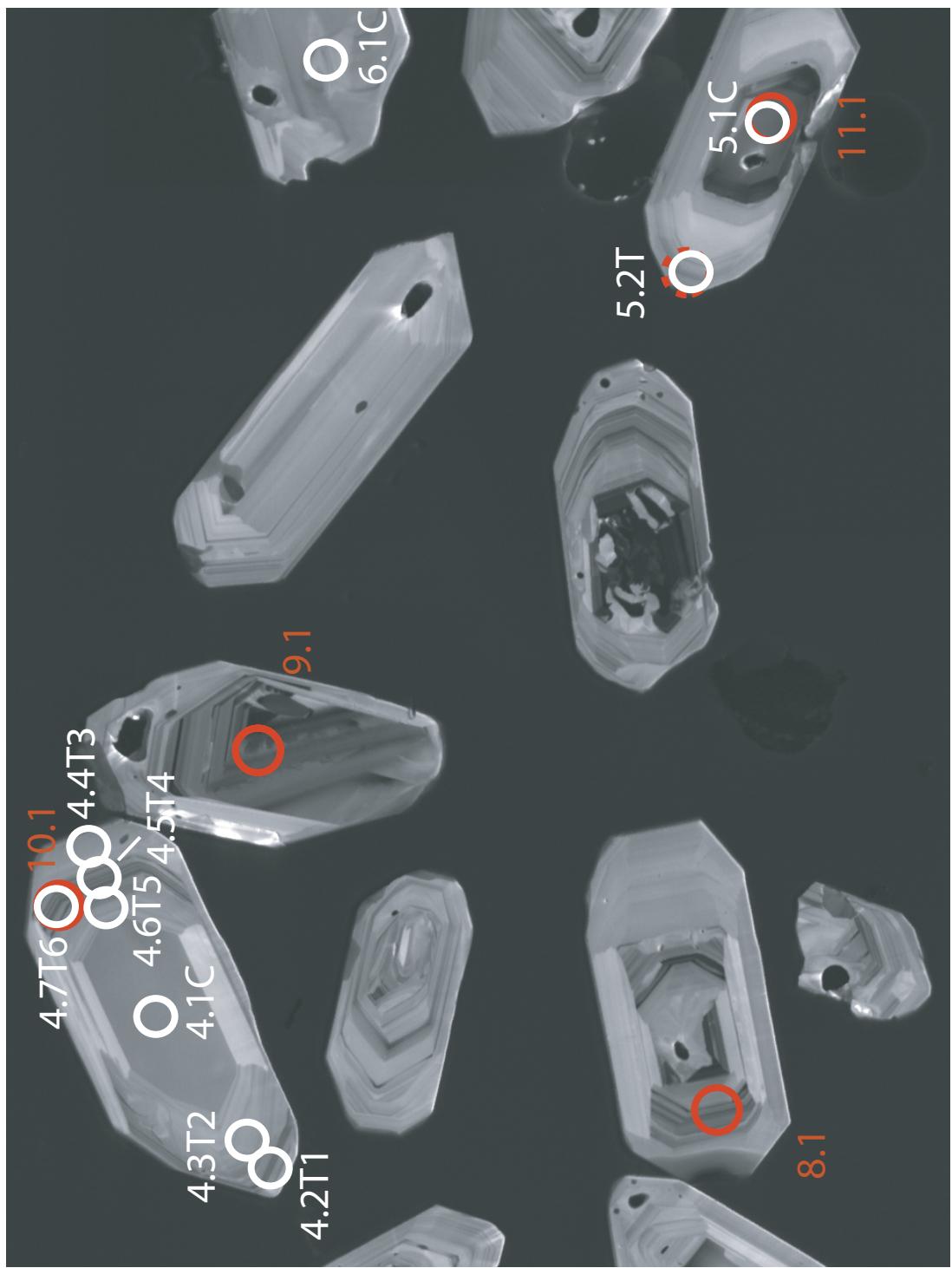
Cathodoluminsecence images of zircons from sample SWZTE with spots from
Trace Element SHRIMP-RG analyses marked

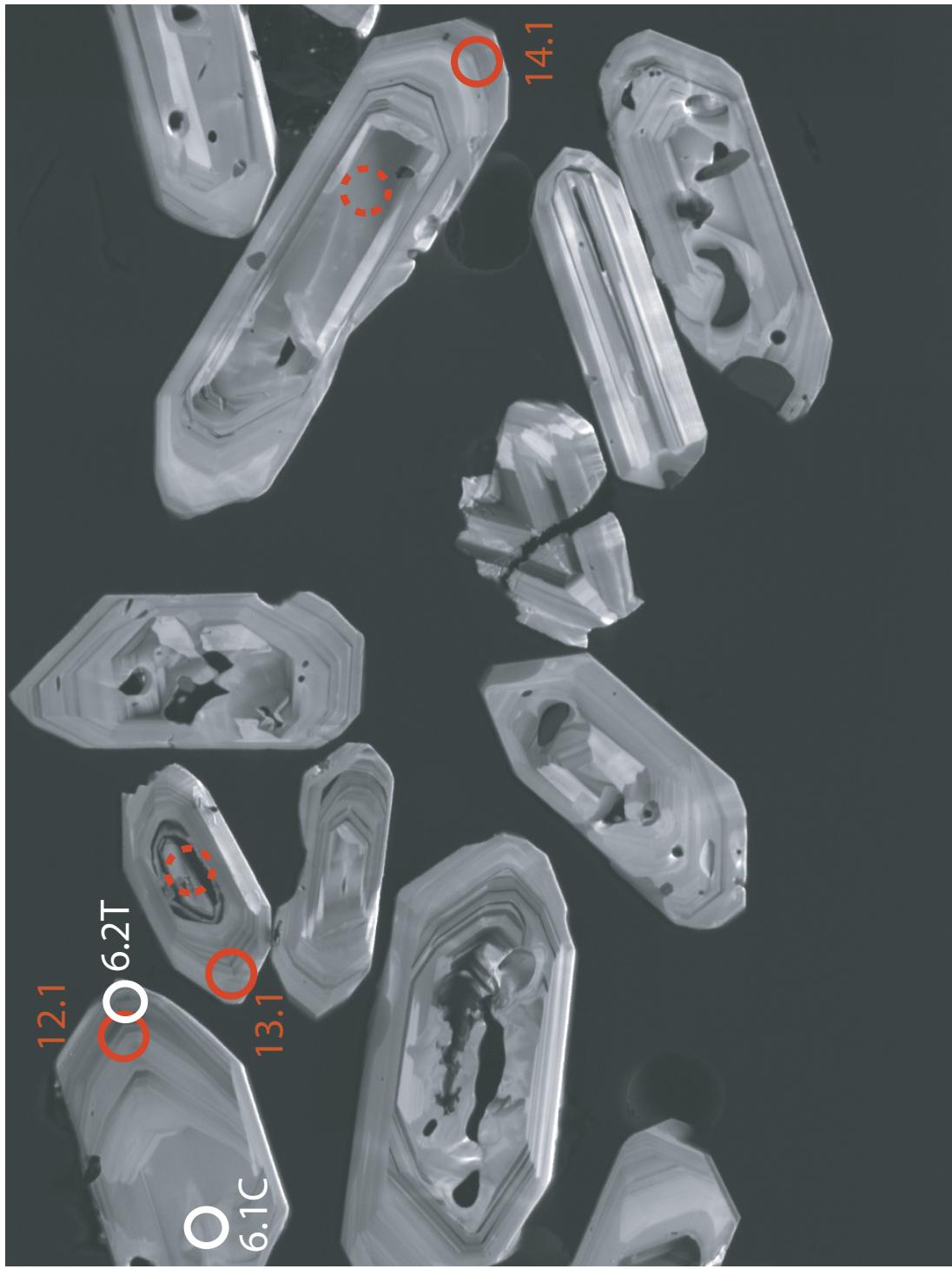
SWZ-7

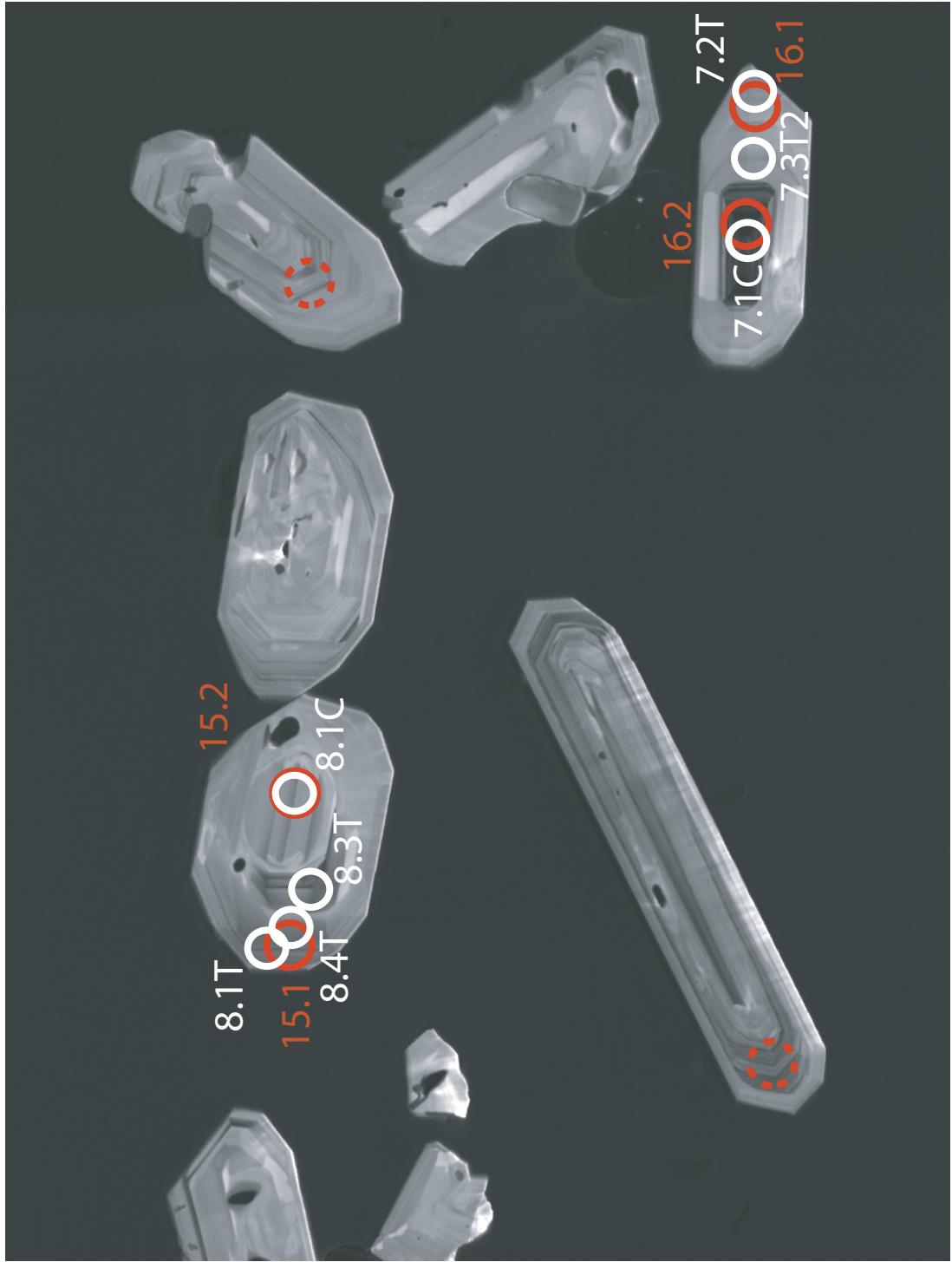


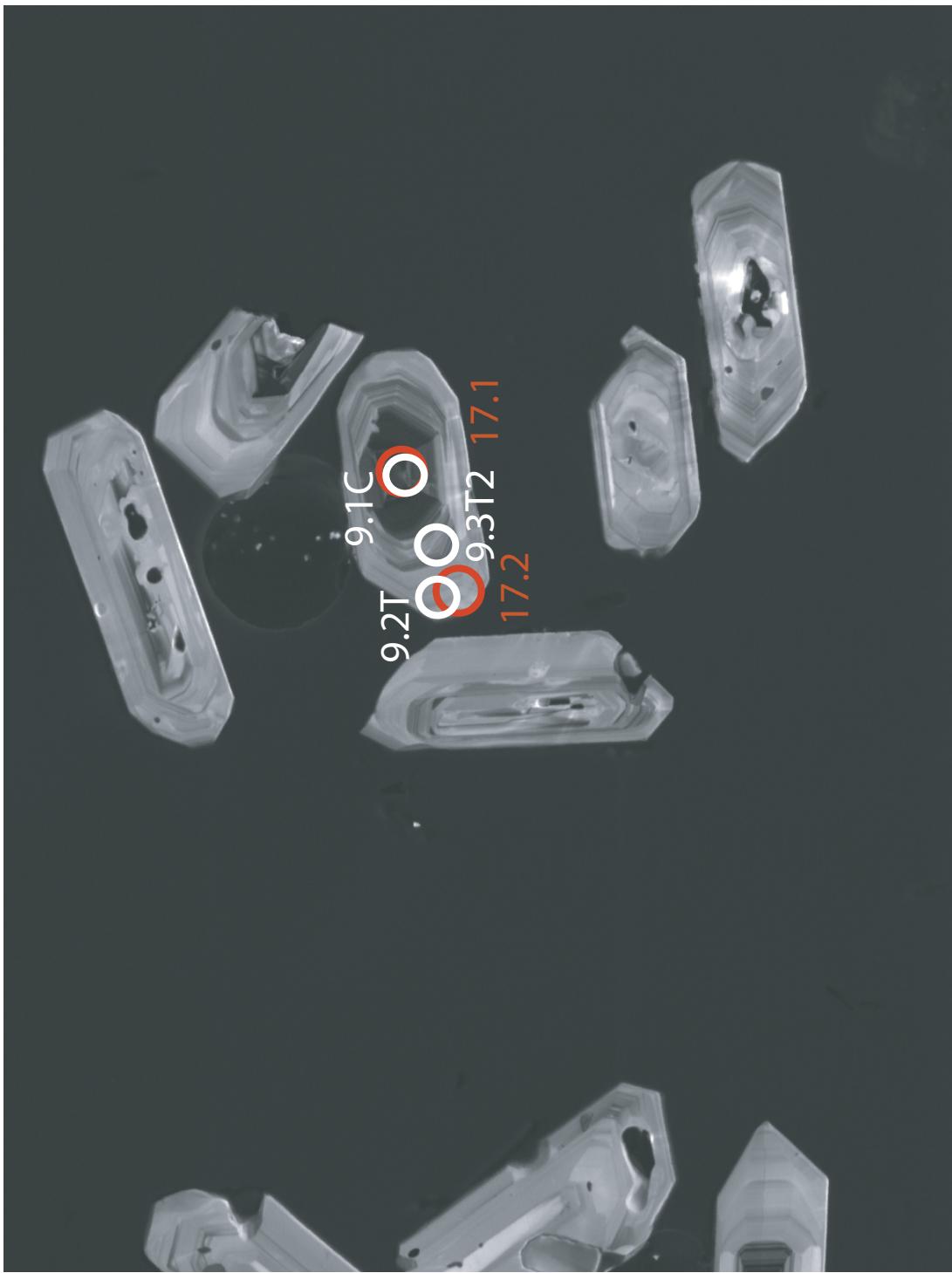












APPENDIX E:
Zircon Elemental Data and
Cathodoluminescence Images from the
Spirit Mountain Batholith,
SHRIMP-RG Analyses from March, 2006

Table D2: Complete trace element data from March, 2006 SHRIMP-RG analysis of zircons from the Spirit Mountain batholith.

	P ppm	Ca Rel to CZ3	Sc ppm	Ti48 ppm	Ti49 ppm	Fe Rel to CZ3	Y ppm	Zr96 (Zr:ZnO)	Hf ppm	Pb206	Th ppm	U ppm	Th/U
BC101-1.5	267.2	1.0	23.7	4.3	4.4	0.8	1275	472663	454883	11054	0.6	322	241
BC101-1.6R	341.8	0.7	44.1	15.7	15.2	0.5	926	46327	426369	7789	0.1	64	30
BC101-1E	256.6	18.4	62.9	137.3	105.3	27.6	1189	483142	565936	11032	2.9	341	436
BC101-1E2	223.7	1.7	17.0	5.6	5.6	1.2	796	468632	469072	10381	0.4	154	117
BC101-1LGC	424.4	1.4	22.5	8.7	8.6	1.0	2488	450201	424800	9149	0.3	253	103
BC101-1LG1	263.3	1.6	18.2	5.6	5.9	0.9	908	477299	451121	10128	0.3	144	108
BC101-2.1T	243.4	1.3	22.7	7.7	7.7	1.2	868	470475	463742	10178	0.3	150	112
BC101-2.2C	335.2	1.3	51.9	12.9	13.0	0.9	2402	456487	434697	6696	0.2	214	70
BC101-2.3I	211.3	1.2	20.6	9.2	9.7	0.9	601	457048	424938	7443	0.2	113	54
BC101-2.4I	200.8	1.9	21.6	4.3	4.2	1.1	885	451719	407586	10878	0.5	222	177
BC101-2.5T2	300.6	3.5	27.6	6.7	6.7	0.9	1174	443707	415154	9512	0.4	183	116
BC101-3.1T	159.4	14.8	40.5	4.5	4.2	1.6	671	437817	402216	10545	0.8	402	241
BC101-3.2I	263.4	1.5	24.3	4.4	4.8	1.0	1388	446017	387085	10472	1.0	964	419
BC101-3.3R	776.9	365.6	42.4	10.9	3.8	0.1	698	425912	413086	11101	0.7	299	226
BC101-3.4C	216.2	2.5	36.1	5.0	9.4	1.2	1170	441203	379580	7836	0.2	125	49
BC101-3.5T2	210.3	2.9	33.8	4.9	4.6	2.1	1069	447820	399159	10828	1.1	509	326
BC101-4.1R	216.9	1.8	29.9	4.7	4.7	1.4	1216	456314	428958	10489	0.6	336	234
BC101-4.2I	247.9	1.2	20.1	4.9	5.8	0.8	890	441747	424790	9912	0.3	137	105
BC101-4.3C	222.7	1.6	47.8	4.6	3.3	1.2	1502	450294	400662	11800	2.3	1580	887
BC101-5.1I	217.6	0.7	19.8	6.0	6.2	0.5	810	498075	463991	11120	0.3	140	95
BC101-5.2R	329.0	1.4	32.2	11.4	11.2	1.3	871	456532	395801	8805	0.3	156	70
BC101-6.1I	260.0	1.4	41.3	15.0	15.0	1.0	1712	446986	418727	7562	0.2	195	61
BC101-7.1I	263.2	1.2	22.5	5.7	5.6	1.3	1412	458518	414461	9442	0.3	160	84
BC101-7.2R	243.6	1.8	48.5	3.7	3.6	2.2	1686	467174	405547	13544	3.1	1719	1096
BC101-8.1R	283.7	2.7	19.0	6.2	6.4	1.0	1014	457892	408614	9658	0.4	164	111
BC101-8.2I	280.1	2.4	20.5	5.6	5.6	1.0	973	446219	413081	9107	0.4	198	125

Table D2: Complete trace element data from March, 2006 SHRIMP-RG analysis of zircons from the Spirit Mountain batholith.

	P ppm	Ca Rel to CZ3	Sc ppm	Ti48 ppm	Ti49 ppm	Fe Rel to CZ3	Y ppm	Zr96 (Zr2O)	Hf ppm	Pb206	Th ppm	U ppm	Th/U
BC101-9.1R	189.4	1.5	29.0	5.4	2.5	593	486066	453597	11784	0.5	186	165	1.13
BC101-9.2R	394.9	1.1	80.2	6.4	6.3	0.7	2667	449643	417028	9738	1.5	895	528
BC101-9.3I	157.9	2.1	19.1	6.8	6.9	1.0	1042	449394	408313	9315	0.3	182	104
BC101-9.4C	212.3	1.5	21.2	5.4	5.6	0.8	1080	461279	433895	9406	0.3	151	86
BC101-10.1R	191.4	1.2	24.7	4.3	4.4	1.1	998	465718	416466	10746	0.6	348	232
BC101-10.2C	624.1	1.2	71.6	8.6	8.6	1.6	2507	447196	405081	7704	0.8	839	260
BC101-10.3I	288.4	1.1	50.3	4.6	4.7	1.4	2143	455370	413795	12465	3.0	1688	1048
BC101-11.1R	307.0	1.4	34.8	15.6	16.3	1.0	788	486601	447264	8584	0.1	85	36
BC101-11.2I	313.4	1.2	22.6	5.4	5.7	0.7	1322	454664	433513	10207	0.5	234	160
BC101-11.3R	290.6	1.1	29.1	8.1	8.1	0.9	1024	466289	451986	9613	0.4	151	119
BC101-12.1T	256.1	2.4	47.3	5.0	5.0	1.6	1098	448393	396441	9959	1.0	483	281
BC101-12.2I	405.6	4.0	31.4	6.4	6.2	3.3	1794	467474	400512	10584	1.3	670	444
BC101-12.3C	264.6	2.4	20.4	16.4	16.5	55.7	853	465854	465553	11169	0.3	143	103
BC101-12.4C	320.1	0.5	27.0	5.9	6.0	1.5	1128	545950	536961	11303	0.2	135	100
BC101-13.1C	244.2	2.9	21.5	5.5	5.3	1.2	1974	473604	423751	9697	0.6	322	145
BC101-13.2IR	275.8	5.0	24.1	4.4	4.6	1.4	1327	445993	409298	11128	0.9	396	273
BC101-13.3R	315.5	8.4	38.0	7.9	7.6	1.2	1056	459913	431815	9387	0.3	162	104
BC101-14.1C	312.4	2.2	61.6	15.3	15.2	1.5	1996	452651	411001	7534	0.2	227	72
BC101-14.2R	358.7	1.8	32.9	4.6	4.8	1.0	1889	454067	402464	10550	0.8	363	287
BC101-14.3I	294.3	2.1	32.2	8.2	8.2	1.9	1189	493319	472456	9952	0.4	258	132
BC101-14.4IR	286.8	2.0	17.6	5.1	4.9	1.4	1070	447800	397553	10015	0.6	236	186
BC101-14.5R	276.8	1.7	25.4	8.6	8.7	1.0	910	434879	379381	8830	0.3	150	90

Table D2: Complete trace element data from March, 2006 SHRIMP-RG analysis of zircons from the Spirit Mountain batholith.

	P ppm	Ca	Re to CZ3	Sc ppm	Ti48 ppm	Ti49 ppm	Fe Rel to CZ3	Y ppm	Zr96 (Zr20)	Hf ppm	Pb206	Th ppm	U ppm	Th/U
DSCG-1.1T	290.7	2.1	32.2	9.0	9.2	1.5	999	477343	442198	8701	0.3	151	81	1.87
DSCG-1.2R	305.4	3.0	38.4	5.7	5.6	2.2	1329	458487	427277	9978	1.0	576	322	1.79
DSCG-1.3C	259.5	3.1	35.7	7.3	7.3	2.0	808	465879	418313	8950	0.3	87	67	1.29
DSCG-10.1C	440.5	2.1	55.9	4.3	4.3	2.6	1638	462337	396236	12088	2.5	1372	796	1.72
DSCG-10.2IR	443.7	2.6	38.8	12.5	12.5	2.3	1071	446132	397025	8379	0.3	178	86	2.08
DSCG-11.1C	509.1	2.1	47.6	5.2	5.3	4.2	4798	464647	393190	10907	2.6	2084	926	2.25
DSCG-11.2I	419.5	1.7	64.7	5.2	5.1	3.3	2985	446879	388059	11105	4.7	3528	1607	2.19
DSCG-11.3R	181.7	2.1	24.1	3.9	3.8	2.0	868	439505	3748117	10107	0.7	326	233	1.40
DSCG-12.1R	346.3	2.6	32.1	8.4	8.4	3.1	1259	469646	409499	9573	0.4	237	130	1.83
DSCG-12.2I	383.6	2.8	26.1	7.7	7.9	1.9	1435	456772	397905	8920	0.3	171	100	1.71
DSCG-13.1C	364.5	2.9	44.6	25.7	25.6	1.9	1371	470990	393742	7606	0.1	108	28	3.78
DSCG-13.2I	395.4	1.5	40.6	15.1	15.5	1.0	983	4411824	394908	7530	0.1	128	48	2.68
DSCG-13.3T	309.1	2.2	28.5	9.1	9.3	2.2	830	459882	3752022	9265	0.3	151	95	1.60
DSCG-14.1I	189.2	1.9	15.1	5.1	4.9	2.8	707	454777	411190	11205	0.4	133	113	1.17
DSCG-14.2R	406.8	1.8	50.6	8.7	9.2	1.8	1493	460406	396985	8884	0.3	163	114	1.44
DSCG-15.1R	343.4	1.5	39.9	6.5	6.8	1.7	1240	462341	434358	9410	0.5	266	162	1.64
DSCG-15.2I	181.6	1.7	27.3	13.5	13.7	1.3	419	444089	389432	7749	0.1	46	23	1.99
DSCG-16.1C	551.7	2.2	125.7	8.4	8.6	6.3	6251	466111	405664	10502	14.7	23287	4717	4.94
DSCG-16.2R	360.9	2.2	34.6	7.9	7.8	2.6	1362	474324	442869	9939	0.5	222	152	1.46
DSCG-17.1C	467.5	9.2	159.0	8.7	8.6	11.2	5645	448080	382225	11913	15.1	12991	4746	2.74
DSCG-17.2R	307.3	4.3	29.2	7.3	7.8	2.2	1335	444081	420723	9368	0.4	215	116	1.85
DSCG-18.1R	133.5	2.5	39.8	4.1	3.9	1.9	626	459311	420501	10603	0.5	209	166	1.26
DSCG-19.1R	212.1	2.6	56.7	4.4	4.3	2.2	964	452162	408378	10059	1.1	684	358	1.91
DSCG-2.1T	343.1	2.7	28.9	5.3	4.9	2.2	1405	511279	469187	11512	0.9	501	340	1.48
DSCG-2.2I	226.3	4.4	24.3	8.9	8.6	2.2	540	471848	410382	9593	0.3	83	65	1.28
DSCG-2.3C	266.2	10.2	45.0	6.3	5.3	6.1	1733	454124	399988	13848	1.6	815	527	1.55
DSCG-2.3C2	493.9	2.3	42.8	10.4	10.6	1.8	1489	505384	438078	9570	0.4	196	102	1.93
DSCG-20.1R	224.6	2.5	43.8	4.4	3.9	1.7	1000	461162	420051	10508	0.8	335	243	1.38
DSCG-20.2I	271.5	2.5	41.8	15.1	15.0	1.3	825	460892	414144	7669	0.2	125	49	2.53
DSCG-21.1C	373.2	2.4	44.3	18.7	18.9	1.5	1961	464978	432510	7555	0.2	170	49	3.46
DSCG-21.2I	294.6	2.7	36.8	16.2	16.3	1.5	723	470424	439567	8490	0.2	85	37	2.31
DSCG-3.2C	344.4	3.1	52.1	16.4	15.8	1.8	2231	466806	400308	7047	0.3	255	68	3.77
DSCG-3.3R	292.1	24.6	63.5	5.2	5.3	1.9	1164	470477	437868	10340	0.5	238	206	1.16
DSCG-4.1T	294.5	6.1	44.6	5.0	5.9	2.8	1055	517779	455253	11664	1.0	541	328	1.65

Table D2: Complete trace element data from March, 2006 SHRIMP-RG analysis of zircons from the Spirit Mountain batholith.

	P ppm	Ca Rel to CZ3	Sc ppm	Ti48 ppm	Ti49 ppm	Fe Rel to CZ3	Y ppm	Zr96 (Zr20)	Hf ppm	Pb206	Th ppm	U ppm	Th/U	
DSCG-4.2R	274.3	4.2	52.1	5.3	2.3	1348	441183	388490	9683	0.7	268	212	1.26	
DSCG-4.3R	256.4	2.5	43.1	14.1	1.6	1123	460035	409388	7483	0.1	100	33	3.01	
DSCG-4.4C	447.4	5.9	87.2	19.4	2.2	2495	448243	389739	6915	0.2	313	65	4.83	
DSCG-5.1T	355.6	1.8	31.4	7.0	1.7	1053	448047	400125	9330	0.4	196	118	1.65	
DSCG-5.2R	561.6	213.0	35.6	4.6	0.0	545	491569	412718	12264	0.6	238	188	1.27	
DSCG-5.3R	144.1	8.7	46.8	12.9	14.2	16.0	566	497713	5226512	0.8	333	240	1.39	
DSCG-5.4R	330.4	4.7	26.8	7.2	6.8	1.8	1079	449448	409158	9673	0.3	226	130	1.74
DSCG-5.5C	288.8	3.9	71.6	4.7	4.7	3.5	2065	447356	403916	11706	2.4	1149	863	1.33
DSCG-5.6I	102.6	11.0	30.9	4.2	3.5	1.4	493	451082	395502	11038	0.3	116	100	1.16
DSCG-6.1T	151.8	3.7	71.6	4.4	4.6	2.8	757	448051	387690	11444	1.2	580	415	1.40
DSCG-6.2C	476.1	3.5	77.1	5.4	5.5	3.4	2460	473272	421051	11872	3.5	1810	1079	1.68
DSCG-7.1C	358.9	3.2	60.7	5.1	5.0	3.2	2510	516892	460693	13665	4.4	3408	1551	2.20
DSCG-7.2R	427.9	2.6	39.9	8.8	8.6	143.9	1676	457568	422478	8943	0.8	605	230	2.63
DSCG-7.3R	399.2	2.8	39.4	10.6	10.4	3.1	1341	498615	468435	9401	0.4	254	117	2.16
DSCG-7.4T	320.8	3.2	25.5	6.5	6.4	2.8	1073	476184	417746	10385	0.4	194	140	1.39
DSCG-8.1C	329.6	2.7	31.6	5.5	4.9	4.2	951	463518	415920	11336	0.7	322	242	1.33
DSCG-8.2R	413.5	2.5	43.8	5.4	5.0	3.0	1610	452344	392029	10162	0.8	342	266	1.28
DSCG-8.3R	301.5	3.4	28.0	11.5	11.2	2.6	785	441299	378279	8149	0.3	149	72	2.07
DSCG-8.4T	181.8	2.8	29.4	4.7	4.6	2.4	699	453043	379257	10656	0.7	322	208	1.54
DSCG-9.1C	1264.1	2.5	121.6	10.4	11.0	4.0	8890	455977	386240	7214	2.7	2932	833	3.52
DSCG-9.2R	420.6	3.0	39.3	17.1	17.1	1.7	1042	488118	409684	8452	0.2	143	51	2.79
DSCG-9.3R	348.2	3.3	34.6	11.1	11.1	3.5	973	466380	389352	9270	0.3	171	99	1.72
DSCG-9.4R	233.9	14.5	23.1	5.7	6.0	2.3	720	465847	436485	10304	0.5	243	153	1.59

Table D2: Complete trace element data from March, 2006 SHRIMP-RG analysis of zircons from the Spirit Mountain batholith.

	P ppm	Ca Rel to CZ3	Sc ppm	Ti48 ppm	Ti49 ppm	Fe Rel to CZ3	Y ppm	Zr96 (Zr2O)	Hf ppm	Pb206	Th ppm	U ppm	Th/U
LGZ-1.2C	340.3	1.3	60.6	17.0	17.5	1.4	1820	497399	477282	7860	0.2	201	68
LGZ-1.2T	335.4	2.7	154.0	7.5	6.9	119.4	4227	469253	406886	12147	10.0	9763	3590
LGZ-10.1I	280.6	2.2	48.4	21.6	21.3	27.5	1791	500257	433697	8003	0.1	125	30
LGZ-11.1R	314.8	2.0	51.9	14.8	14.8	1.1	1045	452387	417795	7392	0.2	86	44
LGZ-2.1C	184.4	1.5	79.5	4.4	4.2	1.4	1698	449723	409869	12885	3.0	2151	973
LGZ-2.2R	203.2	1.5	102.8	4.1	3.9	2.6	2177	436952	363867	13107	4.2	1688	1424
LGZ-2.3I	215.5	1.7	20.5	7.4	7.1	1.4	596	457286	408338	9287	0.2	64	50
LGZ-3.1I	375.6	1.3	20.1	4.5	4.6	1.2	1768	459501	431708	11180	0.9	382	257
LGZ-4.1C	279.9	1.6	41.1	4.3	4.4	1.8	1971	486781	432483	13310	1.4	651	502
LGZ-5.1I	221.0	1.5	28.2	7.4	7.6	1.2	865	481483	443177	9335	0.2	108	70
LGZ-6.1T	192.7	8.1	52.9	4.2	4.4	1.8	1259	526217	466579	14445	1.9	971	629
LGZ-6.2I	560.0	1.6	62.4	18.4	18.1	1.3	3796	455006	389774	6983	0.2	436	100
LGZ-7.1I	269.8	1.6	67.1	3.8	3.6	2.6	2923	453260	397330	13803	5.8	5088	2087
LGZ-8.1I	586.0	1.6	77.0	20.6	20.7	1.3	3927	450214	394418	6357	0.4	516	120
LGZ-8.2R	248.8	11.3	28.8	5.4	5.3	1.4	1016	470552	401109	11131	0.8	348	248
LGZ-9.1I	264.5	1.9	48.7	13.2	13.1	1.4	910	450628	384619	7300	0.1	77	41
LGZ-11.2I	554.1	2.0	61.6	13.6	13.1	1.0	4658	478108	424809	7539	0.7	819	219
LGZ-12.1I	156.1	2.7	45.4	3.0	3.0	2.5	997	456556	404950	13519	2.2	1273	712
LGZ-13.1C	200.1	2.4	60.3	4.6	4.2	2.5	1819	440414	386808	13149	2.7	1569	936

Table D2: Complete trace element data from March, 2006 SHRIMP-RG analysis of zircons from the Spirit Mountain batholith.

	P ppm	Ca Rel to CZ3	Sc ppm	Ti48 ppm	Ti49 ppm	Fe Rel to CZ3	Y ppm	Zr96	Hf ppm	Pb206	Th ppm	U ppm	Th/U
SWZ-1.1I	277.8	7.4	26.5	9.3	9.4	1.6	865	476078	437340	9536	0.3	127	76
SWZ-10.1C	199.7	2.4	42.1	10.2	10.4	1.1	944	435840	394281	7813	0.6	296	185
SWZ-11.1IR	223.3	1.8	16.5	4.7	4.7	1.4	708	418994	392739	8758	0.3	123	90
SWZ-11.2I	145.3	2.0	12.1	4.8	4.7	1.3	356	437997	409378	9641	0.2	51	44
SWZ-11.3C	873.9	196.3	28.8	3.1	2.9	0.0	851	437022	387327	12633	1.3	426	455
SWZ-11.4R	216.4	5.9	26.1	9.6	9.6	1.4	546	430174	374999	7903	0.1	71	39
SWZ-11.5IR	266.6	3.1	66.9	5.5	5.3	2.2	1800	410462	324930	9455	1.1	653	426
SWZ-2.1IR	187.8	3.0	22.4	4.2	4.3	1.8	881	460318	429720	10930	0.5	218	187
SWZ-2.2I	287.3	2.6	61.7	16.8	16.5	1.6	1705	49058	453320	7474	0.3	213	73
SWZ-3.1R	352.4	2.2	29.1	7.5	7.4	2.2	1375	458901	443325	9184	0.5	339	170
SWZ-4.1C	234.9	2.0	28.9	4.5	3.8	1.8	1045	460926	434698	10311	0.5	193	176
SWZ-4.2R	440.8	2.7	40.2	9.9	9.5	2.3	1467	465925	408593	8511	0.5	420	158
SWZ-5.1R	304.5	3.0	31.3	9.4	9.0	2.0	983	467404	421408	8633	0.3	150	80
SWZ-5.2C	327.9	2.3	30.7	6.6	6.4	2.4	1090	468150	433789	9271	0.4	255	137
SWZ-6.1C	1018.3	4.0	144.7	16.2	16.6	4.0	7417	460471	413474	6995	1.0	1574	314
SWZ-6.2R	373.6	3.1	37.6	10.1	10.0	2.2	1117	449204	406004	8221	0.3	275	111
SWZ-7.1R	463.5	2.2	40.4	9.9	9.7	2.1	1590	466993	427999	8791	0.6	491	185
SWZ-8.1R	302.6	3.8	29.9	10.1	9.9	3.1	890	471372	445431	8887	0.3	145	78
SWZ-8.2R	241.4	2.6	46.6	4.0	4.1	1.5	1268	451973	424835	10714	0.7	286	258
SWZ-8.3I	172.9	2.8	12.5	4.5	4.5	1.3	447	440945	422428	9516	0.2	50	47
SWZ-8.4C	767.0	2.6	136.1	13.4	13.5	3.2	3790	473026	445538	8078	2.1	3285	727
SWZ-9.1C	174.9	1.7	36.7	13.2	13.8	1.1	1238	462486	423598	8156	0.2	108	40
SWZ-9.2I	270.5	1.5	29.8	7.6	7.3	1.0	823	455708	397467	8368	0.2	124	79
SWZ-9.3R	204.5	2.4	31.7	14.9	15.2	0.9	520	469974	409217	7680	0.1	83	39
SWZ-9.4R	262.5	1.7	23.2	6.6	6.4	1.6	928	441577	435487	9648	0.3	151	101

Table D2: Complete trace element data from March, 2006 SHRIMP-RG analysis of zircons from the Spirit Mountain batholith.

	P ppm	Ca Rel to CZ3	Sc ppm	Ti48 ppm	Ti49 ppm	Fe Rel to CZ3	Y ppm	Zr96 (Zr2O)	Hf ppm	Pb206	Th ppm	U ppm	Th/U
SML49Z-1.1C	649.7	201.0	40.6	8.5	7.4	0.0	2624	478480	454767	7866	0.6	520	189
SML49Z-1.2R	315.3	1.4	51.1	5.3	5.5	1.2	2165	482195	487750	10573	1.4	715	503
SML49Z-1.3I	273.1	1.4	20.4	5.1	5.1	1.1	1204	490430	508100	10327	0.3	151	104
SML49Z-10.1R	332.6	1.5	38.2	4.5	4.2	1.3	1932	455309	409558	10610	1.4	738	504
SML49Z-10.2IR	285.8	49.5	26.1	4.2	4.1	0.0	3455	441421	485775	9496	0.7	652	326
SML49Z-10.3C	391.2	22.5	11.9	4.4	4.1	2.6	1465	455863	480550	10436	0.2	87	78
SML49Z-10.4C	222.5	1.4	15.5	4.4	4.3	0.9	795	490797	466177	11041	0.2	96	84
SML49Z-10.5IR	170.2	1.1	53.6	3.5	3.4	1.0	1335	439756	390335	11432	1.0	462	405
SML49Z-10.6IR	120.0	1.3	8.3	3.6	3.7	0.9	332	455817	418611	11019	0.2	72	68
SML49Z-11.1C	195.9	1.4	16.8	5.4	5.5	1.4	610	449464	382539	9189	0.2	79	69
SML49Z-11.2IR	237.0	3.3	37.6	7.3	8.0	1.2	809	431641	38165	7845	0.1	79	51
SML49Z-11.3R	245.1	1.6	58.0	3.7	3.6	1.3	1702	472849	412177	11919	1.8	873	687
SML49Z-12.1IC	235.1	1.1	23.9	4.8	4.7	0.9	1362	438498	383871	8923	0.3	172	87
SML49Z-12.2T	248.8	1.2	65.7	3.7	3.6	1.0	2001	443751	396030	11204	2.4	1146	855
SML49Z-13.1IC	327.7	1.4	12.9	5.1	5.4	1.2	1769	427702	403191	9951	0.3	161	78
SML49Z-13.2IR	193.2	1.3	16.4	5.0	5.3	1.0	754	428387	419808	9603	0.3	132	98
SML49Z-13.3T	234.0	1.4	36.4	3.9	3.6	1.6	1345	457150	439019	11639	1.5	957	508
SML49Z-2.1C	104.0	1.2	32.9	10.1	9.9	1.1	518	458365	410645	7753	0.1	55	33
SML49Z-2.2T	260.5	0.8	104.0	3.9	3.7	1.1	2661	458801	448805	12724	2.5	1175	907
SML49Z-2.3IR	293.3	1.9	57.1	9.9	10.0	1.9	1223	483556	453925	8916	0.3	138	94
SML49Z-3.1I	194.1	1.4	30.9	10.0	10.0	1.6	1498	476387	447714	8316	0.2	137	56
SML49Z-3.2R	213.6	1.1	37.4	5.2	5.3	1.2	1098	484547	510565	11406	0.5	218	186
SML49Z-4.1C	219.5	1.2	26.7	6.3	6.3	1.2	1425	483580	469169	9213	0.2	169	76
SML49Z-4.2T	223.3	1.2	53.6	3.5	3.7	1.4	1843	468328	472430	12307	1.9	992	714
SML49Z-5.1C	323.9	1.3	23.0	5.2	5.4	1.1	1904	456363	435876	9843	0.4	295	143
SML49Z-5.2R	200.6	1.8	83.6	3.7	3.8	1.3	1958	455071	432245	12250	1.9	737	652
SML49Z-5.3IR	207.8	1.5	16.0	5.0	5.1	1.0	732	467510	443765	9744	0.3	133	100
SML49Z-6.1R	177.9	1.5	42.0	2.5	2.4	1.4	2032	450545	396797	11816	1.5	910	511
SML49Z-6.2IR	514.7	1.4	79.6	12.3	1.3	2.006	448680	388405	7475	0.8	1225	270	4.53
SML49Z-6.3IR	193.4	1.4	21.3	5.7	5.6	1.2	605	462555	448167	9082	0.2	115	73
SML49Z-7.1R	248.9	1.4	93.4	3.7	4.0	1.3	2001	457226	395706	12532	2.2	985	846
SML49Z-7.2IR	271.1	1.6	25.0	5.7	5.9	1.2	861	473173	427067	9168	0.3	139	103
SML49Z-7.3C	135.8	1.5	20.3	6.5	6.4	1.0	507	471363	431357	8764	0.1	38	30
SML49Z-7.4IR	233.7	0.7	24.3	5.4	5.6	0.8	831	449313	438609	8947	0.2	135	97
SML49Z-8.1C	197.7	1.4	18.8	4.5	4.2	1.1	880	437860	395585	9017	0.2	94	68
SML49Z-8.2IR	365.8	6.1	57.3	4.8	4.6	1.8	2550	414403	370881	10129	1.3	652	473
SML49Z-8.3R	253.3	1.4	60.4	3.0	3.4	1.1	1943	436773	386128	12551	3.0	1723	1251
SML49Z-8.4IR	319.1	1.6	38.5	3.9	4.1	1.2	1961	457232	396762	11169	1.7	936	631
SML49Z-8.5C	202.8	1.3	19.6	4.9	5.0	1.2	635	454997	419019	10511	0.2	81	66
SML49Z-9.1C	149.4	1.4	33.0	11.8	11.7	1.0	770	450062	411088	7495	0.1	68	29
SML49Z-9.2IR	227.4	1.2	48.8	9.3	9.1	1.1	853	444592	404309	7779	0.2	84	54

Table D2: Complete trace element data from March, 2006 SHRIMP-RG analysis of zircons from the Spirit Mountain batholith.

	P ppm	Ca Rel to CZ3	Sc ppm	Ti48 ppm	Ti49 ppm	Fe Rel to CZ3	Y ppm	Zr	Hf ppm	Pb206	Th ppm	U ppm	Th/U
SML49Z-9.3R	306.2	1.3	102.0	4.8	4.6	1.2	2762	460128	389700	11925	2.5	1299	877

Table D2: Complete trace element data from March, 2006 SHRIMP-RG analysis of zircons from the Spirit Mountain batholith.

	P ppm	Ca Rel to CZ3	Sc ppm	Ti48 ppm	Ti49 ppm	Fe Rel to CZ3	Y ppm	Zr	Hf ppm	(Zr2O)	Pb206	Th ppm	U ppm	Th/U
SML54Z-1.1I	228.8	1.3	37.8	10.1	10.2	1.9	1267	442805	8403	0.2	136	59	2.29	
SML54Z-1.2R	102.5	1.6	162.6	2.6	2.4	1.9	2101	512678	533125	2.5	1421	902	1.58	
SML54Z-10.1C	705.2	3.2	56.9	6.6	6.9	3.9	2016	461931	437308	1.8	887	695	1.28	
SML54Z-10.2R	292.8	2.3	18.6	5.5	5.9	3.0	984	467563	459136	10123	0.5	216	145	
SML54Z-2.1I	196.2	1.2	38.7	16.2	15.9	2.1	1111	460376	457368	6986	0.1	81	33	
SML54Z-3.1C	382.7	1.7	71.9	10.2	10.5	1.9	2979	489229	467944	8010	0.4	461	138	
SML54Z-3.2I	307.8	1.4	37.3	10.6	10.6	1.5	1134	470901	455269	8542	0.3	298	105	
SML54Z-3.3T	176.6	1.6	402.9	3.9	3.9	1.8	2377	456594	442160	15056	4.6	1821	1743	
SML54Z-4.1C	169.7	1.0	25.8	7.0	6.9	1.3	593	459038	441123	9143	0.2	68	53	
SML54Z-4.2IR	314.5	1.3	62.5	9.2	9.2	1.6	1341	456390	449669	8174	0.3	148	100	
SML54Z-4.3T	282.0	1.7	27.7	4.2	4.2	3.8	1534	478550	464896	12560	1.4	762	529	
SML54Z-5.1C	143.2	1.4	13.4	4.9	4.8	1.4	404	480000	459446	10188	0.2	44	43	
SML54Z-5.2IR	299.5	2.9	29.5	6.7	6.7	1.4	1056	465610	459139	9543	0.3	104	79	
SML54Z-5.3IR	311.2	1.4	27.6	6.2	6.3	1.8	1087	465547	455403	9743	0.4	186	118	
SML54Z-6.1C	327.6	1.3	56.6	14.1	13.8	1.3	2552	478778	454927	7622	0.3	367	100	
SML54Z-6.2IR	405.7	56.8	35.3	11.5	11.2	0.0	1060	458338	438460	8555	0.3	301	118	
SML54Z-7.1C	299.0	1.3	56.8	4.2	4.3	1.6	2214	483419	438863	12778	2.5	1441	944	
SML54Z-7.2IR	230.6	1.2	19.9	4.7	4.7	1.4	886	465494	441926	10596	0.4	168	129	
SML54Z-7.3T	194.1	1.3	97.1	3.8	4.0	1.5	1400	472921	462652	11864	1.9	921	663	
SML54Z-8.1C	155.9	1.2	36.0	14.6	15.0	1.2	617	472861	453515	7586	0.1	52	20	
SML54Z-8.2T	347.8	1.3	15.8	5.3	5.3	1.5	1244	471343	442711	10492	0.5	221	166	
SML54Z-9.1C	257.7	1.3	37.0	12.1	12.2	1.3	1796	455335	421766	7506	0.2	189	58	
SML54Z-9.2IR	253.1	1.4	36.1	8.7	9.1	1.5	983	460855	433278	8592	0.2	125	69	
SML54Z-9.3T	140.7	1.5	356.7	3.7	3.7	1.8	1910	462720	416554	14463	3.7	1410	1302	

Table D2: Complete trace element data from March, 2006 SHRIMP-RG analysis of zircons from the Spirit Mountain batholith.

	P ppm	Ca Rel to CZ3	Sc ppm	Ti48 ppm	Ti49 ppm	Fe Rel to CZ3	Y ppm	Zr96 (Zr:O)	Hf ppm	Pb206	Th ppm	U ppm	Th/U
CZ3-7.1JW145	14.3	1.4	4.3	5.0	5.0	1.1	43	451285	418969	10876	43.2	27	467
CZ3-8.1JW145	14.9	1.4	4.6	4.9	4.9	1.1	47	475217	443070	11172	44.8	31	505
CZ3-8.2JW145	14.3	1.4	4.3	4.6	4.3	1.1	44	449413	421201	10587	43.7	28	479
Average	14.5	1.4	4.4	4.8	4.7	1.1	44	458638	427747	10878	43.9	29	484
CZ3-10.1-189	14.2	1.3	4.3	5.3	5.2	1.0	49	502163	505593	12102	46.9	32	554
CZ3-9.1-189	15.3	1.1	4.4	5.2	5.2	0.9	48	487841	508018	11696	44.5	31	532
CZ3-6.1-251	12.5	0.9	4.3	5.0	5.0	0.9	42	470716	473297	11263	43.9	29	489
CZ3-7.1-251	11.8	0.9	4.2	5.0	5.1	1.0	41	466118	490208	11039	43.1	28	493
CZ3-7.2-251	12.9	0.9	4.6	5.1	5.2	1.2	44	501865	485261	11703	45.8	30	516
CZ3-8.1-251	12.5	1.1	4.5	5.7	5.6	1.1	46	513705	468737	12704	0.0	0	788
CZ3-8.2-251	11.7	0.7	4.5	5.1	5.2	0.9	44	472053	483346	10693	39.9	27	479
Average	13.0	1.0	4.4	5.2	5.2	1.0	45	487780	487780	11600	44.0	30	550
R33A206-19	171.9	1.2	15.1	6.0	6.2	29.6	1697	454583	465939	9341	14.8	176	229
R33-30A206	174.9	1.0	15.6	7.0	6.9	9.3	1448	423203	7491	0.0	67	92	0.73

	La ppm	Ce ppm	Pr Calc	Nd ppm	Sm ppm	Eu ppm	Ho ppm	Gd ppm	Tb ppm	Er ppm	Tm ppm	Yb ppm	Lu ppm	
BC101-1.5	0.00	65.0	0.0	0.4	2.1	0.4	47.1	21.3	8.2	106.8	253.5	57.2	492.9	
BC101-1.6R	0.00	39.1	0.0	0.8	2.8	0.6	36.9	25.1	8.5	92.3	173.2	37.7	300.9	
BC101-1E	4.42	77.3	0.0	2.2	2.4	0.5	42.8	18.9	7.5	94.2	198.6	48.3	397.8	
BC101-1E2	0.00	47.4	0.0	1.6	0.4	31.8	15.5	5.8	72.0	159.5	35.5	304.6	59.9	
BC101-1LGC	0.01	77.2	0.0	2.1	9.4	1.1	109.1	80.0	26.4	284.0	474.8	89.0	673.0	120.9
BC101-1LGI	0.00	49.2	0.0	0.3	1.7	0.4	32.7	17.0	6.3	75.8	165.1	36.6	307.1	60.0
BC101-2.1T	0.00	47.7	0.0	0.4	1.8	0.4	33.1	17.5	6.8	77.9	165.0	35.9	303.1	58.4
BC101-2.2C	0.05	111.6	0.0	5.3	16.0	4.6	104.5	102.0	30.1	294.5	451.2	87.2	691.0	129.9
BC101-2.3I	0.00	50.2	0.0	0.4	1.7	0.5	23.9	14.4	4.8	54.7	117.1	26.0	231.2	48.1
BC101-2.4I	0.01	46.7	0.0	0.2	1.1	0.2	31.8	12.1	4.9	69.8	171.5	40.8	362.1	74.6
BC101-2.5T2	0.06	69.3	0.0	0.7	2.8	0.6	44.9	24.8	9.7	109.6	219.8	46.2	367.7	69.8
BC101-3.1T	0.01	48.6	0.0	0.3	1.0	0.2	22.9	10.5	4.3	50.8	129.7	32.3	318.7	72.6
BC101-3.2I	0.00	80.5	0.0	0.4	2.1	0.4	52.8	22.0	9.2	112.8	275.5	61.0	531.0	103.3
BC101-3.3R	6.32	75.0	0.0	5.0	2.9	0.4	23.2	12.5	3.7	48.9	135.7	34.3	339.1	80.0
BC101-3.4C	0.01	46.3	0.0	1.2	4.7	1.4	48.3	39.7	12.0	125.9	222.2	44.3	371.8	72.1
BC101-3.5T2	0.11	62.9	0.0	0.3	1.4	0.3	35.9	14.3	5.6	75.1	202.3	49.2	470.6	97.8
BC101-4.1R	0.00	66.2	0.0	0.4	1.9	0.4	44.3	19.5	7.8	100.2	235.7	53.1	466.8	91.0
BC101-4.2I	0.00	50.7	0.0	0.4	2.0	0.4	36.7	18.0	7.1	84.4	178.3	39.4	311.0	58.4
BC101-4.3C	0.00	95.5	0.0	0.3	1.3	0.2	47.2	14.7	6.3	86.9	288.8	72.5	719.3	152.2
BC101-5.1I	0.01	51.8	0.0	0.5	1.9	0.4	33.6	18.4	7.1	80.3	166.8	34.2	284.2	54.4
BC101-5.2R	0.00	58.9	0.0	0.6	2.4	0.6	37.1	23.6	8.5	92.4	180.4	38.0	313.6	56.4
BC101-6.1I	0.03	62.7	0.0	3.7	9.9	2.9	77.2	69.6	21.6	209.3	344.0	66.1	520.0	99.5
BC101-7.1I	0.00	55.8	0.0	0.8	3.9	0.8	59.9	35.6	13.0	148.9	282.3	58.5	466.5	87.0
BC101-7.2R	0.00	109.2	0.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	55.1	15.0	7.2	102.0	352.7	94.5	923.8	197.7
BC101-8.1R	0.00	52.4	0.0	0.5	2.1	0.4	41.3	20.3	8.2	91.5	195.0	41.7	336.7	60.0
BC101-8.2I	0.02	56.0	0.0	0.4	2.0	0.5	39.0	18.8	7.7	90.9	191.5	42.4	350.0	67.3

	La ppm	Ce ppm	Pr Calc	Nd ppm	Sm ppm	Eu ppm	Ho ppm	Gd ppm	Tb ppm	Dy ppm	Er ppm	Tm ppm	Yb ppm	Lu ppm
BC101-9.1R	0.00	31.3	0.0	0.1	0.8	0.2	22.6	8.9	3.7	49.6	122.5	29.0	264.5	57.4
BC101-9.2R	0.00	139.2	0.0	0.6	3.4	0.8	100.7	40.8	17.3	227.9	544.9	123.8	1049.0	196.6
BC101-9.3I	0.00	44.7	0.0	0.4	2.8	0.5	46.5	26.7	10.1	115.5	228.6	47.6	385.2	69.8
BC101-9.4C	0.00	51.3	0.0	0.4	2.0	0.5	45.4	22.0	8.8	108.9	217.2	46.4	375.0	72.4
BC101-10.1R	0.00	52.9	0.0	0.3	1.4	0.3	35.9	14.2	6.1	80.0	192.0	45.1	407.6	79.2
BC101-10.2C	0.02	123.7	0.0	2.3	9.0	2.1	101.9	74.7	25.0	262.1	464.8	91.6	734.9	135.4
BC101-10.3I	0.03	129.4	0.0	0.4	2.0	0.2	72.2	23.3	10.5	145.1	417.8	104.7	996.3	200.2
BC101-11.1R	0.01	43.6	0.0	0.6	2.5	0.5	30.3	19.8	7.1	79.6	144.1	28.3	246.3	47.7
BC101-11.2I	0.00	62.7	0.0	0.5	2.3	0.4	51.2	26.8	10.6	127.0	260.8	52.4	438.0	78.4
BC101-11.3R	0.00	54.1	0.0	0.4	2.1	0.4	42.6	19.9	7.6	92.4	202.6	44.2	351.8	66.7
BC101-12.1T	0.00	57.3	0.0	0.4	1.8	0.4	41.7	20.8	7.4	94.3	212.4	47.4	415.0	80.8
BC101-12.2I	0.01	100.2	0.0	0.6	2.7	0.6	78.1	35.8	13.5	181.5	396.3	88.2	692.3	129.3
BC101-12.3C	0.00	38.2	0.0	0.3	1.5	0.4	33.8	18.5	7.0	83.9	179.2	39.7	347.2	74.6
BC101-12.4C	0.00	49.1	0.0	0.4	2.0	0.5	42.9	21.9	8.7	101.0	215.8	44.7	378.8	75.4
BC101-13.1C	0.01	74.2	0.0	1.1	5.1	1.2	77.3	45.8	17.5	191.8	364.6	76.3	607.4	113.6
BC101-13.2R	0.07	64.6	0.0	0.4	1.9	0.3	50.8	19.6	8.8	112.6	265.7	58.4	498.2	96.1
BC101-13.3R	0.12	59.8	0.0	0.6	2.4	0.4	40.6	21.4	8.2	94.9	196.1	42.3	350.4	69.1
BC101-14.1C	0.05	104.9	0.0	5.9	15.1	3.7	85.0	90.4	26.1	239.1	363.8	70.3	552.9	107.3
BC101-14.2R	0.00	76.9	0.0	0.2	1.9	0.3	69.9	23.3	10.3	144.1	383.4	86.7	721.5	139.2
BC101-14.3I	0.03	79.2	0.0	0.9	3.4	0.8	48.3	28.9	10.8	117.7	224.2	46.6	378.5	72.4
BC101-14.4R	0.00	56.5	0.0	0.3	1.8	0.3	45.2	19.6	7.8	100.3	222.6	49.0	410.8	75.6
BC101-14.5R	0.00	52.3	0.0	0.4	2.2	0.4	35.4	19.7	7.1	86.4	174.6	35.5	297.2	56.4

	La ppm	Ce ppm	Pr Calc	Nd ppm	Sm ppm	Eu ppm	Ho ppm	Gd ppm	Tb ppm	Dy ppm	Er ppm	Tm ppm	Yb ppm	Lu ppm
DSCG-1.1T	0.00	62.5	0.0	0.8	2.9	0.7	40.6	25.9	8.7	100.2	185.2	37.6	324.8	61.0
DSCG-1.2R	0.00	86.7	0.0	0.4	2.1	0.4	54.5	23.1	9.2	118.1	275.8	64.6	580.4	112.4
DSCG-1.3C	0.01	44.9	0.0	0.2	1.6	0.4	32.9	16.4	6.5	75.3	167.9	35.2	313.2	62.4
DSCG-10.1C	0.01	88.1	0.0	0.3	1.3	0.2	51.9	14.9	6.1	101.9	334.1	86.1	866.9	188.0
DSCG-10.2IR	0.01	68.6	0.0	0.8	3.1	0.7	49.8	29.6	10.4	122.2	241.0	49.0	397.9	75.3
DSCG-11.1C	0.05	179.9	0.0	2.0	6.8	1.0	165.1	69.5	29.1	357.9	884.3	199.1	1756.5	332.8
DSCG-11.2I	0.01	197.4	0.0	0.6	2.8	0.4	100.4	36.4	14.4	210.2	566.7	137.4	1259.8	255.9
DSCG-11.3R	0.00	48.1	0.0	0.2	1.0	0.2	31.4	11.3	4.7	65.7	174.1	39.8	358.4	74.3
DSCG-12.1R	0.03	69.3	0.0	0.9	3.3	0.7	50.0	30.5	11.0	126.9	245.1	49.6	425.5	77.4
DSCG-12.2I	0.02	53.1	0.0	1.4	4.2	1.2	58.0	38.2	12.8	140.3	271.6	55.2	439.9	82.0
DSCG-13.1C	0.03	43.1	0.0	3.2	6.8	1.6	62.6	55.0	16.8	170.3	280.2	52.8	416.6	79.5
DSCG-13.2I	0.00	54.6	0.0	1.1	3.7	0.8	40.1	29.3	9.6	104.5	191.4	38.2	310.2	57.2
DSCG-13.3T	0.00	49.5	0.0	0.4	1.3	0.4	35.1	18.2	6.7	86.1	172.2	37.2	305.4	58.1
DSCG-14.1I	0.07	30.0	0.0	0.1	0.8	0.2	24.7	8.6	3.8	53.2	143.5	33.0	298.2	58.6
DSCG-14.2R	0.04	62.2	0.0	0.6	3.3	0.7	58.1	28.8	11.0	133.6	291.8	60.6	521.2	100.6
DSCG-15.1R	0.01	61.5	0.0	0.6	2.7	0.6	48.5	24.5	9.8	107.8	228.0	49.1	404.5	76.5
DSCG-15.2I	0.00	38.9	0.0	0.4	1.6	0.5	17.7	13.8	4.6	46.3	86.8	17.4	148.6	30.3
DSCG-16.1C	0.04	612.6	0.0	2.4	8.7	1.2	215.9	88.2	34.6	446.6	1236.1	293.7	2729.0	545.4
DSCG-16.2R	0.01	66.4	0.0	0.6	2.6	0.5	52.3	27.0	10.9	124.8	264.6	55.4	458.6	84.8
DSCG-17.1C	0.23	547.2	0.0	1.5	5.0	0.5	156.7	44.7	20.1	276.6	1045.4	277.3	2957.2	634.4
DSCG-17.2R	0.06	66.7	0.0	0.8	3.6	0.8	54.4	31.4	11.0	130.1	268.3	55.2	443.3	79.3
DSCG-18.1R	0.00	41.0	0.0	0.3	1.1	0.3	23.3	11.4	3.8	53.0	123.7	29.1	289.1	62.8
DSCG-19.1IR	0.00	68.8	0.0	0.3	1.8	0.4	34.4	15.7	5.8	80.1	194.1	44.6	429.3	92.8
DSCG-2.1T	0.00	77.3	0.0	0.4	2.0	0.4	54.8	24.6	9.0	121.0	277.9	62.0	544.0	102.2
DSCG-2.2I	0.01	40.4	0.0	0.2	1.4	0.3	23.3	12.3	5.0	56.9	117.0	24.0	208.7	41.2
DSCG-2.3C	0.06	74.2	0.0	0.4	1.7	0.2	58.0	16.7	7.8	112.1	347.0	92.8	917.8	208.3
DSCG-2.3C2	0.00	79.2	0.0	1.0	4.0	0.9	63.4	38.3	13.7	160.2	306.0	63.9	508.6	94.0
DSCG-20.1R	0.00	55.0	0.0	0.4	1.8	0.4	37.1	18.1	6.9	85.2	197.2	45.3	418.0	83.5
DSCG-20.2I	0.01	67.4	0.0	1.1	3.8	1.0	34.1	27.7	8.0	86.0	152.1	31.5	267.4	53.0
DSCG-21.1C	0.02	53.4	0.0	3.8	10.1	2.8	81.5	75.7	22.6	228.6	353.7	67.0	534.7	95.6
DSCG-21.2I	0.01	48.9	0.0	0.7	2.9	0.7	31.9	21.5	7.5	79.6	143.6	28.8	246.8	48.6
DSCG-3.2C	0.06	104.0	0.0	5.2	14.2	4.1	98.2	100.6	28.0	273.0	419.1	78.7	632.5	116.4
DSCG-3.3R	0.42	59.6	0.0	0.8	1.8	0.4	42.7	17.2	7.1	92.4	237.4	54.3	509.5	107.5
DSCG-4.1T	0.01	65.5	0.0	0.4	1.8	0.5	40.6	18.5	7.7	88.0	205.0	47.6	424.5	87.2

	La ppm	Ce ppm	Pr Calc	Nd ppm	Sm ppm	Eu ppm	Ho ppm	Gd ppm	Tb ppm	Dy ppm	Er ppm	Tm ppm	Yb ppm	Lu ppm
DSCG-4.2R	0.00	60.9	0.0	0.4	1.7	0.4	51.9	20.2	9.0	113.2	271.1	60.4	542.6	105.9
DSCG-4.3R	0.02	53.1	0.0	2.2	6.2	1.7	45.5	42.3	12.3	122.5	202.0	40.2	310.8	60.7
DSCG-4.4C	0.13	149.2	0.0	9.7	21.9	5.9	113.6	126.3	34.9	325.1	450.7	83.8	617.5	117.6
DSCG-5.1T	0.00	57.3	0.0	0.5	2.4	0.5	44.4	22.5	8.7	108.5	218.1	45.3	380.6	69.6
DSCG-5.2R	3.05	49.7	0.0	1.6	1.0	0.2	17.8	7.5	2.8	35.9	110.5	29.1	300.4	69.6
DSCG-5.3R	2.24	57.3	0.0	0.8	0.9	0.2	19.3	7.3	2.8	39.5	119.9	32.9	335.3	81.9
DSCG-5.4R	0.00	67.3	0.0	0.5	2.8	0.7	45.8	26.9	9.6	109.0	223.3	47.4	382.1	69.1
DSCG-5.5C	0.03	114.0	0.0	0.4	1.4	0.3	62.7	18.7	7.5	121.2	381.7	102.6	994.9	212.9
DSCG-5.6I	0.00	28.0	0.0	0.1	0.6	0.2	16.2	7.3	2.7	35.6	94.4	24.0	248.8	60.1
DSCG-6.1T	0.01	39.0	0.0	0.2	1.0	0.3	26.2	10.9	3.9	56.4	137.8	36.4	335.2	81.1
DSCG-6.2C	0.01	136.7	0.0	0.3	1.9	0.3	71.0	20.8	9.5	135.7	444.8	117.1	1137.3	241.4
DSCG-7.1C	0.00	165.2	0.0	0.4	2.3	0.3	78.0	26.1	10.7	162.2	459.1	113.2	1080.1	224.8
DSCG-7.2R	0.01	104.2	0.0	1.0	4.6	1.0	66.4	41.3	14.6	168.5	302.1	60.2	483.7	88.6
DSCG-7.3R	0.00	89.6	0.0	1.0	56.4	1.0	56.4	34.5	11.9	135.8	256.4	51.6	426.3	76.9
DSCG-7.4T	0.00	53.4	0.0	0.3	1.6	0.3	41.6	19.9	7.5	94.9	208.0	46.0	388.5	74.2
DSCG-8.1C	0.05	41.5	0.0	0.2	0.9	0.2	30.9	10.9	4.6	66.3	191.2	47.9	442.7	92.9
DSCG-8.2R	0.01	67.0	0.0	0.2	1.5	0.3	55.3	20.0	8.2	110.5	304.5	69.1	630.2	129.3
DSCG-8.3R	0.01	54.7	0.0	0.6	2.4	0.7	34.2	20.8	7.4	82.7	156.9	31.8	259.2	51.5
DSCG-8.4T	0.00	44.6	0.0	0.2	0.9	0.2	25.6	11.5	4.2	55.7	142.5	34.0	321.2	67.1
DSCG-9.1C	0.09	421.3	0.0	8.7	29.2	8.5	372.6	288.3	94.9	1001.1	1661.2	311.4	2461.6	424.5
DSCG-9.2R	0.01	75.7	0.0	1.1	4.0	0.6	42.7	32.3	10.2	111.5	192.5	38.4	321.6	61.0
DSCG-9.3R	0.01	56.7	0.0	0.6	2.7	0.6	38.5	23.4	8.5	96.1	195.8	41.0	343.9	66.4
DSCG-9.4R	0.57	41.7	0.0	0.7	1.2	0.3	26.8	12.9	4.6	60.5	141.0	33.0	289.3	54.3

	La ppm	Ce ppm	Pr Calc	Nd ppm	Sm ppm	Eu ppm	Ho ppm	Gd ppm	Tb ppm	Dy ppm	Er ppm	Tm ppm	Yb ppm	Lu ppm
LGZ-1.2C	0.03	78.2	0.0	3.9	11.4	3.9	86.1	74.6	22.7	225.9	360.7	70.4	575.2	109.9
LGZ-1.2T	0.06	377.8	0.0	0.9	3.4	0.4	125.7	35.0	15.1	203.8	730.7	202.0	2068.3	449.5
LGZ-10.1I	0.12	85.0	0.0	5.1	13.8	3.1	74.1	84.8	22.9	207.6	300.3	55.1	434.7	81.3
LGZ-11.1IR	0.01	58.0	0.0	1.0	3.7	1.1	41.1	28.0	9.1	101.0	192.2	41.0	336.5	66.7
LGZ-2.1C	0.00	159.3	0.0	0.4	1.4	0.2	52.7	16.2	6.8	96.9	337.9	94.3	988.6	231.3
LGZ-2.2R	0.00	152.2	0.0	0.3	1.3	0.2	61.9	15.2	7.1	109.5	428.0	119.9	1318.6	298.3
LGZ-2.3I	0.00	38.5	0.0	0.3	1.6	0.3	23.9	14.3	5.0	58.5	117.0	26.0	217.1	42.0
LGZ-3.1I	0.00	81.9	0.0	0.5	2.5	0.2	73.4	31.1	13.6	166.1	361.9	74.9	612.6	112.8
LGZ-4.1C	0.01	105.2	0.0	0.3	1.6	0.1	69.3	20.2	9.8	136.0	384.2	95.8	866.3	172.4
LGZ-5.1I	0.00	52.7	0.0	0.5	2.0	0.5	34.8	19.4	7.2	80.0	167.7	34.4	290.1	56.4
LGZ-6.1T	0.17	91.3	0.0	0.3	1.3	0.2	39.9	12.4	5.2	72.6	241.4	64.2	653.1	149.6
LGZ-6.2I	0.08	180.3	0.0	7.5	23.1	6.2	156.8	161.4	45.6	422.0	645.0	120.5	928.7	169.8
LGZ-7.1I	0.00	218.3	0.0	0.4	1.8	0.1	86.5	26.2	11.7	165.1	522.7	129.9	1286.3	275.3
LGZ-8.1I	0.11	136.0	0.0	7.3	26.7	10.3	170.2	177.1	51.9	477.8	695.1	129.5	979.0	182.0
LGZ-8.2IR	0.22	63.2	0.0	0.4	1.7	0.3	36.4	16.2	6.4	78.8	199.1	47.4	432.7	91.6
LGZ-9.1I	0.00	64.8	0.0	1.0	3.4	0.9	37.5	27.3	8.5	93.6	178.8	39.3	316.9	67.8
LGZ-11.2I	0.11	253.4	0.0	8.8	28.4	7.1	205.4	198.8	58.8	565.1	830.4	157.6	1227.0	223.5
LGZ-12.1I	0.00	93.7	0.0	0.3	0.7	0.1	34.0	9.1	4.4	58.9	218.7	58.9	598.8	138.8
LGZ-13.1C	0.08	129.0	0.0	0.3	1.3	0.1	54.0	15.8	6.8	100.1	333.4	87.7	873.8	195.6

	La ppm	Ce ppm	Pr Calc	Nd ppm	Sm ppm	Eu ppm	Ho ppm	Gd ppm	Tb ppm	Dy ppm	Er ppm	Tm ppm	Yb ppm	Lu ppm
SWZ-1.1I	0.00	53.8	0.0	0.5	2.2	0.5	34.5	21.7	7.3	83.3	166.1	33.3	279.6	53.3
SWZ-10.1C	0.00	49.8	0.0	0.5	2.3	0.7	31.7	19.1	6.6	73.1	159.1	35.5	320.1	63.2
SWZ-11.1IR	0.00	39.8	0.0	0.2	1.2	0.3	25.6	12.7	5.0	59.8	133.1	28.7	249.8	48.0
SWZ-11.2I	0.00	24.6	0.0	0.1	0.5	0.1	14.0	5.3	2.3	31.5	71.9	16.2	143.0	29.4
SWZ-11.3C	2.09	46.2	0.0	1.9	1.4	0.1	29.2	8.1	3.7	55.1	186.4	49.5	467.5	104.4
SWZ-11.4R	0.04	46.6	0.0	0.4	1.8	0.5	22.6	14.8	5.3	55.8	108.7	21.7	182.6	36.1
SWZ-11.5IR	0.03	100.8	0.0	0.3	1.3	0.2	59.8	16.8	7.5	109.8	339.4	85.5	805.2	171.0
SWZ-2.1IR	0.00	45.6	0.0	0.2	1.1	0.2	32.2	13.1	5.5	69.3	181.3	41.5	370.9	73.2
SWZ-2.2I	0.04	63.3	0.0	4.7	12.4	4.3	74.3	79.4	21.1	204.5	313.1	63.0	505.3	96.1
SWZ-3.1R	0.00	82.6	0.0	0.8	3.7	0.7	54.3	31.7	12.0	135.7	256.3	52.7	423.7	79.4
SWZ-4.1IC	0.00	45.0	0.0	0.2	1.2	0.3	39.0	14.4	6.4	80.3	207.3	47.8	437.0	89.8
SWZ-4.2R	0.00	94.1	0.0	1.1	4.7	1.0	59.5	38.5	13.3	144.6	272.8	54.8	443.2	82.7
SWZ-5.1R	0.01	61.8	0.0	0.7	2.8	0.7	39.6	23.6	8.3	93.9	180.3	36.8	300.5	58.1
SWZ-5.2IC	0.07	68.5	0.0	0.5	2.6	0.6	44.9	23.1	8.8	102.5	224.2	47.1	416.6	79.9
SWZ-6.1IC	0.18	395.2	0.0	16.8	54.2	18.4	328.6	367.4	97.7	956.9	1386.3	262.0	2037.0	360.2
SWZ-6.2R	0.00	79.5	0.0	1.0	3.5	0.9	48.3	31.9	10.6	118.1	219.4	43.2	367.1	68.8
SWZ-7.1R	0.01	103.6	0.0	1.2	4.8	1.1	69.4	43.4	15.5	167.4	312.8	61.0	487.3	89.6
SWZ-8.1R	0.01	61.3	0.0	0.6	2.9	0.6	38.7	22.4	8.2	93.2	177.8	36.6	298.0	59.0
SWZ-8.2IR	0.00	59.4	0.0	0.2	1.3	0.2	44.6	13.4	6.0	86.5	254.1	65.4	599.0	129.8
SWZ-8.3I	0.00	25.6	0.0	0.1	0.6	0.2	17.5	7.6	3.0	37.9	92.4	20.1	181.3	35.5
SWZ-8.4C	0.03	445.8	0.0	3.9	17.7	4.2	160.7	138.7	43.6	443.7	720.5	144.2	1165.9	211.4
SWZ-9.1C	0.02	50.6	0.0	2.8	7.9	2.8	49.5	49.8	14.4	139.6	218.4	41.6	347.8	65.4
SWZ-9.2I	0.00	54.4	0.0	0.5	2.1	0.5	31.8	18.5	6.7	77.2	150.3	30.8	263.1	50.8
SWZ-9.3IR	0.00	45.0	0.0	0.4	1.8	0.6	20.2	14.6	4.6	49.6	94.1	19.6	163.8	33.4
SWZ-9.4R	0.00	52.2	0.0	0.4	2.1	0.5	37.7	19.7	7.5	89.7	183.2	38.4	305.2	57.3

	La ppm	Ce ppm	Pr Calc	Nd ppm	Sm ppm	Eu ppm	Gd ppm	Ho ppm	Tb ppm	Dy ppm	Er ppm	Tm ppm	Yb ppm	Lu ppm
SML49Z-1.1C	3.25	143.1	0.0	6.4	14.8	3.0	125.7	100.1	32.6	330.9	577.7	112.8	898.7	163.6
SML49Z-1.2R	0.00	107.4	0.0	0.4	2.3	0.3	76.2	25.7	11.1	150.5	411.3	97.4	878.6	178.2
SML49Z-1.3I	0.01	50.4	0.0	0.4	2.5	0.5	48.7	24.1	9.7	113.3	238.1	50.1	413.8	78.5
SML49Z-10.1R	0.00	106.4	0.0	0.4	2.3	0.4	70.4	26.2	11.1	144.8	381.7	87.3	772.9	150.6
SML49Z-10.2IR	2.28	106.5	0.0	10.1	21.4	2.1	130.7	89.7	29.6	297.5	560.4	119.1	951.0	178.9
SML49Z-10.3C	1.72	49.0	0.0	7.9	14.1	1.3	59.2	50.1	15.9	151.5	237.6	47.9	379.4	65.8
SML49Z-10.4C	0.00	37.1	0.0	0.1	1.0	0.2	31.3	11.7	5.2	67.0	161.7	35.6	306.8	59.3
SML49Z-10.5IR	0.00	71.3	0.0	0.2	0.9	0.1	41.4	10.5	5.2	71.5	246.4	64.5	644.0	143.8
SML49Z-10.6IR	0.00	22.8	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.1	13.5	5.0	2.1	27.8	72.8	17.4	153.2	30.7
SML49Z-11.1C	0.00	34.0	0.0	0.2	1.0	0.2	24.6	10.5	4.0	52.4	127.2	27.8	242.5	48.8
SML49Z-11.2IR	0.05	44.5	0.0	0.5	1.8	0.5	30.1	17.0	6.2	71.9	148.5	31.0	268.7	52.8
SML49Z-11.3R	0.00	102.9	0.0	0.3	1.2	0.2	54.8	15.6	6.9	98.8	334.6	85.3	838.1	180.8
SML49Z-12.1IC	0.00	60.1	0.0	0.6	3.1	0.7	51.3	29.9	10.8	122.1	247.6	50.9	408.2	76.2
SML49Z-12.2T	0.01	124.0	0.0	0.3	1.6	0.2	62.3	17.4	7.9	112.7	371.1	95.0	932.6	199.1
SML49Z-13.1IC	0.00	68.6	0.0	0.5	3.3	0.5	73.6	40.6	15.9	185.4	333.0	64.3	489.0	85.0
SML49Z-13.2IR	0.00	44.7	0.0	0.2	1.4	0.3	29.7	14.4	5.5	69.3	153.0	33.0	281.0	52.1
SML49Z-13.3T	0.00	80.4	0.0	0.3	1.6	0.3	48.9	17.5	7.3	100.9	278.3	67.8	627.9	127.5
SML49Z-2.1C	0.00	36.9	0.0	0.5	1.8	0.6	22.3	15.7	5.0	53.6	106.4	22.1	186.2	37.4
SML49Z-2.2T	0.00	140.0	0.0	0.2	1.2	0.1	75.1	14.8	7.6	120.3	486.5	128.8	1400.1	305.6
SML49Z-2.3IR	0.00	71.6	0.0	0.8	3.2	0.9	51.9	29.2	10.5	122.8	256.2	55.1	469.6	93.9
SML49Z-3.1I	0.01	63.4	0.0	2.2	7.8	1.9	67.2	57.0	17.2	175.1	293.8	57.5	459.2	86.7
SML49Z-3.2R	0.00	54.6	0.0	0.3	1.3	0.3	40.9	15.1	6.8	81.5	182.0	50.2	465.8	97.4
SML49Z-4.1C	0.01	64.1	0.0	1.2	5.6	1.4	66.4	47.4	15.6	171.3	306.4	59.9	482.1	88.1
SML49Z-4.2T	0.00	100.3	0.0	0.4	1.7	0.3	60.3	18.8	8.1	115.6	357.8	90.7	876.7	185.0
SML49Z-5.1C	0.00	70.7	0.0	1.1	5.1	1.1	83.6	47.6	17.5	198.0	387.0	78.1	631.9	113.8
SML49Z-5.2R	0.00	104.8	0.0	0.2	1.1	0.2	61.3	13.9	6.8	107.0	392.6	106.8	1075.9	233.0
SML49Z-5.3IR	0.00	41.8	0.0	0.2	1.3	0.3	28.9	14.1	5.2	63.8	142.2	31.7	276.9	51.6
SML49Z-6.1R	0.00	73.8	0.0	0.5	2.0	0.3	64.6	21.7	9.2	129.2	395.2	98.9	966.8	202.1
SML49Z-6.2IR	0.01	210.7	0.0	2.4	9.3	3.0	94.1	76.2	24.3	246.8	401.5	75.7	577.2	107.0
SML49Z-6.3IR	0.00	42.8	0.0	0.3	1.4	0.4	24.0	13.1	4.6	56.4	116.5	24.3	211.7	40.0
SML49Z-7.1R	0.00	118.0	0.0	0.2	1.0	0.1	63.0	13.3	6.7	104.9	438.2	121.2	1268.7	278.2
SML49Z-7.2IR	0.00	50.6	0.0	0.3	1.8	0.4	34.2	17.4	6.5	78.7	164.8	35.5	297.2	55.8
SML49Z-7.3C	0.00	32.2	0.0	0.2	1.0	0.3	19.2	9.9	3.6	44.1	96.0	20.4	171.6	34.0
SML49Z-7.4IR	0.00	48.5	0.0	0.4	1.9	0.4	32.8	16.2	6.2	74.8	157.2	33.2	269.2	53.2
SML49Z-8.1C	0.01	39.0	0.0	0.2	1.4	0.3	31.3	14.9	6.2	69.0	155.1	32.4	268.5	52.3
SML49Z-8.2IR	0.16	121.8	0.0	0.6	2.4	0.4	81.5	23.9	10.5	153.0	460.8	107.8	1028.3	204.9
SML49Z-8.3R	0.01	121.0	0.0	0.3	1.2	0.1	56.2	14.0	6.5	96.7	363.2	97.7	1006.7	221.3
SML49Z-8.4IR	0.01	104.4	0.0	0.4	2.1	0.3	63.9	21.8	9.6	131.4	360.4	84.9	786.5	156.5
SML49Z-8.5C	0.00	34.7	0.0	0.2	1.1	0.2	24.2	11.4	4.4	56.6	130.4	28.5	253.9	48.9
SML49Z-9.1C	0.01	37.0	0.0	0.9	3.6	1.2	33.6	27.1	8.6	85.2	149.4	29.3	240.8	46.6
SML49Z-9.2IR	0.00	53.6	0.0	0.6	2.6	0.7	35.5	21.8	7.4	84.0	213.1	37.0	315.6	65.4

	La ppm	Ce ppm	Pr Calc	Nd ppm	Sm ppm	Eu ppm	Ho ppm	Gd ppm	Tb ppm	Dy ppm	Er ppm	Tm ppm	Yb ppm	Lu ppm	
SML492-9.3R	0.00	161.1	0.0	0.3	0.3	1.6	0.2	86.8	21.4	10.4	156.4	558.7	145.1	1430.3	304.6

	La ppm	Ce ppm	Pr Calc	Nd ppm	Sm ppm	Eu ppm	Ho ppm	Gd ppm	Tb ppm	Dy ppm	Er ppm	Tm ppm	Yb ppm	Lu ppm
SML54Z-1.1I	0.01	57.6	0.0	1.3	5.2	1.3	51.8	38.9	13.0	136.3	239.4	45.7	372.2	71.5
SML54Z-1.2R	0.00	73.7	0.0	0.8	2.8	0.5	59.3	23.8	8.5	111.0	382.8	109.8	1247.2	308.0
SML54Z-10.1C	0.08	69.3	0.0	0.3	1.4	0.2	64.6	17.3	8.1	123.0	395.1	98.7	978.8	199.4
SML54Z-10.2R	0.07	52.8	0.0	0.4	1.9	0.4	40.6	18.9	7.4	92.7	197.8	42.4	351.6	63.5
SML54Z-2.1I	0.02	41.3	0.0	2.6	7.5	2.5	46.3	46.4	12.8	122.1	194.3	38.7	309.6	60.5
SML54Z-3.1C	0.06	137.7	0.0	5.3	17.5	5.6	127.9	122.4	36.4	355.5	551.1	104.1	827.9	145.1
SML54Z-3.2I	0.01	93.8	0.0	1.2	4.2	1.1	51.2	34.7	11.5	126.5	235.1	46.5	376.3	72.4
SML54Z-3.3T	0.00	123.4	0.0	0.2	1.0	0.2	63.1	12.5	5.8	95.9	465.2	147.3	1812.8	477.1
SML54Z-4.1C	0.00	34.9	0.0	0.2	1.2	0.3	24.7	13.2	4.9	57.5	121.4	26.8	226.1	45.5
SML54Z-4.2R	0.00	70.1	0.0	0.7	3.1	0.8	53.0	29.4	10.2	121.9	258.4	53.9	466.7	91.7
SML54Z-4.3T	0.01	79.5	0.0	0.3	2.0	0.3	60.0	21.8	9.8	121.3	317.8	72.7	644.4	125.1
SML54Z-5.1C	0.00	24.6	0.0	0.1	0.5	0.2	15.0	6.3	2.6	33.2	81.0	18.4	158.9	31.0
SML54Z-5.2IR	0.03	45.6	0.0	0.4	2.0	0.5	44.3	22.2	8.3	106.1	216.8	45.8	383.9	71.8
SML54Z-5.3IR	0.05	65.8	0.0	0.6	2.7	0.6	48.0	24.7	9.2	108.4	229.8	46.4	394.0	71.5
SML54Z-6.1C	0.06	125.8	0.0	5.6	16.7	4.8	110.7	111.2	31.9	305.0	466.9	86.8	677.8	124.0
SML54Z-6.2R	0.93	85.4	0.0	1.9	3.8	1.0	47.1	31.9	10.9	118.7	216.5	42.3	362.2	66.9
SML54Z-7.1C	0.00	133.6	0.0	0.5	1.6	0.3	74.7	24.6	10.6	146.1	438.5	105.5	1012.4	210.1
SML54Z-7.2R	0.01	47.0	0.0	0.3	1.7	0.3	35.7	16.6	6.4	82.7	185.9	39.8	346.6	64.0
SML54Z-7.3T	0.01	96.4	0.0	0.4	1.8	0.4	49.0	18.4	7.3	103.0	288.8	73.2	737.3	164.7
SML54Z-8.1C	0.01	43.3	0.0	1.0	3.3	1.0	27.1	24.7	7.7	76.2	130.6	25.7	213.4	42.5
SML54Z-8.2T	0.00	55.7	0.0	0.3	2.1	0.3	51.6	23.9	9.4	120.0	253.1	52.4	412.7	72.8
SML54Z-9.1C	0.02	74.6	0.0	3.6	10.6	2.6	77.0	70.8	20.6	205.9	331.8	63.3	506.0	93.1
SML54Z-9.2R	0.00	63.3	0.0	0.7	3.0	0.7	42.0	25.8	9.1	104.3	200.5	41.3	351.1	67.3
SML54Z-9.3T	0.00	108.7	0.0	0.2	1.0	0.2	53.3	11.5	5.0	82.7	399.3	119.7	1485.1	393.5

	La ppm	Ce ppm	Pr Calc	Nd ppm	Sm ppm	Eu ppm	Ho ppm	Gd ppm	Tb ppm	Dy ppm	Er ppm	Tm ppm	Yb ppm	Lu ppm
CZ3-7.1JW145	0.04	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.6	1.1	0.4	4.9	8.3	1.7	14.5	2.6
CZ3-8.1JW145	0.03	0.6	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	1.9	1.0	0.4	4.4	8.6	1.8	16.0	2.7
CZ3-8.2JW145	0.04	0.6	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	1.7	1.0	0.3	4.1	8.2	1.7	14.4	2.4
Average	0.04	0.6	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	1.7	1.1	0.4	4.5	8.3	1.7	14.9	2.6
CZ3-10.1-189	0.02	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	1.9	1.0	0.5	5.4	9.0	2.0	16.6	3.0
CZ3-9.1-189	0.04	0.6	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	1.9	1.0	0.4	4.6	9.1	1.9	16.1	2.8
CZ3-6.1-251	0.03	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	1.7	1.1	0.4	4.4	8.4	1.7	14.4	2.9
CZ3-7.1-251	0.03	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	1.9	1.1	0.4	4.7	8.5	1.7	14.7	2.7
CZ3-7.2-251	0.04	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	1.9	1.1	0.4	4.6	8.9	1.9	14.8	2.7
CZ3-8.1-251	0.03	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	2.0	1.2	0.4	5.6	9.9	2.1	19.1	2.8
CZ3-8.2-251	0.03	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	1.8	0.9	0.3	4.3	8.4	1.7	14.8	2.5
Average	0.03	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	1.9	1.1	0.4	4.8	8.9	1.9	15.8	2.8
R33A206-19	0.03	5.1	0.0	1.0	3.8	0.9	66.6	34.0	11.8	144.7	324.2	69.9	611.6	122.3
R33-30A206	0.01	3.8	0.0	0.6	3.0	0.8	50.7	30.1	10.6	121.0	234.0	48.4	414.1	76.9

	γ/γ_{b}	$\text{Er}/\gamma_{\text{b}}$	Yb/Lu	Dy/Lu	Sm/Eu	$\text{Th}/\gamma_{\text{b}}$	Ce/Nd	$\text{Sc}+\gamma/3$	$(\text{Sc}+\gamma/3)/\text{P}$	Ce/Ce^*	Eu/Eu^*
BC101-1.5	2.59	0.51	5.15	1.12	5.47	0.65	166.57	448.73	1.68	2371.40	0.17
BC101-1.6R	3.08	0.58	5.06	1.55	5.12	0.21	50.95	352.88	1.03	752.57	0.20
BC101-1E	2.99	0.50	4.32	1.02	5.15	0.86	34.97	459.14	1.79	10.67	0.21
BC101-1E2	2.61	0.52	5.09	1.20	4.39	0.51	162.93	282.47	1.26	2107.57	0.22
BC101-1LGC	3.70	0.71	5.57	2.35	8.23	0.38	37.56	851.71	2.01	873.69	0.13
BC101-1LGI	2.96	0.54	5.12	1.26	4.38	0.47	153.35	320.74	1.22	2517.29	0.22
BC101-2.1T	2.87	0.54	5.19	1.33	4.70	0.50	130.31	312.19	1.28	1181.74	0.21
BC101-2.2C	3.48	0.65	5.32	2.27	3.49	0.31	20.90	852.62	2.54	237.49	0.35
BC101-2.3I	2.60	0.51	4.81	1.14	3.35	0.49	114.49	220.81	1.05	1233.73	0.31
BC101-2.4I	2.44	0.47	4.85	0.93	5.61	0.61	247.15	316.49	1.58	677.43	0.16
BC101-2.5T2	3.19	0.60	5.27	1.57	4.66	0.50	103.75	418.89	1.39	263.91	0.22
BC101-3.1T	2.11	0.41	4.39	0.70	4.39	1.26	189.26	264.20	1.66	906.80	0.21
BC101-3.2I	2.61	0.52	5.14	1.09	5.87	1.81	212.31	487.00	1.85	2901.42	0.16
BC101-3.3R	2.06	0.40	4.24	0.61	7.41	0.88	14.88	275.02	0.35	6.19	0.20
BC101-3.4C	3.15	0.60	5.16	1.75	3.47	0.34	37.51	426.18	1.97	559.14	0.30
BC101-3.5T2	2.27	0.43	4.81	0.77	4.08	1.08	202.28	390.29	1.86	194.81	0.23
BC101-4.1R	2.61	0.50	5.13	1.10	4.67	0.72	162.36	435.24	2.01	2216.92	0.20
BC101-4.2I	2.86	0.57	5.33	1.46	4.75	0.44	118.76	316.80	1.28	1867.40	0.22
BC101-4.3C	2.09	0.40	4.73	0.57	6.65	2.20	280.19	548.38	2.46	4861.06	0.14
BC101-5.1I	2.85	0.59	5.22	1.48	4.48	0.49	114.32	289.79	1.33	735.15	0.22
BC101-5.2R	2.78	0.58	5.56	1.64	4.26	0.50	93.60	322.53	0.98	1466.76	0.23
BC101-6.1I	3.29	0.66	5.23	2.10	3.46	0.37	16.95	611.84	2.35	201.07	0.33
BC101-7.1I	3.03	0.61	5.36	1.71	4.70	0.34	73.36	493.20	1.87	1361.27	0.21
BC101-7.2R	1.83	0.38	4.67	0.52	7.51	1.86	495.05	610.53	2.51	3323.40	0.12
BC101-8.1R	3.01	0.58	5.61	1.53	5.20	0.49	116.14	356.95	1.26	1861.40	0.19
BC101-8.2I	2.78	0.55	5.20	1.35	4.46	0.57	140.11	344.79	1.23	520.85	0.22

	$\gamma/\gamma b$	$E\gamma/\gamma b$	$Y_{b/Lu}$	Dy/Lu	Sm/Eu	$Th/\gamma b$	Ce/Nd	$Sc+Y/3/P$	$(Sc/Y/3)/P$	Ce/Ce^*	Eu/Eu^*
BC101-9.1R	2.24	0.46	4.61	0.86	4.86	0.70	272.62	226.82	1.20	1402.64	0.19
BC101-9.2R	2.54	0.52	5.33	1.16	4.15	0.85	237.80	969.35	2.45	5823.35	0.21
BC101-9.3I	2.71	0.59	5.52	1.66	5.06	0.47	104.41	366.56	2.32	1284.80	0.19
BC101-9.4C	2.88	0.58	5.18	1.50	3.71	0.40	134.33	381.38	1.80	2822.37	0.25
BC101-10.1R	2.45	0.47	5.15	1.01	4.84	0.85	183.48	357.43	1.87	2125.78	0.20
BC101-10.2C	3.41	0.63	5.43	1.94	4.28	1.14	53.07	907.25	1.45	639.98	0.25
BC101-10.3I	2.15	0.42	4.98	0.72	9.16	1.69	318.63	764.59	2.65	803.49	0.10
BC101-11.1R	3.20	0.59	5.16	1.67	5.10	0.35	71.72	297.45	0.97	759.22	0.21
BC101-11.2I	3.02	0.60	5.59	1.62	5.53	0.53	136.49	463.10	1.48	3265.47	0.16
BC101-11.3R	2.91	0.58	5.28	1.39	4.94	0.43	130.03	370.28	1.27	2832.57	0.20
BC101-12.1T	2.65	0.51	5.14	1.17	4.12	1.16	142.83	413.39	1.61	1443.66	0.22
BC101-12.2I	2.59	0.57	5.35	1.40	4.79	0.97	181.15	629.40	1.55	1849.14	0.17
BC101-12.3C	2.46	0.52	4.66	1.12	4.11	0.41	127.80	304.80	1.15	1261.60	0.21
BC101-12.4C	2.98	0.57	5.03	1.34	3.98	0.36	120.47	402.96	1.26	1855.16	0.23
BC101-13.1C	3.25	0.60	5.35	1.69	4.21	0.53	65.05	679.46	2.78	644.64	0.24
BC101-13.2IR	2.66	0.53	5.19	1.17	7.62	0.79	182.24	466.42	1.69	268.77	0.13
BC101-13.3R	3.01	0.56	5.07	1.37	5.51	0.46	96.84	389.95	1.24	137.98	0.18
BC101-14.1C	3.61	0.66	5.15	2.23	4.08	0.41	17.89	726.74	2.33	199.50	0.30
BC101-14.2IR	2.62	0.53	5.18	1.04	7.01	0.50	318.83	662.50	1.85	3007.33	0.12
BC101-14.3I	3.14	0.59	5.23	1.63	4.33	0.68	92.15	428.58	1.46	455.71	0.24
BC101-14.4IR	2.60	0.54	5.43	1.33	5.78	0.57	193.65	374.20	1.30	2170.23	0.16
BC101-14.5R	3.06	0.59	5.27	1.53	4.90	0.51	117.55	328.78	1.19	1463.97	0.21

	$\gamma\gamma b$	$E\gamma b$	Yb/Lu	Dy/Lu	Sm/Eu	Th/Yb	Ce/Nd	$Sc/Y3$	$(Sc/Y3)/P$	Ce/Ce^*	Eu/Eu^*
DSCG-1.1T	3.08	0.57	5.33	1.64	4.00	0.46	78.54	365.33	1.26	1185.24	0.25
DSCG-1.2IR	2.29	0.48	5.17	1.06	4.80	0.99	211.52	481.44	1.58	1932.95	0.19
DSCG-1.3C	2.58	0.54	5.02	1.21	4.16	0.28	187.39	305.13	1.18	817.56	0.23
DSCG-10.1C	1.89	0.39	4.61	0.54	8.54	1.58	300.95	602.07	1.37	1606.46	0.10
DSCG-10.2IR	2.69	0.61	5.28	1.62	4.19	0.45	85.78	395.96	0.89	1114.22	0.24
DSCG-11.1C	2.73	0.50	5.28	1.08	6.81	1.19	91.05	1647.00	3.24	526.77	0.14
DSCG-11.2I	2.37	0.45	4.92	0.82	6.38	2.80	321.26	1059.82	2.53	2831.97	0.13
DSCG-11.3R	2.42	0.49	4.82	0.88	4.42	0.91	214.68	313.52	1.73	1888.55	0.21
DSCG-12.1R	2.96	0.58	5.49	1.64	4.48	0.56	80.12	451.67	1.30	374.95	0.22
DSCG-12.2I	3.26	0.62	5.37	1.71	3.53	0.39	38.70	504.25	1.31	367.03	0.29
DSCG-13.1C	3.29	0.67	5.24	2.14	4.14	0.26	13.60	501.51	1.38	158.21	0.26
DSCG-13.2I	3.17	0.62	5.43	1.83	4.84	0.41	48.72	368.15	0.93	1019.45	0.22
DSCG-13.3T	2.72	0.56	5.25	1.48	3.39	0.49	129.85	305.34	0.99	1795.46	0.24
DSCG-14.1I	2.37	0.48	5.09	0.91	4.92	0.45	297.44	250.79	1.33	188.42	0.18
DSCG-14.2R	2.86	0.56	5.18	1.33	4.41	0.31	97.95	548.24	1.35	310.18	0.23
DSCG-15.1R	3.06	0.56	5.29	1.41	4.55	0.66	100.00	453.10	1.32	1007.40	0.22
DSCG-15.2I	2.82	0.58	4.91	1.53	3.27	0.31	87.62	166.77	0.92	1247.47	0.31
DSCG-16.1C	2.29	0.45	5.00	0.82	7.23	8.53	254.93	2209.33	4.00	1989.06	0.13
DSCG-16.2R	2.97	0.58	5.41	1.47	4.84	0.48	105.77	488.75	1.35	683.11	0.20
DSCG-17.1C	1.91	0.35	4.66	0.44	10.18	4.39	357.92	2040.55	4.36	615.94	0.10
DSCG-17.2R	3.01	0.61	5.59	1.64	4.67	0.49	80.98	474.23	1.54	230.54	0.22
DSCG-18.1R	2.16	0.43	4.60	0.84	3.64	0.72	159.54	248.37	1.86	1227.56	0.25
DSCG-19.1IR	2.25	0.45	4.63	0.86	3.98	1.59	199.43	378.04	1.78	2576.16	0.26
DSCG-2.1T	2.58	0.51	5.32	1.18	4.71	0.92	191.77	497.23	1.45	2012.00	0.18
DSCG-2.2I	2.59	0.56	5.07	1.38	4.28	0.40	174.95	204.28	0.90	1060.38	0.24
DSCG-2.3C	1.89	0.38	4.41	0.54	9.61	0.89	209.70	622.74	2.34	332.44	0.10
DSCG-2.3C2	2.93	0.60	5.41	1.70	4.43	0.39	81.21	539.27	1.09	2099.12	0.22
DSCG-20.1R	2.39	0.47	5.01	1.02	4.16	0.80	151.06	377.19	1.68	1601.85	0.23
DSCG-20.2I	3.08	0.57	5.05	1.62	3.68	0.47	63.52	316.68	1.17	843.23	0.30
DSCG-21.1C	3.67	0.66	5.60	2.39	3.57	0.32	14.02	697.94	1.87	194.78	0.31
DSCG-21.2I	2.93	0.58	5.08	1.64	4.12	0.35	66.05	277.83	0.94	481.81	0.27
DSCG-3.2C	3.53	0.66	5.44	2.35	3.45	0.40	19.84	795.65	2.31	191.13	0.33
DSCG-3.3IR	2.28	0.47	4.74	0.86	4.80	0.47	75.16	451.46	1.55	55.21	0.21
DSCG-4.1T	2.49	0.48	4.87	1.01	3.24	1.28	183.17	396.25	1.35	850.00	0.29

	$\gamma\gamma b$	$E\gamma b$	$Y_{b/Lu}$	Dy/Lu	Sm/Eu	Th/Yb	Ce/Nd	$Sc+Y/3$	$(ScY/3)/P$	Ce/Ce^*	Eu/Eu^*
DSCG-4:2R	2.48	0.50	5.12	1.07	3.95	0.49	167.58	501.35	1.83	2992.41	0.22
DSCG-4:3IR	3.61	0.65	5.12	2.02	3.55	0.32	23.79	417.33	1.63	278.85	0.33
DSCG-4:4C	4.04	0.73	5.25	2.77	3.69	0.51	15.37	918.90	2.05	131.02	0.34
DSCG-5:1T	2.77	0.57	5.47	1.56	4.58	0.51	114.05	382.48	1.08	2421.68	0.22
DSCG-5:2IR	1.81	0.37	4.32	0.52	4.57	0.79	30.40	217.25	0.39	9.71	0.24
DSCG-5:3IR	1.69	0.36	4.10	0.48	4.25	0.99	72.73	235.36	1.63	17.55	0.24
DSCG-5:4IR	2.82	0.58	5.53	1.58	4.17	0.59	122.53	386.49	1.17	1561.58	0.23
DSCG-5:5C	2.08	0.38	4.67	0.57	5.44	1.15	290.91	759.84	2.63	737.36	0.15
DSCG-5:6I	1.98	0.38	4.14	0.59	3.15	0.47	244.67	195.11	1.90	1104.57	0.29
DSCG-6:1T	2.26	0.41	4.13	0.69	3.90	1.73	201.37	323.94	2.13	1015.17	0.23
DSCG-6:2C	2.16	0.39	4.71	0.56	7.55	1.59	426.92	897.17	1.88	2395.60	0.12
DSCG-7:1C	2.32	0.43	4.80	0.72	7.48	3.16	376.80	897.40	2.50	5459.69	0.12
DSCG-7:2IR	3.46	0.62	5.46	1.90	4.69	1.25	105.16	598.50	1.40	1037.74	0.22
DSCG-7:3IR	3.14	0.60	5.54	1.77	4.15	0.60	89.98	486.28	1.22	2052.78	0.25
DSCG-7:4T	2.76	0.54	5.24	1.28	5.09	0.50	166.23	383.25	1.19	2532.71	0.17
DSCG-8:1C	2.15	0.43	4.77	0.71	5.98	0.73	201.64	348.48	1.06	243.44	0.15
DSCG-8:2IR	2.56	0.48	4.87	0.86	4.38	0.54	270.07	580.44	1.40	1597.66	0.19
DSCG-8:3IR	3.03	0.61	5.03	1.61	3.48	0.58	98.71	289.72	0.96	822.53	0.30
DSCG-8:4T	2.18	0.44	4.79	0.83	4.08	1.00	209.02	262.43	1.44	2404.09	0.21
DSCG-9:1C	3.61	0.67	5.80	2.36	3.42	1.19	48.51	3084.85	2.44	500.90	0.28
DSCG-9:2IR	3.24	0.60	5.27	1.83	6.14	0.44	70.76	386.48	0.92	873.64	0.17
DSCG-9:3R	2.83	0.57	5.18	1.46	4.77	0.50	102.11	358.97	1.03	927.66	0.22
DSCG-9:4IR	2.49	0.49	5.33	1.11	4.67	0.84	58.51	263.07	1.12	32.99	0.20

	Y/Yb	Er/Yb	Yb/Lu	Dy/Lu	Sm/Eu	Th/Yb	Ce/Nd	Sc/Y3	$(\text{Sc/Y3})/\text{P}$	Ce/Ce^*	Eu/Eu^*
LGZ-1.2C	3.16	0.63	5.23	2.06	2.97	0.35	20.11	667.08	1.96	237.50	0.40
LGZ-1.2T	2.04	0.35	4.60	0.45	8.00	4.72	406.19	1563.07	4.66	1197.47	0.12
LGZ-10.1I	4.12	0.69	5.35	2.55	4.39	0.29	16.52	645.27	2.30	95.81	0.28
LGZ-11.1R	3.11	0.57	5.04	1.51	3.36	0.26	58.29	400.36	1.27	719.43	0.33
LGZ-2.1C	1.72	0.34	4.27	0.42	6.42	2.18	377.31	645.47	3.50	4936.34	0.14
LGZ-2.2R	1.65	0.32	4.42	0.37	8.25	1.28	547.13	828.48	4.08	4007.61	0.11
LGZ-2.3I	2.75	0.54	5.17	1.39	5.06	0.30	133.56	219.31	1.02	1214.05	0.20
LGZ-3.1I	2.89	0.59	5.43	1.47	11.18	0.62	175.98	609.31	1.62	1934.60	0.08
LGZ-4.1C	2.27	0.44	5.02	0.79	17.06	0.75	385.37	697.93	2.49	1558.19	0.05
LGZ-5.1I	2.98	0.58	5.14	1.42	3.95	0.37	114.18	316.33	1.43	1205.15	0.25
LGZ-6.1T	1.93	0.37	4.37	0.49	5.31	1.49	265.24	472.58	2.45	208.27	0.18
LGZ-6.2I	4.09	0.69	5.47	2.48	3.75	0.47	24.14	1327.70	2.37	238.73	0.31
LGZ-7.1I	2.27	0.41	4.67	0.60	14.64	3.96	549.35	1041.53	3.86	6318.66	0.05
LGZ-8.1I	4.01	0.71	5.38	2.62	2.59	0.53	18.68	1386.11	2.37	147.46	0.46
LGZ-8.2R	2.35	0.46	4.72	0.86	5.15	0.81	152.77	367.58	1.48	111.81	0.19
LGZ-9.1I	2.87	0.56	4.67	1.38	3.67	0.24	65.59	352.06	1.33	1115.47	0.29
LGZ-11.2I	3.80	0.68	5.49	2.53	4.02	0.67	28.76	1614.19	2.91	261.62	0.29
LGZ-12.1I	1.66	0.37	4.31	0.42	5.94	2.13	371.78	377.73	2.42	3254.47	0.15
LGZ-13.1C	2.08	0.38	4.47	0.51	9.79	1.80	411.35	666.44	3.33	515.79	0.09

	Y/Yb	Er/Yb	Yb/Lu	Dy/Lu	Sm/Eu	Th/Yb	Ce/Nd	Sc/Y/3	(Sc/Y/3)/P	Ce/Ce*	Eu/Eu*
SWZ-1.II	3.09	0.59	5.25	1.56	4.45	0.45	112.84	314.85	1.13	1925.68	0.22
SWZ-10.1C	2.95	0.50	5.07	1.16	3.34	0.93	92.60	356.92	1.79	1049.54	0.32
SWZ-11.1IR	2.83	0.53	5.20	1.25	4.14	0.49	165.02	252.55	1.13	1947.02	0.23
SWZ-11.2I	2.49	0.50	4.86	1.07	3.87	0.36	275.67	130.71	0.90	928.54	0.25
SWZ-11.3C	1.82	0.40	4.48	0.53	11.43	0.91	24.25	312.28	0.36	11.02	0.11
SWZ-11.4R	2.99	0.60	5.06	1.55	3.73	0.39	115.69	208.17	0.96	282.03	0.29
SWZ-11.5IR	2.24	0.42	4.71	0.64	5.51	0.81	347.30	667.05	2.50	729.42	0.15
SWZ-2.1IR	2.38	0.49	5.07	0.96	4.34	0.59	204.36	316.01	1.68	1669.07	0.20
SWZ-2.2I	3.37	0.62	5.26	2.13	2.89	0.42	13.33	629.99	2.19	150.72	0.42
SWZ-3.1R	3.24	0.60	5.34	1.71	5.25	0.80	109.84	487.28	1.38	1617.05	0.20
SWZ-4.1IC	2.39	0.47	4.87	0.89	4.88	0.44	241.73	377.23	1.61	1999.48	0.18
SWZ-4.2R	3.31	0.62	5.36	1.75	4.49	0.95	87.37	529.13	1.20	1560.23	0.24
SWZ-5.1R	3.27	0.60	5.17	1.61	4.25	0.50	87.72	358.97	1.18	930.22	0.25
SWZ-5.2IC	2.62	0.54	5.22	1.28	4.40	0.61	133.56	393.87	1.20	249.49	0.23
SWZ-6.1IC	3.64	0.68	5.65	2.66	2.94	0.77	23.54	2617.04	2.57	231.87	0.40
SWZ-6.2R	3.04	0.60	5.33	1.72	4.08	0.75	83.21	410.10	1.10	2081.21	0.25
SWZ-7.1R	3.26	0.64	5.44	1.87	4.51	1.01	89.60	570.38	1.23	1266.91	0.22
SWZ-8.1R	2.99	0.60	5.05	1.58	4.58	0.49	110.24	326.67	1.08	1182.00	0.24
SWZ-8.2IR	2.12	0.42	4.62	0.67	7.16	0.48	310.29	469.21	1.94	2138.11	0.13
SWZ-8.3I	2.47	0.51	5.11	1.07	3.76	0.28	197.63	161.55	0.93	1532.01	0.23
SWZ-8.4C	3.25	0.62	5.52	2.10	4.23	2.82	114.25	1399.42	1.82	1363.16	0.26
SWZ-9.1C	3.56	0.63	5.32	2.13	2.78	0.31	18.23	449.43	2.57	269.88	0.44
SWZ-9.2I	3.13	0.57	5.18	1.52	4.11	0.47	115.33	304.12	1.12	1457.43	0.25
SWZ-9.3IR	3.17	0.57	4.90	1.48	3.07	0.51	105.17	204.97	1.00	1171.78	0.34
SWZ-9.4R	3.04	0.60	5.33	1.56	4.51	0.49	129.81	332.52	1.27	2067.15	0.22

	$\gamma/\gamma b$	$Er/\gamma b$	Yb/Lu	Dy/Lu	Sm/Eu	$Th/\gamma b$	Ce/Nd	$Sc+Y3$	$(Sc/Y3)/P$	Ce/Ce^*	Eu/Eu^*
SML492-1.1C	2.92	0.64	5.49	2.02	4.91	0.58	22.40	915.19	1.41	17.02	0.24
SML492-1.2R	2.46	0.47	4.93	0.84	6.97	0.81	266.75	772.65	2.45	3426.68	0.13
SML492-1.3I	2.91	0.58	5.27	1.44	4.95	0.37	140.85	421.53	1.54	867.85	0.20
SML492-10.1R	2.50	0.49	5.13	0.96	6.20	0.95	248.71	682.04	2.05	6889.83	0.15
SML492-10.2IR	3.63	0.59	5.32	1.66	10.45	0.69	10.51	1177.65	4.12	13.76	0.14
SML492-10.3C	3.86	0.63	5.77	2.30	11.13	0.23	6.23	500.14	1.28	8.31	0.15
SML492-10.4C	2.59	0.53	5.17	1.13	4.69	0.31	248.99	280.62	1.26	1805.96	0.19
SML492-10.5IR	2.07	0.38	4.48	0.50	7.59	0.72	462.89	498.66	2.93	3725.12	0.11
SML492-10.6IR	2.17	0.47	5.00	0.91	5.21	0.47	387.08	118.97	0.99	1890.26	0.17
SML492-11.1C	2.52	0.52	4.97	1.07	3.90	0.32	151.17	220.21	1.12	1175.88	0.24
SML492-11.2IR	3.01	0.55	5.09	1.36	3.65	0.29	89.00	307.24	1.30	205.56	0.27
SML492-11.3R	2.03	0.40	4.64	0.55	6.46	1.04	331.91	625.37	2.55	4104.39	0.13
SML492-12.1IC	3.34	0.61	5.36	1.60	4.29	0.42	106.76	477.92	2.03	1473.65	0.23
SML492-12.2T	2.15	0.40	4.68	0.57	7.38	1.23	358.73	732.82	2.95	2919.20	0.12
SML492-13.1IC	3.62	0.68	5.75	2.18	7.04	0.33	149.84	602.63	1.84	2604.73	0.12
SML492-13.2IR	2.68	0.54	5.39	1.33	4.91	0.47	186.07	267.71	1.39	1837.93	0.19
SML492-13.3T	2.14	0.44	4.93	0.79	5.96	1.52	294.47	484.64	2.07	3724.28	0.15
SML492-2.1C	2.78	0.57	4.98	1.43	3.10	0.30	80.12	205.69	1.98	1142.93	0.33
SML492-2.2T	1.90	0.35	4.58	0.39	8.37	0.84	602.80	991.04	3.80	7608.63	0.10
SML492-2.3IR	2.60	0.55	5.00	1.31	3.57	0.29	95.05	464.76	1.58	1402.83	0.28
SML492-3.1I	3.26	0.64	5.30	2.02	4.08	0.30	28.80	530.19	2.73	534.19	0.28
SML492-3.2R	2.36	0.47	4.78	0.84	4.75	0.47	209.50	403.40	1.89	2278.83	0.19
SML492-4.1C	2.96	0.64	5.47	1.94	4.12	0.35	52.74	501.60	2.29	832.06	0.25
SML492-4.2T	2.10	0.41	4.74	0.62	6.72	1.13	269.38	668.03	2.99	3273.14	0.14
SML492-5.1C	3.01	0.61	5.55	1.74	4.58	0.47	64.01	657.54	2.03	1167.81	0.22
SML492-5.2R	1.82	0.36	4.62	0.46	6.75	0.69	472.68	736.17	3.67	3810.04	0.13
SML492-5.3IR	2.64	0.51	5.36	1.24	4.52	0.48	177.45	259.97	1.25	2070.72	0.21
SML492-6.1R	2.10	0.41	4.78	0.64	6.48	0.94	151.96	719.32	4.04	2754.23	0.14
SML492-6.2IR	3.48	0.70	5.39	2.31	3.09	2.12	87.85	748.31	1.45	1361.08	0.34
SML492-6.3IR	2.86	0.55	5.29	1.41	3.43	0.54	135.26	222.95	1.15	1246.85	0.29
SML492-7.1R	1.58	0.35	4.56	0.38	7.53	0.78	563.44	760.36	3.05	5101.24	0.11
SML492-7.2IR	2.90	0.55	5.33	1.41	4.29	0.47	158.36	311.86	1.15	1790.56	0.23
SML492-7.3C	0.93	0.36	4.55	0.44	8.61	1.71	402.69	708.19	2.80	2202.29	0.11
SML492-7.4IR	2.49	0.46	5.03	0.84	7.03	1.19	268.83	692.19	2.17	1726.53	0.13
SML492-8.5C	2.50	0.51	5.20	1.16	4.68	0.32	169.30	231.29	1.14	1236.28	0.20
SML492-9.1C	3.20	0.62	5.17	1.83	3.12	0.28	39.13	289.79	1.94	511.25	0.36
SML492-9.2IR	2.70	0.55	4.83	1.28	3.64	0.27	86.45	333.22	1.47	1133.24	0.29

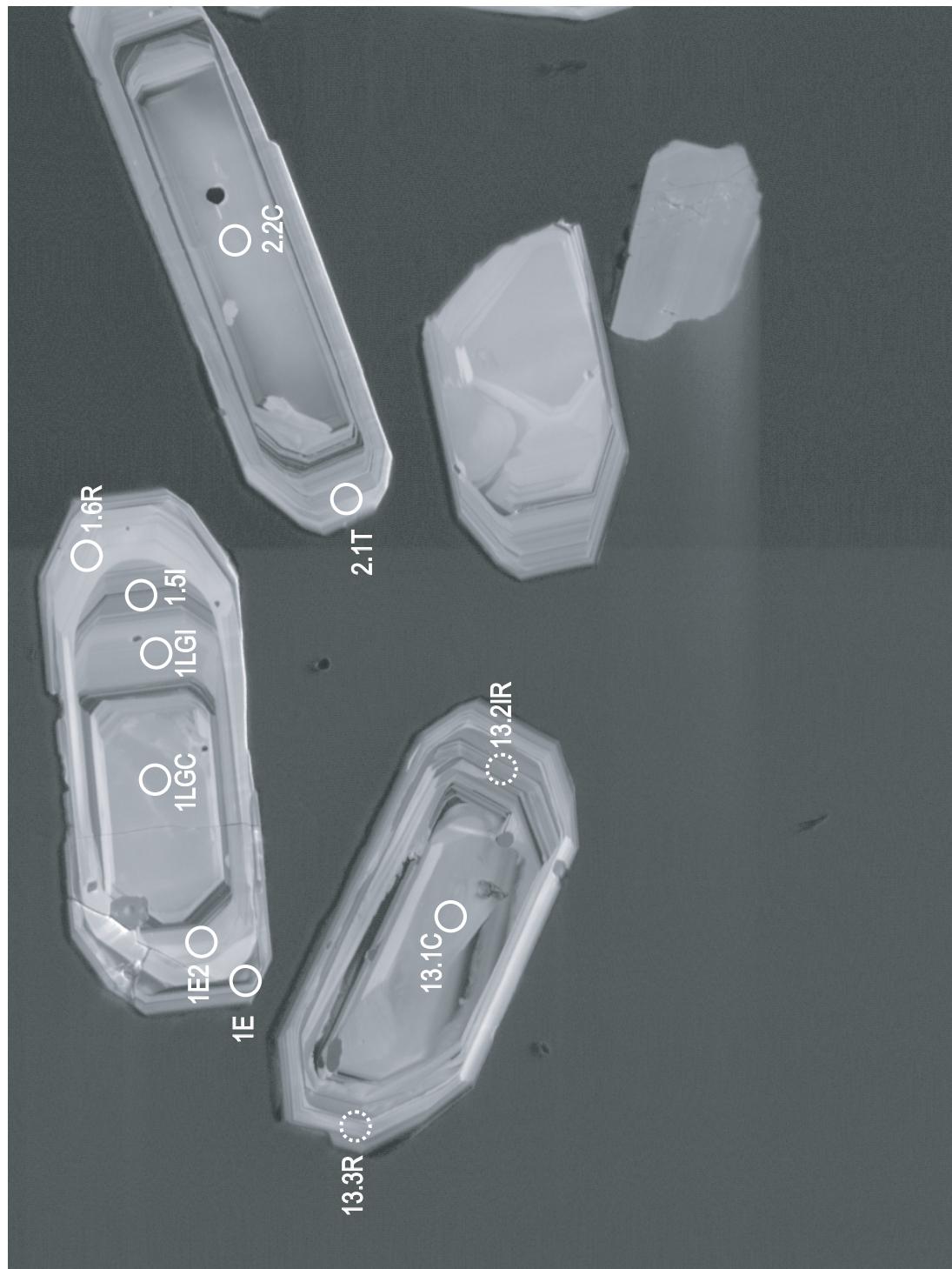
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SML49z-9.3R	1.93	0.39	4.70	0.51	6.88	0.91	593.72	1022.71	3.34	6253.55	0.12

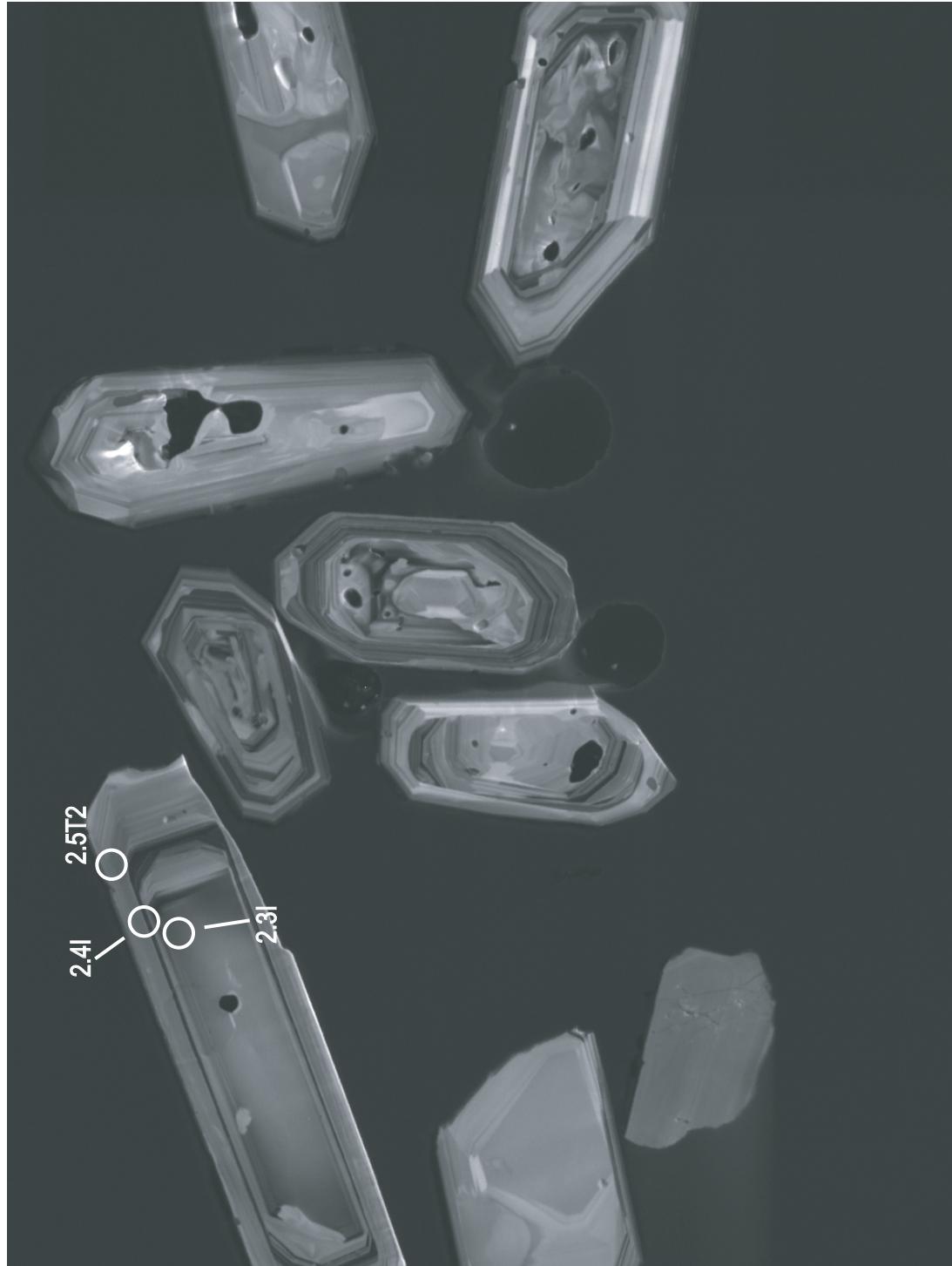
	Y/Yb	Er/Yb	Yb/Lu	Dy/Lu	Sm/Eu	Th/Yb	Ce/Nd	Sc/Y3	$(\text{Sc}/\text{Y})/\text{P}$	Ce/Ce^*	Eu/Eu^*
SML542-1.1I	3.40	0.64	5.21	1.91	4.00	0.36	45.47	459.96	2.01	605.78	0.28
SML542-1.2R	1.68	0.31	4.05	0.36	5.36	1.14	94.25	862.86	8.42	1619.88	0.19
SML542-10.1C	2.06	0.40	4.91	0.62	6.72	0.91	213.70	728.88	1.03	259.23	0.13
SML542-10.2R	2.80	0.56	5.53	1.46	5.04	0.61	136.53	346.75	1.18	199.51	0.19
SML542-2.1I	3.59	0.63	5.12	2.02	2.93	0.26	16.10	408.91	2.08	177.29	0.42
SML542-3.1C	3.60	0.67	5.70	2.45	3.10	0.56	26.11	1064.87	2.78	263.60	0.37
SML542-3.2I	3.01	0.62	5.20	1.75	3.72	0.79	79.32	415.26	1.35	1059.04	0.28
SML542-3.3T	1.31	0.26	3.80	0.20	5.14	1.00	619.25	1195.29	6.77	5601.76	0.16
SML542-4.1C	2.62	0.54	4.97	1.26	3.41	0.30	143.43	223.51	1.32	1691.53	0.27
SML542-4.2IR	2.87	0.55	5.09	1.33	3.93	0.32	99.33	509.70	1.62	1717.16	0.25
SML542-4.3T	2.38	0.49	5.15	0.97	7.88	1.18	234.16	538.97	1.91	1626.03	0.12
SML542-5.1C	2.54	0.51	5.13	1.07	3.48	0.28	254.04	147.96	1.03	1728.34	0.25
SML542-5.2IR	2.75	0.56	5.35	1.48	4.24	0.27	109.39	381.38	1.27	285.07	0.22
SML542-5.3IR	2.76	0.58	5.51	1.52	4.61	0.47	117.69	389.99	1.25	268.52	0.22
SML542-6.1C	3.77	0.69	5.47	2.46	3.51	0.54	22.66	907.38	2.77	225.14	0.34
SML542-6.2IR	2.93	0.60	5.42	1.78	4.02	0.83	46.15	388.65	0.96	35.42	0.26
SML542-7.1C	2.19	0.43	4.82	0.70	6.14	1.42	292.88	794.81	2.66	3169.38	0.13
SML542-7.2IR	2.56	0.54	5.41	1.29	5.58	0.48	156.70	315.20	1.37	831.52	0.17
SML542-7.3T	1.90	0.39	4.48	0.63	4.61	1.25	237.87	563.94	2.91	1492.10	0.21
SML542-8.1C	2.89	0.61	5.02	1.79	3.26	0.24	43.24	241.72	1.55	681.47	0.34
SML542-8.2T	3.01	0.61	5.67	1.65	6.03	0.54	162.97	430.43	1.24	2344.59	0.15
SML542-9.1C	3.55	0.66	5.44	2.21	4.07	0.37	20.83	635.60	2.47	328.97	0.29
SML542-9.2IR	2.80	0.57	5.22	1.55	3.95	0.36	88.96	363.89	1.44	1326.14	0.26
SML542-9.3T	1.29	0.27	3.77	0.21	5.66	0.95	456.61	993.50	7.06	5772.23	0.16

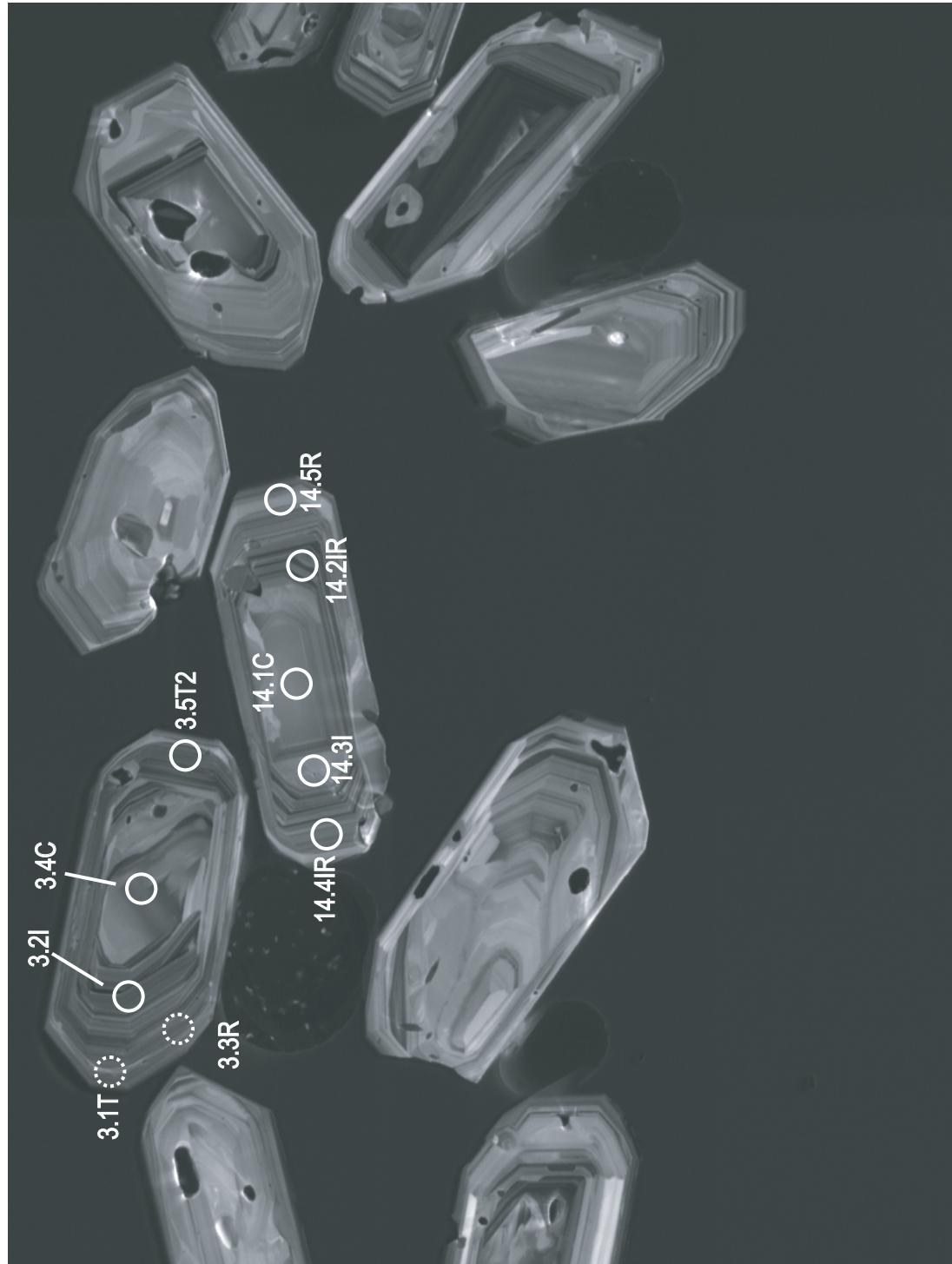
	Y/Yb	Er/Yb	Yb/Lu	Dy/Lu	Sm/Eu	Th/Yb	Ce/Nd	Sc+Y/3	$(\text{Sc+Y/3})/\text{P}$	Ce/Ce^*	Eu/Eu^*
CZ3-7.1JW145	2.98	0.57	5.67	1.92	3.47	1.88	12.50	18.71	1.31	5.93	0.31
CZ3-8.1JW145	2.93	0.54	5.89	1.62	2.70	1.92	10.32	20.17	1.36	7.22	0.40
CZ3-8.2JW145	3.03	0.57	5.96	1.71	3.26	1.95	10.20	18.85	1.31	6.02	0.32
Average	2.98	0.56	5.84	1.75	3.11	1.91	10.82	19.25	1.33		
CZ3-10.1-189	2.96	0.54	5.57	1.80	1.94	1.93	8.70	20.67	1.45	8.16	0.52
CZ3-9.1-189	2.95	0.57	5.75	1.64	2.79	1.94	6.38	20.30	1.32	5.58	0.37
CZ3-6.1-251	2.93	0.58	5.03	1.52	3.46	1.98	7.90	18.42	1.48	6.07	0.31
CZ3-7.1-251	2.80	0.58	5.51	1.75	3.34	1.89	9.75	17.97	1.52	7.41	0.32
CZ3-7.2-251	2.99	0.60	5.51	1.73	2.87	2.02	7.24	19.30	1.50	5.23	0.36
CZ3-8.1-251	2.41	0.52	6.72	1.98	1.92	0.00	8.78	19.89	1.59	6.68	0.54
CZ3-8.2-251	3.00	0.57	5.86	1.71	2.62	1.85	7.74	19.24	1.64	6.43	0.46
Average	2.85	0.56	5.70	1.73	2.60	1.87	7.88	19.40	1.49	6.31	0.41
R33A206-19	2.78	0.53	5.00	1.18	4.05	0.29	5.03	580.94	3.38	26.16	0.25
R33-30A206	3.50	0.56	5.39	1.57	3.74	0.16	5.98	498.14	2.85	45.07	0.25

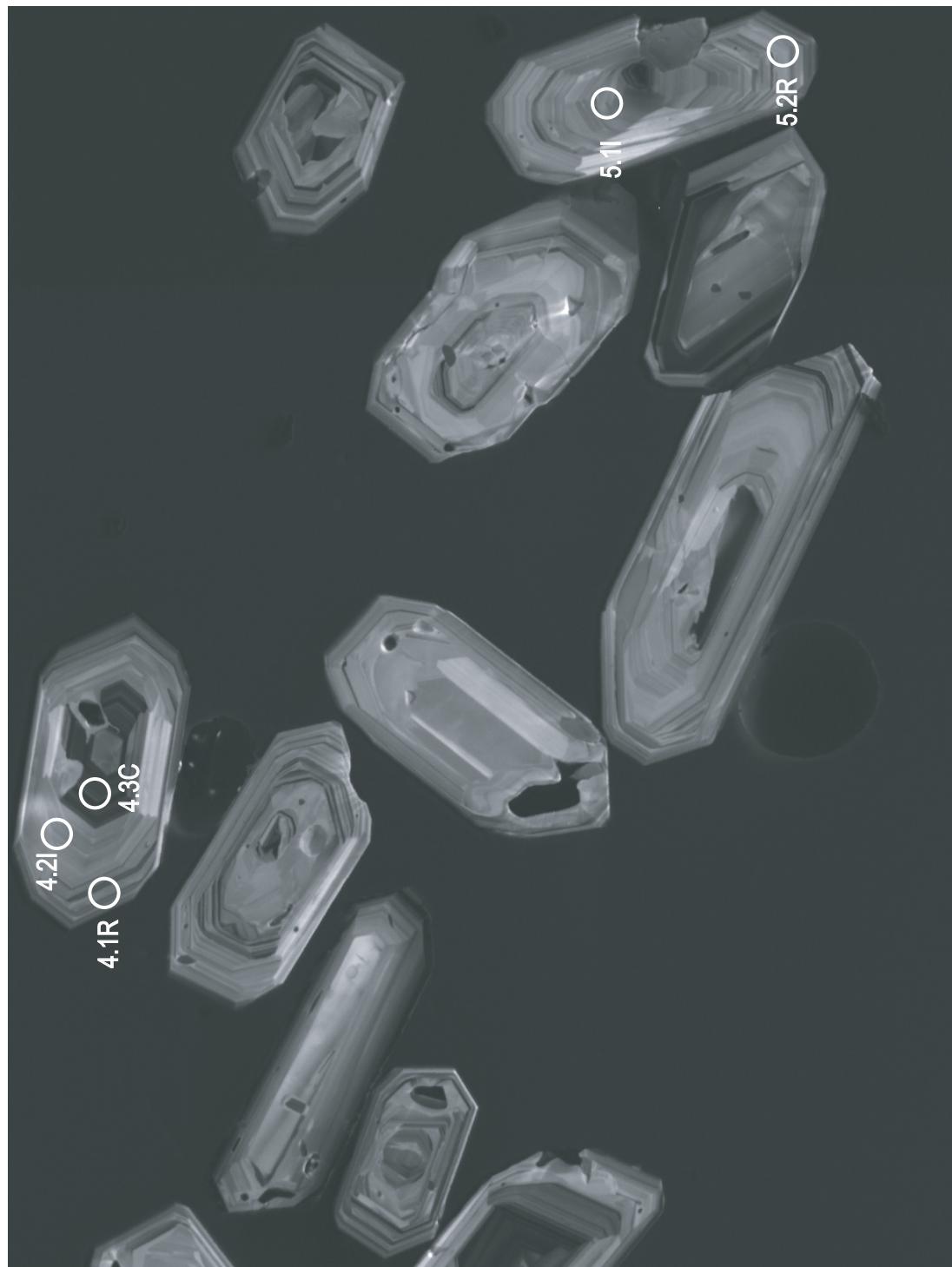
Figure E1:

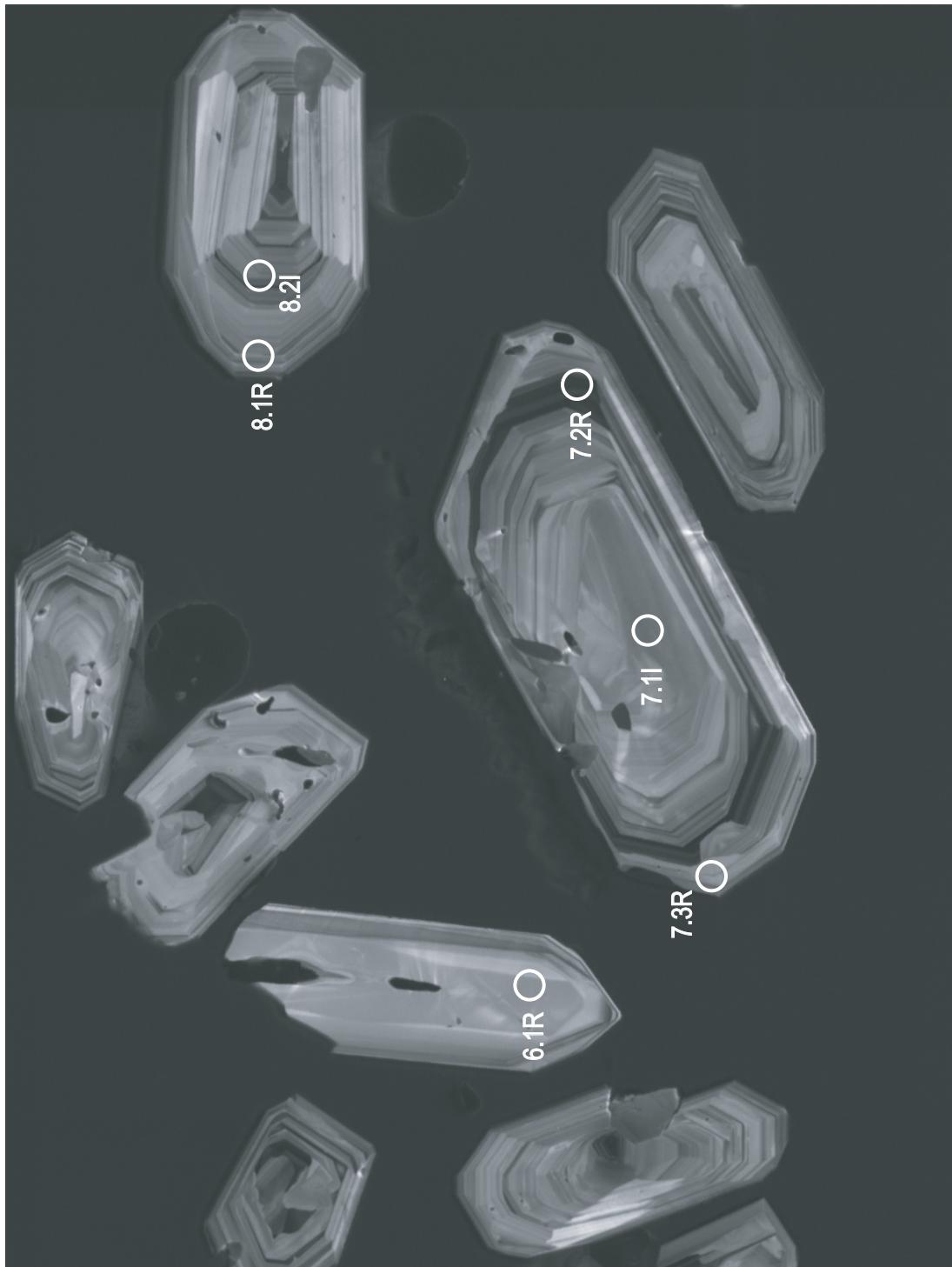
Cathodoluminsecence images of zircons from sample BC101z with spots from
Trace Element SHRIMP-RG analyses marked

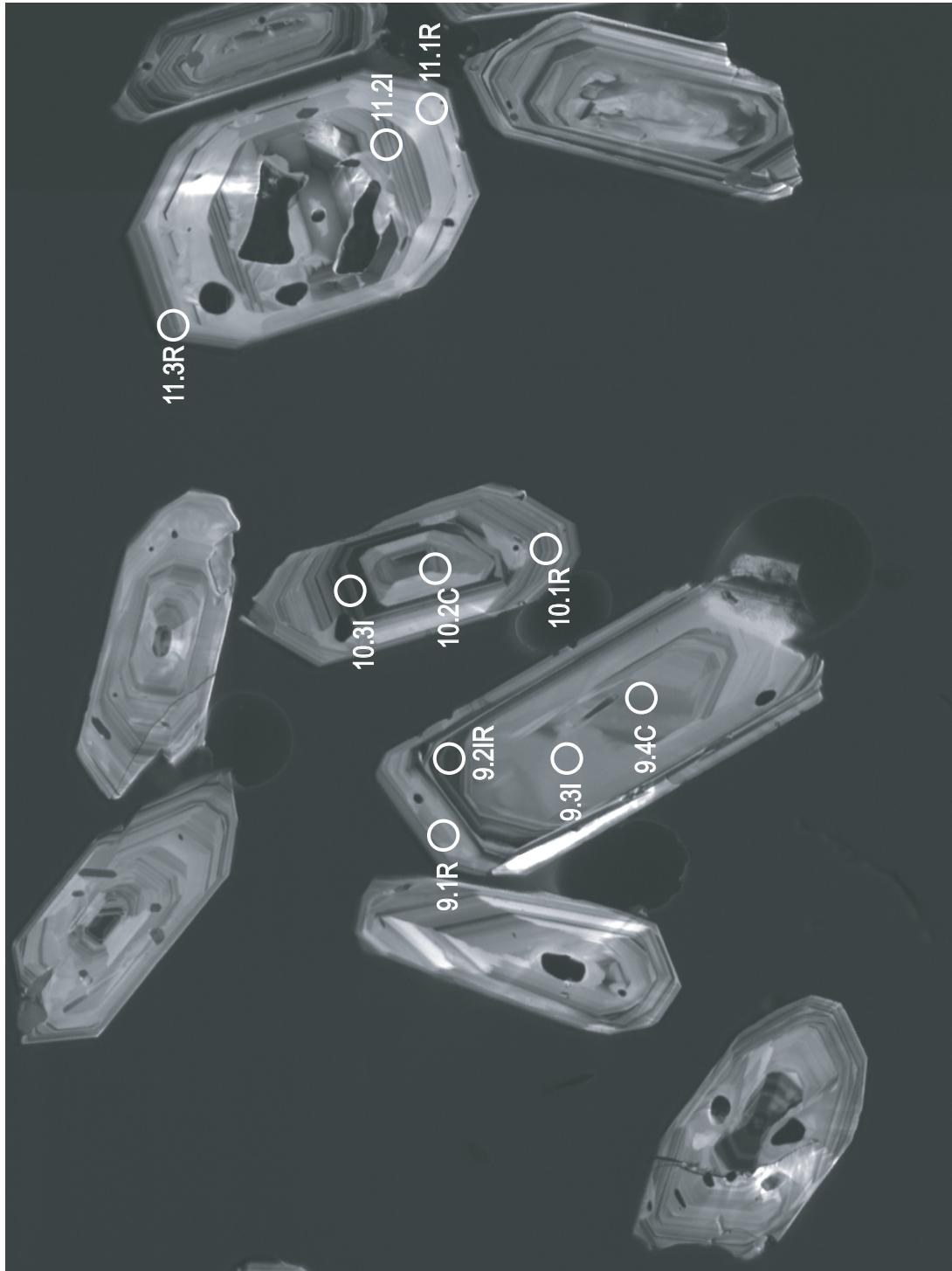












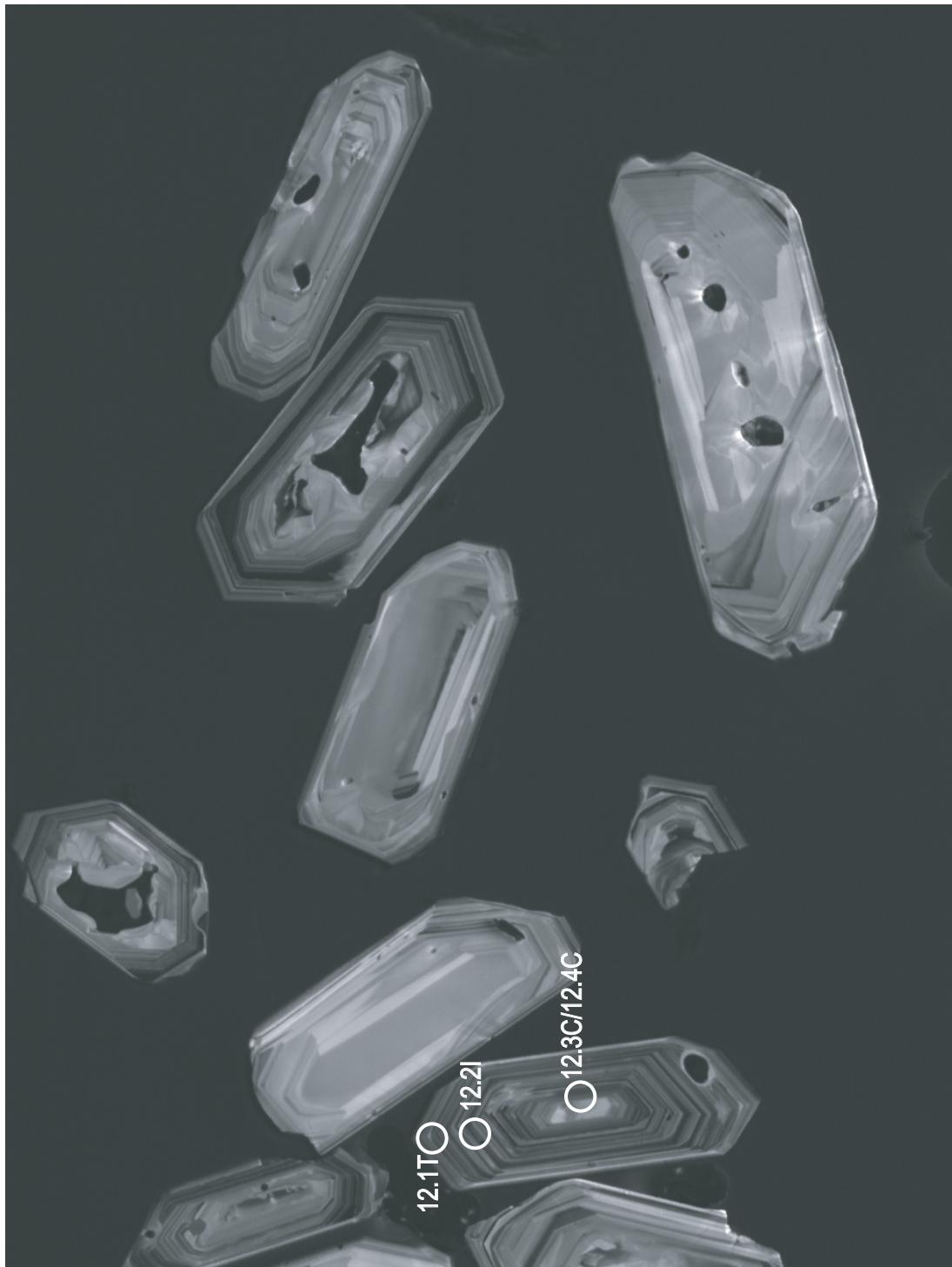
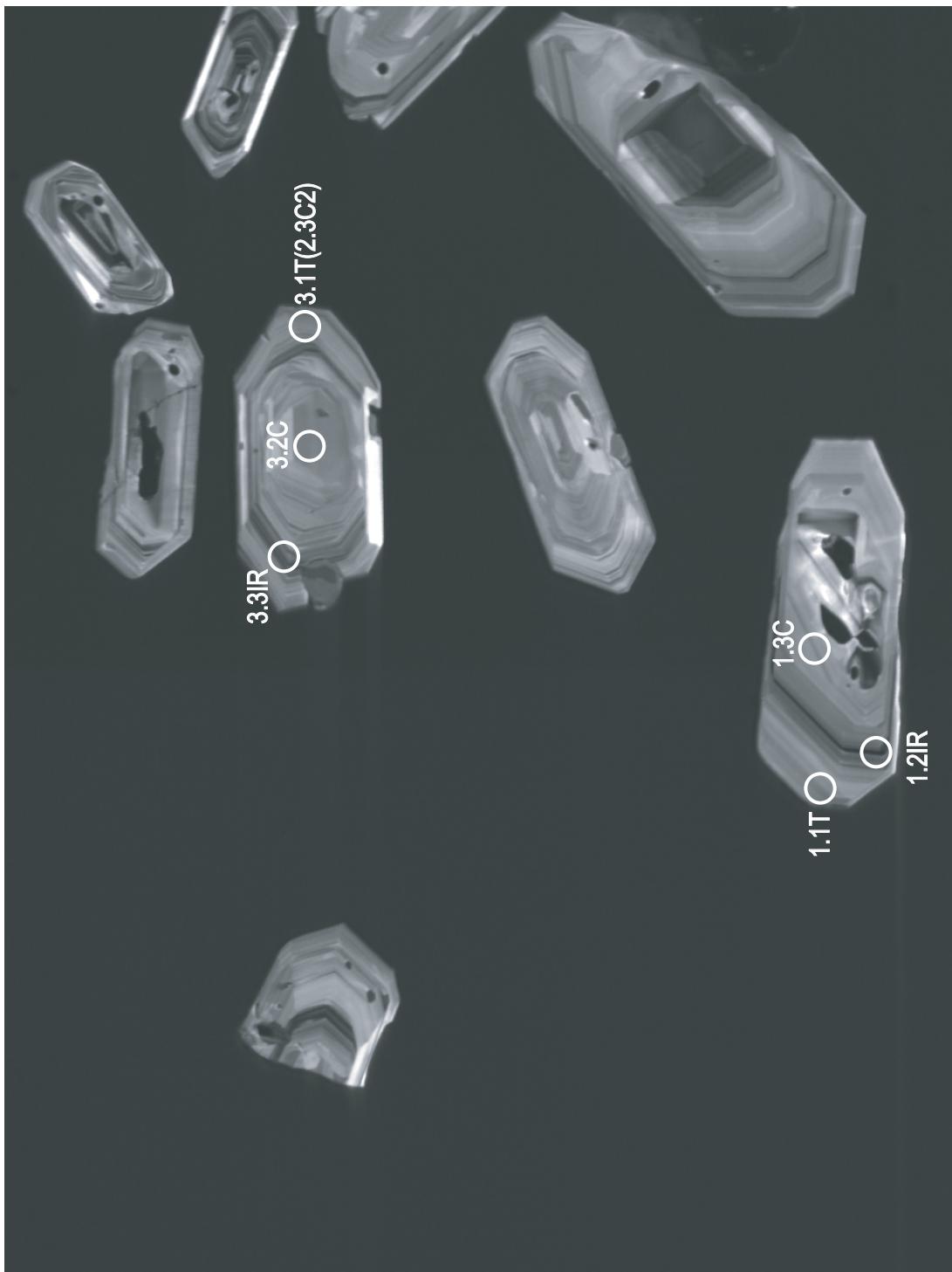
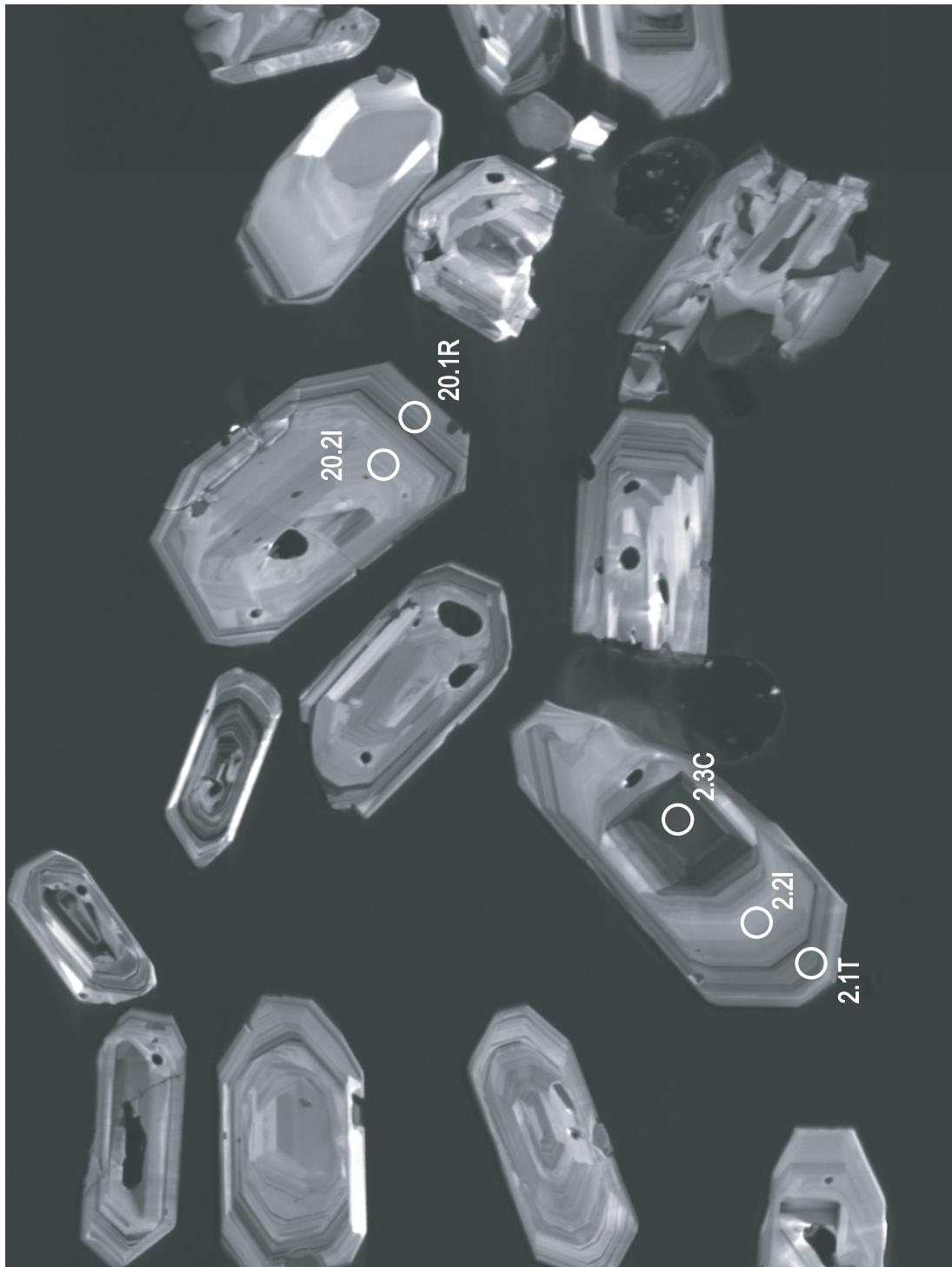
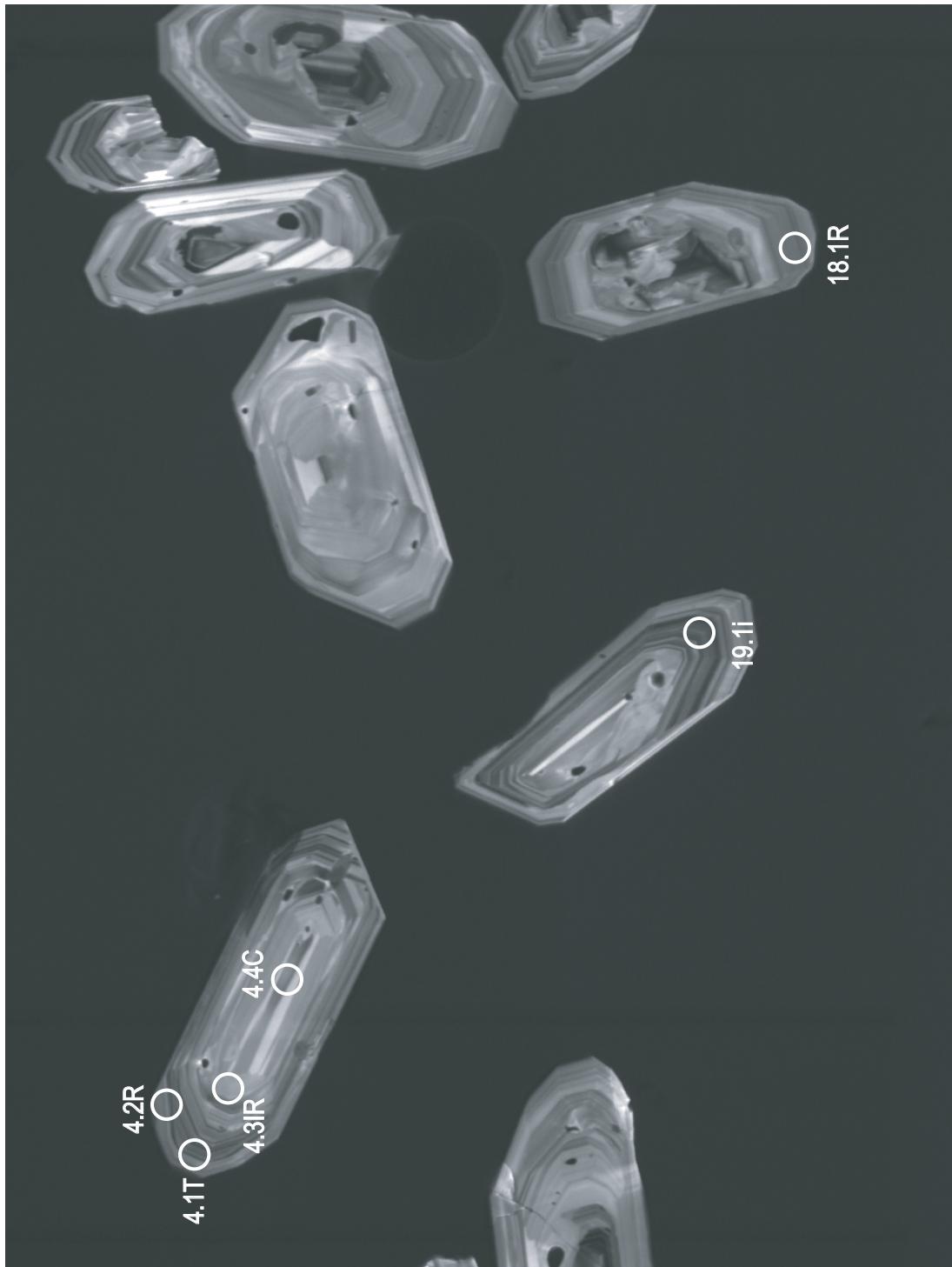


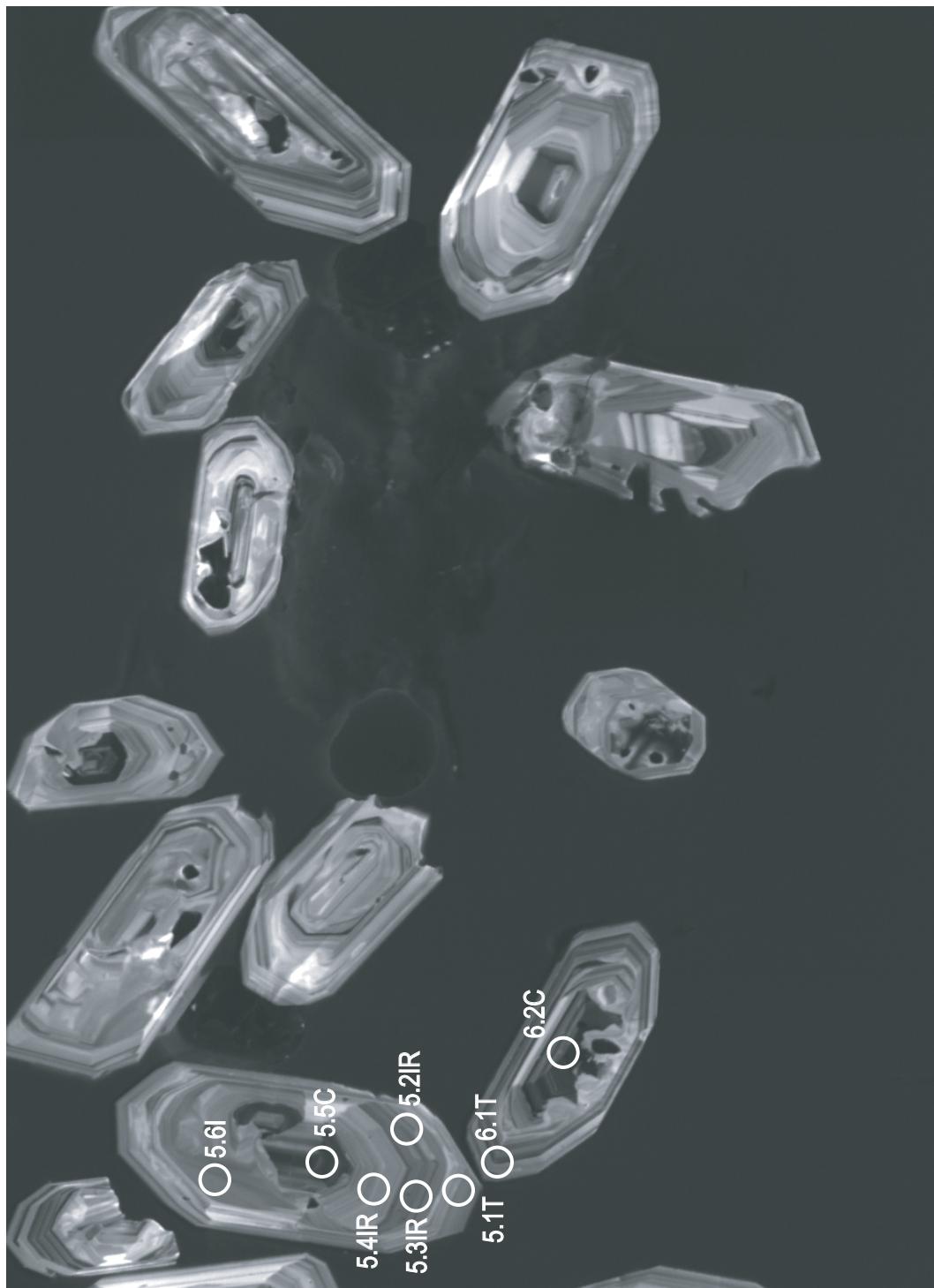
Figure E2:

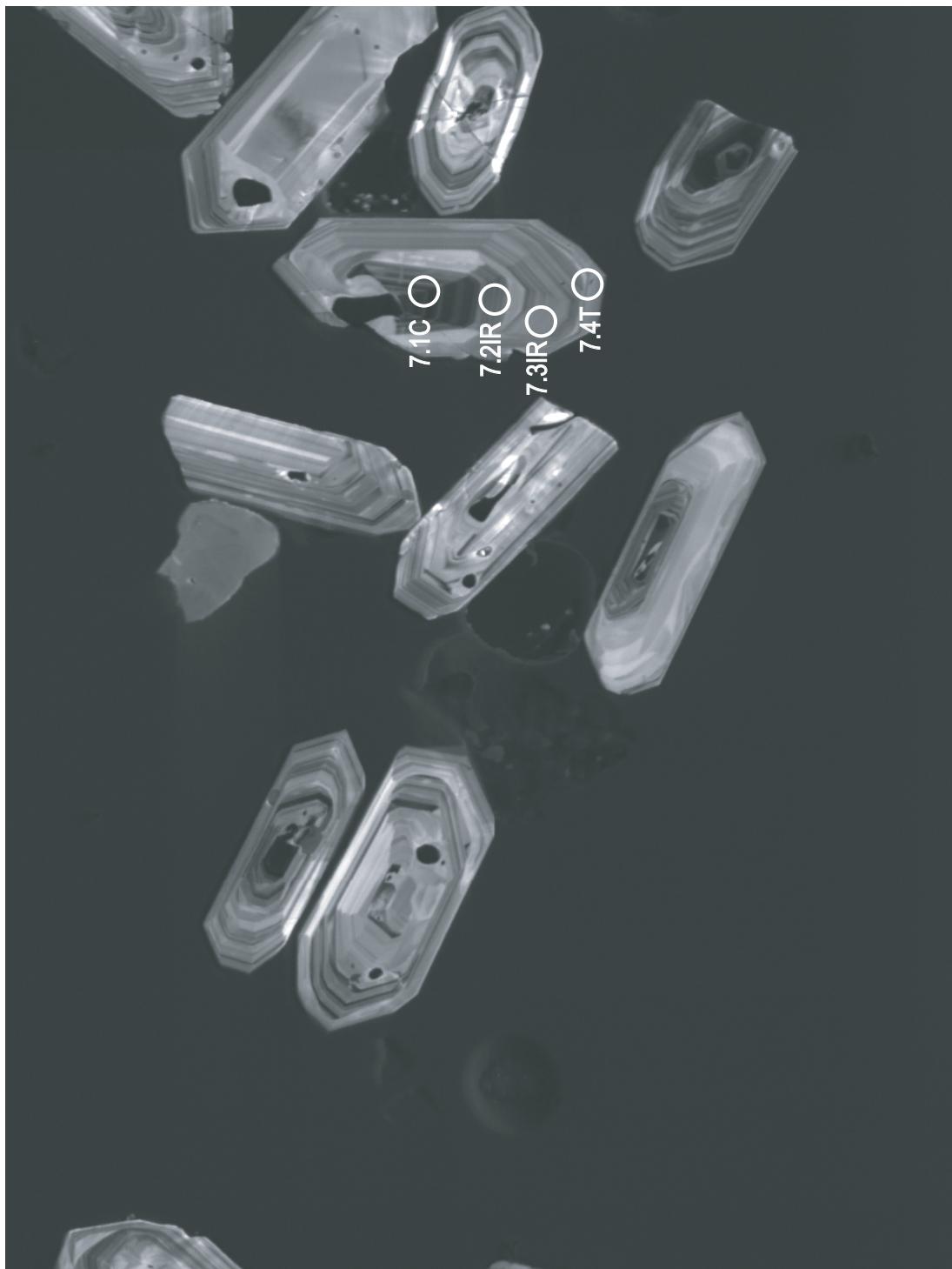
Cathodoluminsecence images of zircons from sample DSCG with spots from
Trace Element SHRIMP-RG analyses marked

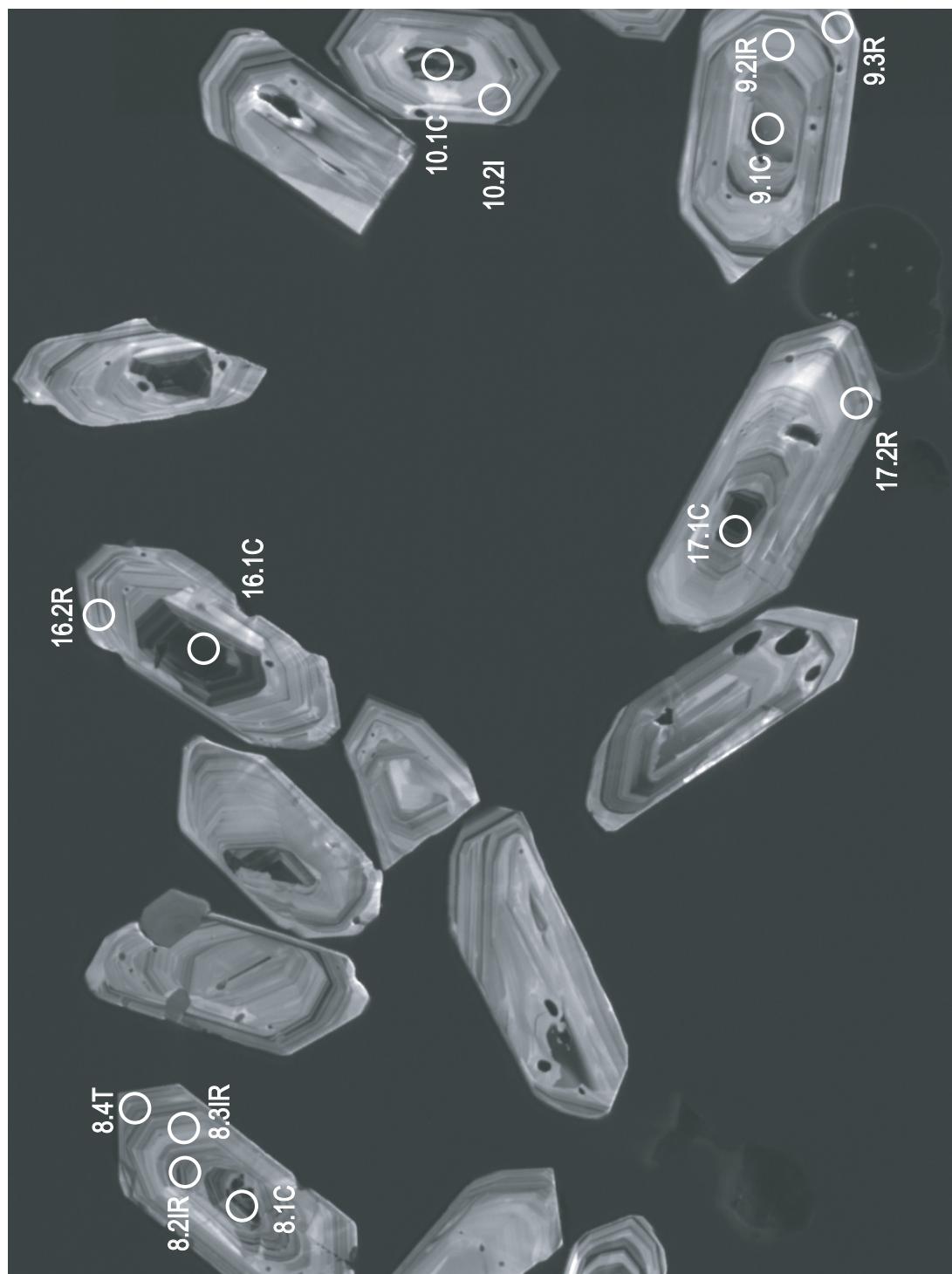












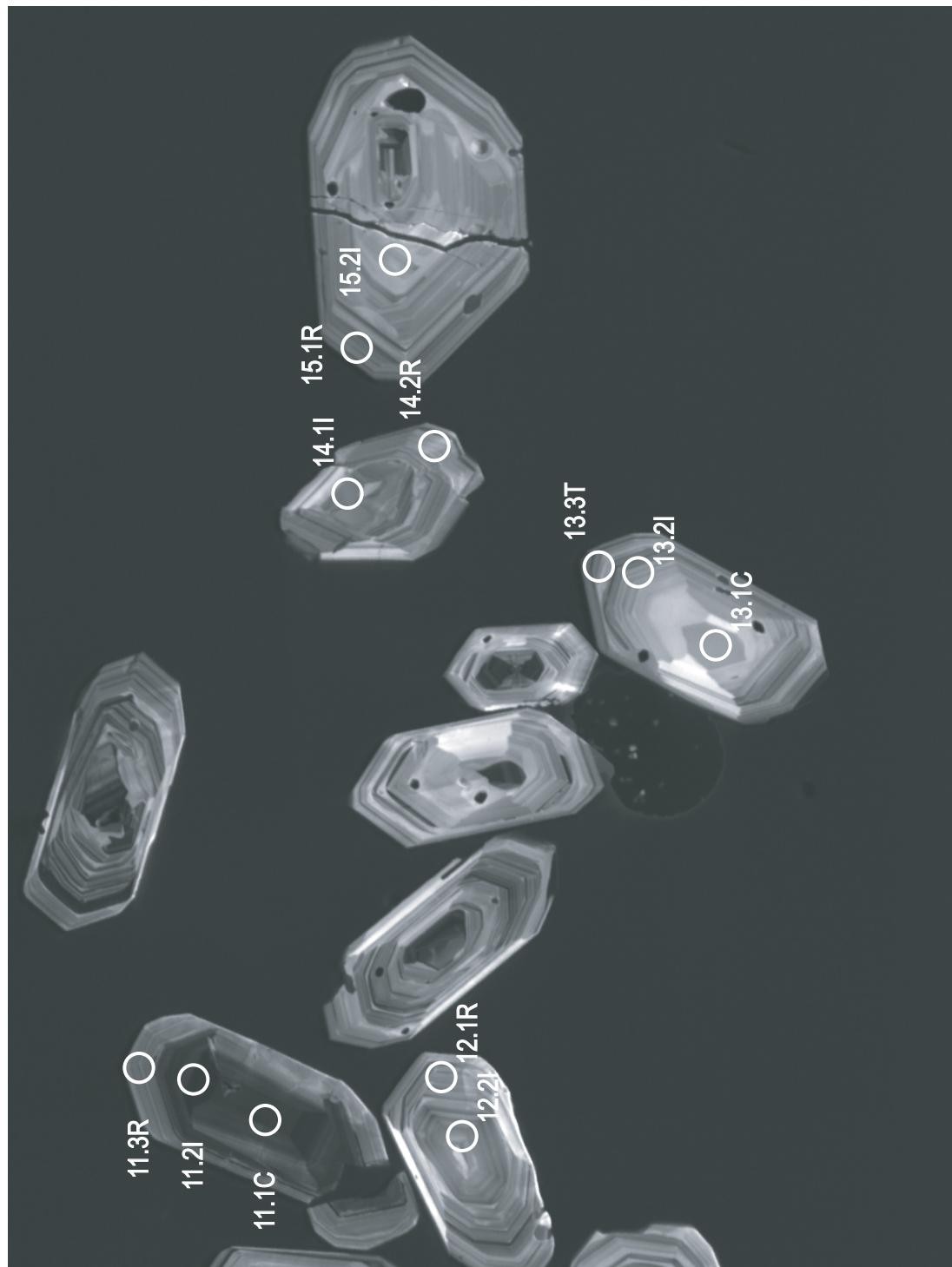
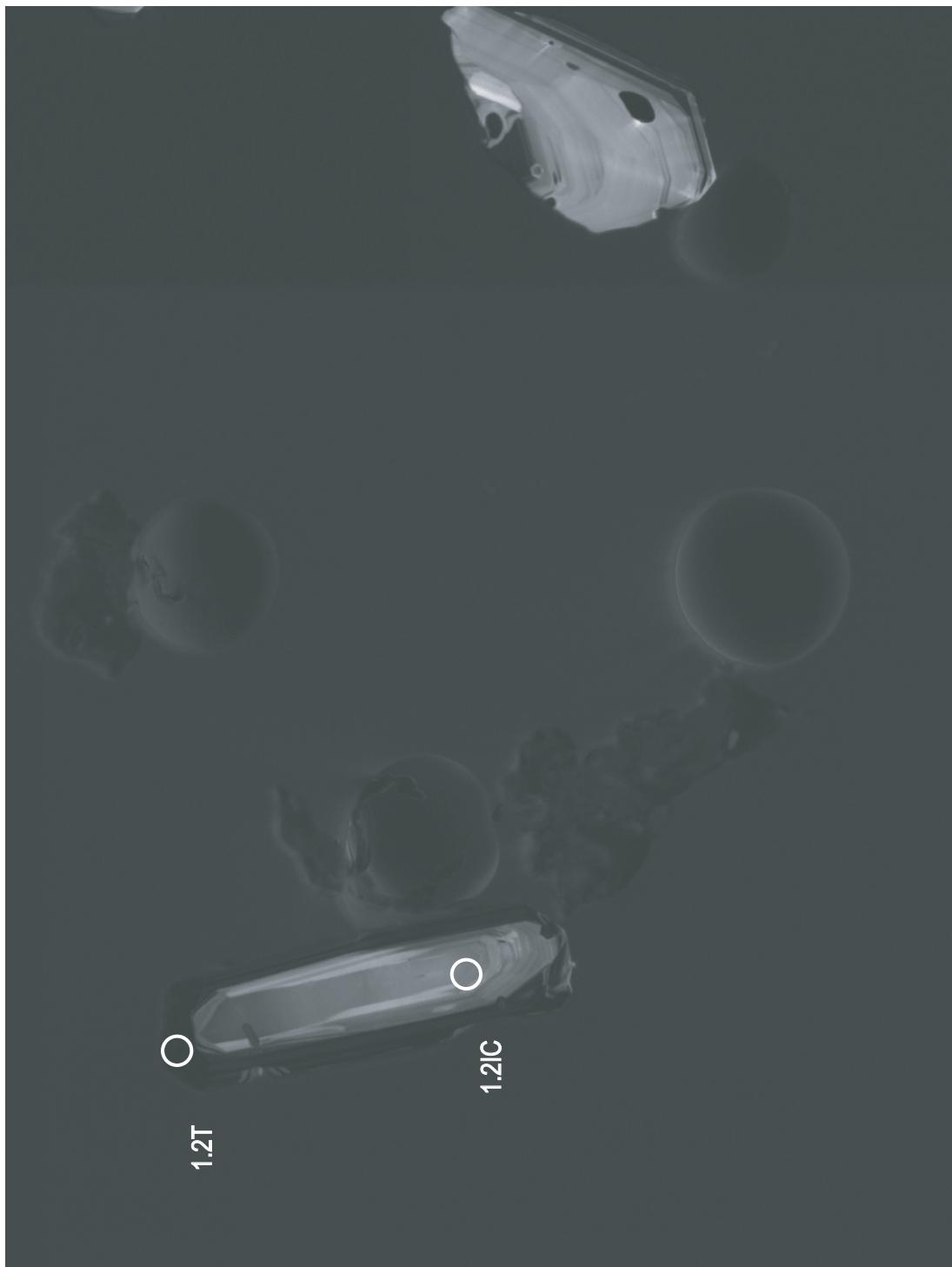
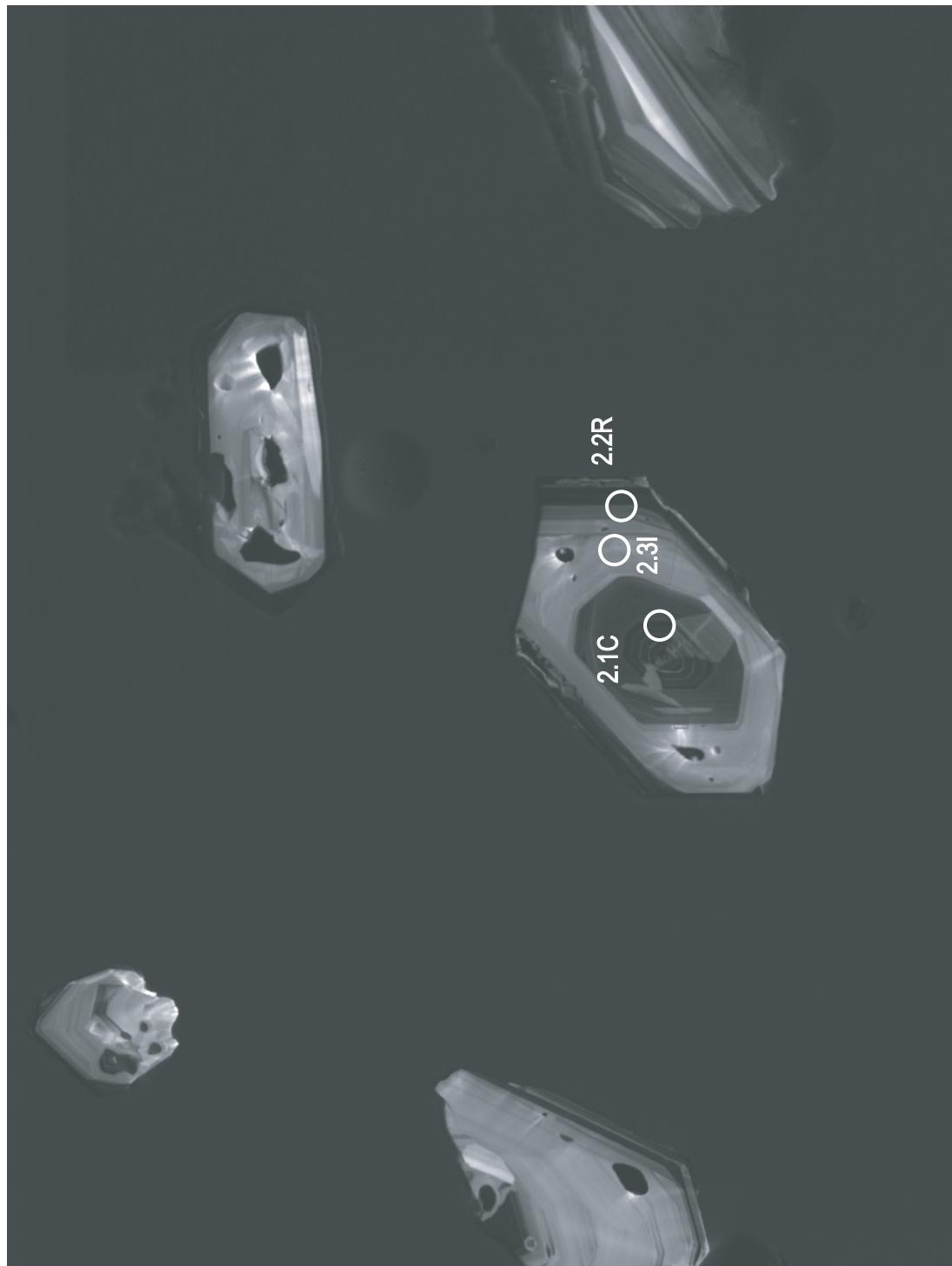
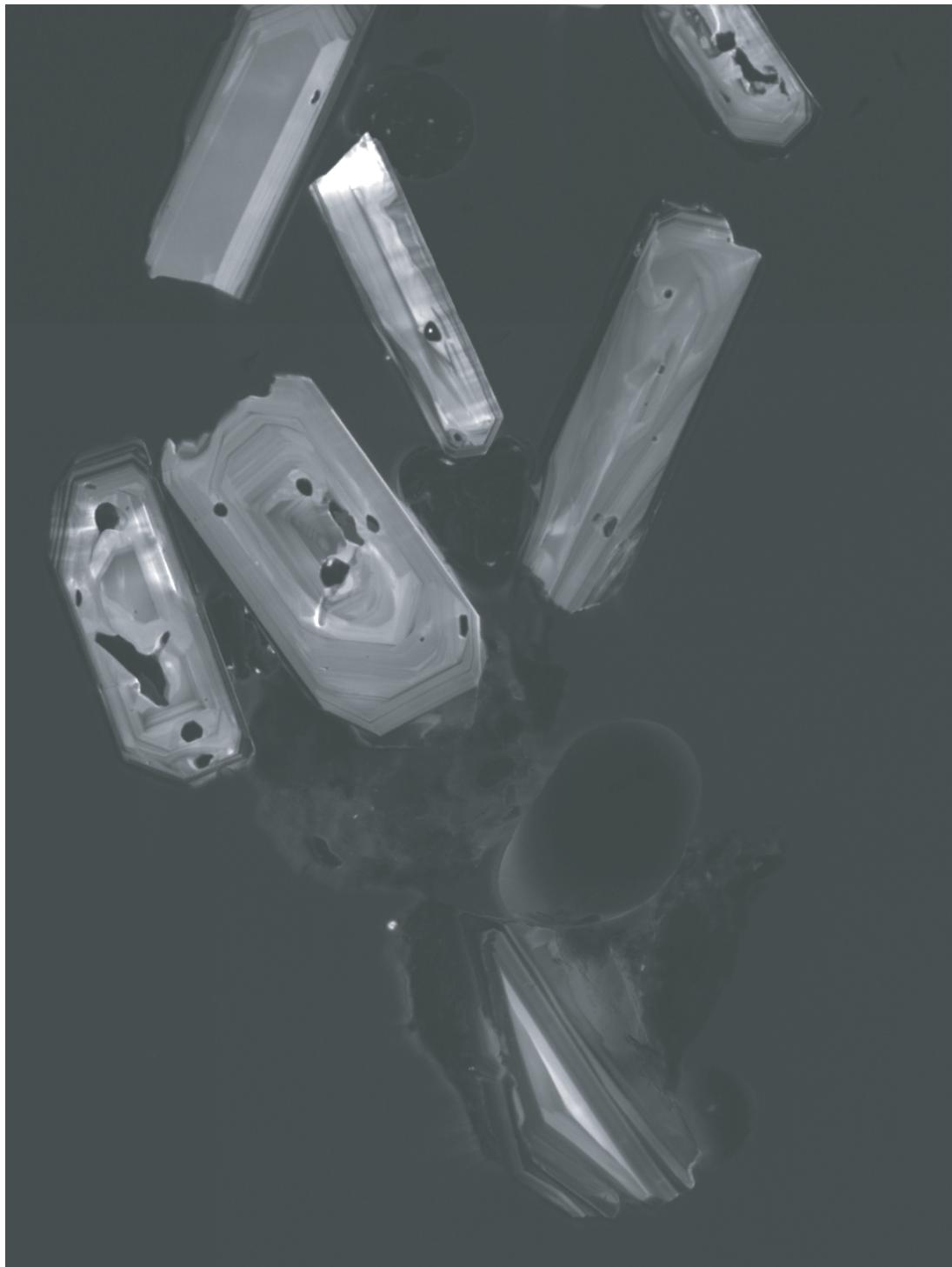


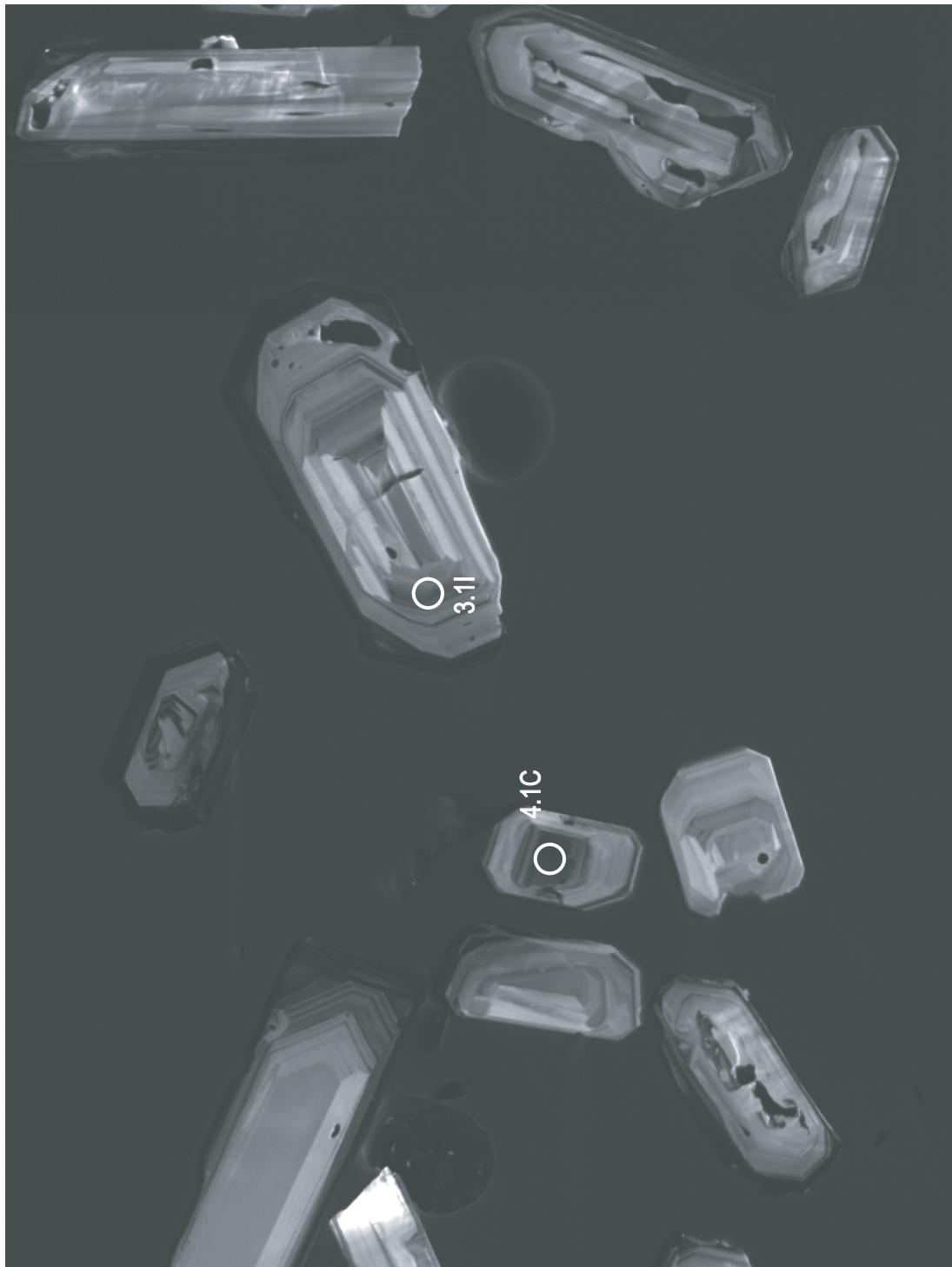
Figure E3:

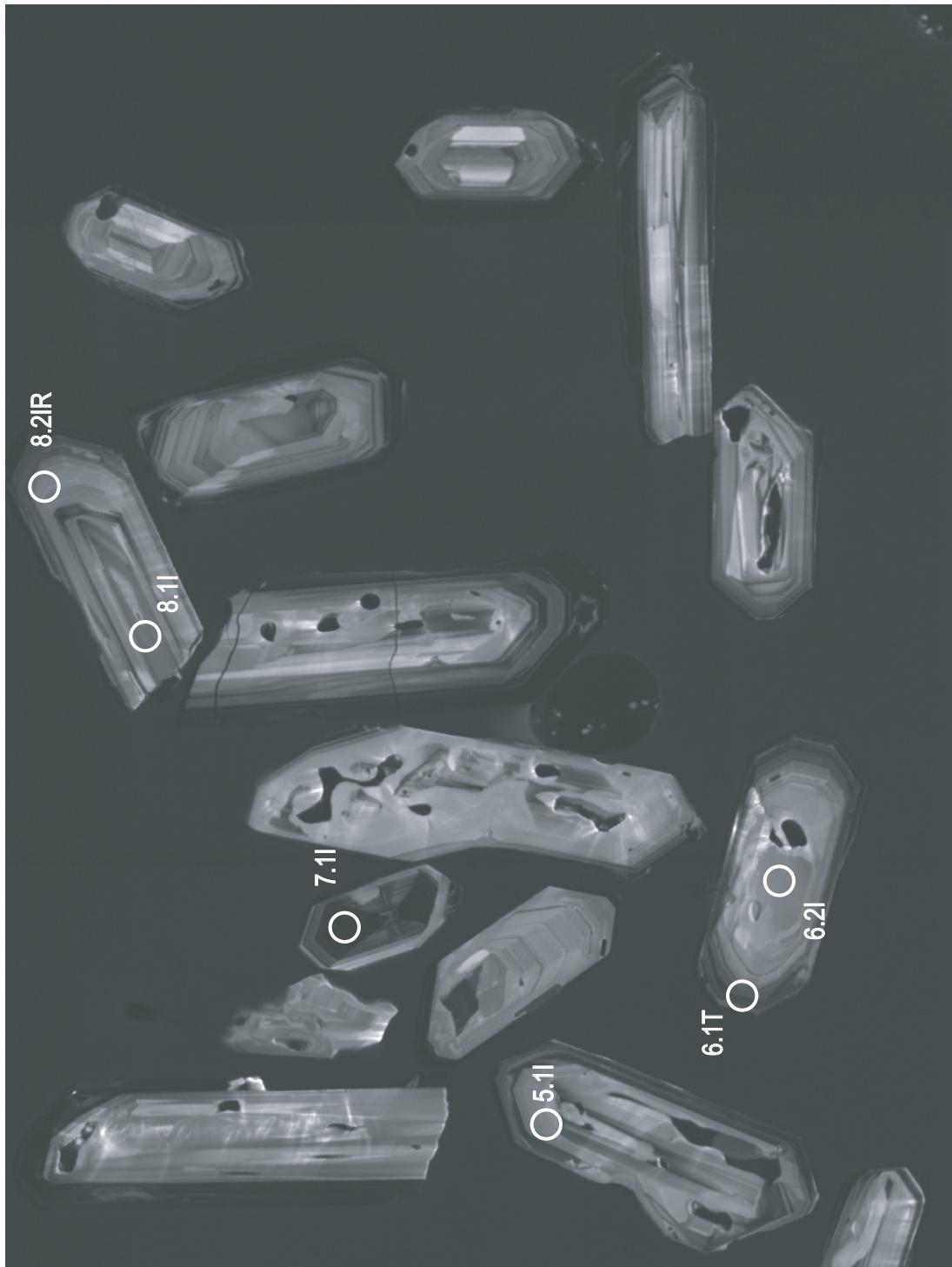
Cathodoluminsecence images of zircons from sample LGZ with spots from Trace Element SHRIMP-RG analyses marked















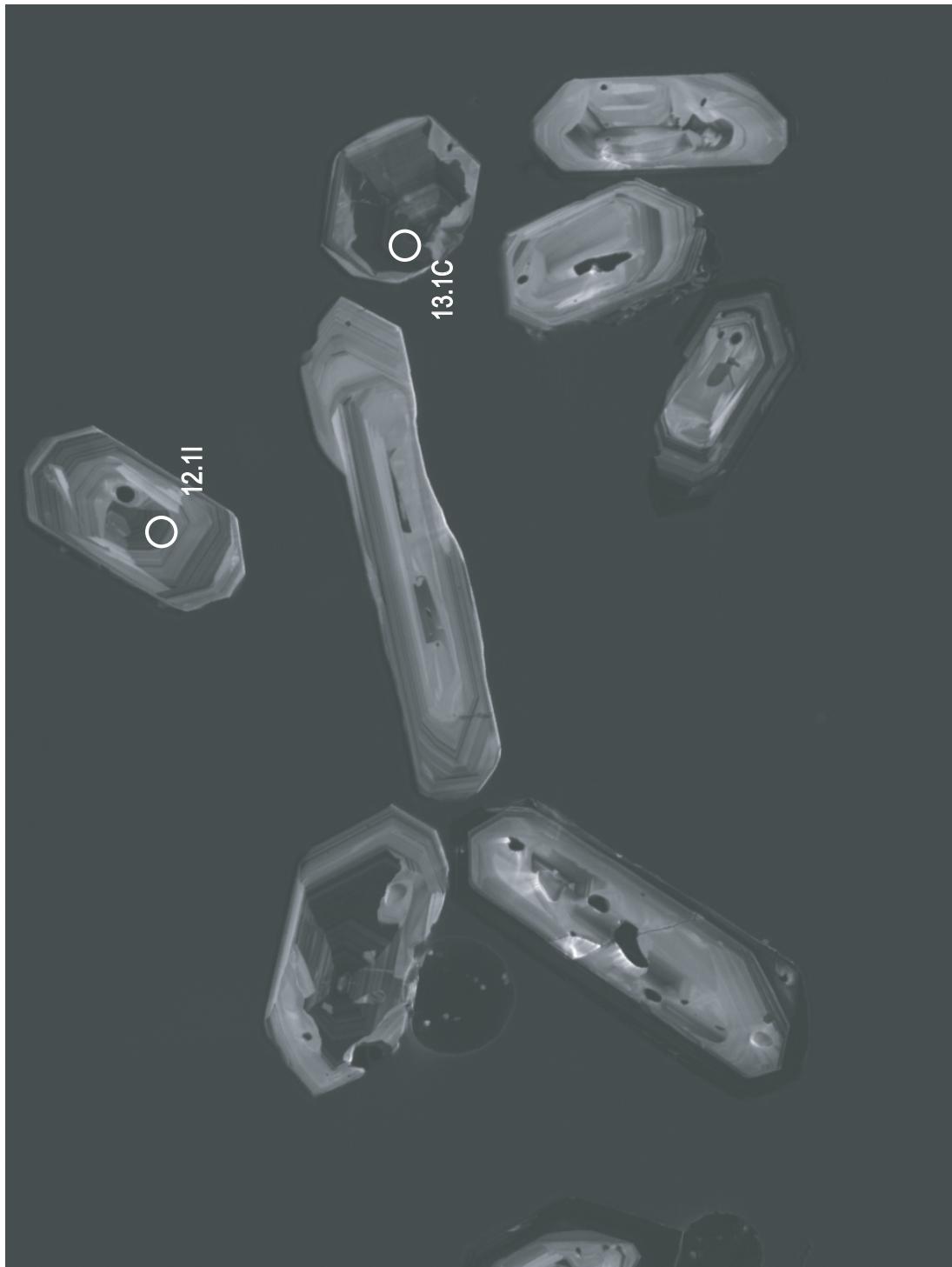
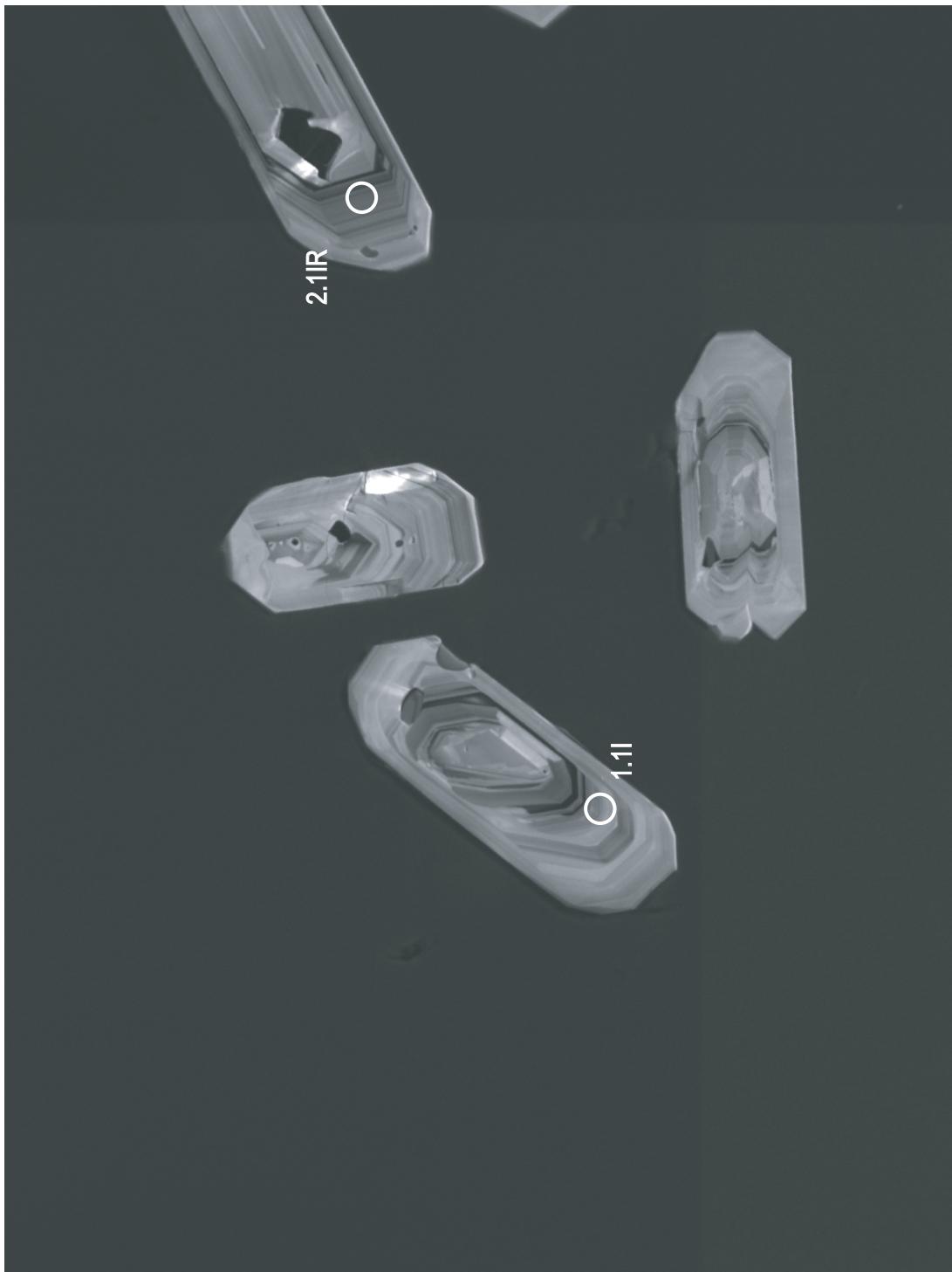
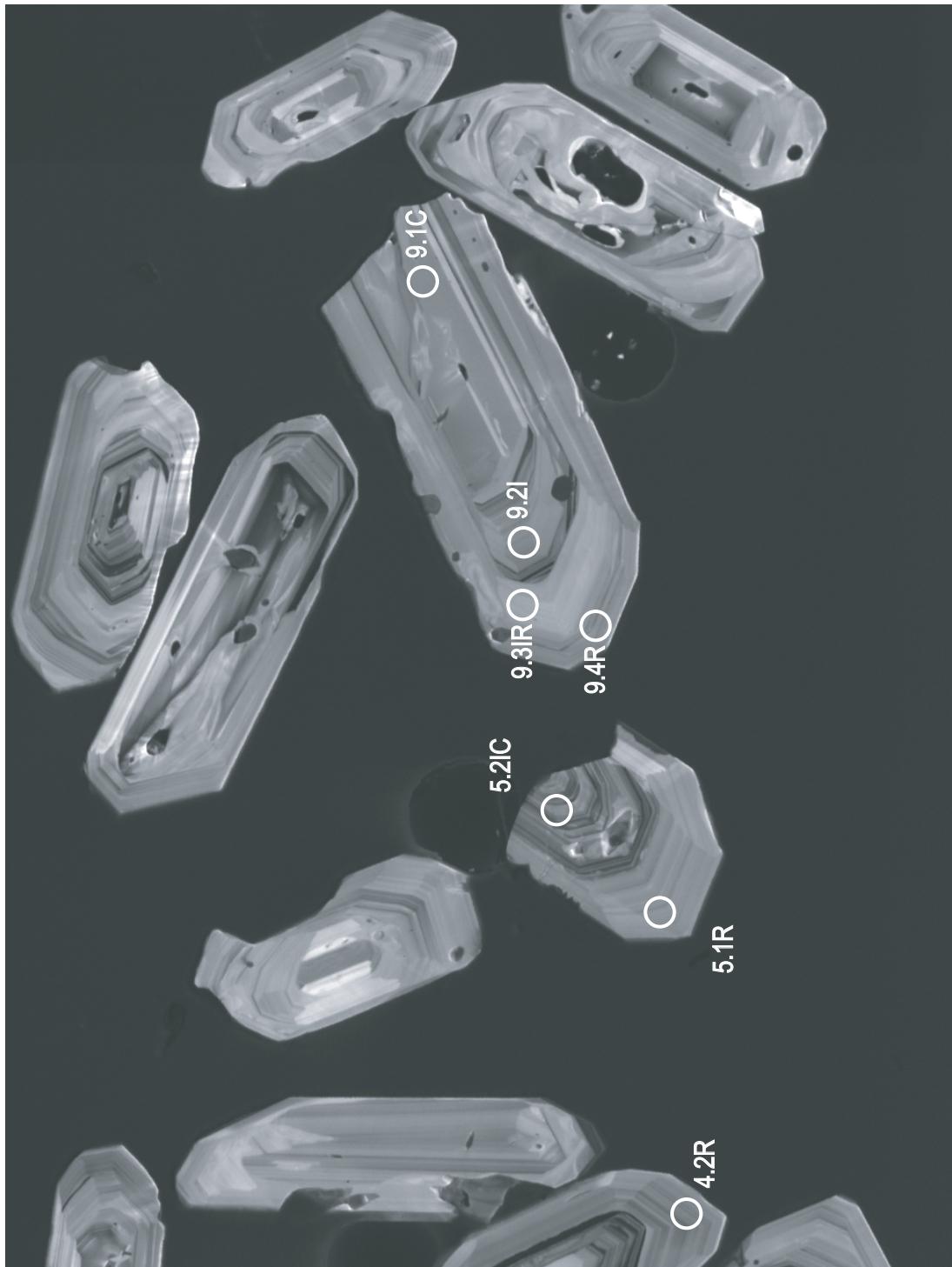


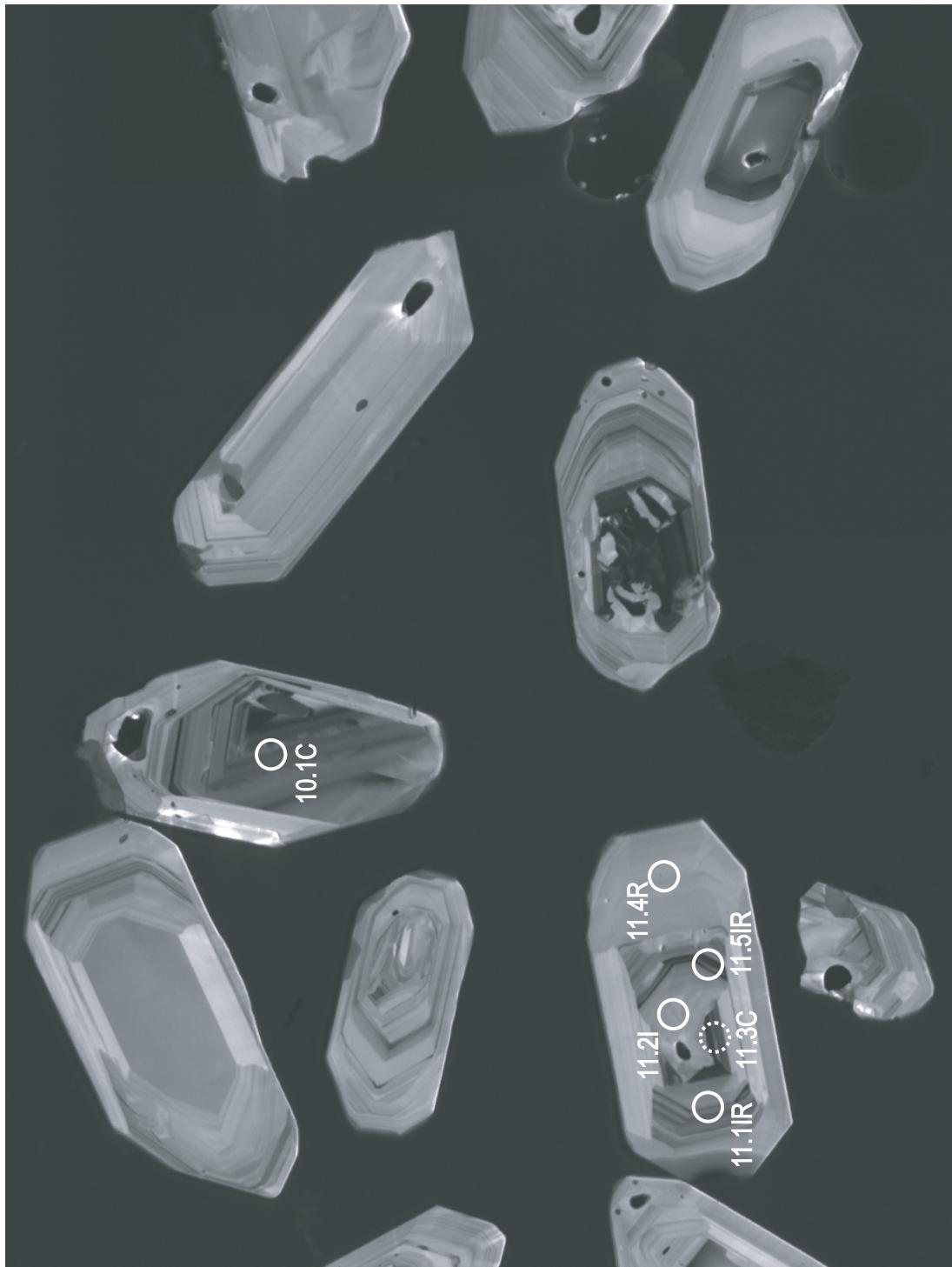
Figure E4:

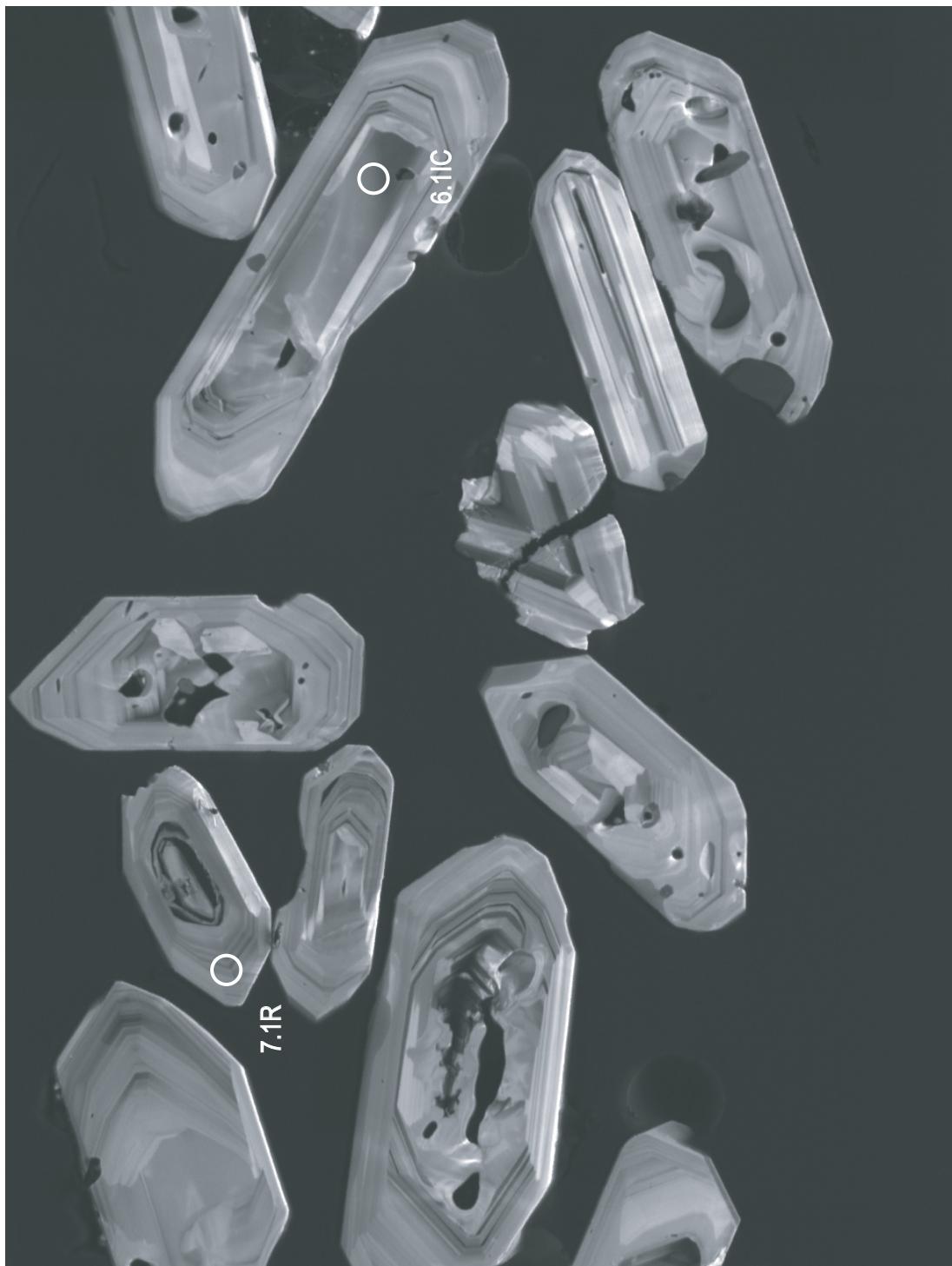
Cathodoluminsecence images of zircons from sample SWZ with spots from
Trace Element SHRIMP-RG analyses marked











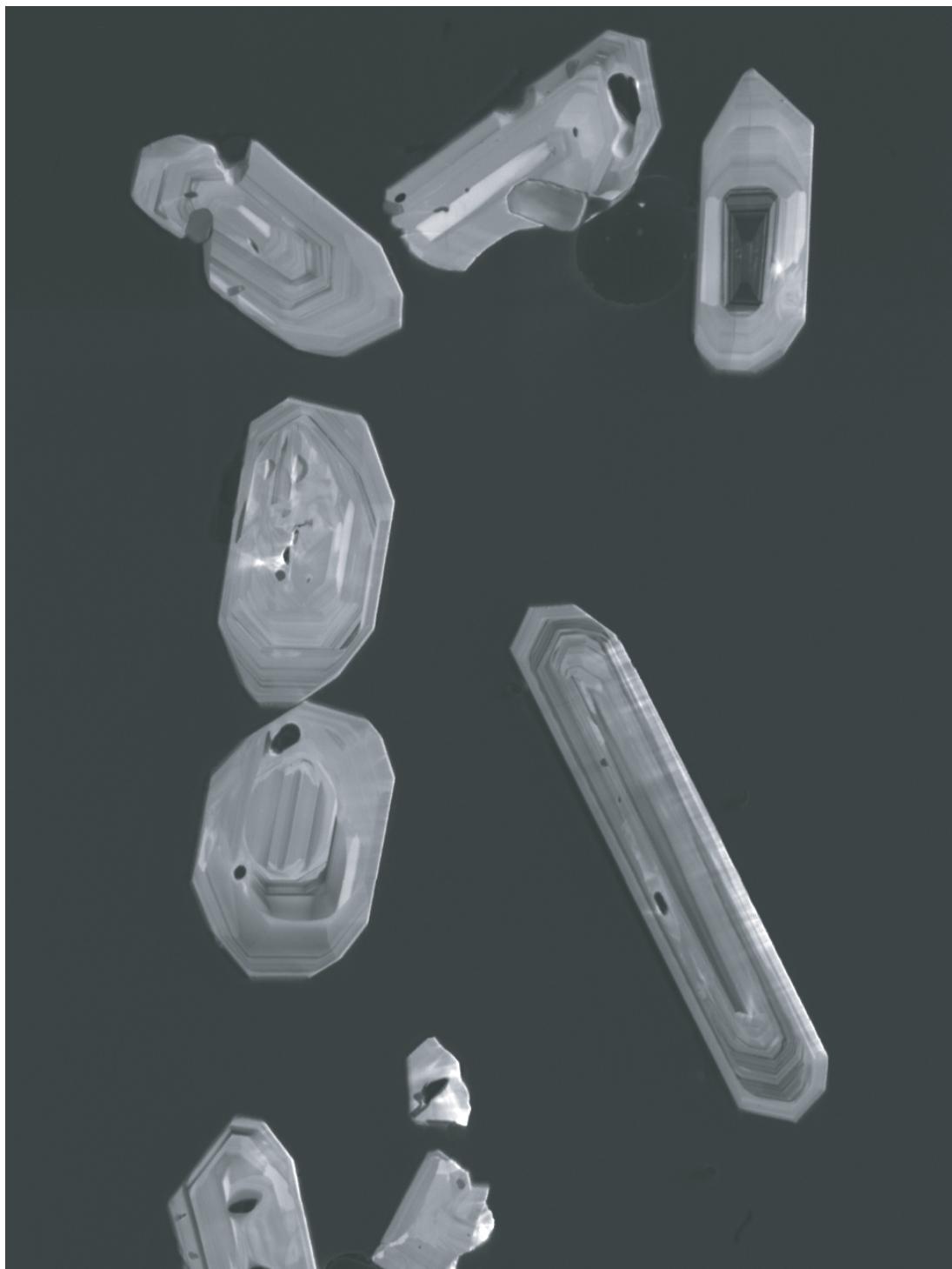




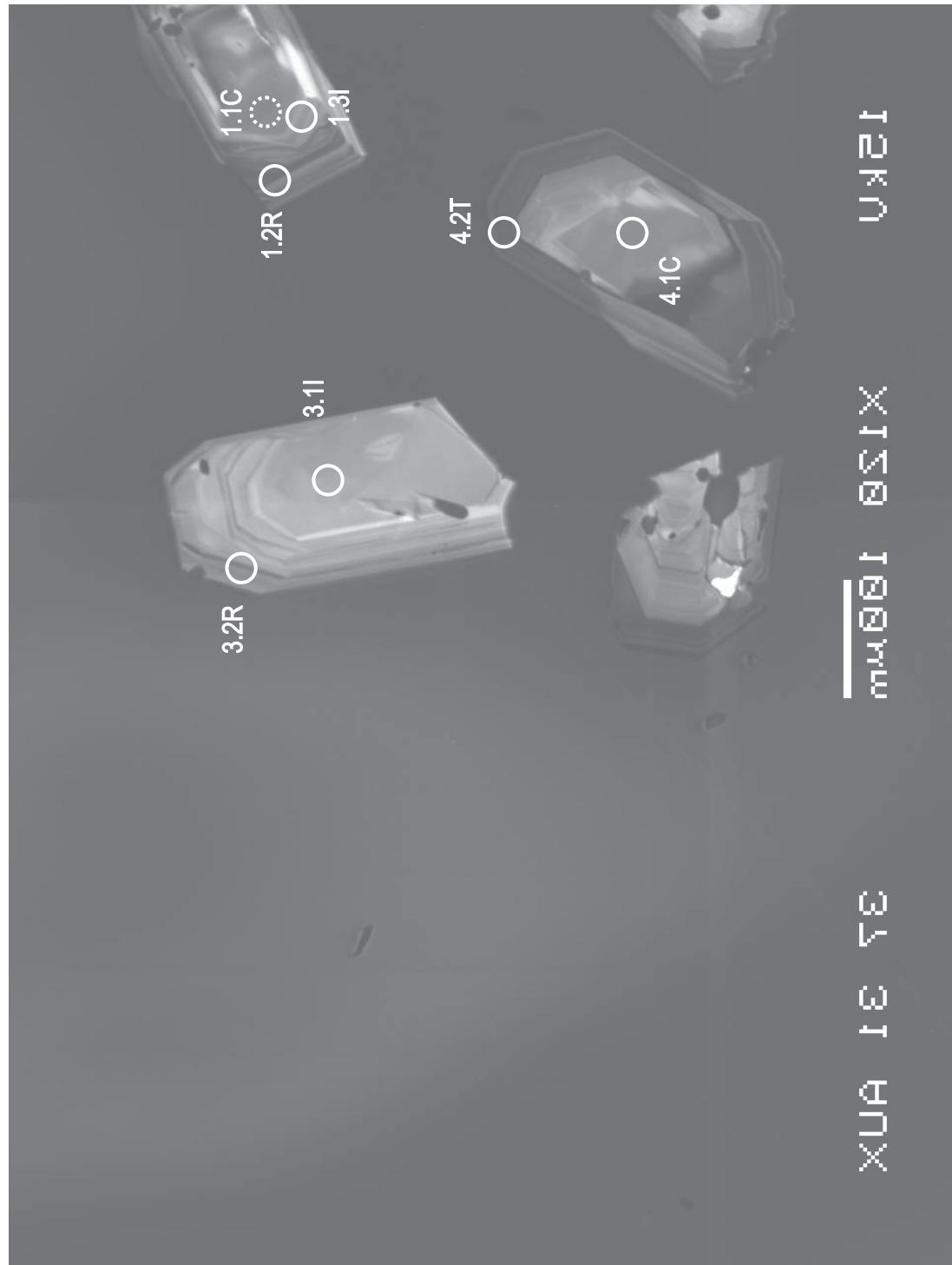
Figure E5:

Cathodoluminsecence images of zircons from sample SML49z with spots from
Trace Element SHRIMP-RG analyses marked

UKEF

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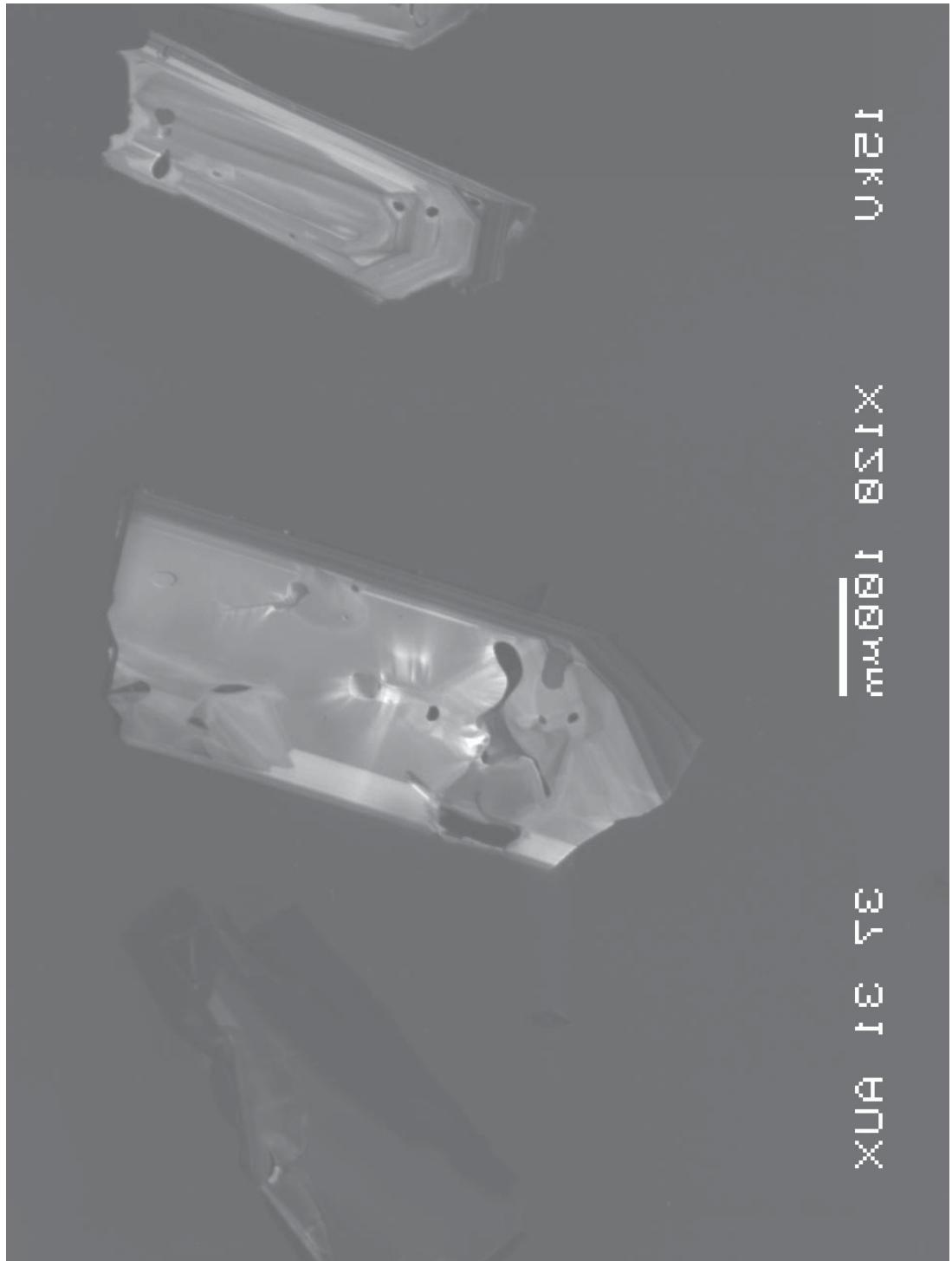
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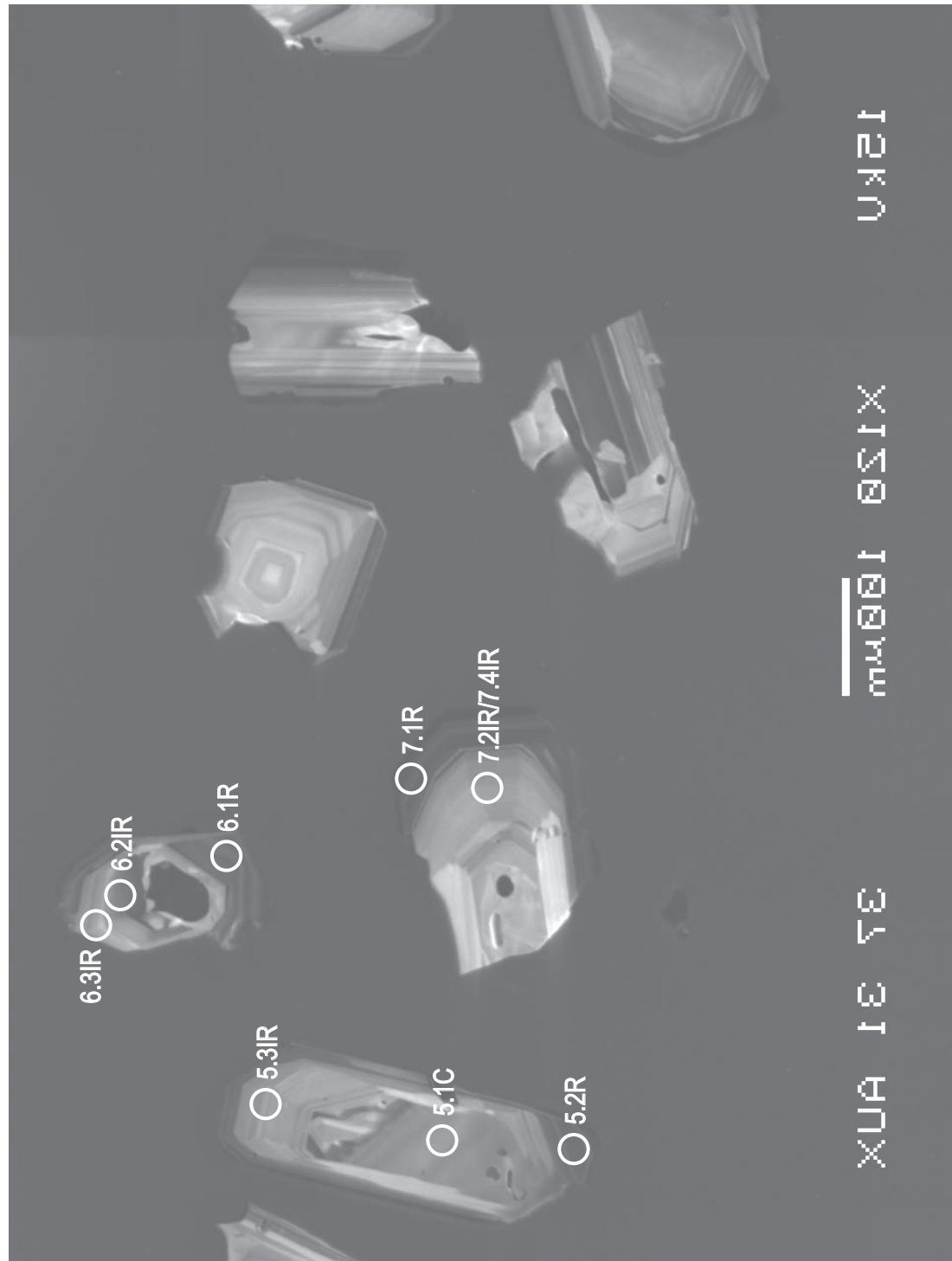
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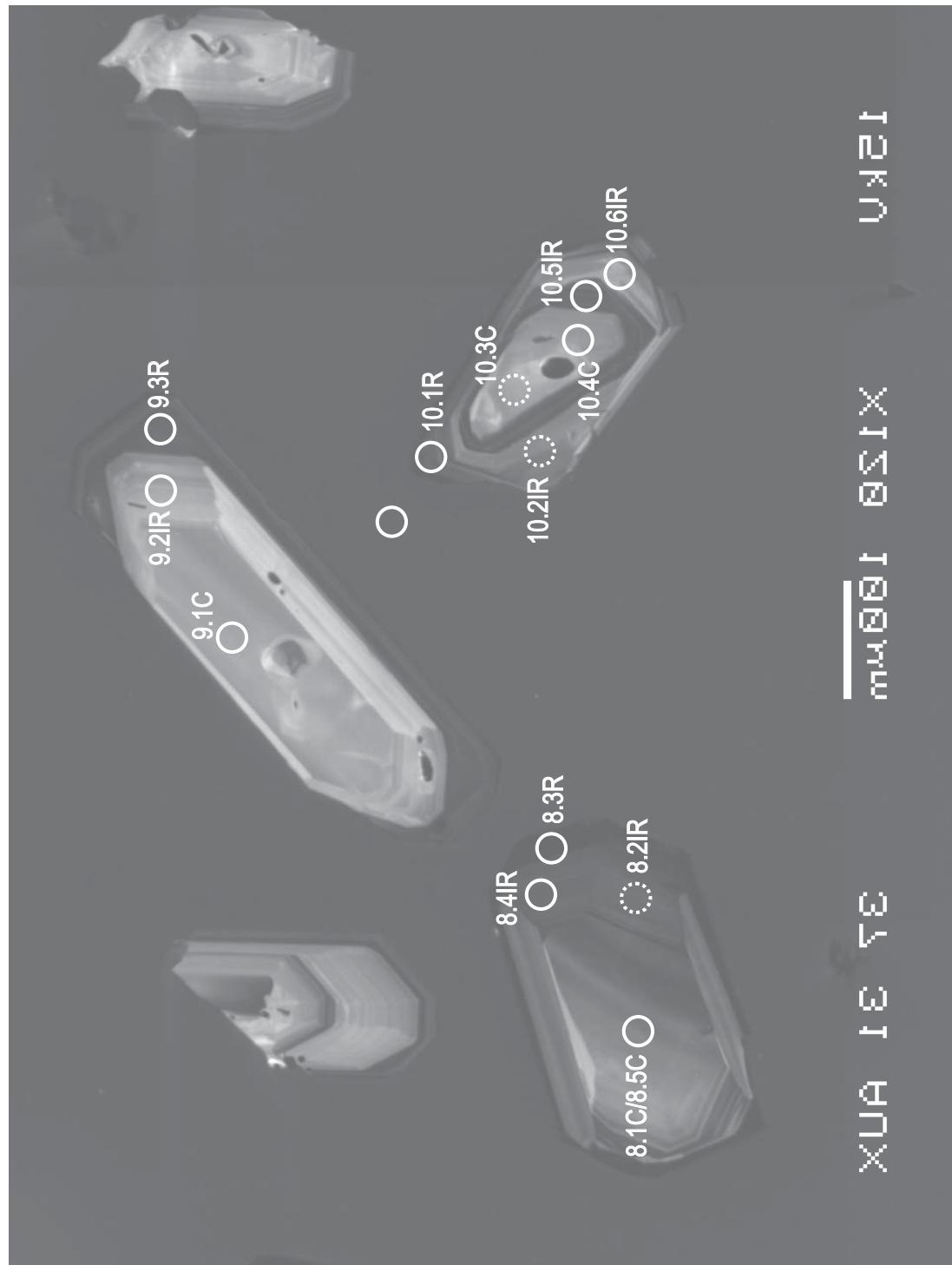
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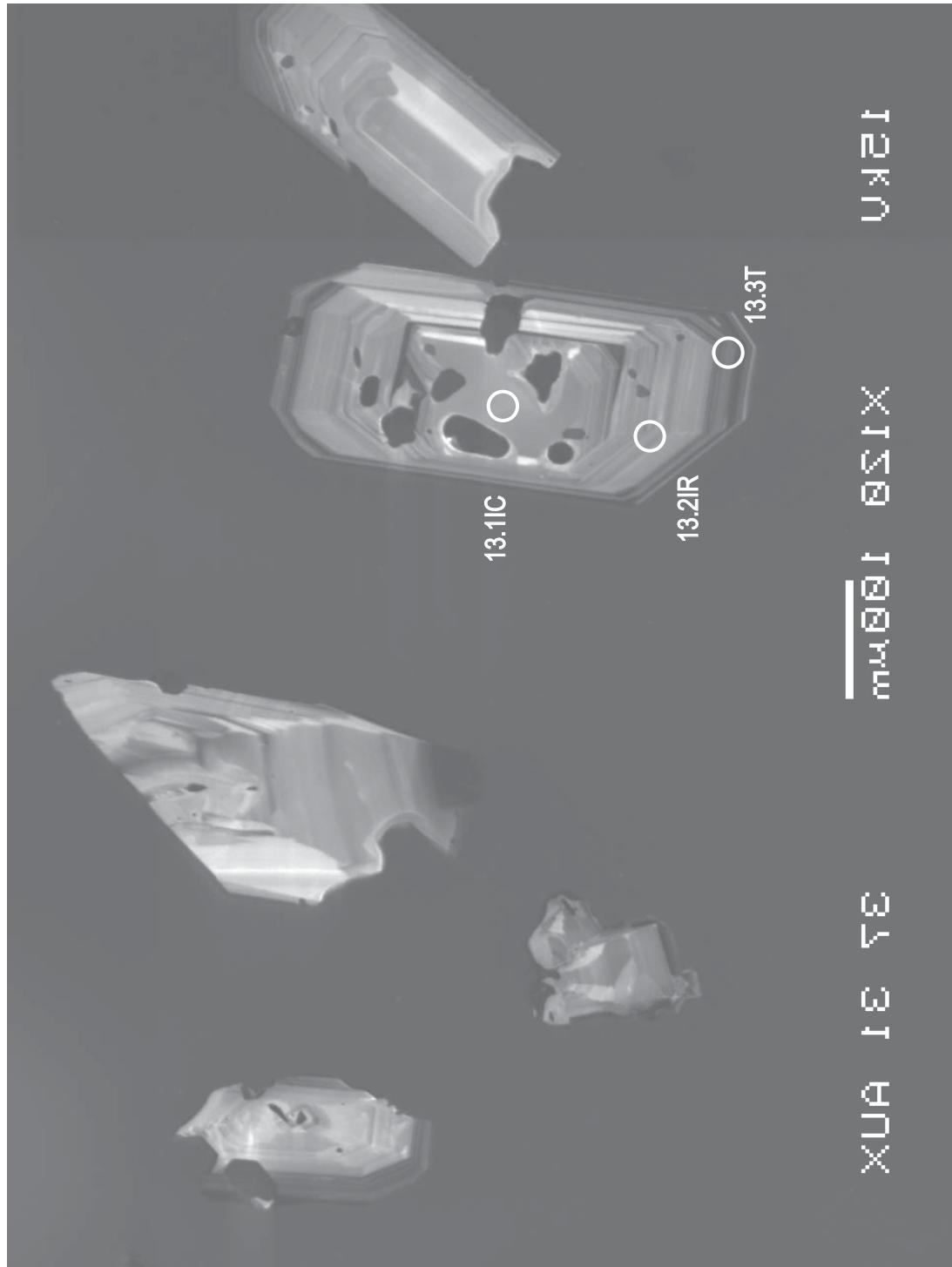
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13.1C

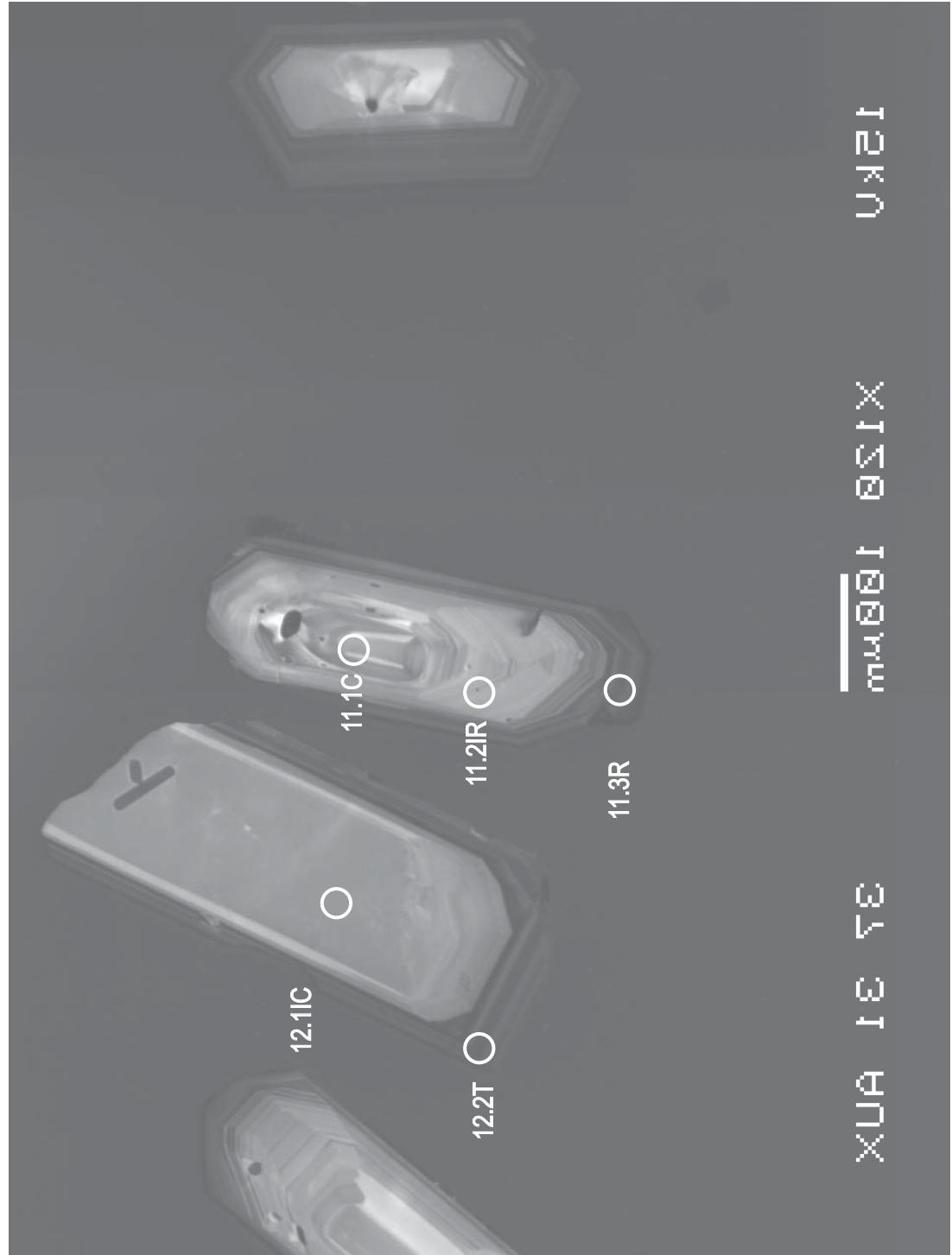
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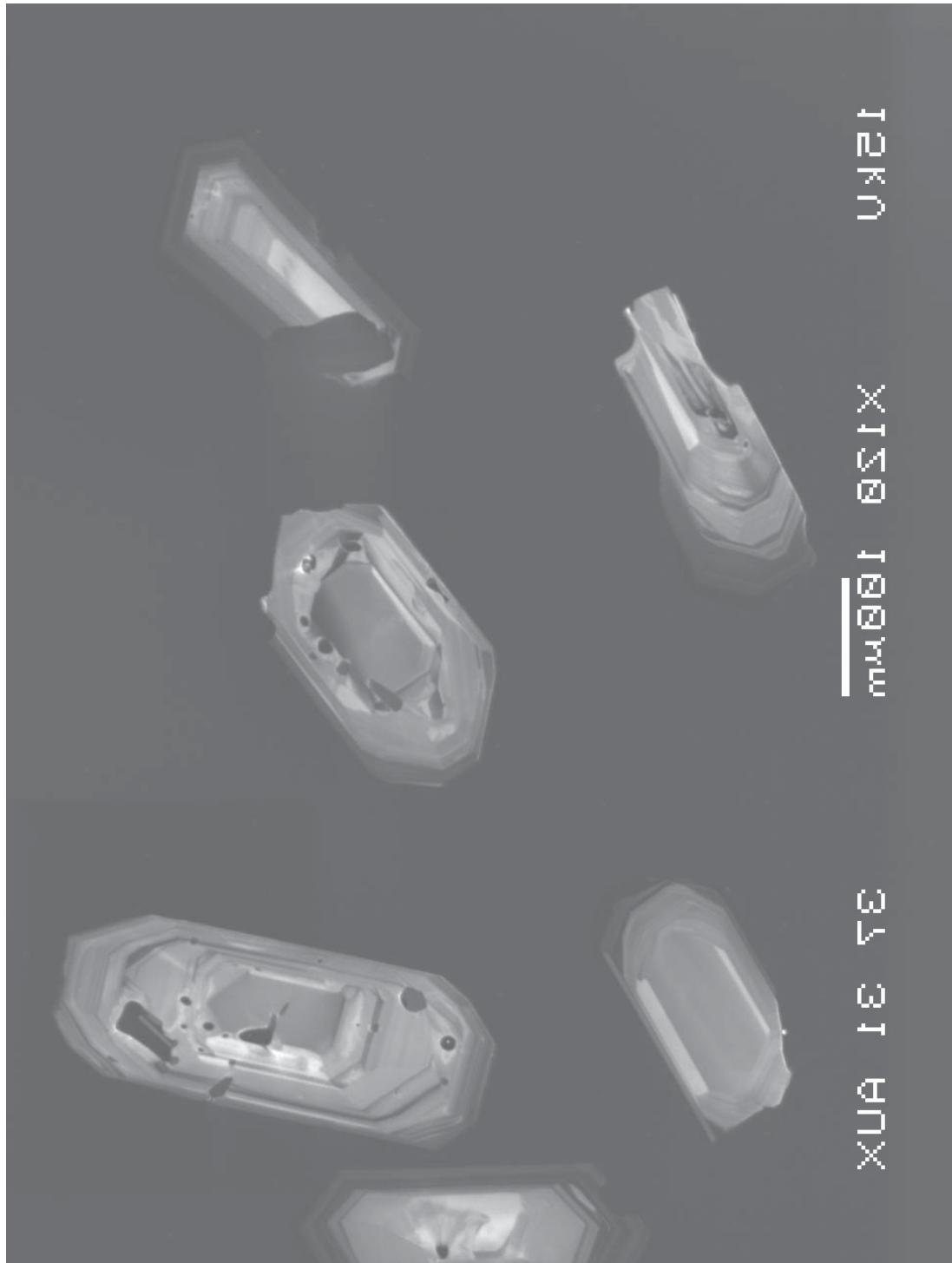


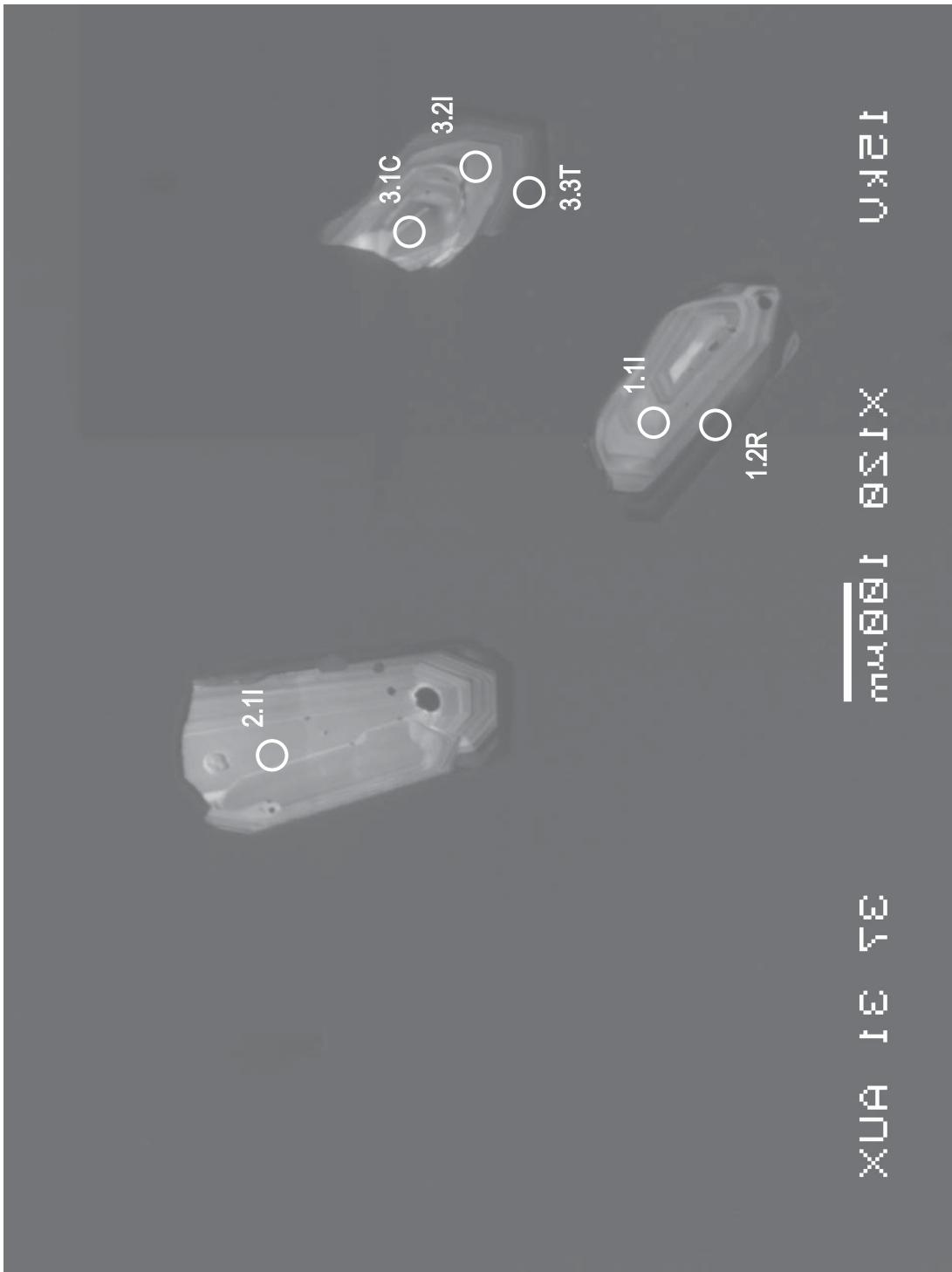
Figure E6:

Cathodoluminsecence images of zircons from sample SML54z with spots from
Trace Element SHRIMP-RG analyses marked

ΥΑΣΙ

$\overline{m\mu(\Theta)}$ ΘΣΙΧ

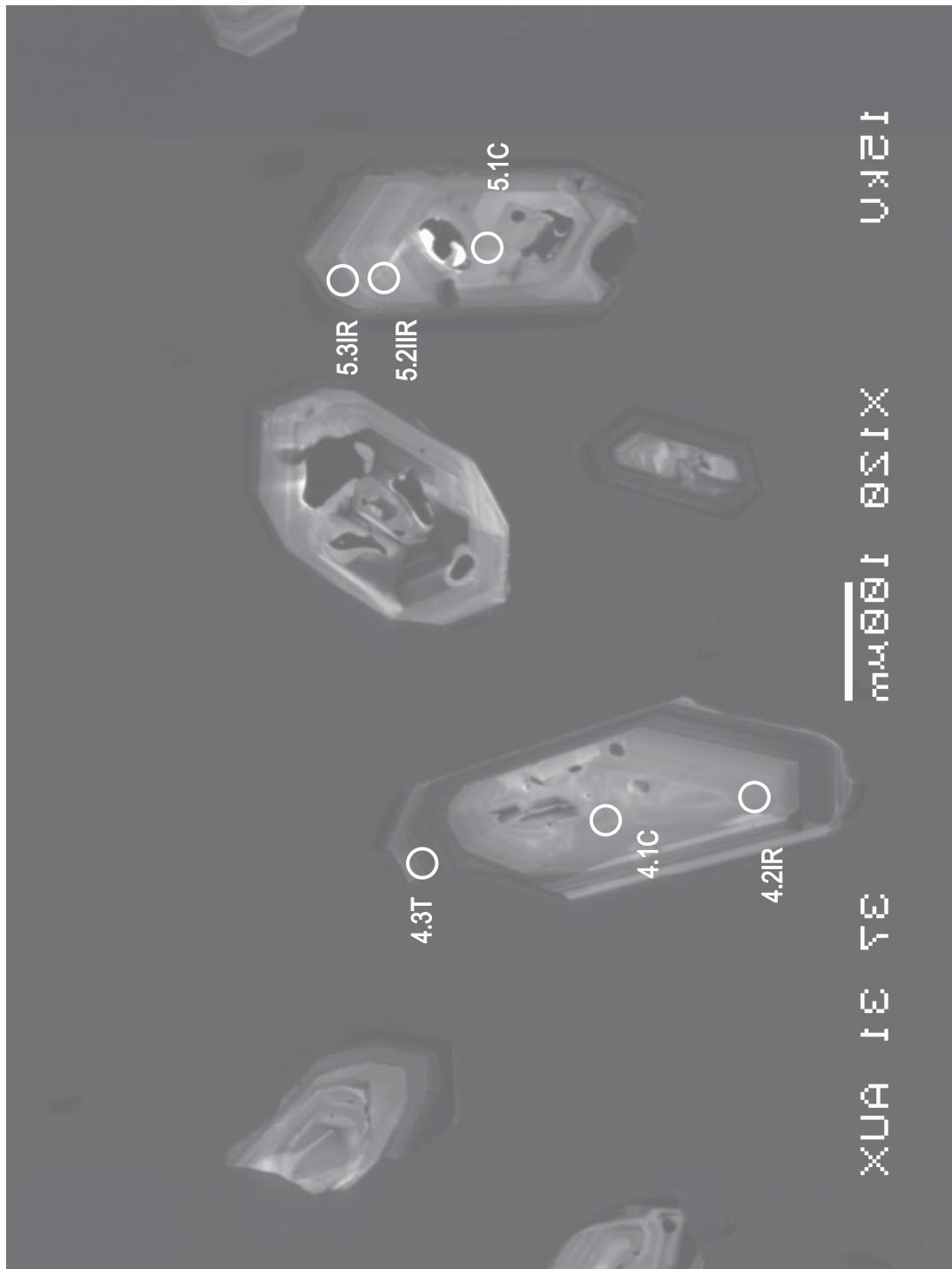
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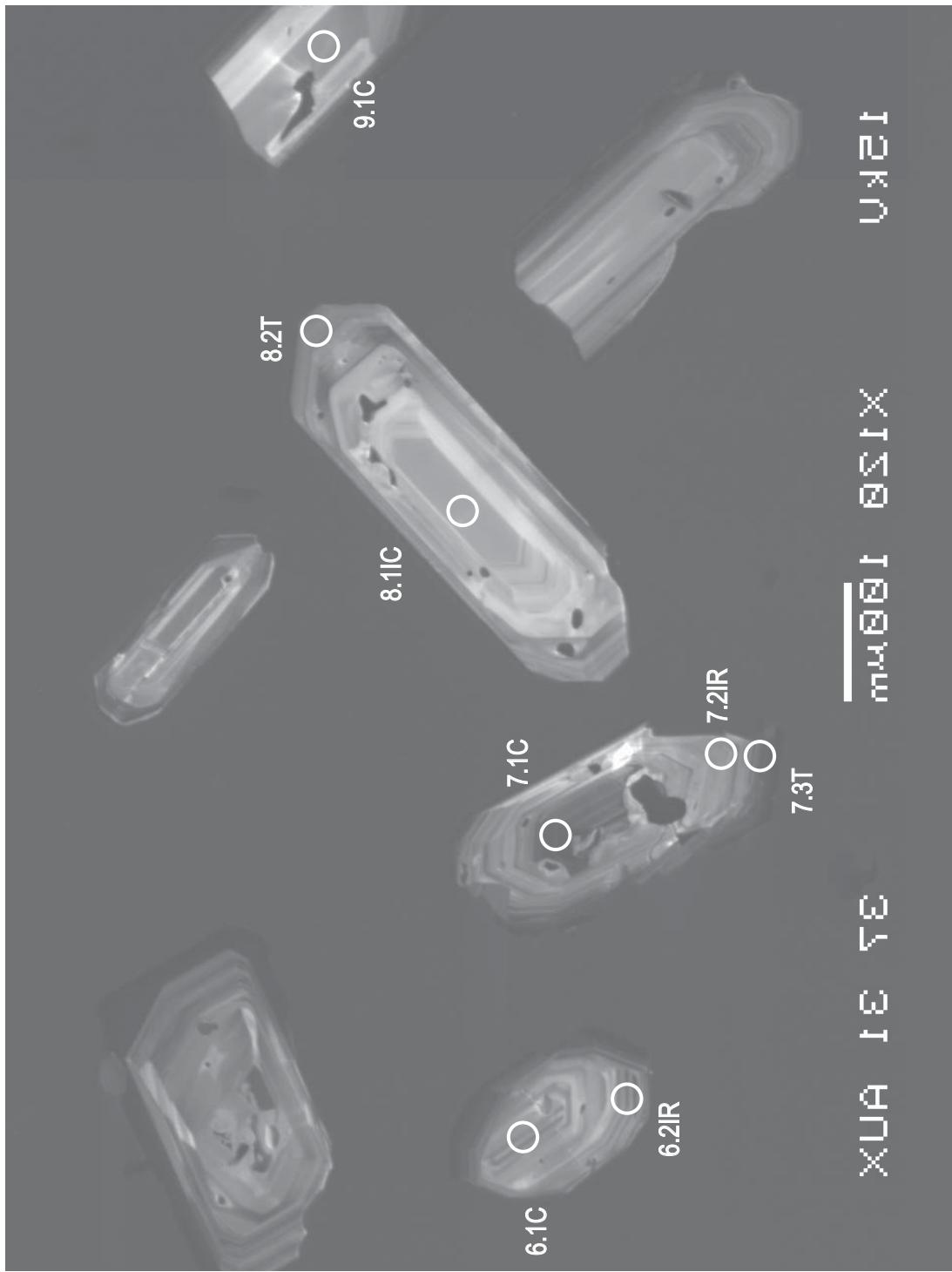
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7.1C

8.1T

8.2T

9.1C



12.5

mm (Q) I 851X

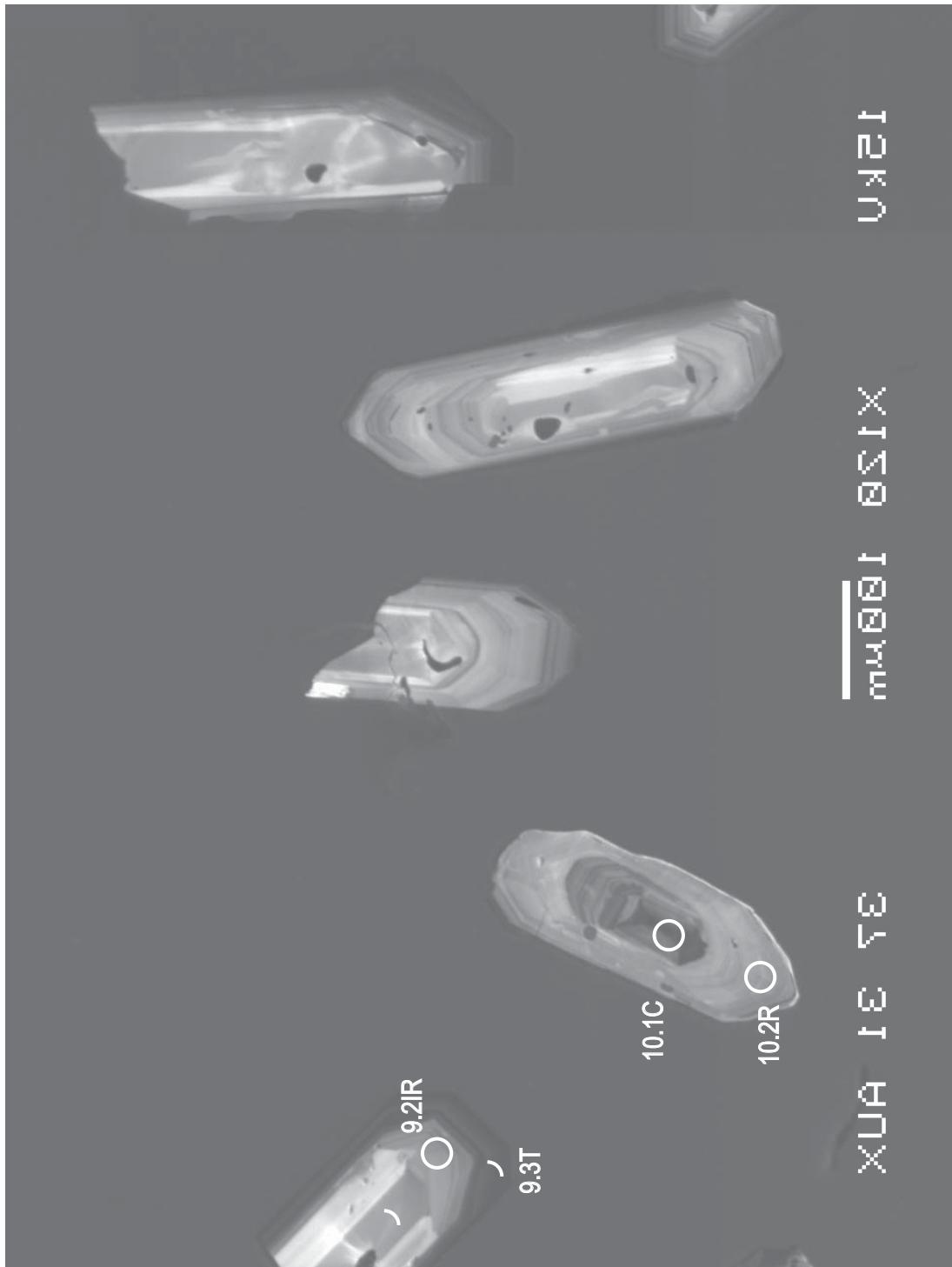
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10.1C O

10.2R O

9.3T

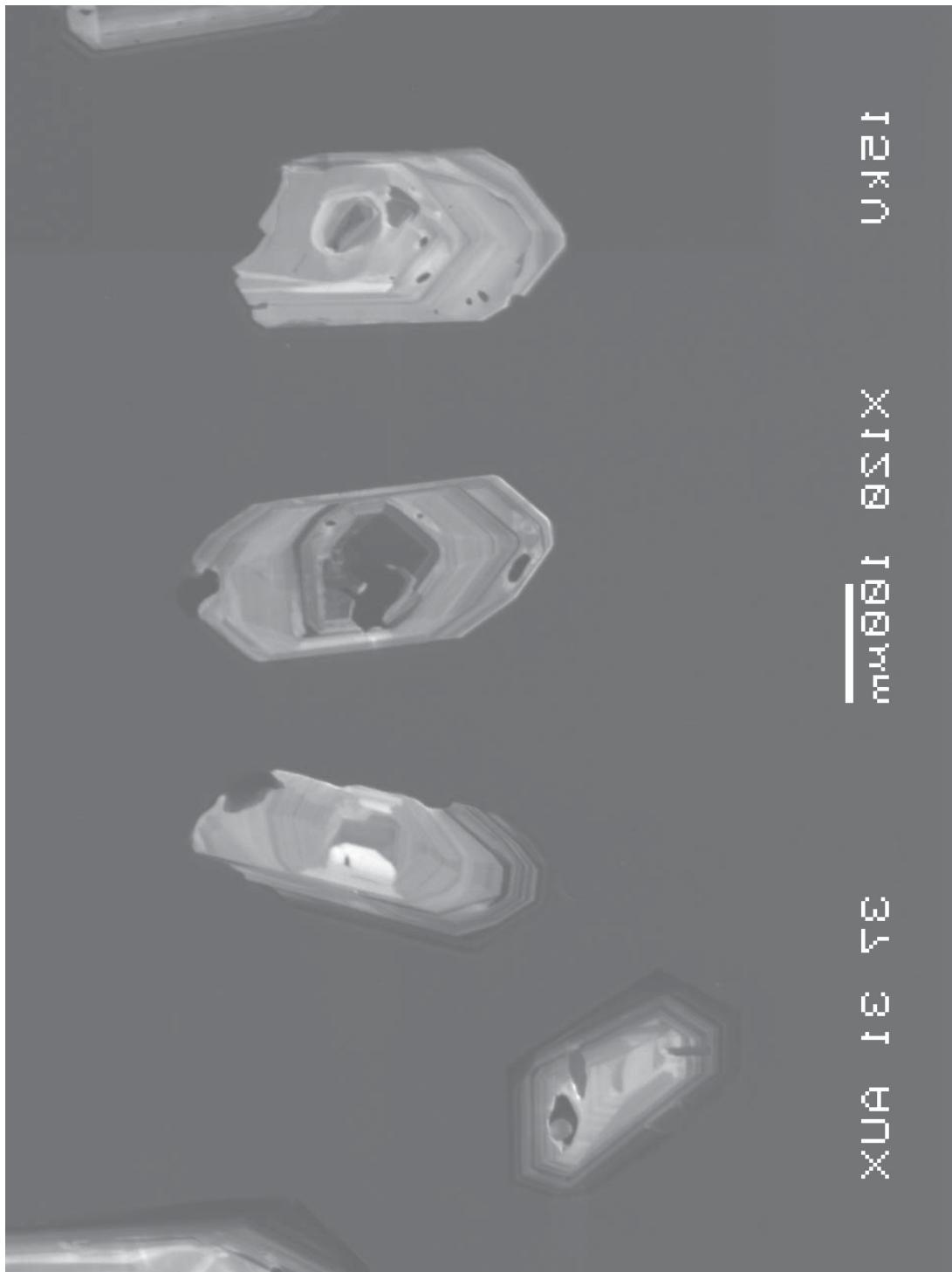
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UAKU

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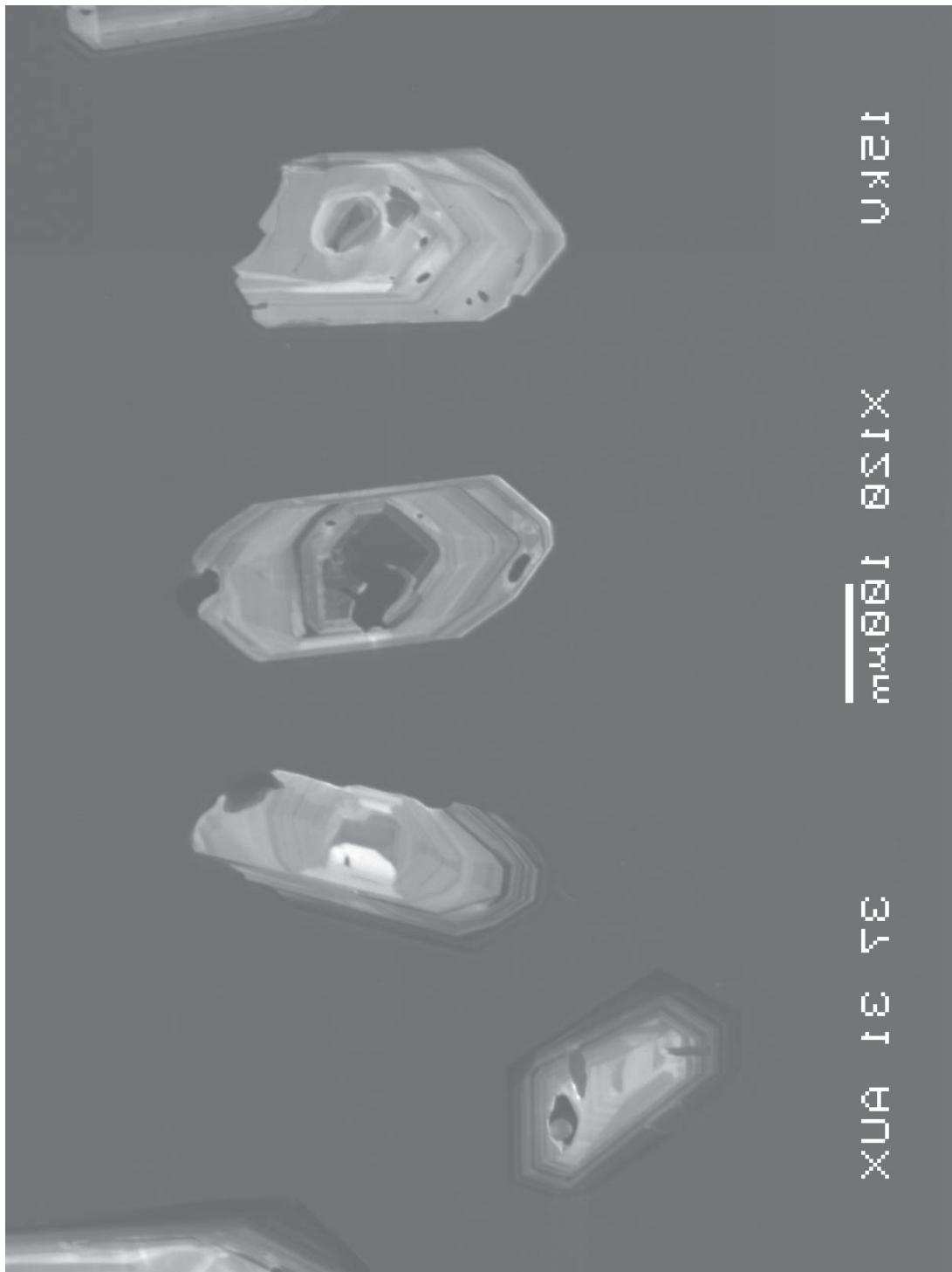
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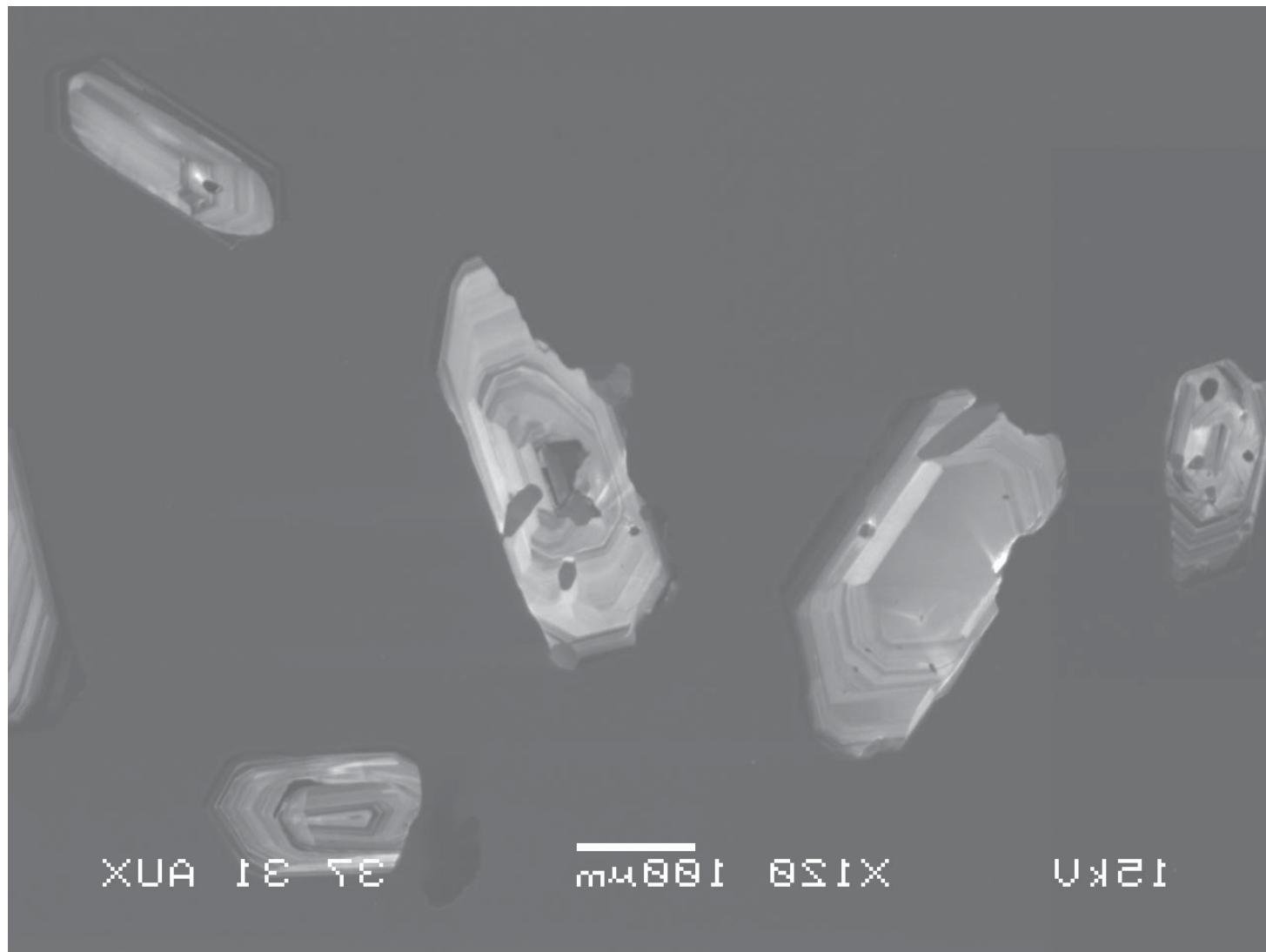


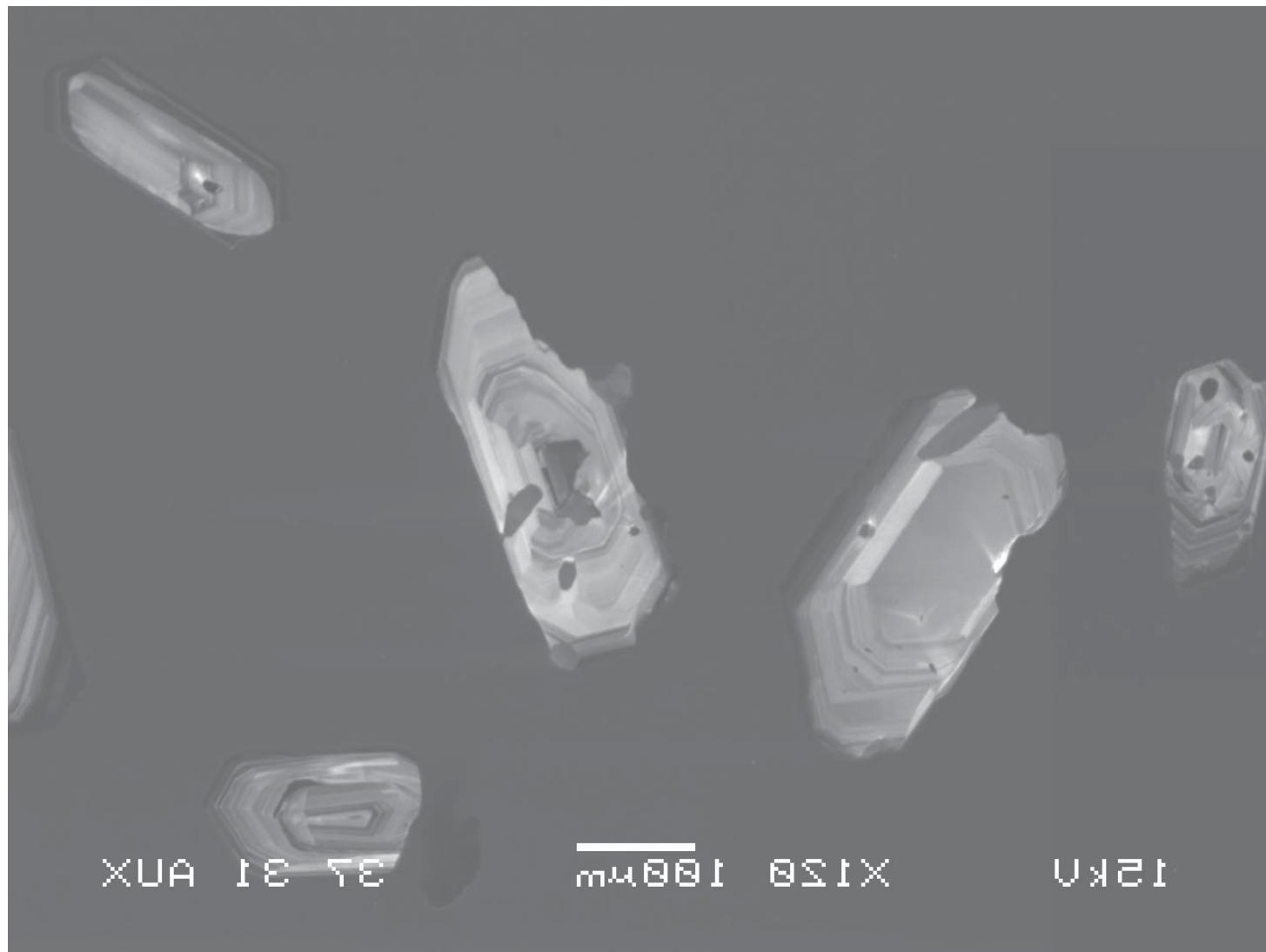
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X 120 10 mm

XUA 13 13 13







APPENDIX F:

Field Observations and of the Leucogranite Zone, Spirit Mountain Batholith

Table F-1: Field observations of aplite sheets within the leucogranite zone, Spirit Mountain batholith

location desc	lat	long	orientation	thickness	contact	rock desc	host rock	notes
above XTP camp	15.538	44.798	SS0E, 80°N	100 m	grad over 2 m	aplite	crunchy Ig	more like a giant pod than a sheet
above XTP camp	15.549	44.767	N3E, 73°W	100 m	grad over 1 m	aplite	crunchy Ig	more like a giant pod than a sheet
above XTP camp	15.498	44.773	E/W	2 ft	sharp	aplite	crunchy Ig	dike feeding into pod above (63)
above XTP camp	15.451	44.79	N/S	100 m		aplite	crunchy Ig	southern contact of pod - long axis N/S
top of GVC, just off XTP headed W							CG	
top of GVC, just off XTP headed W							CG	
top of GVC, just off XTP headed W							CG	
top of GVC, just off XTP headed W							CG	
s. powerline rd, atop ridge							CG	
atop RTR above XTP camp	10.848	45.034	N25E, 40°E	<5 m	sharp	aplite	cg	
atop RTR above XTP camp	10.795	45.292	N87E	<5 m	sharp	aplite	cg	
atop RTR above XTP camp	15.242	45.063	E/W	1.5 m x 0.5 m	?	aplite	cg	
atop RTR above XTP camp	15.242	45.063	N30E, 40°E	6 cm	sharp	aplite	cg	
Juniper Mine	13.096	45.68	N30E, 80°W	3 m	grad over few cm	aplite	mgIg	no apparent feeders, several pods here
Juniper Mine	13.118	45.769	340°	35°	grad over few cm	crystalline aplite	mgIg	
Juniper Mine	13.034	45.516	EW	0.75	grad over 0.5 m	aplite	mgIg	
Juniper Mine	13.083	45.379	310°	3°	grad over 1 cm	aplite	mgIg	contact is myrmekitic
Juniper Mine	13.246	45.61	110°, 20°@20°	3 m	grad over 0.5 m	aplite	mgIg	
SM Proper	15.567	42.999	310°, 34°@220°	1 m	sharp	very vlg	mgIg	pegmatite at center
SM Proper	15.394	43.759	30°	6 m, 50 m long	6 m, 50 m long	aplite to porphyry	mgIg	smaller dikes coming off this one
SM Proper	15.468	43.3612	EW	1.5 m	1.5 m	aplite	mgIg	
Juniper mine transect	12.006	44.515	20°, 60°W	0.75 m	0.75 m	aplite	mgIg	
Juniper mine transect	12.344	44.031	145°, 35°E	1 m	1 m	aplite	mgIg	
Juniper mine transect	12.508	44.545	140°, 40°NE	MED-THICK	several m	aplite	mgIg	
Juniper mine transect	12.553	44.864	N/S, 45°E	1 m	grad over 0.5 m	aplite	mgIg	subvertical, but with diff contacts
West front of Sprint Mountain	15.691	43.935	N/S, mod to E	1 m	grad over 5 cm	aplite	mgIg	look like a pod or lens
RTR from JM	13.276	45.21	70°, steep W	5 - 7 m	grad over 10 cm	aplite	mgIg	one small dike perpendicular (15 cm) coming off
RTR from JM	13.276	45.21	340°, vert	5 m		aplite	mgIg	may be pod or lens like
RTR from JM			N/NNE, W/NW	3 m		aplite	mgIg	
RTR from JM			E/W, vert	10 cm		aplite	mgIg	
RTR from JM			N/S, steep W	2-4 m		aplite	mgIg	
RTR from JM			N/S, mod to E	1.5 m		aplite	mgIg	
RTR from JM			N/S, mod W dip	<1m		aplite	mgIg	
RTR from JM			N/S	1 m		aplite	mgIg	
s. powerline rd transect			N/S, mod to W	grad	grad over 10 cm	aplite	mgIg	can trace for 10 m, then lose; qtz veins and pockets
s. powerline rd transect	10.775	45.134	5°, 40°W	0.75 m		aplite	mgIg	top of knob
top of GVC	15.075	43.933	40°, 25°SE	1 m		aplite	mgIg	>10m long
top of GVC	15.06	44.014	54°, mod dip NW	sharp		aplite	TLG	
top of GVC			EW, steep S; N/S w					
top of GVC	14.915	44.036	mod dip E	6° - 1'	sharp	aplite	TLG	network of aplites
top of GVC	14.969	43.909	100°, 24°S	1.5 ft	sharp	aplite	CG	
top of GVC	14.626	43.668	5°, 64°W	1 ft	sharp	aplite	CG	fed by smaller at 100°, 59°NE
top of GVC	15.543	43.755	25°, 61°NW	1 m	sharp	aplite	CG	fed into by below
top of GVC	15.543	43.755	322°, steep NE	2 m	sharp	aplite	CG	feeds into previous
south of hwy	7.87	44.154	100°, steep N			aplite	cg	
s. of SM Proper	15.593	43.184	25°, 65°W	3 m		aplite	cg	several smaller aplites come together here
s. of SM Proper	15.628	43.288	60°, mod NW	1 ft		aplite	cg	
south of hwy	9.186	45.737	40°, steep E	1 ft		aplite	mgIg	top of knob
south of hwy	9.17	44.738	N/S, W	sharp		aplite	cg	
south of hwy	9.17	44.738	20°, 65°W	1.5 m		aplite	TLG	
south of hwy	8.204	46.782	N/S	1 m		aplite	cg	
south of hwy	8.043	47.06	35°, steep E	1 - 2 m		aplite	TLG	loads of these in upper cg here (and elsewhere)
E of SM proper	15.748	42.665	25°, 74°W	1 m		aplite	cg	loads of these in upper cg here (and elsewhere)

APPENDIX G

**Secret Pass Canyon, The Black Mountains:
Petrography, Whole-rock Geochemistry, Geochronology, and
Cathodoluminescence Images of Zircons**

Table G1: Petrography of Secret Pass Canyon, Black Mountains

sample	date collected	latitude (35°N)	longitude (114°W)	field location	handsample description	unit	other analyses
BML19	5/05				gray gm with 15% plаг phenos	trachydacite	
BML22z	5/05	9.822	24.826		some diorite xenocrysts, flow banding visible	trachydacite	GC, Z
BML25z	5/05	10.292	26.591			trachydacite	
BML26z	5/05	9.89	24.056	low silica rhyolite flow		rhyolite	GC, Z
BML27	5/05	10.242	23.723	high silica rhyolite flow		HSR	
BML28	5/05	10.283	23.785		flow banded HSR	HSR	
BML31z	5/05	9.791	25.199	flat top mn	HSR	HSR	
BML33	5/05	9.674	25.166	flat top mn	gray, mostly mafic phenos, fspars weathered out	LSR	GC, Z
BML38	5/05	8.91	25.091	at top of intrusion?		trachydacite	
BML39	5/05	9.285	24.334		weathered out flamme and plаг phenos	possible PST	
BML42a	5/05	10.609	25.865	top of Thumb Butte		block and ash flows	
BML42b	5/05	10.609	25.865	top of Thumb Butte		block and ash flows	

Table G1: Petrography of Secret Pass Canyon, Black Mountains

Phenocrysts	other	ground-mass	alteration	texture	notes
15% plаг		85		med-gr porphyry	lenses of anhedral qtz and a few kspar phenos, qtz phenos highly rounded
20% fspar		75	calcite	coarse-gr porphyry	
3% biotite, 5% plаг	5% qtz lenses	87	calcite	med-gr porphyry	some yellowish mineral highly replaced (cpx?)
7% plаг, 2% bio		91	no	med-gr porphyry	
3% qtz		97	no	fine grained porphyry	linear feature - flow band?
3% qtz	7% qtz lenses	90	no	med-gr porphyry	
5% qtz, 2% plаг	<1% bio	93	no	very fine grained gm, med gr por	some qtz phenos rounded
2% opaque needles, 3% plаг	<1% opaque rims on replaced xls, <1% bio	94	yes	coarse-gr porphyry	
8% plаг, 2% qtz, 3% bio, 25 cpx	<1% opaques	85	no	coarse-gr porphyry	
	5% quartz filling veins	95		spherulitic in gm, porphyry	lots of qtz veins, no other phenos
7% plаг	<1% opaques, <1% bio	93	calcite	coarsely crystalline gm	
3% plаг	<1% opaques, <1% bio	97	calcite	coarsely crystalline gm	

Table G-2: Whole-rock Geochemistry of Secret Pass Canyon, Black Mountains
Oxides listed in wt%, all other elements listed in ppm.

	BML22Z	BML26Z
SiO₂	63.30	67.64
Al₂O₃	16.19	17.07
Fe₂O₃	5.33	2.46
MnO	0.09	0.05
MgO	1.85	0.60
CaO	3.78	2.08
Na₂O	3.84	4.55
K₂O	4.23	5.10
TiO₂	0.99	0.35
P₂O₅	0.40	0.11
Ba	1944	2229
Sr	704	1112
Y	29	18
Zr	345	376
Be	3	2
V	80	14
Ga	20	23
Ge	1.3	1
Rb	105	93
Nb		
Sn	21.3	18.1
Cs	< 1	< 1
Hf	2.2	1.5
Ta	91.5	133
Tl	179	245
Bi	20.2	26.7
Th	66.9	81.1
U		
Cu	10.8	11.3
Zn	2.49	2.3
Sc	7.1	5.65
Pb	1.05	0.76
Zr/Hf	5.18	3.44
Rb/Sr	1	0.6
Nb/Ta	2.87	1.64
La	0.398	0.241
Ce	2.44	1.57
Pr	0.362	0.216
Nd	8.7	9.8
Sm	1.2	1.1
Eu	0.61	0.8
Gd		
Tb	14.3	22.4
Dy	2.28	2.37
Ho	16	36
Er	73	65
Tm	10.4	3.06
Yb	17	30
Lu	39.66	38.37

Table G-3: Geochronology data from SHRIMP-RG analysis of zircons from Secret Pass Canyon, Black Mountains

Spot Name	% comm			206Pb			207corr			Total			Total		
	206	ppm U	ppm Th	232Th /238U	Age	err	206Pbr /238U	1s	err	206	1s	err	206	%	207
BML37-1	0.45	119	157	1.36	16.5	0.6	.0026	.0001	389.44	3.2	.0500	.0500	14.8		
BML37-2	0.56	153	280	1.89	17.2	0.5	.0027	.0001	373.17	2.6	.0508	.0508	11.5		
BML37-3	5.14	263	618	2.43	17.3	0.4	.0027	.0001	353.24	1.9	.0870	.0870	7.1		
BML37-4	-0.41	114	248	2.25	18.5	0.5	.0029	.0001	348.80	2.8	.0432	.0432	13.9		
BML37-5R	0.28	179	211	1.22	17.7	0.4	.0028	.0001	362.57	2.3	.0486	.0486	10.6		
BML37-6R	0.68	167	357	2.20	16.3	0.4	.0025	.0001	391.69	2.5	.0518	.0518	10.9		
BML37-7I	1.04	161	282	1.82	16.7	0.5	.0026	.0001	381.32	2.6	.0546	.0546	11.2		
BML37-8I	31.06	111	173	1.61	18.0	1.1	.0028	.0002	247.08	2.4	.2919	.2919	9.3		
BML37-9C	0.64	270	495	1.90	16.2	0.3	.0025	.0001	393.81	2.0	.0514	.0514	8.9		
BML37-10R	0.54	135	208	1.59	17.7	0.5	.0027	.0001	362.07	2.7	.0507	.0507	13.3		
BML37-11I	0.29	162	189	1.20	17.8	0.4	.0028	.0001	360.90	2.3	.0487	.0487	10.8		
BML37-12I	1.86	110	164	1.55	17.2	0.5	.0027	.0001	367.44	2.9	.0611	.0611	12.1		
BML37-13C	0.22	234	449	1.99	18.1	0.4	.0028	.0001	355.43	2.0	.0482	.0482	9.1		
BML37-14IR	5.08	193	251	1.34	17.6	0.4	.0027	.0001	346.71	2.1	.0865	.0865	7.7		
BML37-15I	0.22	91	163	1.86	17.2	0.6	.0027	.0001	373.36	3.3	.0481	.0481	15.1		
BML37-16T	1.85	126	188	1.54	17.2	0.5	.0027	.0001	367.99	2.6	.0610	.0610	10.9		
BML37-18C	1.20	196	369	1.94	16.5	0.4	.0026	.0001	384.79	2.2	.0559	.0559	9.3		
BML37-19T	0.26	203	363	1.85	18.3	0.5	.0028	.0001	351.49	2.4	.0484	.0484	16.0		
BML37-20R	3.17	81	97	1.23	17.2	0.7	.0027	.0001	363.46	3.9	.0714	.0714	15.0		
BML37-21R	0.23	283	632	2.31	18.0	0.4	.0028	.0001	356.75	2.0	.0482	.0482	9.4		
BML37-22T	-1.23	78	98	1.30	16.8	1.1	.0026	.0002	387.91	6.2	.0367	.0367	20.1		

Table G-3: Geochronology data from SHRIMP-RG analysis of zircons from Secret Pass Canyon, Black Mountains

Spot Name	207corr			206Pb			206Pbr			238			Total		
	% comm	206	ppm U	ppm Th	232Th	/238U	Age	err	/238U	err	/206	err	207	%	err
BML65Z-11	0.95	161	293	1.88	17.2	0.4	.0027	.0001	370.71	2.4	.0539	10.5			
BML65Z-1.2T	2.02	43	61	1.48	16.4	0.8	.0026	.0001	384.03	4.5	.0623	17.7			
BML65Z-3	2.98	75	101	1.39	17.2	0.6	.0027	.0001	362.09	3.2	.0700	12.4			
BML65Z-2	3.89	52	85	1.68	19.0	0.8	.0030	.0001	324.84	3.9	.0772	14.4			
BML65Z-4	0.61	47	90	1.96	18.3	0.8	.0028	.0001	349.43	4.1	.0512	17.9			
BML65Z-5.1C	0.29	127	140	1.14	19.0	0.5	.0030	.0001	337.79	2.5	.0487	11.4			
BML65Z-5.2T	1.96	71	104	1.51	18.1	0.6	.0028	.0001	348.18	3.4	.0619	13.7			
BML65Z-6.1C	1.39	102	129	1.30	18.5	0.5	.0029	.0001	342.85	2.7	.0574	11.4			
BML65Z-6.2T3	9.00	10	20	2.00	18.1	2.2	.0028	.0003	323.07	11.0	.1175	29.9			
BML65Z-7.1C2	7.23	101	176	1.80	28.7	1.4	.0045	.0002	207.66	4.6	.1038	12.4			
BML65Z-7.2T	0.40	32	39	1.28	19.6	1.1	.0030	.0002	326.93	5.2	.0496	22.9			
BML65Z-8C	1.19	234	128	0.56	484.6	5.9	.2584	.0012	3.82	0.4	.1029	0.9			

Table G-3: Geochronology data from SHRIMP-RG analysis of zircons from Secret Pass Canyon, Black Mountains

Spot Name	% conn			206Pb			207corr			Total		
	206	ppm U	ppm Th	232Th /238U	1s err	7corr /238U	206Pbr err	1s err	206	238 err	207 err	% err
BML26Z-1.1T	54.03	234	459	2.02	46.4	0.7	.0023	.0001	196.14	1.9	.4733	3.0
BML26Z-2.1C	0.80	655	1306	2.06	17.9	0.3	.0028	.0001	357.72	1.3	.0527	6.5
BML26Z-3.1C	4.86	62	123	2.06	18.4	0.9	.0029	.0001	332.74	4.3	.0848	20.5
BML26Z-4.1T	0.65	264	497	1.94	17.0	0.4	.0026	.0001	376.17	2.1	.0515	11.2
BML26Z-5.1T	3.18	209	308	1.52	16.9	0.4	.0026	.0001	367.90	2.4	.0715	10.1
BML26Z-6.1C	3.01	93	176	1.96	16.4	0.6	.0025	.0001	381.85	3.5	.0701	14.7
BML26Z-7.1T	3.69	129	239	1.90	46.4	0.5	.0025	.0001	377.98	3.0	.0755	12.3
BML26Z-8.1T	4.65	89	109	1.26	16.4	0.7	.0025	.0001	374.46	3.7	.0831	15.8
BML26Z-9.1T	1.34	126	212	1.75	17.4	0.6	.0027	.0001	364.54	3.1	.0570	14.2
BML26Z-10.1C	5.90	94	213	2.34	17.6	0.7	.0027	.0001	343.47	3.4	.0930	12.7
BML26Z-11.1T	4.46	167	343	2.12	17.5	0.5	.0027	.0001	351.52	2.7	.0816	10.9
BML26Z-12.1T	1.48	257	1.83	17.9	0.5	.0028	.0001	353.54	2.9	.0581	12.8	
BML26Z-13.1T	1.68	185	355	1.98	18.1	0.5	.0028	.0001	349.50	2.5	.0597	12.6
BML26Z-14.1T	0.36	290	61	0.22	950.3	6.4	.1588	.0011	6.27	0.7	.0737	1.1
BML26Z-15.1C	7.99	93	103	1.15	16.3	0.7	.0025	.0001	362.56	3.6	.1095	12.0
BML26Z-16.1C	-0.25	261	81	0.32	4734.4	9.6	.3087	.0020	3.25	0.6	.1040	0.7
BML26Z-16.2T	0.69	277	342	1.27	49.9	0.4	.0029	.0001	337.34	2.0	.0519	10.0
BML26Z-17.1T	2.99	184	246	1.38	18.4	0.5	.0029	.0001	339.28	2.5	.0701	10.4
BML26Z-18.1C	3.81	117	228	2.02	17.2	0.6	.0027	.0001	361.00	3.3	.0765	13.6
BML26Z-19.1T	2.45	107	154	1.49	17.9	0.6	.0028	.0001	351.62	3.3	.0658	15.5
BML26Z-20.1T	3.88	81	87	1.10	18.3	0.7	.0028	.0001	337.98	3.7	.0770	14.6
BML26Z-21.1	0.77	100	210	2.17	49.2	0.7	.0030	.0001	333.09	3.5	.0525	20.0
BML26Z-22.1	6.71	73	61	0.86	45.7	0.7	.0024	.0001	383.73	4.1	.0993	14.3
BML26Z-22.2T	0.68	272	344	1.31	18.2	0.4	.0028	.0001	351.18	2.1	.0517	10.9
BML26Z-23.1T	4.50	89	116	1.35	17.1	0.7	.0027	.0001	358.80	3.7	.0820	16.1

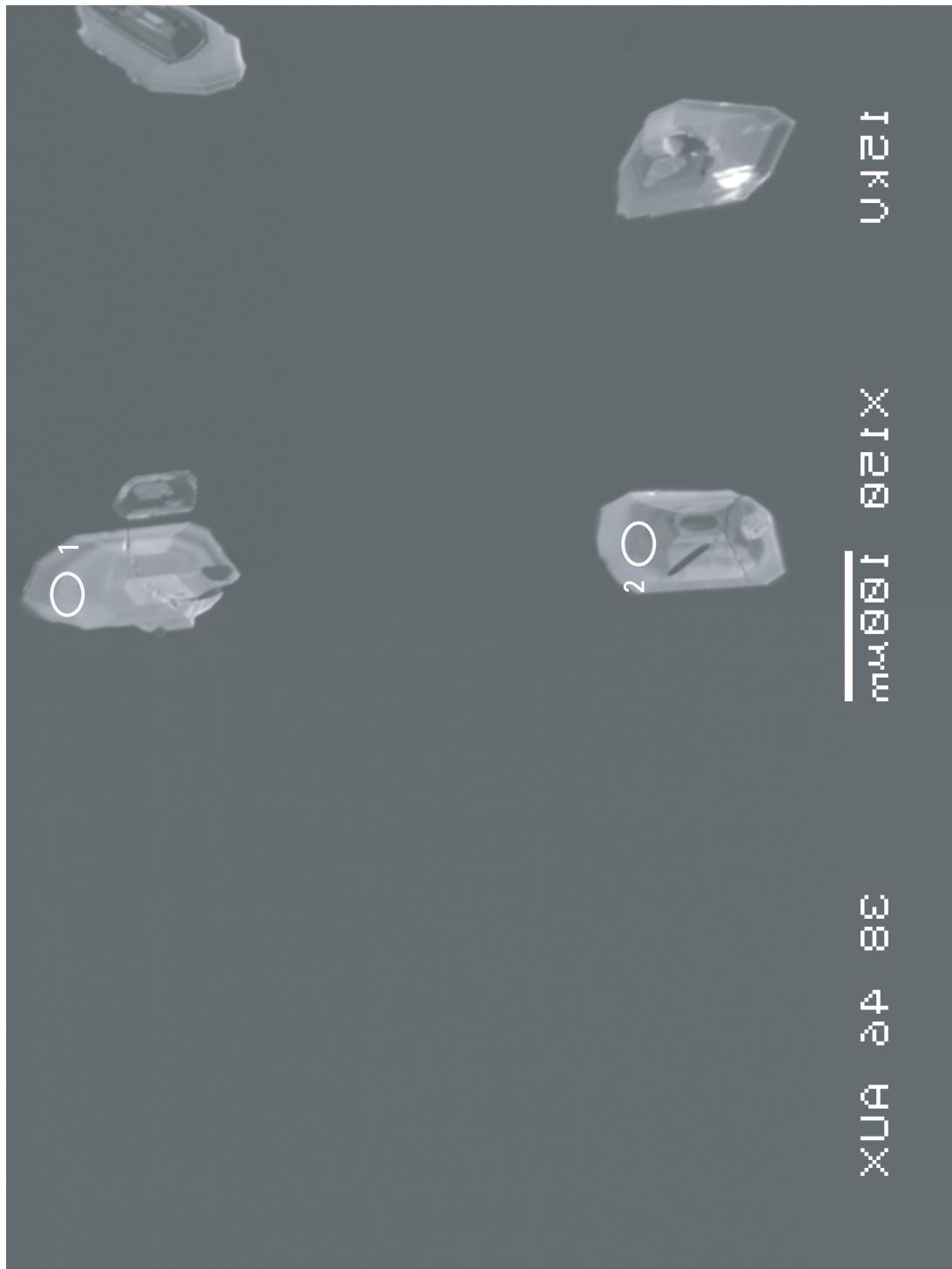
Figure G1:

Cathodoluminescence Images of Zircons from BML 37z
with U-Pb SHRIMP analysis spots

12 kV

×120 100 μm

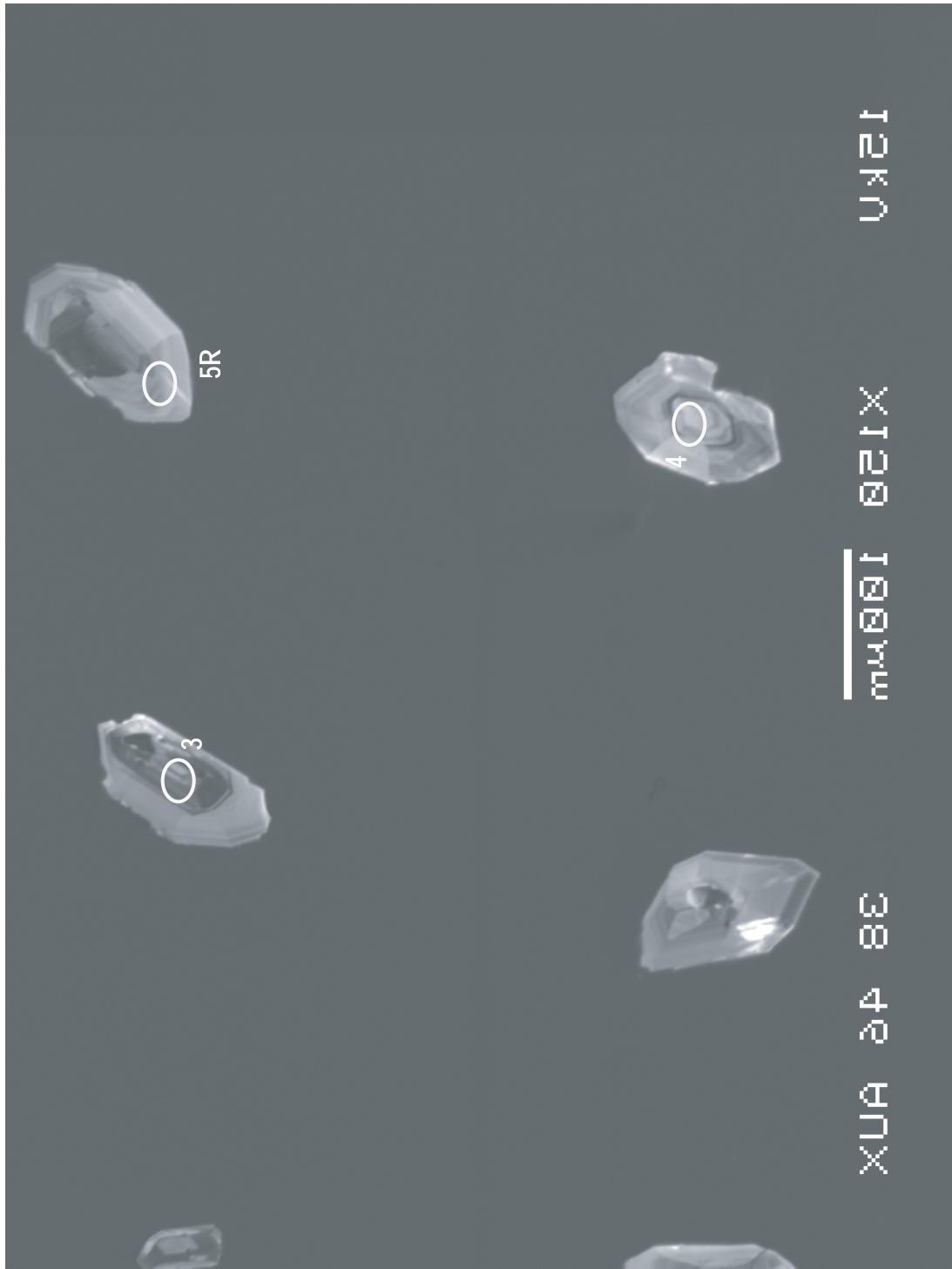
38 40 42 44 46 48 50



U&E1

μm 0.01 0.01X

XUA 24 88



12KU

×120 10μm

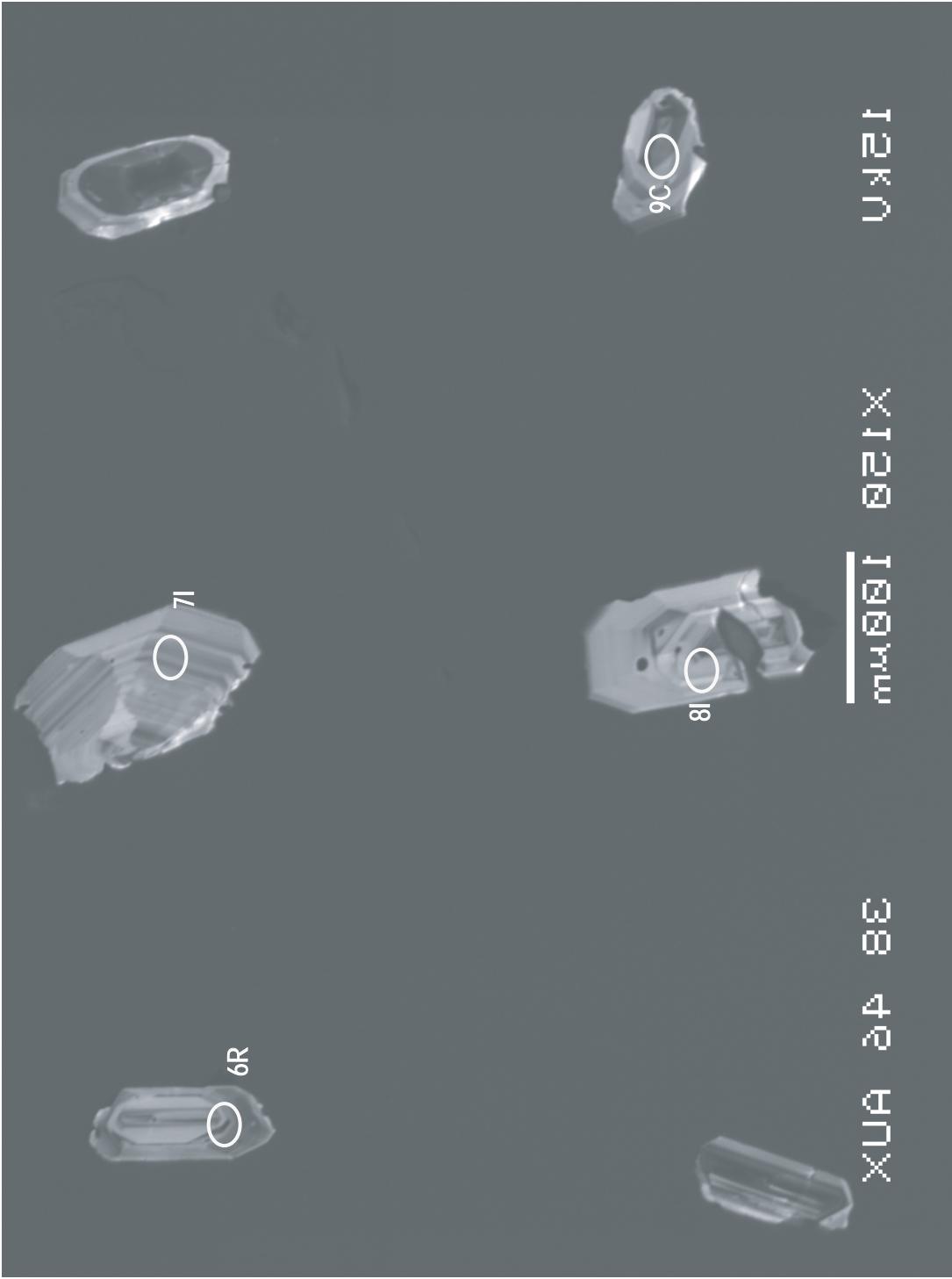
×24 8μm

9C

18

11

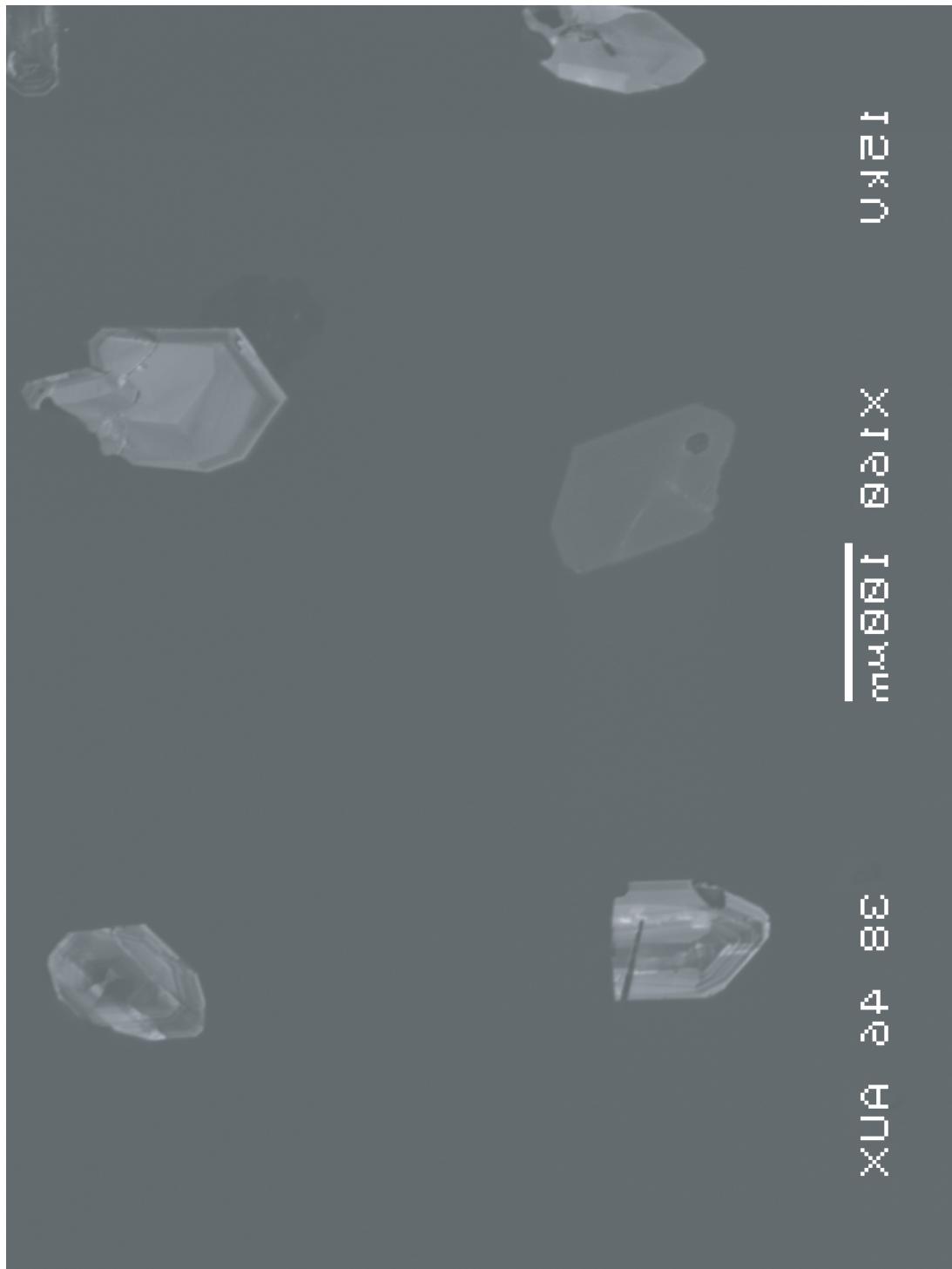
6R



12KU

1200 1200 1200

38 40 42 44



UKEI

MIKUNI

XUAN QUANG

13C

11L

12L

19T

10R

12KU

1000 1000 nm

×120 24 83



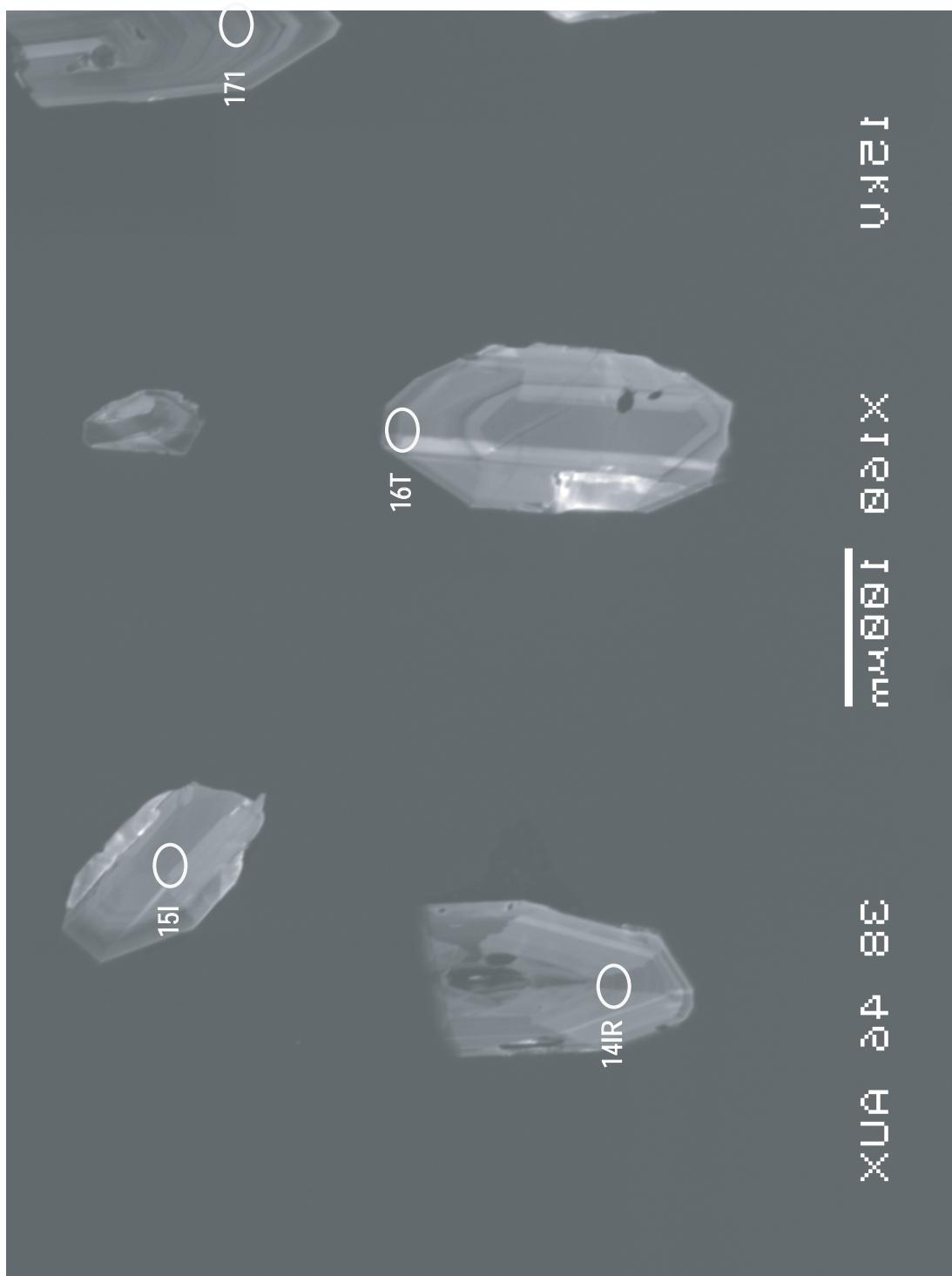
14R



17L



15L



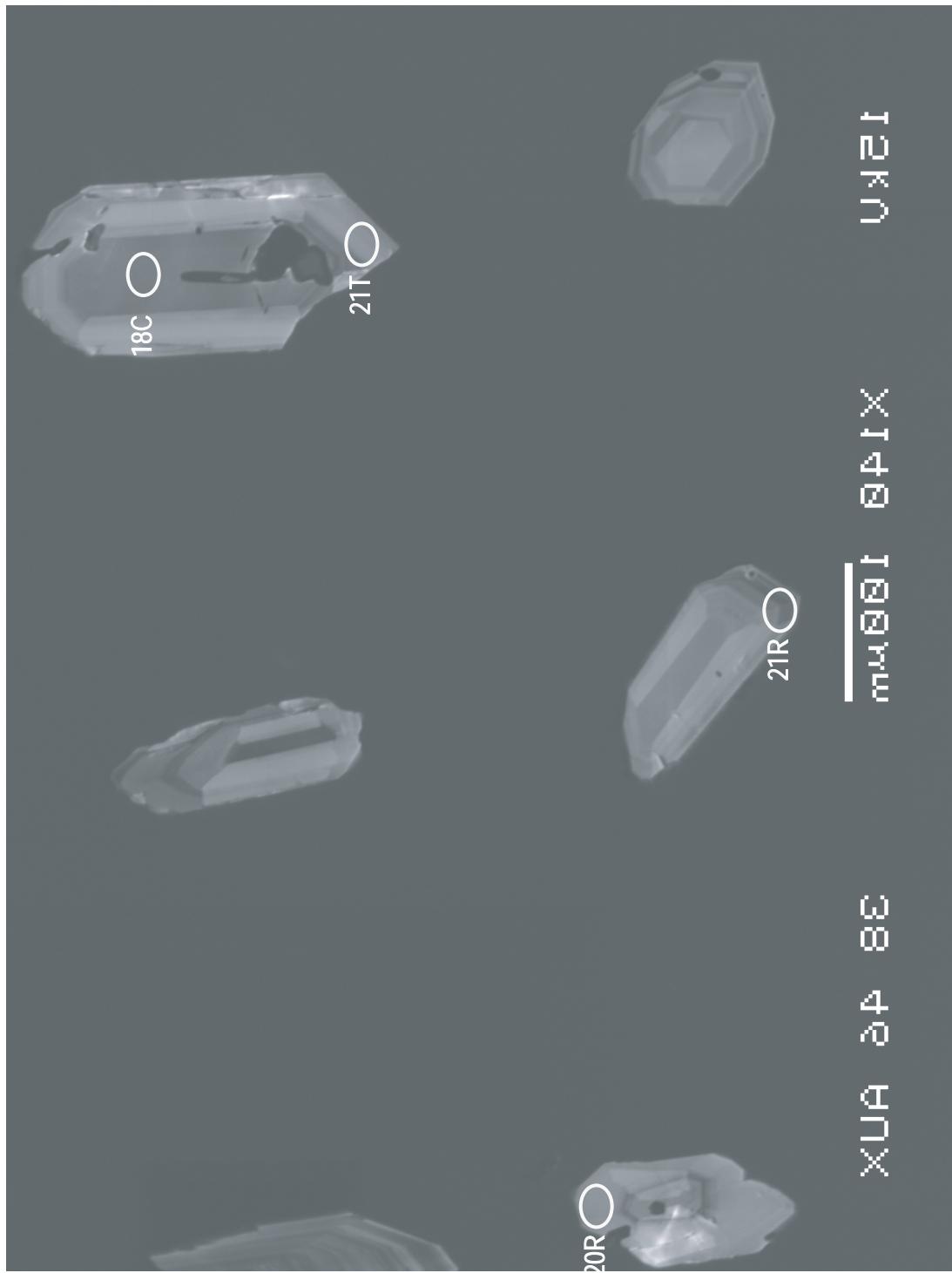


Figure G2:

Cathodoluminescence Images of Zircons from BML 65z
with U-Pb SHRIMP analysis spots

12KU

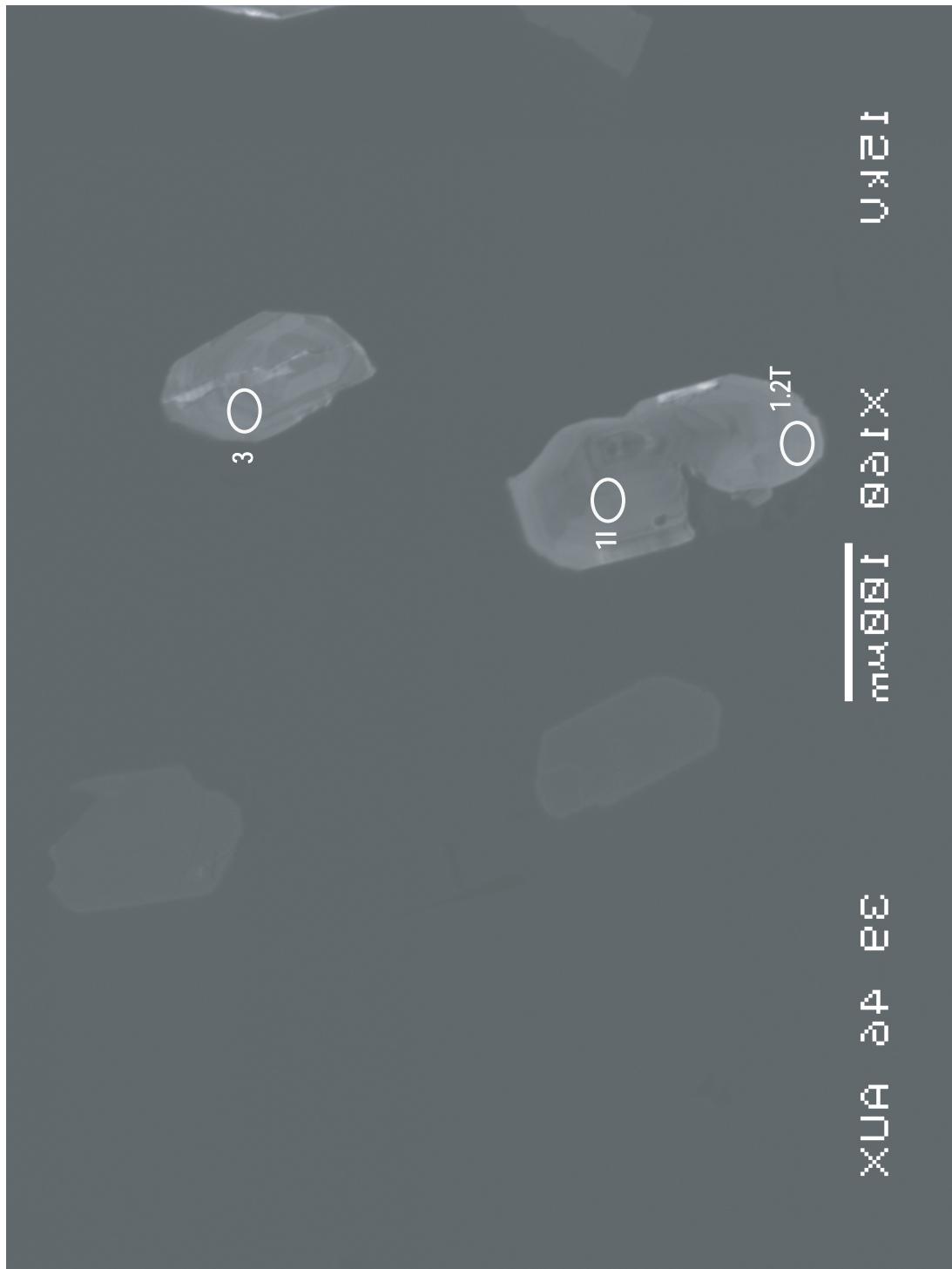
X1600 100μm

24 23 22

○^{1.2T}

○¹¹

○³

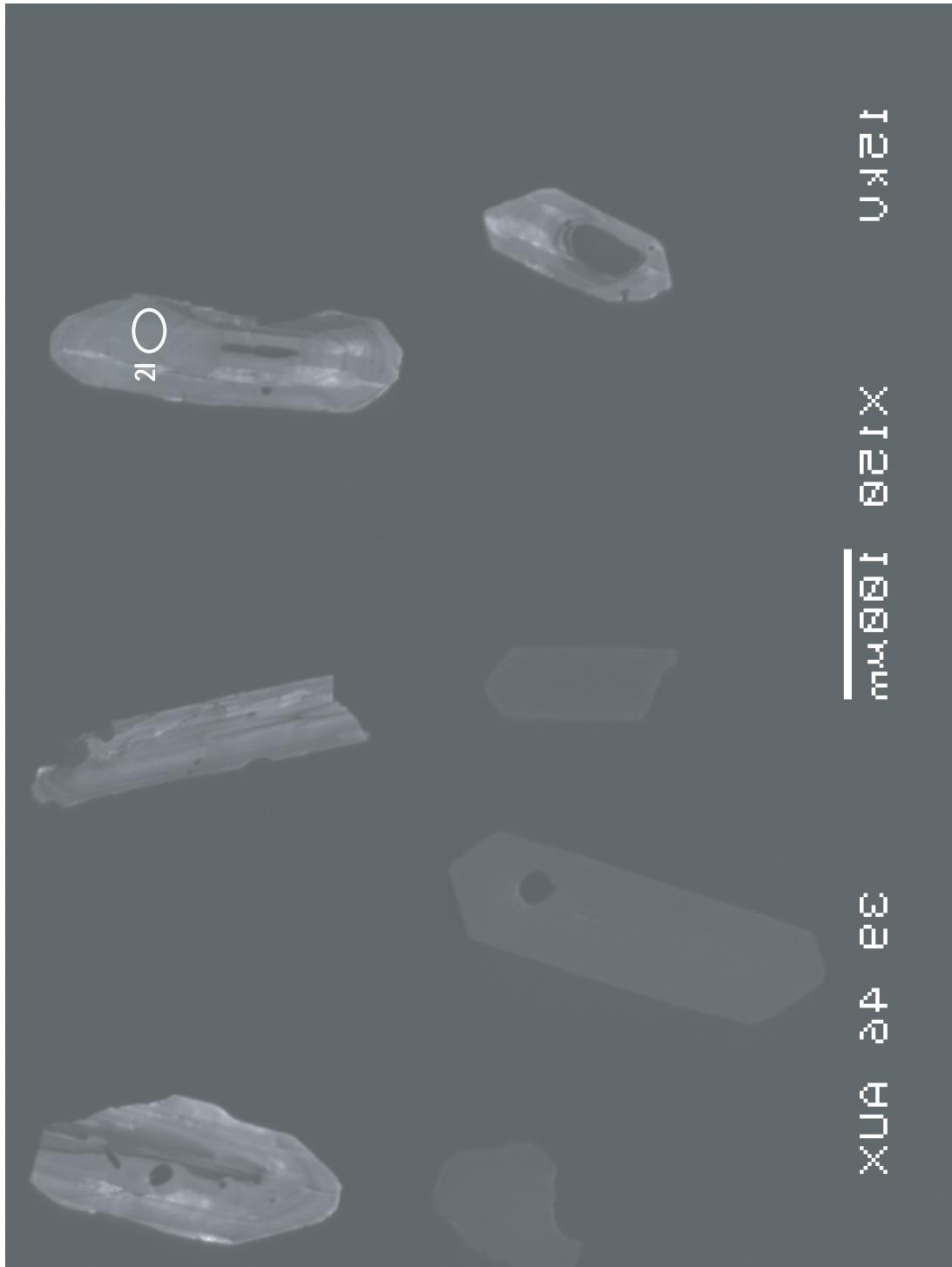


124

125

μm

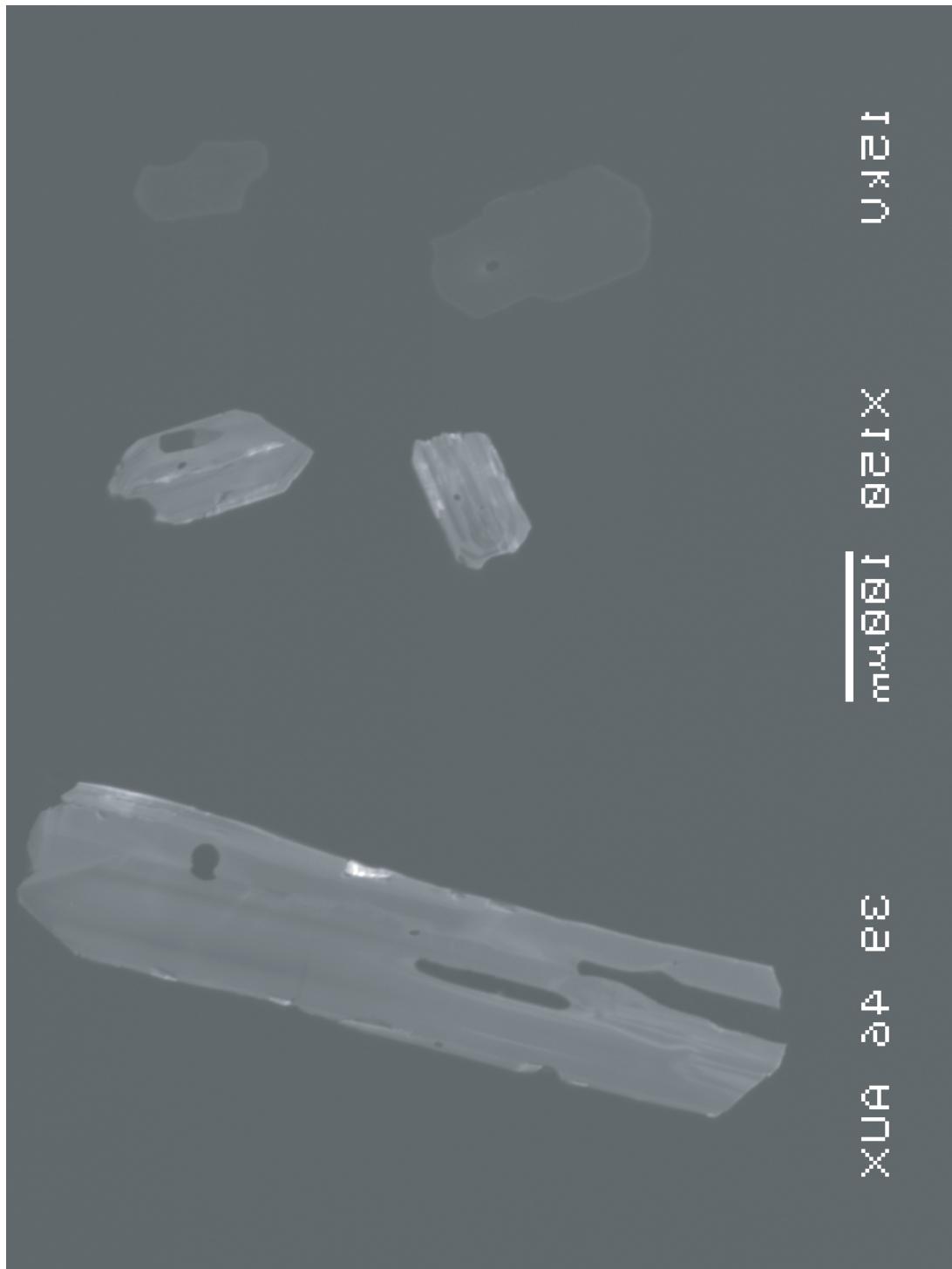
269 270 271



12kV

X120 100nm

33 49 64X



121

mm 0.01 1 0.5 1000

XUA 24 EG

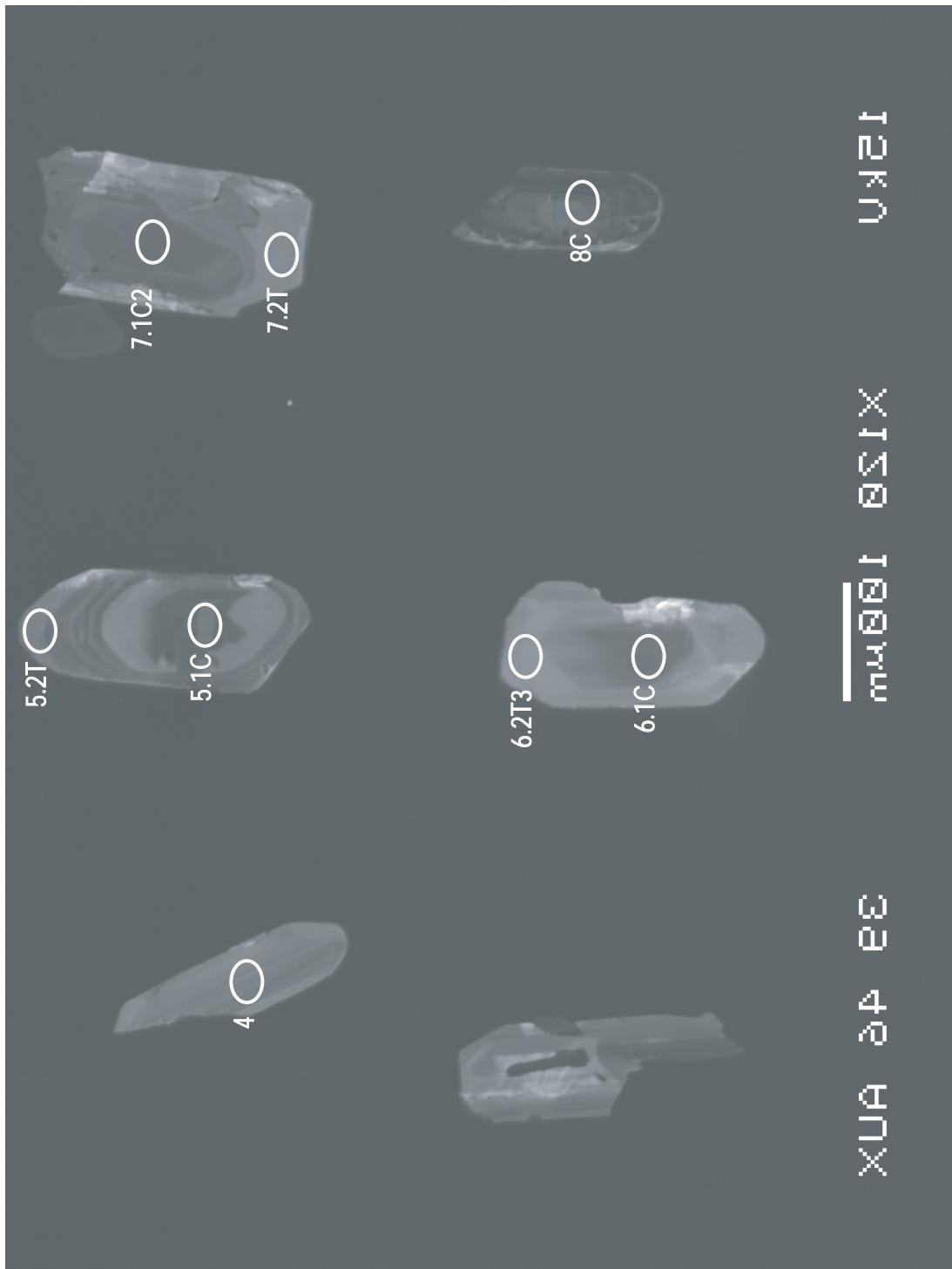


Figure G3:

Cathodoluminescence Images of Zircons from BML 26z
with U-Pb SHRIMP analysis spots

12kU

$\times 1381$ $1\text{nm}\text{r}_\text{w}$

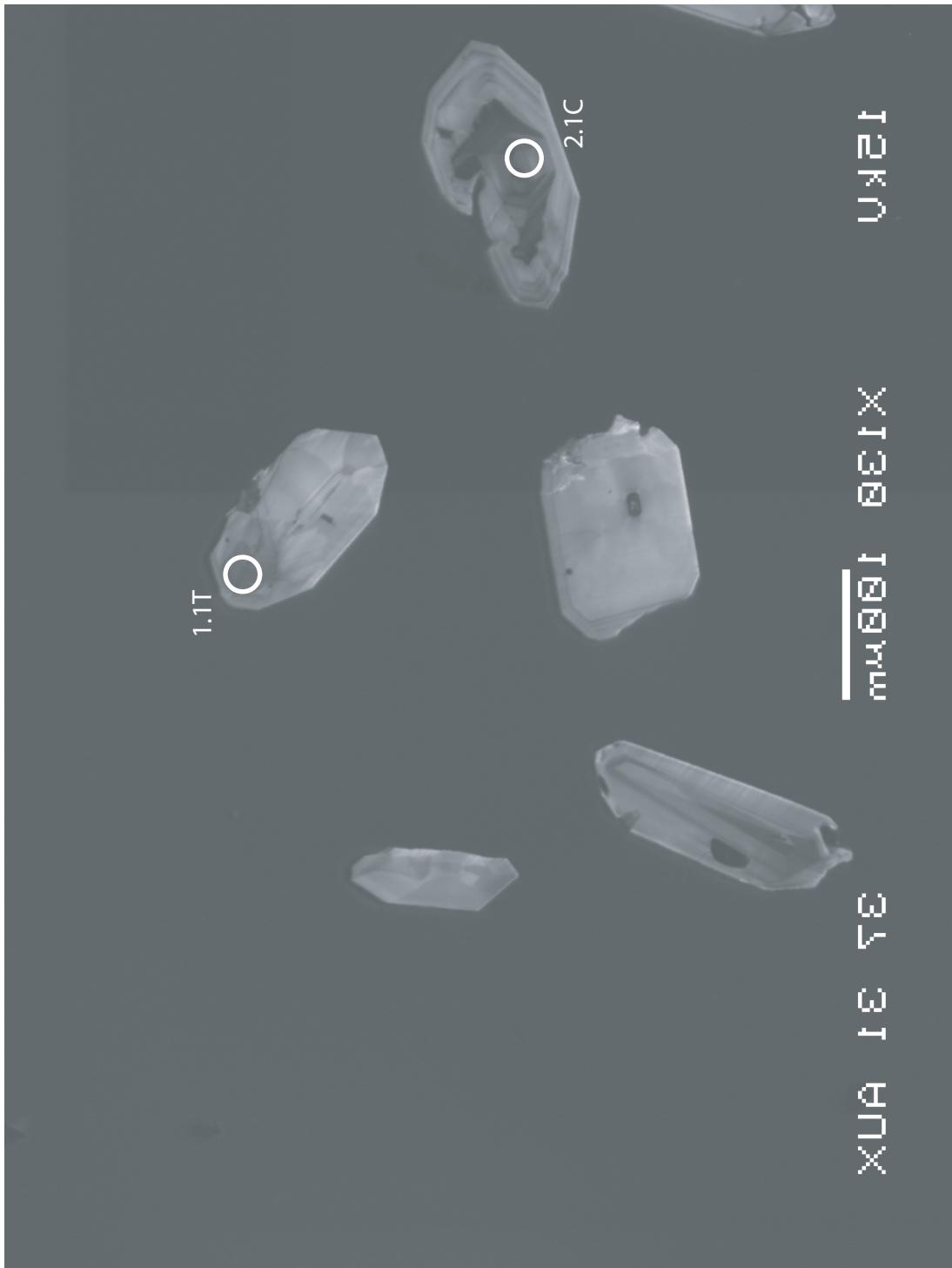
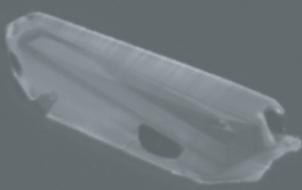
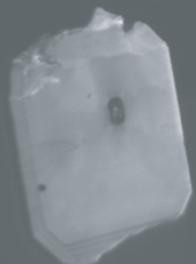
XUA 341 A

O

1.1T

O

2.1C



12KA

7.1T

1000 X 1300

XUΑ ΙΣ ΤΕ

O_{3.1C}

O_{4.1T}

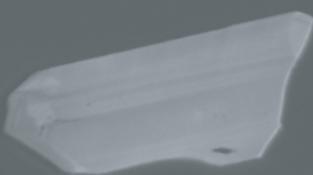
O_{5.1T}

O_{2.1C}

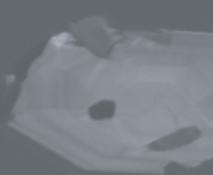
12kV

130nm
X1330

XUA 341 343



O_{8.1T}

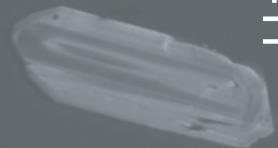
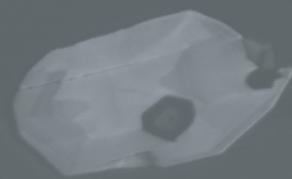


O_{9.1T}

10.1C



O



O_{11.1T}

12kV

130nm
X1330

XUA 341 343

12.1 μ

$\overline{m\mu\Theta\Theta}$ 13.1 \times

XUA I E T E

13.1T O

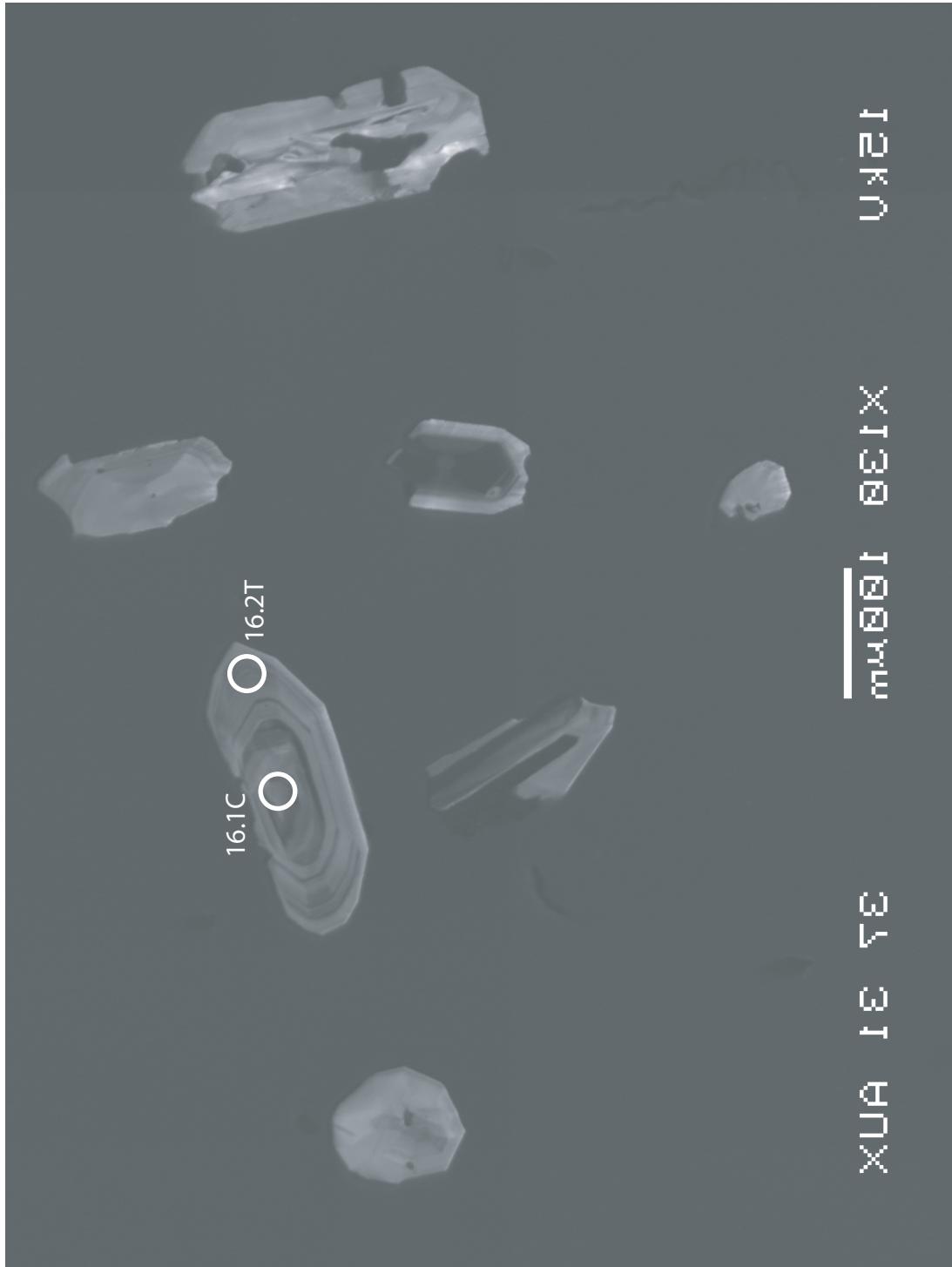
12.1T O

12 kV

100 nm
×13300

XUA 134 E

16.1C O 16.2T



12kV

100nm X1330

XUAE 3578

20.1T

19.1T

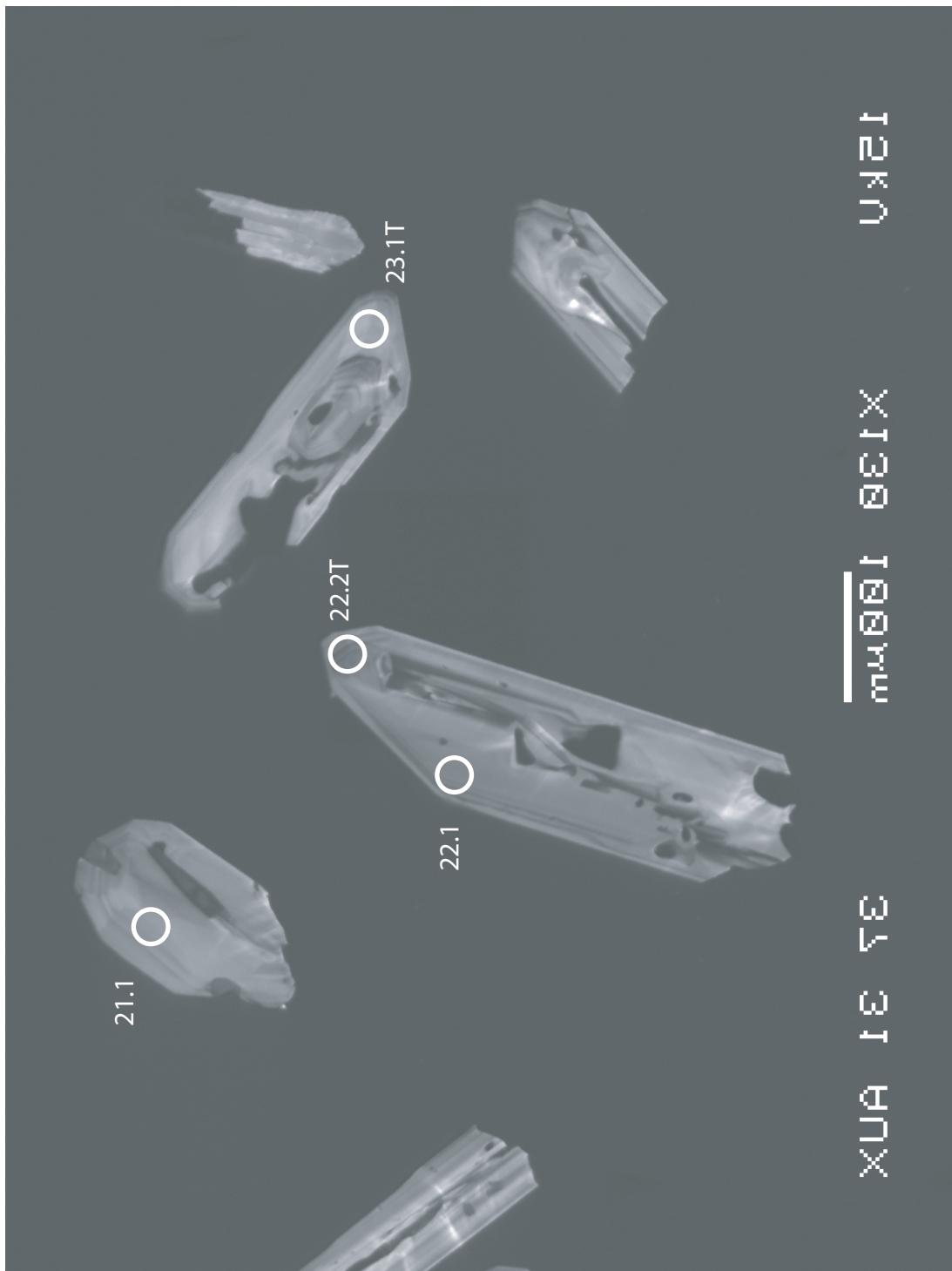
18.1C

17.1T

U25

mμθθt θθt x

XUA I E T E



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*data sources